

SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING (SCOPE)

Computer Graphics and Multimedia

**CSE 3021** 

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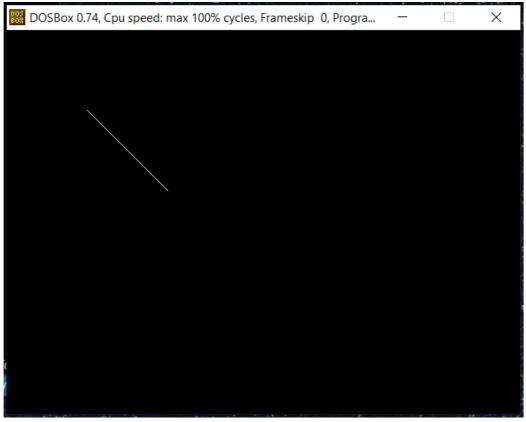


SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING (SCOPE)

# Computer Graphics and Multimedia

**LAB 01** 

1.A line

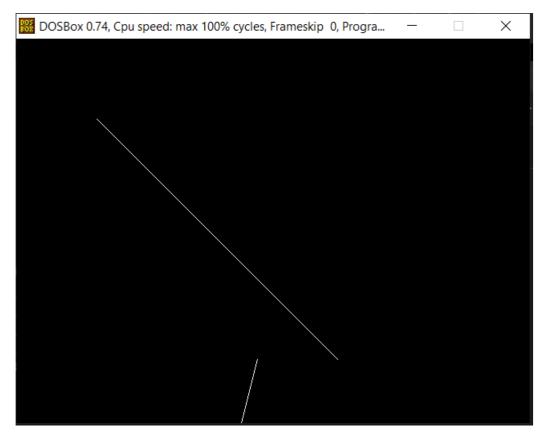


#### CODE

```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    line(100,100,200,200);
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
}
```

#### 2. Multiple lines



```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    line(100,100,200,200);
    line(200,200,400,400);
    line(300,400,200,800);
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
}
```

#### 3.Rectangle

```
DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Progra... — X
```

```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    line(50,50,150,50);
    line(150,275,50,275);
    line(50,275,50,275);
    line(50,275,50,50);
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
}
```

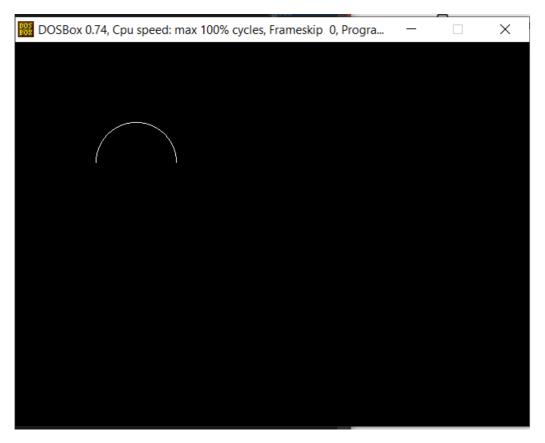
#### 4.circle

```
DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Progra... — X
```

```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    circle(400, 400, 50);
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
}
```

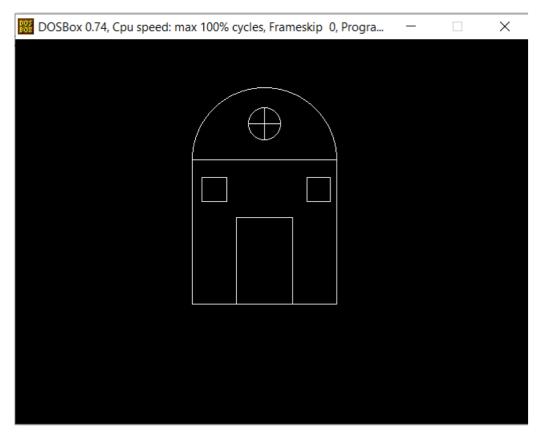
5. Arc



```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    arc(150, 150, 0,180, 50)
    getch();
    closegraph();
    return 0;
}
```

#### 6. Hut



```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    line(220,150,400,150);
    line(400,150,400,330);
    line(400,330,220,330);
    line(220,330,220,150);
    arc(310,150,0,180,90);
    line(275,330,275,222);
    line(275,222,345,222);
   line(345,222,345,330);
    circle(310,105,20);
    line(310,125,310,85);
    line(290,105,330,105);
    line(232,202,263,202);
    line(232,172,263,172);
    line(232,172,232,202);
    line(263,172,263,202);
    line(392,202,363,202);
    line(392,202,392,172);
    line(392,172,363,172);
    line(363,202,363,172);
    getch();
   closegraph();
```

```
return 0;
```

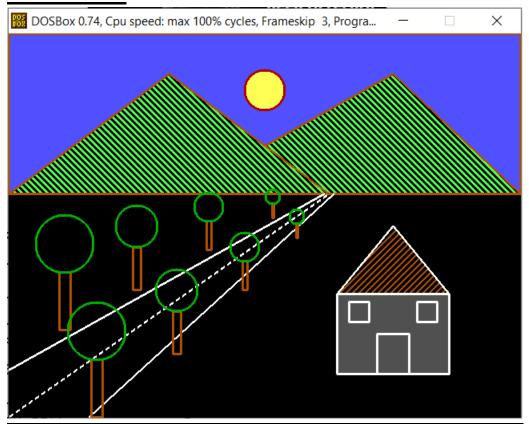


SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING (SCOPE)

# Computer Graphics and Multimedia

**LAB 02** 

### **SCENERY**

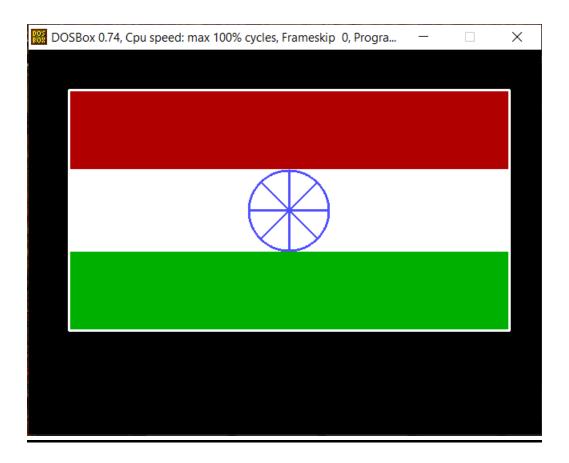


```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
void drawtree(int x, int y, float ratio){
   int a = (int)6*ratio;
    int b = (int)60*ratio;
    int c = (int)90*ratio;
    setcolor(6);
    setlinestyle(0,1,3);
    line(x-a,y, x+a,y);
   line(x-a,y, x-a,y-b);
    line(x+a,y, x+a,y-b);
    line(x-a,y-b, x+a,y-b);
    setcolor(2);
    setfillstyle(10,14);
    circle(x,y-c,30*ratio);
int main(){
```

```
int arr[] = {0,200,200,50,400,200};
int arr2[] = {320, 140, 480, 50, 639, 200, 400, 200, 320, 140};
int arr_sky[] = {0,0,0,200,200,50,320,140,480,50,639,200,639,0,0,0};
int arr3[] = \{410,425,550,425,550,325,410,325,410,425\};
int arr4[] = {410, 325,480,240,550,325,410, 325};
int gd = DETECT, gm;
initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
//Mountain 1
setfillstyle(5,10);
setcolor(6);
setlinestyle(0,1,3);
line(0,200,200, 50);
line(200,50,400,200);
line(0,200,400,200);
fillpoly(3, arr);
setcolor(6);
line(320,140,480,50);
line(480,50,639,200);
line(639,200,400,200);
line(400,200,320,140);
fillpoly(5, arr2);
setfillstyle(1,9);
fillpoly(8, arr_sky);
// The sun
setcolor(4);
//arc(320,140,10,160, 70);
circle(320, 70, 25);
setfillstyle(1,14);
floodfill(320,70,RED);
//The river 479 is the max y heigth
setcolor(15);
line(394,200,0,420);
line(406,200,100,479);
setlinestyle(3,1,3);
line(400,200,0,479);
drawtree(70, 370,1.2);
drawtree(160, 320,0.9);
drawtree(250, 270,0.6);
drawtree(330, 230,0.3);
drawtree(110, 479,1.2);
drawtree(210, 400,0.9);
drawtree(295, 320,0.6);
drawtree(360, 255,0.3);
```

```
//Drawing the hut
setcolor(15);
line(410, 425,550,425);
line(410, 425,410,325);
line(410, 325,550,325);
line(550, 325,550,425);
line(410, 325,480,240);
line(480, 240,550,325);
setfillstyle(4, 6);
fillpoly(4,arr4);
setfillstyle(1, 8);
fillpoly(5,arr3);
//door {410,425,550,425,550,325,410,325,410,425}
setcolor(15);
line(460, 425, 460, 375);
line(500, 425, 500, 375);
line(460,375,500,375);
line(425,360,425,335);
line(450,360,450,335);
line(425,335,450,335);
line(425,360,450,360);
//window2
line(535,360,535,335);
line(510,360,510,335);
line(510,360,535,360);
line(510,335,535,335);
//setfillstyle(1, 8);
//fillpoly(5,arr3);
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
```

