

Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering Second Semester, 2023/2024 ENCS3130 Linux Laboratory Shell Scripting Project – Text Message Encryption and Decryption

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1-Abstract

The "XO Game Shell Script" project aims to create a terminal-based game where two users can play the XO (Tic-Tac-Toe) game with added features like loading from a file and various move options. The script prompts users to input their names and the number of moves to play. Players can choose between starting with an empty grid or loading from a file . Players can make moves to place or remove their marks, exchange rows or columns, or swap marks with their opponent. Scoring is based on alignments and moves made, with points earned or deducted accordingly. The script tracks and displays the score of each player throughout the game. The project involves shell scripting to handle user inputs, manage game state, and calculate scores, enhancing the classic game of XO with strategic elements and customization options.

2-Theory

The XO game is played on a grid, where two players take turns marking empty cells. The objective is to form a horizontal, vertical, or diagonal line of three of one's own marks (X or O).

Here's a breakdown of the script's functionality:

- **1. Grid Initialization and Display:** The grid is represented as a multi-dimensional associative array in Bash. The (display_empty_grid) function initializes and displays an empty grid of the specified size. The (display_grid_from_file) function reads the grid from a file and displays it.
- **2. Scoring System :** The script keeps track of player scores throughout the game. The (update_scores) function updates the scores based on the alignments of marks on the grid. Players gain or lose points depending on their moves and their effects on the grid.

3. Move Functions:

1. Move 1 (Placing a Mark):

- When a player places their mark on the grid, the script checks for alignments.
- If the placement creates alignments of the player's mark (either horizontally, vertically, or diagonally), the player earns 2 points.
- If the placement creates alignments of the opponent's mark, the player loses 3 points (as it might be seen as aiding the opponent).

2. Move 2 (Removing a Mark):

- When a player removes their mark from the grid, 1 point is directly awarded .

3. Move 3 (Exchanging Rows):

- When a player exchanges rows on the grid it decrements by 1 point and , the script checks for alignments after the exchange.
 - If the exchange creates alignments of the player's mark, the player earns $2\ \text{points}.$
- If the exchange creates alignments of the opponent's mark, the player loses 3 points.

4. Move 4 (Exchanging Columns):

- When a player exchanges columns on the grid it decrements by 1 point and, the script checks for alignments after the exchange.
- Similar to Move 3, the player earns 2 points for creating alignments of their mark and loses 3 points for creating alignments of the opponent's mark.

5. Move 5 (Exchanging Marks' Positions):

- When a player exchanges the positions of their mark and the opponent's mark in decrements by 2 points and, the script checks for alignments after the exchange.
- Again, the player earns 2 points for creating alignments of their mark and loses 3 points for creating alignments of the opponent's mark.
- **4. Main Function and Game Loop:** The `main` function orchestrates the game. It initializes the game settings, including the grid size, player names, and maximum number of moves. It then enters a game loop where players take turns making moves until the maximum moves are reached.
- **5. Winner Determination:** After the game loop ends, the script determines the winner based on the scores. If there's a tie, it declares it. This adds an additional layer of strategy to the game, as players must balance making moves to increase their scores while also preventing their opponent from gaining an advantage.
- **6. Restart or Quit:** After the game ends, players are given the option to restart the game or quit. This allows for multiple rounds of gameplay without needing to rerun the script.

Overall, the script provides a comprehensive and interactive XO game experience with additional strategic elements beyond the basic rules of Tic-Tac-Toe. Players must carefully consider their moves to outscore their opponent and emerge victorious.

3-Procedure

1. Game Initialization:

```
asmaa@asmaa-virtual-machine:~/Desktop Q = - - ×

asmaa@asmaa-virtual-machine:~/Desktop$ bash new1.sh

Welcome to the XO Game!

Do you want to start an empty game or load from a file? (empty/load)
```

If starting with an empty grid:

```
asmaa@asmaa-virtual-machine: ~/Desktop Q = - - ×

asmaa@asmaa-virtual-machine: ~/Desktop$ bash new1.sh

Welcome to the XO Game!

Do you want to start an empty game or load from a file? (empty/load)

empty

Enter the size of the grid (3, 4, or 5):

3

Empty grid:

| | | | |

| | | |
```

