Lead Scoring Case Study using Logistic Regression

Submitted by:

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Problem Statement

- 1. An Education company named X Education provides online courses to the industry professionals.
- 2. It markets itself on Google and various other websites where viewers can browse about the online courses that they provide.
- 3. When the viewers provide their email address and phone number, then they are considered as leads.
- 4. The lead conversion rate for the company is around 30%, which is considered to be very low by the company.
- 5. Company wants to increase its conversion rate and they want to classify their leads as "hot leads" which are most potential and "cold leads" which are less potential.
- 6. Company aims at target lead conversion rate to be 80%.

Data

- 1. The file consists of 9000 data points of past leads.
- 2. "Converted" is target variable with values as 0 for "not converted" and 1 for "converted".

Aim

- 1. To build a linear regression model to predict for the hot leads, on the basis of the lead score between 0 and 100.
- 2. It is considered that the leads with the higher lead score are "hot leads" and with low lead score are "cold leads".
- 3. Hot leads are the leads that are likely to be converted.

Approach

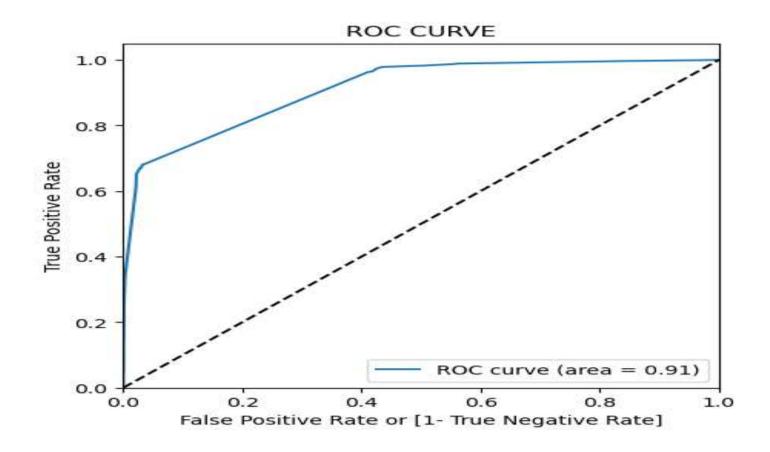
Following steps were performed in building of model and categorizing the leads as "hot leads" and "cold leads":

- 1. Reading of Data
- 2. Understanding of Data
- 3. Cleaning of Data
- 4. Univariate and Bivariate Analysis
- 5. Multivariate Analysis
- 6. Data Preparation
- 7. Train-Test Split
- 8. Feature Scaling using Standard Scaler
- 9. Feature Selection using RFE

Approach

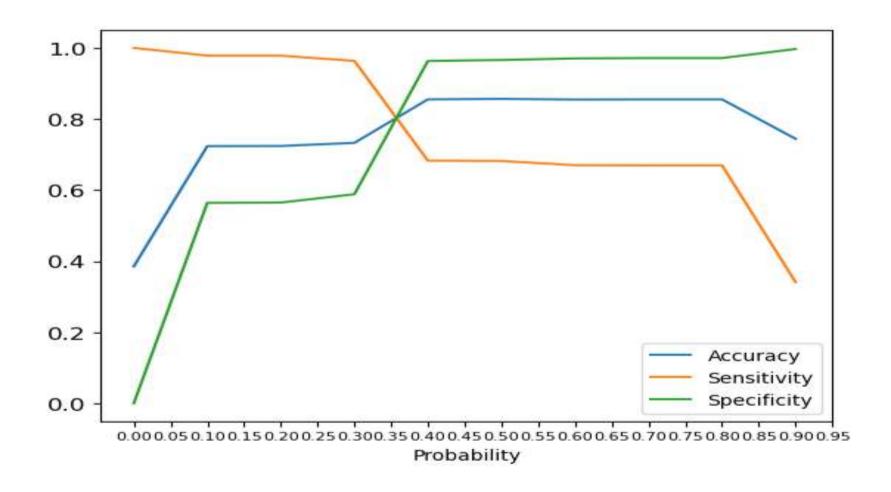
- 10. Model Building
- 11. Model Evaluation
- 12. Plotting of ROC curve
- 13. Calculating optimal cut off point
- 14. Calculating Sensitivity, Specificity, Accuracy
- 15. Calculating Precision and Recall
- 16. Prediction of Test set
- 17. Deciding leads as "hot leads" and "cold leads" based on lead score.