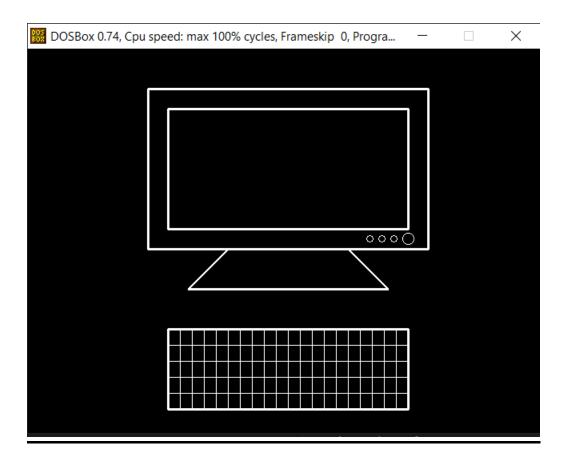
### **FLAG**



```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int s1[] = \{50,50,600,50,600,150,50,150,50,50\};
    int s2[] = {50,150,600,150,600,250,50,250,50,150};
    int s3[] = {50,250,600,250,600,350,50,350,50,250};
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    setlinestyle(0,1,3);
   line(50,50,600,50);
    line(600,50,600,150);
    line(600,150,50,150);
   line(50,150,50,50);
    setfillstyle(1, 4);
    fillpoly(5,s1);
    //strip 2
```

```
line(50,150,600,150);
line(600,150,600,250);
line(600,250,50,250);
line(50,250,50,150);
setfillstyle(1, 15);
fillpoly(5,s2);
setcolor(15);
line(50,250,600,250);
line(600,250,600,350);
line(600,350,50,350);
line(50,350,50,150);
setfillstyle(1, 2);
fillpoly(5,s3);
//Wheel
setcolor(9);
circle(325,200,50);
line(325,150,325,250);
line(275,200,375,200);
line(360,165,290,235);
line(290,165,360,235);
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
```

### **FAVOURITE ITEM**



```
#include<graphics.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
   int i,j;
    int gd = DETECT, gm;
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
    setcolor(15);
    setlinestyle(0,1,3);
    line(150,50,500,50);
    line(500,50,500,250);
    line(500,250,150,250);
    line(150,250,150,50);
    //stand
    line(250,250,200,300);
    line(400,250,450,300);
    line(200,300,450,300);
    //innerbox
```

```
line(175,75,475,75);
line(475,75,475,225);
line(475,225,175,225);
line(175,225,175,75);
//buttons
setlinestyle(0,1,1);
circle(475,237.5,7);
circle(457,237.5,4);
circle(442,237.5,4);
circle(427,237.5,4);
//keyboard
setlinestyle(0,1,3);
line(175,350,175,450);
line(175,350,475,350);
line(475,350,475,450);
line(475,450,175,450);
//keys
setlinestyle(0,1,1);
for(i = 1; i <= 20; i++){
    int x1 = 175;
    x1 += i*15;
    line(x1,350,x1,450);
for(j = 1; j <= 4; j++){}
    int y1 = 350;
    y1 += j*20;
    line(175,y1,475,y1);
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
```



# VIT®

# **Vellore Institute of Technology**

(Deemed to be University under section 3 of UGC Act, 1956)

### **B. Tech.** Semester 2020-2021

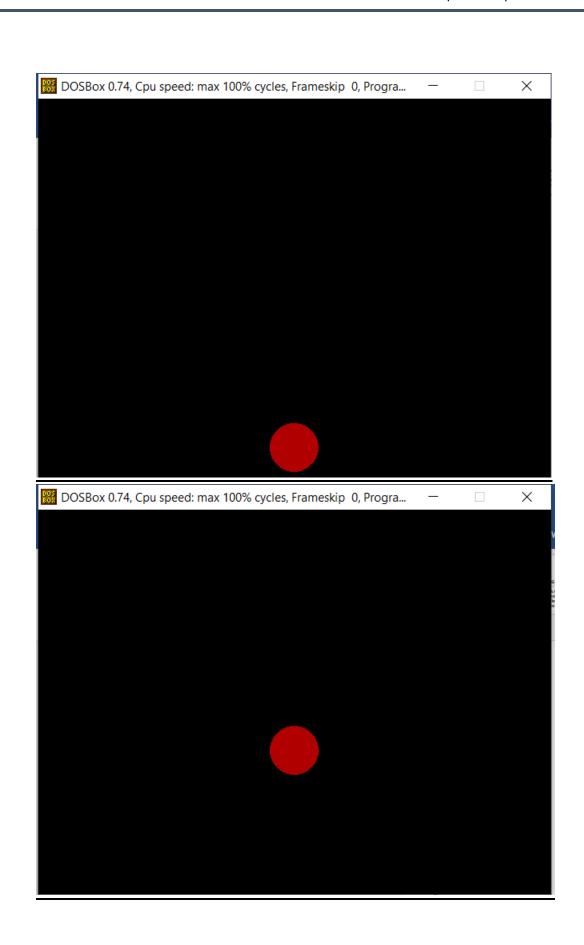
SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING (SCOPE)