If loading from file:

```
asmaa@asmaa-virtual-machine:~/Desktop$ bash new1.sh

Welcome to the XO Game!

Do you want to start an empty game or load from a file? (empty/load)

load

Enter the path to the file:

grid.txt

Grid loaded from file:

|X|X|0|
|0|X|X|
|X|0|0|
```

2. Player Setup:

```
asmaa@asmaa-virtual-machine: ~/Desktop
                                                              Q
                                                                              ×
asmaa@asmaa-virtual-machine:~/Desktop$ bash new1.sh
Welcome to the XO Game!
Do you want to start an empty game or load from a file? (empty/load)
load
Enter the path to the file:
grid.txt
Grid loaded from file:
[X | X | 0 |
0 | X | X |
|X|0|0|
Enter player 1's name:
Enter player 2's name:
В
```

3. Set Maximum Number of Moves:

```
|X|X|0|
|O|X|X|
|X|O|O|

Enter player 1's name:

A
Enter player 2's name:

B
Enter the maximum number of moves:

15
A's turn (X)
Choose your move:

1. Place mark

2. Remove mark

3. Exchange rows

4. Exchange columns

5. Exchange marks
```

3. Game Loop:

```
Enter the maximum number of moves:

15
A's turn (X)
Choose your move:

1. Place mark

2. Remove mark

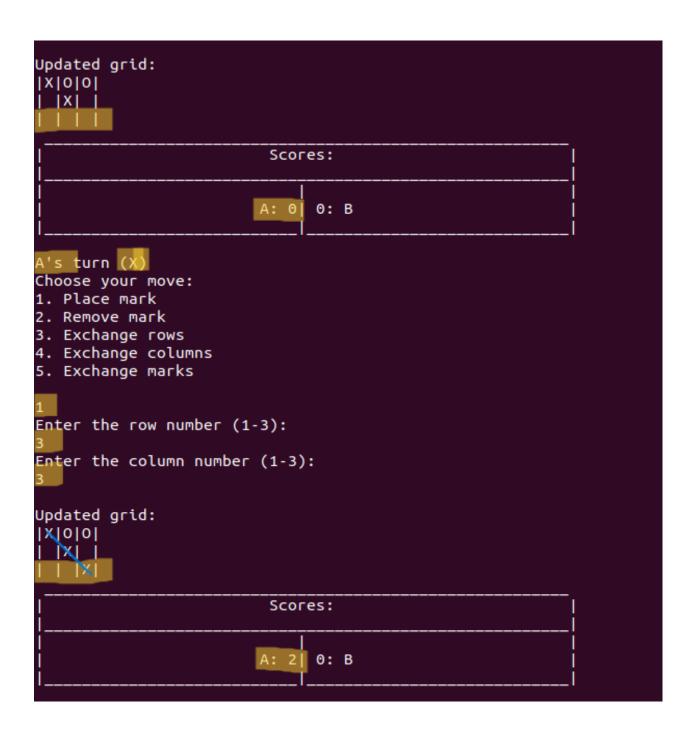
3. Exchange rows

4. Exchange columns

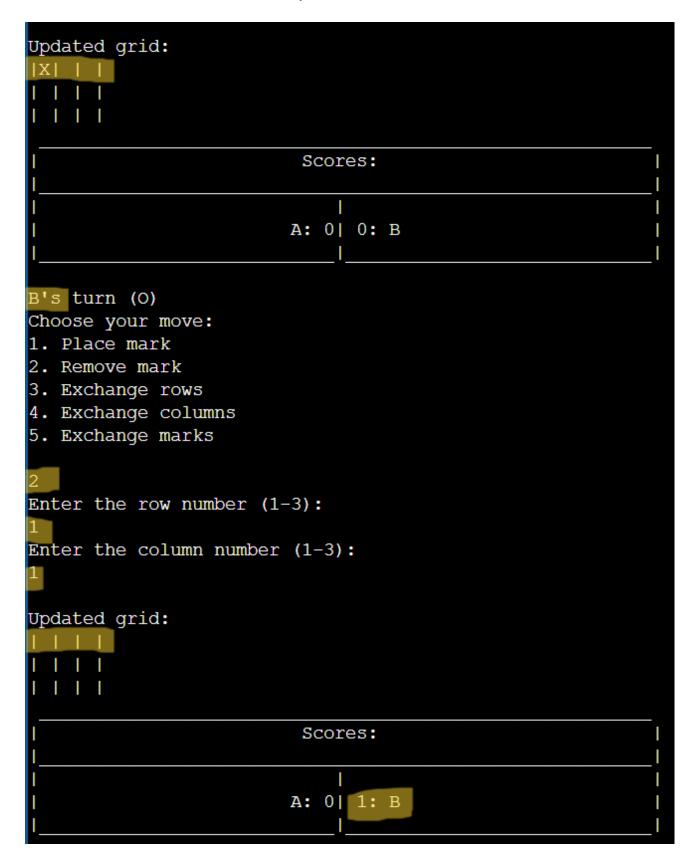
5. Exchange marks
```

