```
In [ ]: #creating Vector class and adding ADD function
   In [161]: class vector:
                  def __init__(self, a=0.0, b=0.0):
                      self.a=a
                      self.b=b
                  def __str__(self):
                      return "[{},{}]".format(str(self.a) , str(self.b))
   In [201]: a=vector(2,3)
   In [202]: print (a)
              [2,3]
   In [203]: b= vector(5,2)
              print (b)
              [5,2]
   In [165]: def add_vect(self,b):
                  c= vector()
                  c.a=self.a+b.a
                  c.b=self.b+b.b
                  return c
              vector.add=add_vect
   In [166]: c= a.add(b)
   In [167]: print(c)
              [6,7]
     In [ ]: #MULTIPLICATION FUNCTION#
   In [174]: def mult_vect(self,z):
                  return vector(z*self.a , z*self.b)
              vector.mult=mult_vect
   In [175]: m=a.mult(5)
              print(m)
              [10,15]
   In [176]: #SUBTRACTION FUNCTION#
   In [179]: def subtr_vec(self,o):
                  return self.add(o.mult(-1))
              vector.sub=subtr_vec
   In [204]: m_subtr_a = m.sub(a)
              print(m_subtr_a)
              [8,12]
   In [182]: #Dot Product
   In [185]: def dot_prod(self,w):
                  c= vector()
                  c.a=self.a * w.a
                  c.b= self.a *w.b
                  d=c.a+c.b
                  return d
              vector.dot_pr=dot_prod
   In [188]: a_dotPr_b=a.dot_pr(b)
              print(a_dotPr_b)
              16
   In [189]: #Creating Vector3 class
   In [198]: class vector3:
                   def __init__(self, a=0.0, b=0.0, c=0.0):
                      self.a=a
                      self.b=b
                      self.c=c
                   def __str__(self):
                      return "[{},{},{}]".format(str(self.a) , str(self.b), str(self.c))
   In [237]: a_vector=vector3(1,2,2)
              print(a_vector)
              [1, 2, 2]
   In [205]: #addition
   In [229]: def add_3(self,x):
                  d=vector3()
                  d.a=self.a+x.a
                  d.b=self.b+x.b
                  d.c=self.c+x.c
                  return d
              vector3.add_3=add_3
   In [238]: b_vector=vector3(1,1,1)
              print(b)
              [1, 1, 1]
   In [239]: r=alp.add_3(b)
              print(r)
              [2,3,3]
              PART 7
1. First we will ask the user to input the total number of elements of a vector. 2. Then we will use a for loop at run time and add those elements in a list. 3. That list will denote a
vector.
     In [ ]:
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