**Graphics and Multimedia** 

**LAB 03** 

### **Bouncing Ball**

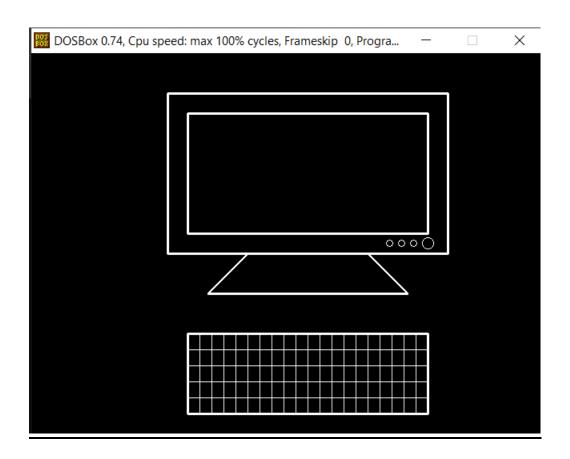
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <graphics.h>
#include <dos.h>
int main() {
int gd = DETECT, gm;
 int i, x, y, flag=0;
 initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
 x = getmaxx()/2;
 y = 30;
 while (!kbhit()) {
 if(y \ge getmaxy()-30 || y \le 30)
     flag = !flag;
     setcolor(RED);
    setfillstyle(SOLID_FILL, RED);
     circle(x, y, 30);
     floodfill(x, y, RED);
 delay(50);
 cleardevice();
 if(flag){
    y = y + 5;
 } else {
    y = y - 5;
    getch();
   closegraph();
    return 0;
```

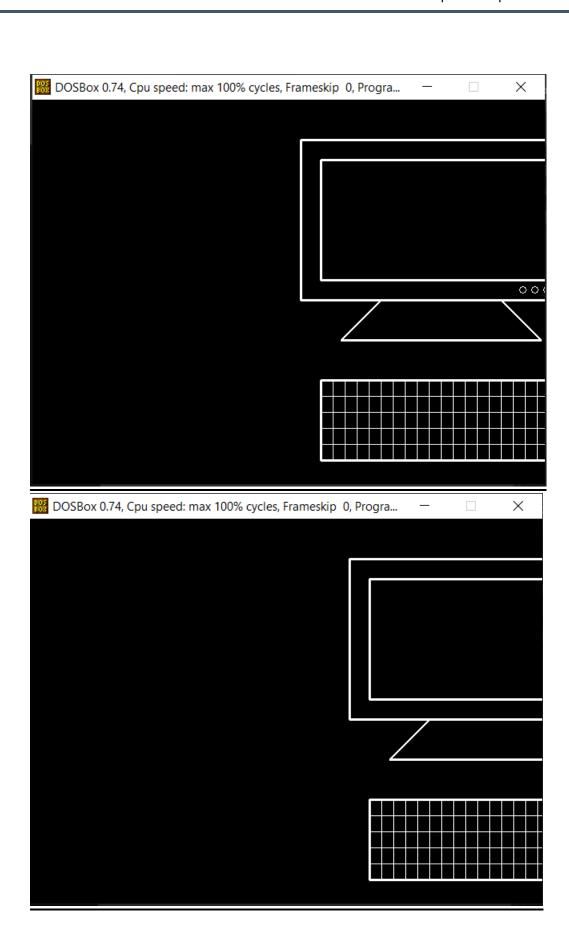


### **Moving Computer**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
void main()
int i,j,k;
int gd = DETECT, gm;
initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
for(i=0;i<250;i++){
cleardevice();
setcolor(15);
    setlinestyle(0,1,3);
    //outer box
    line(150+i,50,500+i,50);
    line(500+i,50,500+i,250);
    line(500+i,250,150+i,250);
    line(150+i,250,150+i,50);
    //stand
    line(250+i,250,200+i,300);
    line(400+i,250,450+i,300);
    line(200+i,300,450+i,300);
    //innerbox
    line(175+i,75,475+i,75);
    line(475+i,75,475+i,225);
    line(475+i,225,175+i,225);
    line(175+i,225,175+i,75);
    //buttons
    setlinestyle(0,1,1);
    circle(475+i,237.5,7);
    circle(457+i,237.5,4);
    circle(442+i,237.5,4);
    circle(427+i,237.5,4);
    //keyboard
    setlinestyle(0,1,3);
    line(175+i,350,175+i,450);
    line(175+i,350,475+i,350);
    line(475+i,350,475+i,450);
    line(475+i,450,175+i,450);
```

```
//keys
setlinestyle(0,1,1);
for(k = 1; k<=20;k++){
    int x1 = 175;
    x1 +=k*15;
    line(x1+i,350,x1+i,450);
}
for(j = 1; j<=4;j++){
    int y1 = 350;
    y1 +=j*20;
    line(175+i,y1,475+i,y1);
}
delay(50);
}
getch();
closegraph();
}</pre>
```

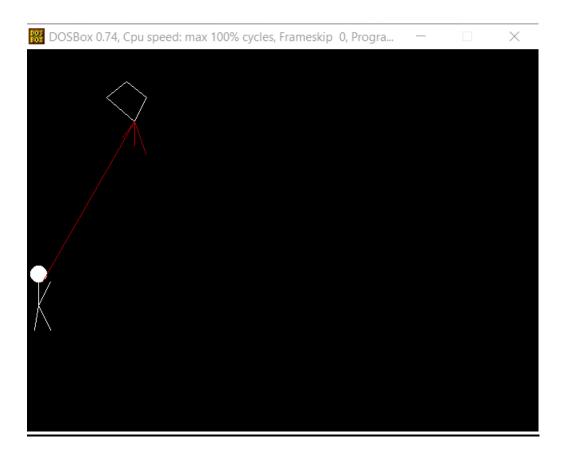


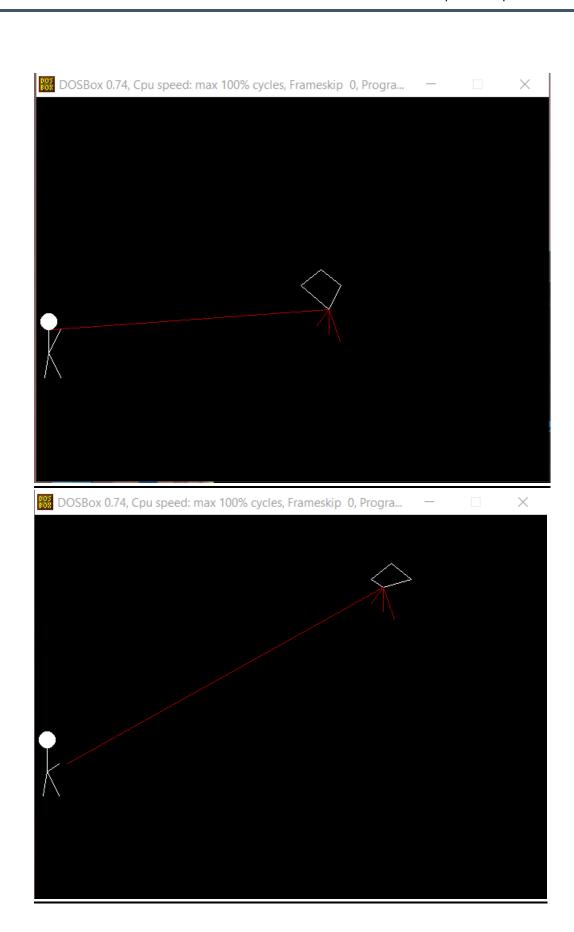


### **FLYING KITE**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
int gd=DETECT,gm;
int poly[10]; int flag=10,f=10;
int x=5,y=5,x_inc=0,y_inc=0;
initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
while(!kbhit())
setcolor(WHITE);
if(x<20)
    x_{inc+=5};
if(x > 400)
    x_{inc}=5;
if(y>300)
    y_inc-=5;
if(y<50)
    y_inc+=5;
    x=x+x_inc;
    y=y+y_inc;
 poly[0]=100+x+f;
 poly[1]=50+y+f;
 poly[2]=125+x+f;
 poly[3]=30+y+f;
 poly[4]=150+x+f;
 poly[5]=50+y+f;
 poly[6]=125+x;
 poly[7]=70+y;
 poly[8]=100+x+f;
 poly[9]=50+y+f;
drawpoly(5,poly);
fillellipse(15,280,10,10);
line(15,280,15,320);
line(15,320,10,350);
line(15,320,30,350);
line(15,320,30,300+flag); //hand
setcolor(RED);
line(30+f,300+flag,125+x,70+y); //rope
line(125+x,70+y,110+x,90+y);
line(125+x,70+y,125+x,100+y);
```

```
line(125+x,70+y,139+x,110+y);
flag=-flag;f=-f;
delay(200); // x++;y++;
cleardevice();
}
}
```







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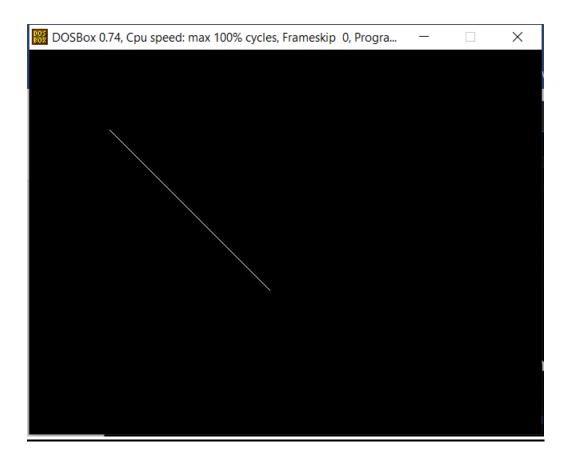
**LAB 04** 

### **Line Drawing Algorithm 1**

### **Code**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <graphics.h>
#include <dos.h>
void LineDDA(int x0, int y0, int x1, int y1){
    int dx = x1-x0, dy = y1-y0, steps,i;
    double xIncrement,yIncrement,x,y;
    if(abs(dx)>abs(dy)){
        steps = abs(dy);
    else{
        steps = abs(dy);
    xIncrement = (double)dx/(double)steps;
    yIncrement = (double)dy/(double)steps;
    x = x0;
    y = y0;
    putpixel((int)x, (int)y,WHITE);
    for(i = 0;i<steps;i++){</pre>
        x+=xIncrement;
        y+=yIncrement;
        putpixel((int)x, (int)y, WHITE);
int main() {
 int gd = DETECT, gm;
 initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
 LineDDA(100,100,300,300);
 getch();
 closegraph();
 return 0;
```