5. Move Execution and Scoring:

1. Move 1: Here we can see player "A" chose move 1 to place the mark, and this mark cuased an alignment for him so his score is increased by 2.



2. Move 2: Here we can see how move 2 removes a mark, also when player "B" chose it his score will increase by one.



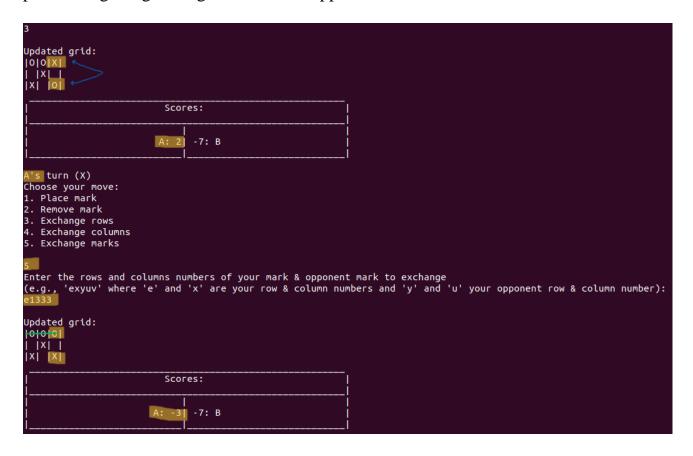
3. Move 3: Here we exchange rows in move 3, the player "A" wanted to exchange row one with row two so at first he gets a minus one point for using move 3 then he gets an additional two points for getting an alignment to his favor.



4. Move 4: Here we can how we can exchanges columns in move 4, the player "B" wanted to exchange column one with column two so at first he gets a minus one point for using move 4 then he gets a minus three points for getting an alignment for his opponent.



5. Move 5: Here we can how we can exchanges marks in move 5, the player "A" wanted to exchange the mark in row one & column one with the mark in row 3 & column 3, so at first he gets a minus two points for using move 5 then he loses three points for getting an alignment for his opponent.



6. Check for Winner & End game:

Here we can see our game displays the scores and the winner name in the end of the game, also with an option if the players wants to play again or quit.

4- Conclusion

In conclusion, our experiment with the "XO Game Shell Script" project has been a fun and educational journey. We've learned a lot about shell scripting and its capabilities in creating interactive games. By implementing features like customizable grid sizes, loading from files, and various move options, we've made the classic XO game more dynamic and exciting.

Throughout the experiment, we faced challenges and learned how to handle user inputs, manage game state, and calculate scores effectively. We also explored the importance of strategic thinking in gameplay through the scoring mechanisms we implemented.

Overall, this experiment has been a great learning experience. It has shown us the potential of shell scripting in game development and has sparked our creativity in exploring new ways to enhance classic games. We look forward to applying what we've learned in future projects and continuing to explore the world of scripting and game development.