Technical Analysis



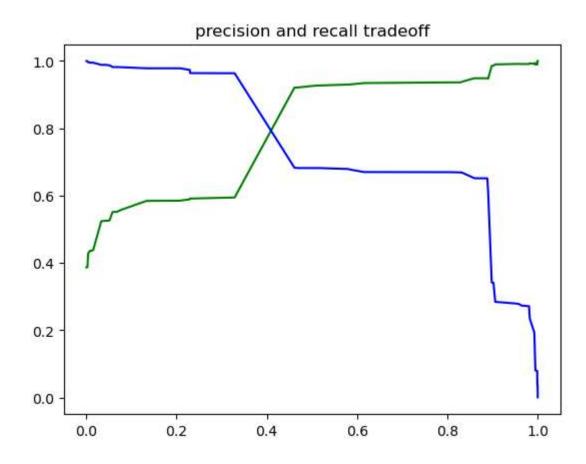
ROC curve has area as 0.91 which indicates that our model is 91% correct.

Technical Analysis



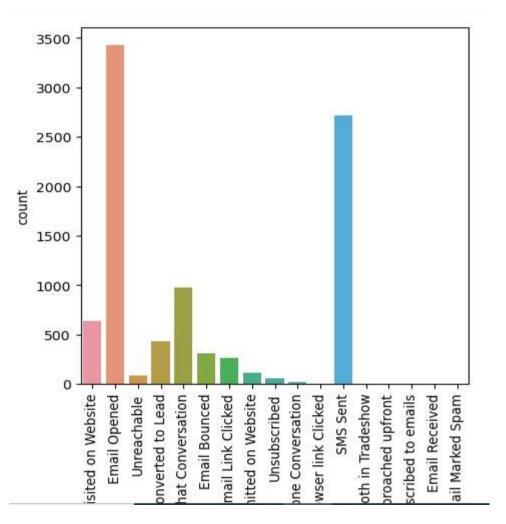
The Accuracy, Specificity, Sensitivity curve meets at 35, which shows that optimal cutoff point is 35%

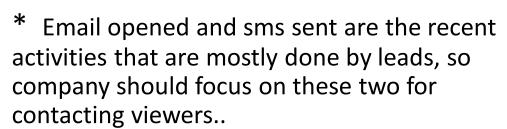
Technical Analysis

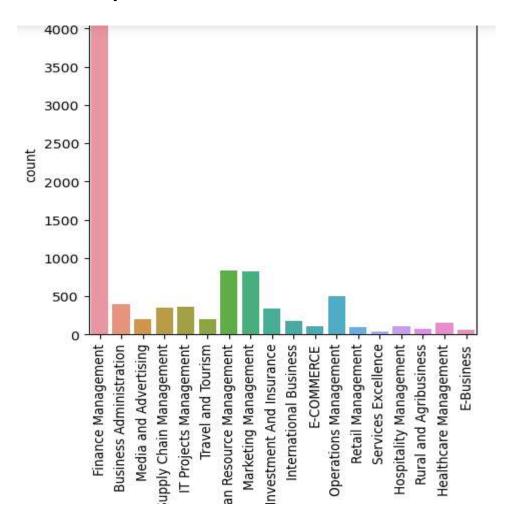


This trade off graph shows that precision and recall are inversely related.

Business Analysis







* Most of the leads are from finance management specialization so company must focus on that.

Suggestions.

- 1. Current occupation of students, time spent on website, lead origin are 3 top variables which contributed towards probability of leads getting converted into customers.
- 2. Company should less focus on unemployed leads.
- 3. Company has to continuously monitor the leads conversion rates and adjust the strategy based on the effectiveness of various channels and approaches.
- 4. Company should prioritize the leads which middle lead score to convert them to high lead score.

Thank You