## <u>OUTPUT</u>

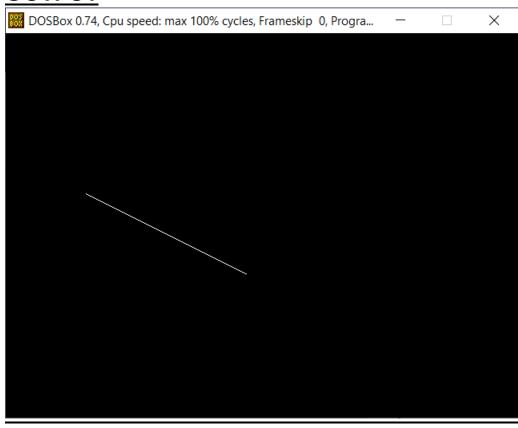


### **Line Drawing algorithm 2**

### **CODE**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <graphics.h>
#include <dos.h>
void LineBres(int x0, int y0, int x1, int y1){
    int dx,dy,d,twoDy,twoDyMinusDx,x,y;
    dx = abs(x1-x0);
    dy = abs(y1-y0);
    d = 2*dy-dx;
    twoDy = 2*dy;
    twoDyMinusDx = 2*(dy-dx);
    if(x0>x1){
        x = x1;
       y = y1;
       x1 = x0;
    else{
       x = x0;
        y = y0;
    putpixel(x,y,WHITE);
    while(x<x1){</pre>
        X++;
        if(d<0){
            d+=twoDy;
        }
        else{
            d+=twoDyMinusDx;
        putpixel(x,y,WHITE);
int main() {
 int gd = DETECT, gm;
 initgraph(&gd, &gm, "C:\\TURBOC3\\BGI");
 LineBres(100,100,300,300);
 getch();
 closegraph();
 return 0;
```







SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING (SCOPE)

**Graphics and Multimedia** 

**LAB 05** 

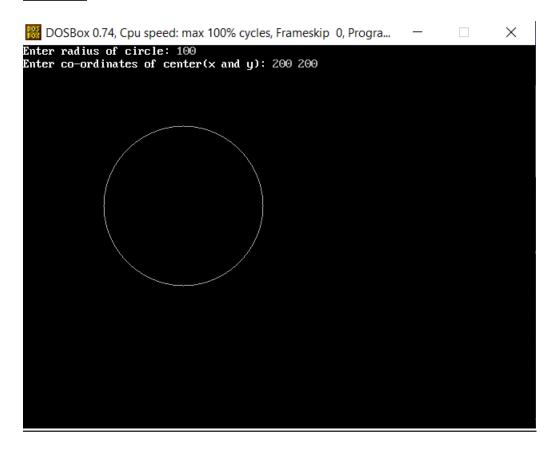
### **Midpoint circle drawing**

#### Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
void drawcircle(int x0, int y0, int radius)
   int x = radius;
   int y = 0;
   int err = 0;
   while (x >= y)
    putpixel(x0 + x, y0 + y, 7);
    putpixel(x0 + y, y0 + x, 7);
    putpixel(x0 - y, y0 + x, 7);
    putpixel(x0 - x, y0 + y, 7);
    putpixel(x0 - x, y0 - y, 7);
    putpixel(x0 - y, y0 - x, 7);
    putpixel(x0 + y, y0 - x, 7);
    putpixel(x0 + x, y0 - y, 7);
   if (err <= 0)
       y += 1;
       err += 2*y + 1;
    if (err > 0)
       x -= 1;
       err -= 2*x + 1;
int main()
    int gdriver=DETECT, gmode, error, x, y, r;
    initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
    printf("Enter radius of circle: ");
    scanf("%d", &r);
   printf("Enter co-ordinates of center(x and y): ");
```

```
scanf("%d%d", &x, &y);
drawcircle(x, y, r);
getch();
closegraph();
return 0;
}
```

### **Results**



## **Liang- Barsky Line clipping**

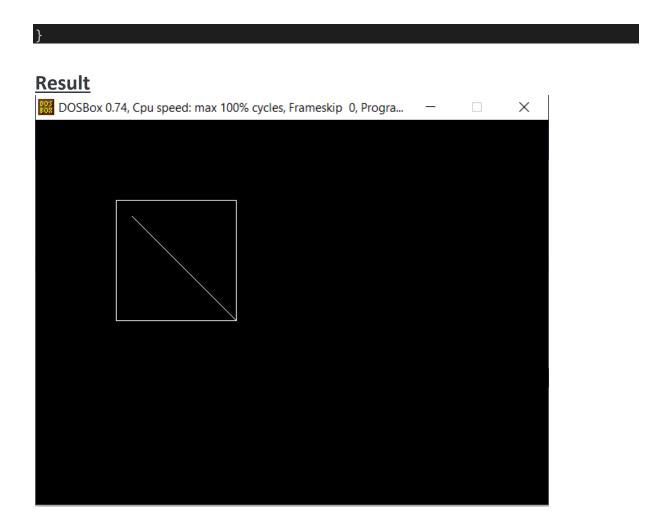
### Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<dos.h>

void main()
{
   int i,gd=DETECT,gm;
   int x1,y1,x2,y2,xmin,xmax,ymin,ymax,xx1,xx2,yy1,yy2,dx,dy;
   float t1,t2,p[4],q[4],temp;
```

```
x1=120;
y1=120;
x2=300;
y2=300;
xmin=100;
ymin=100;
xmax=250;
ymax=250;
initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
rectangle(xmin,ymin,xmax,ymax);
dx=x2-x1;
dy=y2-y1;
p[0]=-dx;
p[1]=dx;
p[2]=-dy;
p[3]=dy;
q[0]=x1-xmin;
q[1]=xmax-x1;
q[2]=y1-ymin;
q[3]=ymax-y1;
for(i=0;i<4;i++)
    if(p[i]==0)
        printf("line is parallel to one of the clipping boundary");
        if(q[i]>=0)
            if(i<2)
                 if(y1<ymin)</pre>
                     y1=ymin;
                if(y2>ymax)
                     y2=ymax;
                line(x1,y1,x2,y2);
```