,

5- Appendix

The code:

```
declare -A grid
declare player1 score=0
declare player2_score=0
declare winner=""
display_empty_grid() {
   local size=$1
   for ((i = 1; i \le size; i++)); do
       for ((j = 1; j \le size; j++)); do
            grid[$i,$j]=" " # populate the grid with empty spaces
            echo -n "| " # display delimiter for each cell
       echo "|" # end of row
display_grid from file() {
   local file path=$1
   local size=$(head -n 1 "$file path" | awk -F '|' '{print NF-2}')
   N=$size
   while IFS= read -r line; do
       line=${line#|}
       line=${line%|}
       IFS='|' read -ra cells <<< "$line"</pre>
       cells=("${cells[@]:0:size}")
       for ((i = 0; i < size; i++)); do
```

```
grid[\$((line num + 1)),\$((i + 1))]=\$\{cells[i]\} # Populate the
   done < "$file path"</pre>
   display grid # display the loaded grid
display grid() {
       for ((j = 1; j \le N; j++)); do
          echo -n "|${grid[$i,$j]}" # display delimiter for each cell
      echo "|" # end of row
display scores(){
   echo "|
   printf "| %26s| %-26s |\n" "$player1: $player1 score" "$player2 score:
$player2"
   echo
update scores() {
   local player mark=$1
   local opponent_mark=$2
   local player score change=0
   local opponent score change=0
   if check alignment "$player mark"; then
      ((player score change += 2)) # Player gets +2 points for alignment
   if check alignment "$opponent mark"; then
       ((player score change -= 3)) #player gets -3 for causing an alignment
```

```
if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
        ((player1_score += player_score_change))
        ((player2 score += opponent score change))
        ((player2_score += player_score_change))
        ((player1 score += opponent score change))
check alignment() {
   local aligned=false
       local count=0
       for ((j = 1; j \le N; j++)); do
            if [[ "${grid[$i,$j]}" == "$mark" ]]; then
                ((count++))
       if [[ $count -eq N ]]; then
           aligned=true
   if ! $aligned; then
        for ((j = 1; j \le N; j++)); do
           local count=0
                if [[ "${grid[$i,$j]}" == "$mark" ]]; then
                    ((count++))
            if [[ $count -eq N ]]; then
               aligned=true
   if ! $aligned; then
```

```
if [[ "${grid[$i,$i]}" == "$mark" ]]; then
                ((count++))
        if [[ $count -eq N ]]; then
            aligned=true
        fi
    if ! $aligned; then
        for ((i = 1; i \le N; i++)); do
            if [[ "\$\{grid[\$i,\$((N - i + 1))]\}" == "\$mark"]]; then
                ((count++))
        if [[ $count -eq N ]]; then
           aligned=true
    if ! $aligned; then
            if [[ "${grid[$i,$i]}" == "$mark" ]]; then
            ((count++))
        if [[ $count -eq N ]]; then
        aligned=true
    $aligned
move 1() {
   local size=$N
    echo "Enter the column number (1-$size):"
   read col
    while true; do
        if [[ "$row" -lt 1 || "$row" -gt "$size" || "$col" -lt 1 || "$col" -
qt "$size" ||; then
```

```
echo "Invalid coordinates. Your turn if over :( ."
        fi
        if [[ "${grid[$row,$col]}" != " " ]]; then
            echo "Cell already occupied. Your turn if over :( ."
        if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
            grid[$row,$col]="X"
            update scores "X" "O"
           grid[$row,$col]="0"
           update scores "O" "X"
       echo "Updated grid:"
       display_grid
       display_scores
move 2() {
   local size=$N
   echo "Enter the row number (1-$size):"
   echo "Enter the column number (1-$size):"
   read col
   if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
        (( player1_score += 1 ))
        (( player2 score += 1 ))
   while true; do
       if [[ "$row" -lt 1 || "$row" -gt "$size" || "$col" -lt 1 || "$col" -
gt "$size" ]]; then
            echo "Invalid coordinates. Your turn if over :( ."
```

```
if [[ "${grid[$row,$col]}" == " " ]]; then
            echo "Cell is already empty. Your turn if over :( ."
            display grid
       grid[$row,$col]=" "
       display grid
       display scores
move 3() {
   local size=$N
   echo "Enter the rows to exchange (e.g., 'rxy' where 'x' and 'y' are row
   read rows
   if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
       (( player1 score -= 1 ))
       (( player2 score -= 1 ))
   while true; do
       rchar=${rows:0:1}
       row1=${rows:1:1}
       row2=${rows:2:1}
        if [[ "$rchar" != "r" || "$row1" -lt 1 || "$row1" -gt "$size" ||
"$row2" -lt 1 || "$row2" -gt "$size" ]]; then
       for ((i = 1; i <= size; i++)); do
            temp=${grid[$row1,$i]}
           grid[$row1,$i]=${grid[$row2,$i]}
```

```
grid[$row2,$i]=$temp
       if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
           update_scores "X" "O"
           update scores "O" "X"
       echo
       echo "Updated grid:"
       display grid
       display scores
move 4() {
   local size=$N
   echo "Enter the columns to exchange (e.g., 'cxy' where 'x' and 'y' are
   read columns
   if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
       (( player1 score -= 1 ))
       (( player2_score -= 1 ))
   while true; do
       charc=${columns:0:1}
       col1=${columns:1:1}
       col2=${columns:2:1}
       if [[ "$charc" != "c" || "$col1" -lt 1 || "$col1" -gt "$size" ||
"$col2" -lt 1 || "$col2" -gt "$size" ]]; then
           echo "Invalid input format or column numbers. Your turn if
           temp=${grid[$i,$col1]}
```

```
grid[$i,$col1]=${grid[$i,$col2]}
            grid[$i,$col2]=$temp
        if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
            update scores "X" "O"
            update scores "O" "X"
       echo "Updated grid:"
       display grid
       display scores
move 5() {
   local size=$N
   echo "Enter the rows and columns numbers of your mark & opponent mark to
   echo "(e.g., 'exyuv' where 'e' and 'x' are your row & column numbers and
   read xyuv
   if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
        (( player1 score -= 2 ))
        (( player2_score -= 2 ))
   while true; do
       chare=${xyuv:0:1}
       row1=${xyuv:1:1}
       col1=${xyuv:2:1}
       row2=${xyuv:3:1}
       col2=${xyuv:4:1}
       if [[ "$chare" != "e" || "$row1" -lt 1 || "$row1" -gt "$size" ||
"$col1" -lt 1 || "$col1" -gt "$size" || "$row2" -lt 1 || "$row2" -gt "$size"
|| "$col2" -lt 1 || "$col2" -gt "$size" ]]; then
          echo "Invalid coordinates. Your turn if over : ( ."
```

```
temp=${grid[$row1,$col1]}
       grid[$row1,$col1]=${grid[$row2,$col2]}
       grid[$row2,$col2]=$temp
       if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
            update scores "X" "O"
            update scores "O" "X"
       echo "Updated grid:"
       display grid
       display scores
main() {
   player1 score=0
   player2 score=0
   moves=0
   echo "Welcome to the XO Game!"
   while true; do
       read game option
       if [[ "$game option" == "empty" ]]; then
       elif [[ "$game option" == "load" ]]; then
   if [[ "$game option" == "empty" ]]; then
       while true; do
           echo "Enter the size of the grid (3, 4, or 5):"
```

```
read N
        if [[ "$N" == "3" || "$N" == "4" || "$N" == "5" ]]; then
            echo "Invalid grid size. Please enter 3, 4, or 5."
    display empty grid "$N" # Display an empty grid of specified size
elif [[ "$game option" == "load" ]]; then
    while true; do
        read file path
        if [[ -f "$file path" ]]; then
    echo "Grid loaded from file:"
   display grid from file "$file path" # Display the grid loaded from
echo "Enter player 1's name:"
read player1
echo "Enter player 2's name:"
read player2
echo "Enter the maximum number of moves:"
while true; do
read max moves
  if [[ "$max moves" -gt 2 ]]; then
moves=0
while [[ "$moves" -lt "$max moves" ]]; do
    if [[ "$((moves % 2))" -eq 0 ]]; then
       echo "$player1's turn (X)"
```

```
echo "$player2's turn (0)"
       fi
       while true; do
           echo "1. Place mark"
           echo "2. Remove mark"
           echo "5. Exchange marks"
           read choice
           case $choice in
               1) move 1 && break ;;
                4) move 4 && break ;;
                5) move 5 && break ;;
5.";;
        ((moves++)) # Increment moves counter
       if [[ "$moves" -eq "$max moves" ]]; then
           if [[ "$player1 score" -gt "$player2 score" ]]; then
               display_scores
               echo " "
                echo "Player $player1 wins !"
           elif [[ "$player2_score" -gt "$player1_score" ]]; then
               display_scores
                echo "Player $player2 wins based on scores!"
                display_scores
               echo "It's a tie!"
```

```
read des
while true; do
    if [[ "$des" == "Restart" ]]; then
        main
        break
elif [[ "$des" == "Quit" ]]; then
        exit
else
        echo "Invalid choice. Please enter 'Restart' or 'Quit'."
        read des
    fi
    done

# start the game
main
```