```
if(i>1)
                 if(x1<xmin)</pre>
                     x1=xmin;
                 if(x2>xmax)
                     x2=xmax;
                 line(x1,y1,x2,y2);
t1=0;
t2=1;
for(i=0;i<4;i++)
    temp=q[i]/p[i];
    if(p[i]<0)
        if(t1<=temp)</pre>
            t1=temp;
    else
        if(t2>temp)
            t2=temp;
if(t1<t2)
    xx1 = x1 + t1 * p[1];
    xx2 = x1 + t2 * p[1];
    yy1 = y1 + t1 * p[3];
    yy2 = y1 + t2 * p[3];
   line(xx1,yy1,xx2,yy2);
delay(5000);
closegraph();
```



## **Weiler Atherton Polygon clipping**

## Code

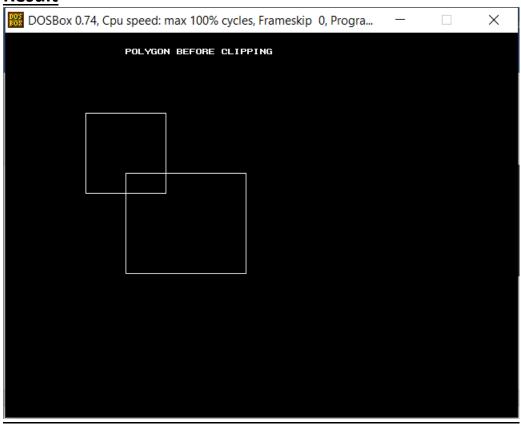
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <graphics.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include cess.h>
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
typedef unsigned int outcode;
outcode CompOutCode(float x,float y);
enum \{ TOP = 0x1,
BOTTOM = 0x2,
RIGHT = 0x4,
LEFT = 0x8
};
float xmin,xmax,ymin,ymax;
void clip(float x0,float y0,float x1,float y1)
```

```
outcode outcode0,outcode1,outcodeOut;
int accept = FALSE,done = FALSE;
outcode0 = CompOutCode(x0,y0);
outcode1 = CompOutCode(x1,y1);
do
    if(!(outcode0|outcode1))
        accept = TRUE;
        done = TRUE;
    else
    if(outcode0 & outcode1)
        done = TRUE;
    else
        float x,y;
        outcodeOut = outcode0?outcode0:outcode1;
        if(outcodeOut & TOP)
            x = x0+(x1-x0)*(ymax-y0)/(y1-y0);
            y = ymax;
        else if(outcodeOut & BOTTOM)
            x = x0+(x1-x0)*(ymin-y0)/(y1-y0);
            y = ymin;
        else if(outcodeOut & RIGHT)
            y = y0+(y1-y0)*(xmax-x0)/(x1-x0);
            x = xmax;
        }
        else
            y = y0+(y1-y0)*(xmin-x0)/(x1-x0);
            x = xmin;
        if(outcodeOut==outcode0)
            x0 = x;
            y0 = y;
            outcode0 = CompOutCode(x0,y0);
        }
        else
        {
            x1 = x;
```

```
y1 = y;
            outcode1 = CompOutCode(x1,y1);
}while(done==FALSE);
if(accept)
    line(x0,y0,x1,y1);
outtextxy(150,20,"POLYGON AFTER CLIPPING");
rectangle(xmin,ymin,xmax,ymax);
outcode CompOutCode(float x,float y)
    outcode code = 0;
    if(y>ymax)
        code = TOP;
    else if(y<ymin)</pre>
            code =BOTTOM;
    if(x>xmax)
        code = RIGHT;
    else if(x<xmin)</pre>
        code = LEFT;
    return code;
void main( )
float x1,y1,x2,y2;
int gdriver = DETECT, gmode, n,poly[14],i;
clrscr( );
printf("Enter the no of sides of polygon:");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("\nEnter the coordinates of polygon\n");
for(i=0;i<2*n;i++)
    scanf("%d",&poly[i]);
poly[2*n]=poly[0];
poly[2*n+1]=poly[1];
printf("Enter the rectangular coordinates of clipping window\n");
scanf("%f%f%f%f",&xmin,&ymin,&xmax,&ymax);
initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
outtextxy(150,20,"POLYGON BEFORE CLIPPING");
drawpoly(n+1,poly);
rectangle(xmin,ymin,xmax,ymax);
getch( );
cleardevice( );
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
clip(poly[2*i],poly[(2*i)+1],poly[(2*i)+2],poly[(2*i)+3]);
```

```
getch( );
restorecrtmode( );
}
```

## **Result**







SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING (SCOPE)

**Graphics and Multimedia** 

**LAB 06** 

#### 2-D Transformation

#### Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<graphics.h>
int ch,x,y,az,i,w,ch1,ch2,xa,ya,ra,a[10],b[10],da,db;
float x1,y1,az1,w1,dx,dy,theta,x1s,y1s,sx,sy,a1[10],b1[10];
void main()
    int gm ,gr;
    clrscr();
    detectgraph(&gm,&gr);
    initgraph(&gm,&gr,"c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
    printf("Enter the upper left corner of the rectangle:\n");
    scanf("%d%d",&x,&y);
    printf("Enter the lower right corner of the rectangle:\n");
    scanf("%d%d",&az,&w);
    rectangle(x,y,az,w);
    da=az-x;
    db=w-y;
    a[0]=x;
    b[0]=y;
    a[1]=x+da;
    b[1]=y;
    a[2]=x+da;
    b[2]=y+db;
    a[3]=x;b[3]=y+db;
   while(1)
        printf("******2D Transformations******\n");
        printf("1.Translation\n2.Rotation\n3.Scaling\n4.Reflection\n5.Shearing
\n6.Exit\nEnter your choice:\n");
        scanf("%d",&ch);
        switch(ch)
    case 1:
        detectgraph(&gm,&gr);
        initgraph(&gm,&gr,"c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
        rectangle(x,y,az,w);
        printf("******Translation******\n\n");
        printf("Enter the value of shift vector:\n");
        scanf("%f%f",&dx,&dy);
        x1=x+dx;
        y1=y+dy;
        az1=az+dx;
        w1=w+dy;
        rectangle(x1,y1,az1,w1);
```

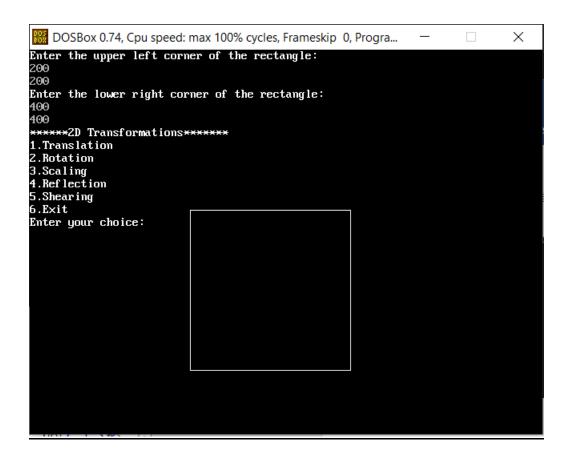
```
break;
    case 2:
        detectgraph(&gm,&gr);
        initgraph(&gm,&gr,"c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
        rectangle(x,y,az,w);
        printf("******Rotation*****\n\n");
        printf("Enter the value of fixed point and angle of rotation:Enter the
 value of fixed point and angle of rotation:\n");
        scanf("%d%d%d",&xa,&ya,&ra);
        theta=(float)(ra*(3.14/180));
        for(i=0;i<4;i++)
            a1[i]=(xa+((a[i]-xa)*cos(theta)-(b[i]-ya)*sin(theta)));
           b1[i]=(ya+((a[i]-xa)*sin(theta)+(b[i]-ya)*cos(theta)));
        for(i=0;i<4;i++)
           if(i!=3)
                line(a1[i],b1[i],a1[i+1],b1[i+1]);
                line(a1[i],b1[i],a1[0],b1[0]);
        break;
    case 3:
        detectgraph(&gm,&gr);
        initgraph(&gm,&gr,"c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
        rectangle(x,y,az,w);
        printf("*******Scaling******\n\n");
        printf("Enter the value of scaling factor:\n");
        scanf("%f%f",&sx,&sy);
        x1=x*sx;
       y1=y*sy;
        az1=az*sx;
        w1=w*sy;
        rectangle(x1,y1,az1,w1);
        break;
    case 4:
        detectgraph(&gm,&gr);
        initgraph(&gm,&gr,"c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
        rectangle(x,y,az,w);
        printf("******Reflection*******\n");
        printf("1.About x-axis\n2.About y-
axis\n3.About both axis\nEnter your choice:\n");
        scanf("%d",&ch1);
        switch(ch1)
        {
            case 1:
           printf("Enter the fixed point\n");
```

```
scanf("%d%d",&xa,&ya);
theta=(float)(90*(3.14/180));
for(i=0;i<4;i++)
    a1[i]=(xa+((a[i]-xa)*cos(theta)-(-b[i]-ya)*sin(theta)));
    b1[i]=(ya+((a[i]-xa)*sin(theta)+(-b[i]-ya)*cos(theta)));
for(i=0;i<4;i++)
    if(i!=3)
        line(a1[i],b1[i],a1[i+1],b1[i+1]);
   else
        line(a1[i],b1[i],a1[0],b1[0]);
break;
case 2:
    printf("Enter the fixed point\n");
    scanf("%d%d",&xa,&ya);
    theta=(float)(270*(3.14/180));
    for(i=0;i<4;i++)
    {
        a1[i]=(xa+((-a[i]-xa)*cos(theta)-(b[i]-ya)*sin(theta)));
        b1[i]=(ya+((-a[i]-xa)*sin(theta)+(b[i]-ya)*cos(theta)));
    for(i=0;i<4;i++)
        if(i!=3)
            line(a1[i],b1[i],a1[i+1],b1[i+1]);
        else
            line(a1[i],b1[i],a1[0],b1[0]);
    break;
case 3:
    printf("Enter the fixed point\n");
    scanf("%d%d",&xa,&ya);
    theta=(float)(180*(3.14/180));
    for(i=0;i<4;i++)
        a1[i]=(xa+((-a[i]-xa)*cos(theta)-(-b[i]-ya)*sin(theta)));
        b1[i]=(ya+((-a[i]-xa)*sin(theta)+(-b[i]-ya)*cos(theta)));
    for(i=0;i<4;i++)
        if(i!=3)
            line(a1[i],b1[i],a1[i+1],b1[i+1]);
        else
            line(a1[i],b1[i],a1[0],b1[0]);
```

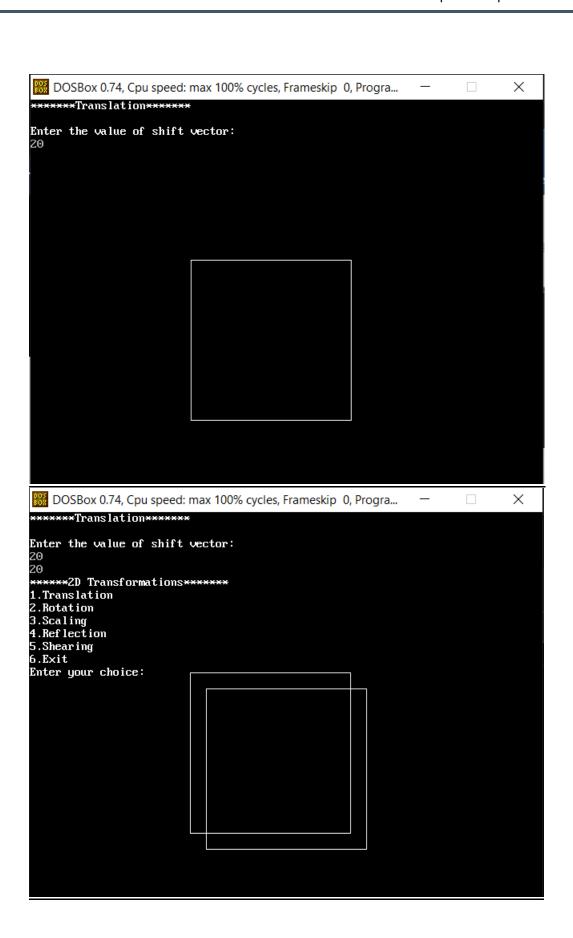
```
break;
        break;
    case 5:
        detectgraph(&gm,&gr);
        initgraph(&gm,&gr,"c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
        rectangle(x,y,az,w);
        printf("******Shearing*****\n\n");
        printf("1.x-direction shear\n2.y-
direction shear\nEnter your choice:\n");
        scanf("%d",&ch2);
        switch(ch2)
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the value of shear:\n");
                scanf("%f",&x1s);
                x1=x+(y*x1s);
                y1=y;
                az1=az+(w*x1s);
                rectangle(x1,y1,az1,w1);
                break;
            case 2:
                printf("Enter the value of shear:\n");
                scanf("%f",&y1s);
                x1=x;
                y1=y+(x*y1s);
                az1=az;
                w1=w+(az*y1s);
                rectangle(x1,y1,az1,w1);
                break;
        }
        break;
    case 6:
        exit(0);
    getch();
```

## Results Initialisation

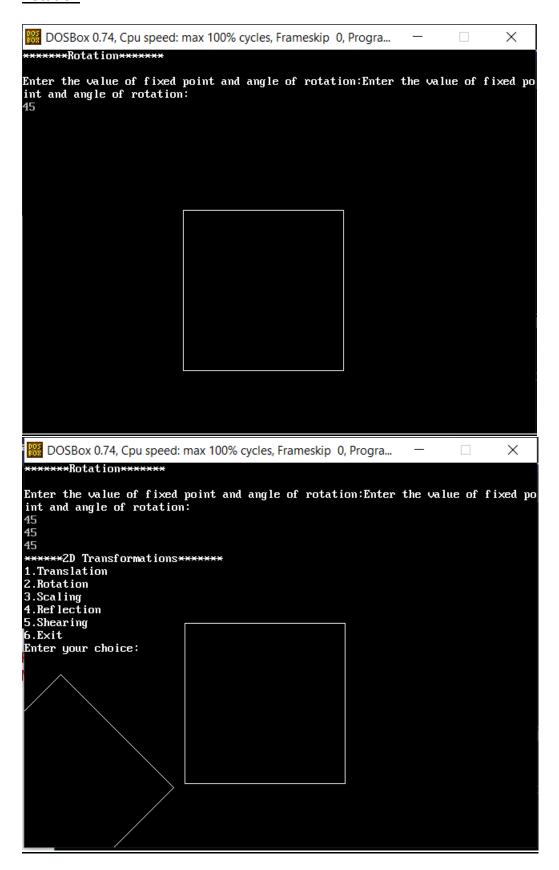




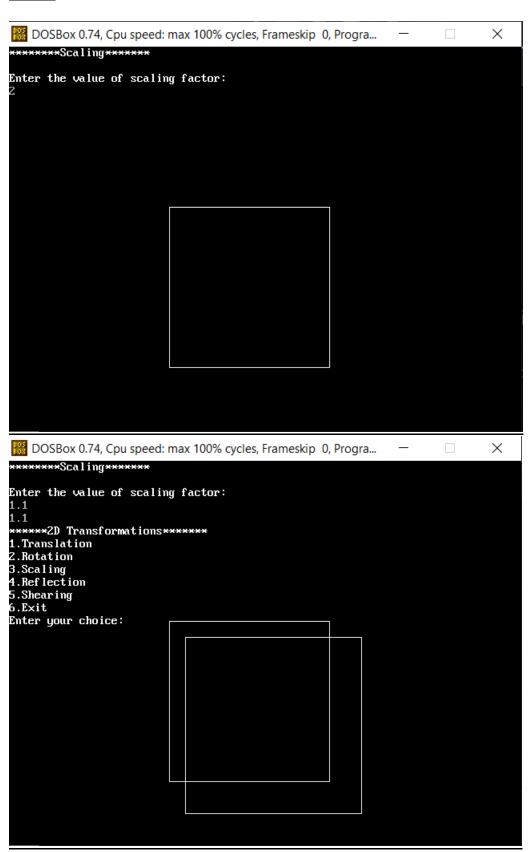
#### **Translation**



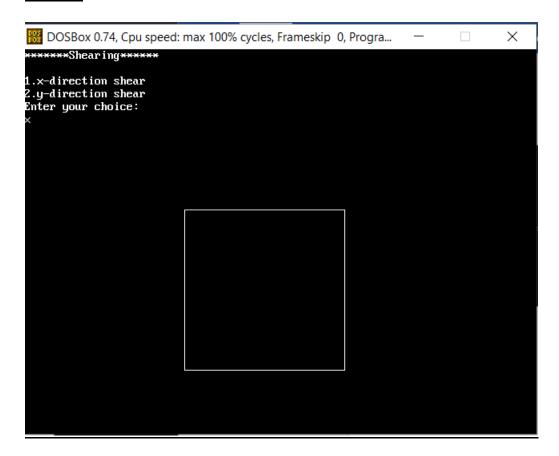
#### **Rotation**

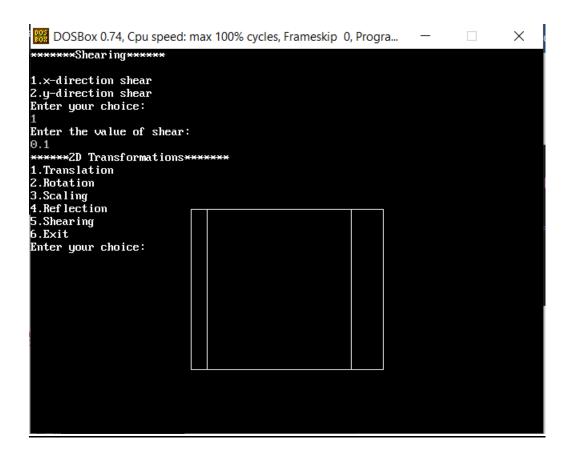


#### **Scaling**

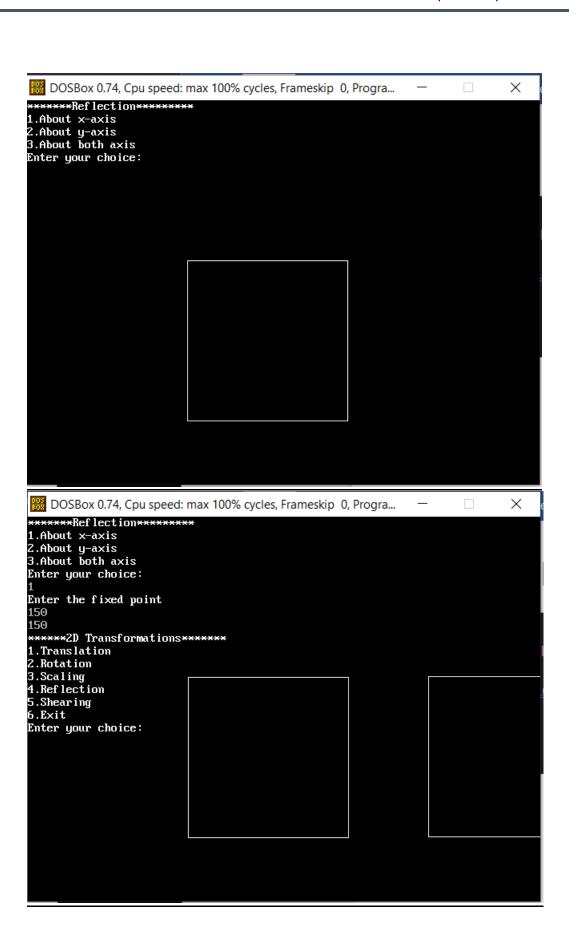


### **Shearing**





#### **Reflection**





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**Graphics and Multimedia** 

**LAB 07** 

# 3-D Transformation

## Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<math.h>
void trans();
//void axis();
void scale();
void rotate();
int maxx,maxy,midx,midy;
void main()
            int ch;
            int gd=DETECT,gm;
            detectgraph(&gd,&gm);
            initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\turboc3\\BGI");
            printf("\n 1.Translation \n 2.Scaling\n 3.Rotation \n 4.exit");
            printf("\nenter your choice\n");
            scanf("%d",&ch);
            do
                        switch(ch)
                                                          trans();
                                    case 1:
```

```
getch();
                                                        closegraph();
                                                        break;
                                                     scale();
                                  case 2 :
                                                        getch();
                                                   // closegraph();
                                                        break;
                                  case 3 :
                                                     rotate();
                                                        getch();
                                                        closegraph();
                                                        break;
                                 case 4: break;
                      printf("\nenter your choice\n");
                      scanf("%d",&ch);
           } while(ch<4);</pre>
void trans()
           int x,y,z,o,x1,x2,y1,y2;
           maxx=getmaxx();
```

```
maxy=getmaxy();
            midx=maxx/2;
            midy=maxy/2;
            //axis();
            bar3d(midx+50,midy-100,midx+60,midy-90,10,1);
            printf("\nEnter translation factor\n");
            scanf("%d%d",&x,&y);
            printf("\nAfter translation:\n");
            bar3d(midx+x+50,midy-(y+100),midx+x+60,midy-(y+90),10,1);
void scale()
            int x,y,z,o,x1,x2,y1,y2;
            maxx=getmaxx();
            maxy=getmaxy();
            midx=maxx/2;
            midy=maxy/2;
            //axis();
            bar3d(midx+50,midy-100,midx+60,midy-90,5,1);
            printf("\nbefore translation\n");
            printf("\nEnter scaling factors\n");
            scanf("%d %d %d", &x,&y,&z);
            printf("\nAfter scaling\n");
            bar3d(midx+(x*50),midy-(y*100),midx+(x*60),midy-(y*90),5*z,1);
```

```
void rotate()
            int x,y,z,o,x1,x2,y1,y2;
            maxx=getmaxx();
            maxy=getmaxy();
            midx=maxx/2;
            midy=maxy/2;
            //axis();
            bar3d(midx+50,midy-100,midx+60,midy-90,5,1);
            printf("\nEnter rotating angle\n");
            scanf("%d",&o);
            x1=50*cos(o*3.14/180)-100*sin(o*3.14/180);
            y1=50*sin(o*3.14/180)+100*cos(o*3.14/180);
            x2=60*cos(o*3.14/180)-90*sin(o*3.14/180);
            y2=60*sin(o*3.14/180)+90*cos(o*3.14/180);
            axis();
            printf("After rotation about z axis");
            bar3d(midx+x1,midy-y1,midx+x2,midy-y2,5,1);
            //axis();
            printf("\nAfter rotation about x axis\n");
            bar3d(midx+50, midy-x1, midx+60, midy-x2, 5, 1);
            //axis();
            printf("\nAfter rotation about yaxis\n");
```

```
bar3d(midx+x1,midy-100,midx+x2,midy-90,5,1);
}
```

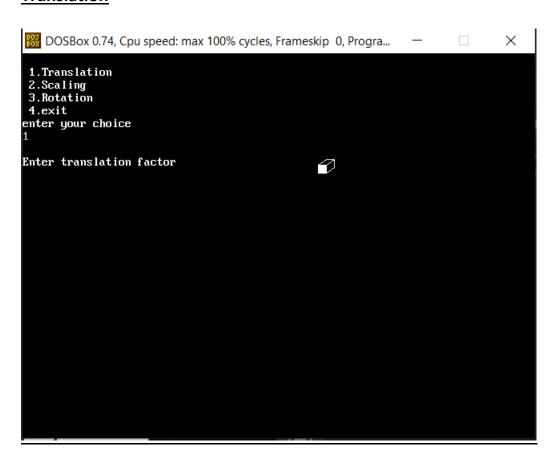
## **Result**

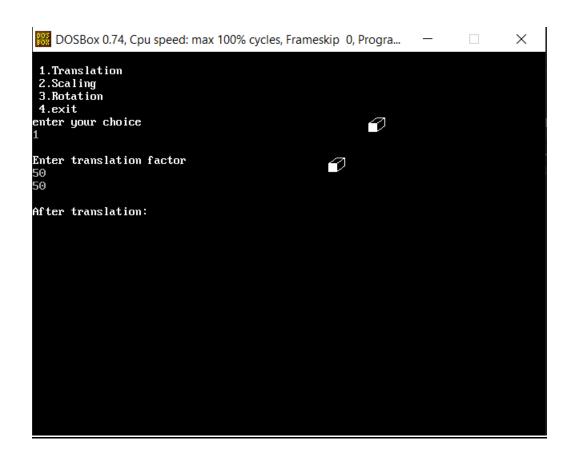
## **Initialization**

```
DOSBox 0.74, Cpu speed: max 100% cycles, Frameskip 0, Progra... — X

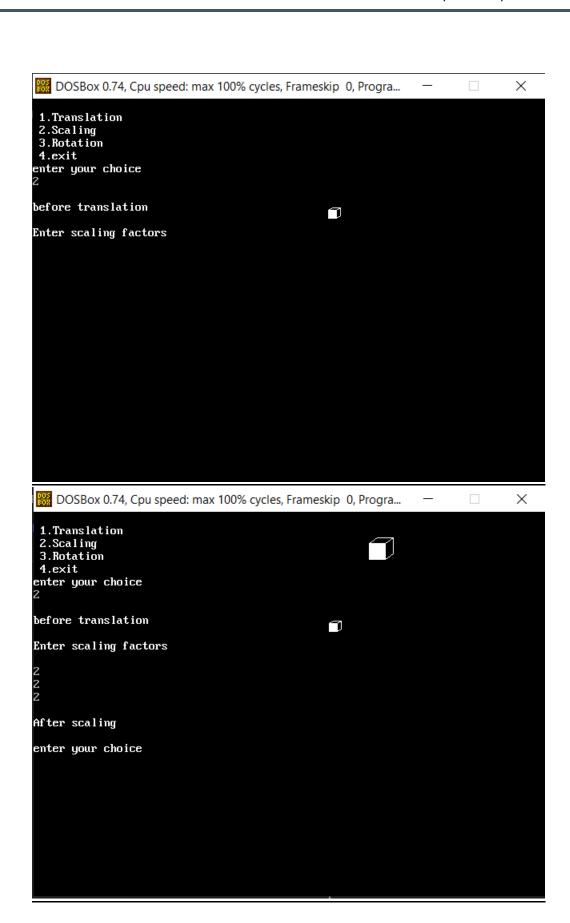
1. Translation
2. Scaling
3. Rotation
4. exitenter your choice
```

## **Translation**

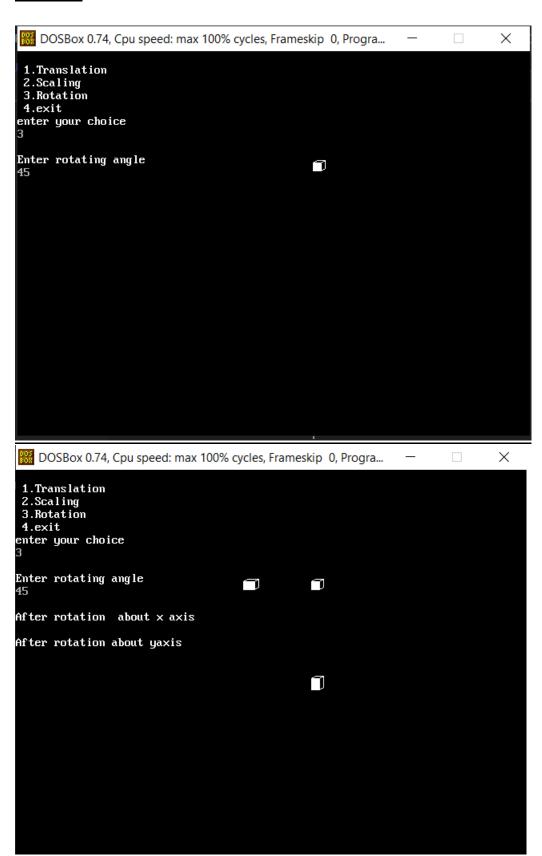




## **Scaling**



#### **Rotation**





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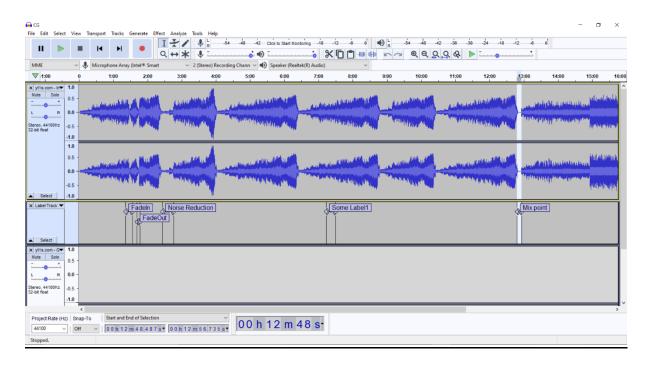
**Graphics and Multimedia** 

**LAB 08** 

## **Link to Drive**

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1 IMcHjYLo6PMQQLTqdjlJAXIjq3sxeyn5?usp=sharing

### **Result SS**





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**Graphics and Multimedia** 

**LAB 09** 

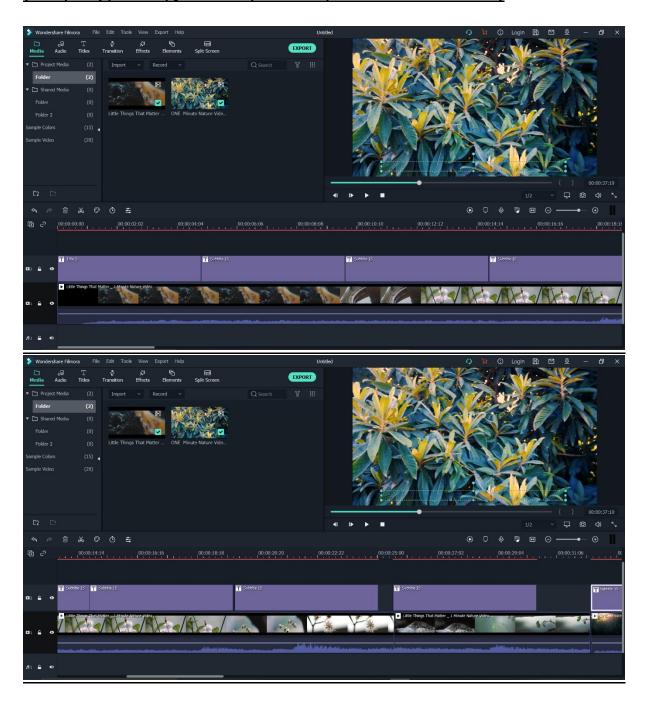
## Tool – Filmora X

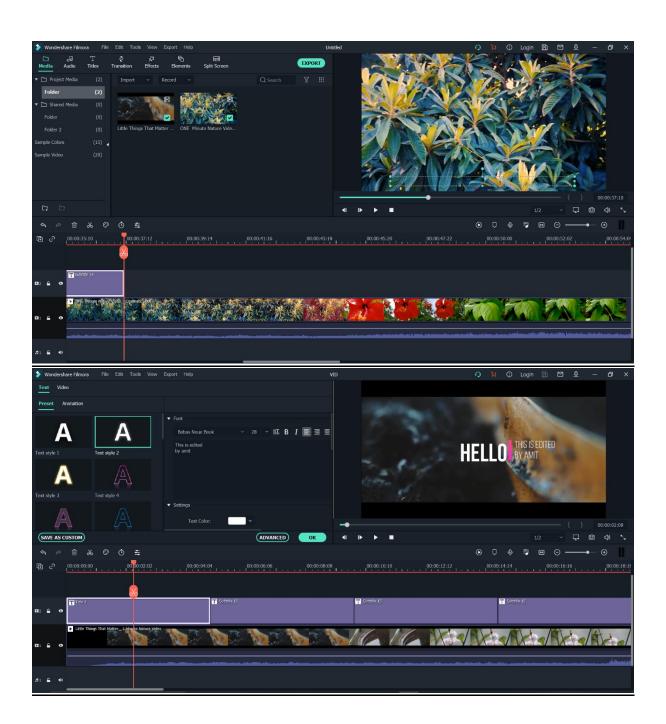
## **Link to Drive**

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1LUmj7MFWPhme0brX-z7ertxYODbqAzqb?usp=sharing

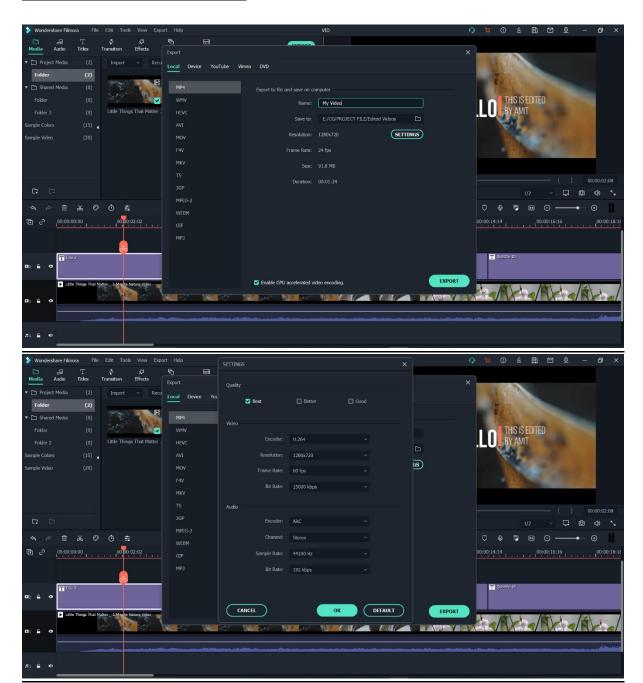
## **Result SS**

## (Trim, crop, rotate, join video, subtitles, edit video dimension)





### **Change BIT Rate, Change FPS**





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**Graphics and Multimedia** 

**LAB 10** 

### **Tool – Alice 3**

#### **Link to Drive**

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1sPejJTbRwDc\_SmrSwgDKNQ-g60QmCSwX?usp=sharing

### **Result SS**

