

Logic Programming Worksheet IV

Fall 2017

CSCI 320

Paul Anderson

For this worksheet, we are going to write our first Prolog programs from scratch.

1. Implement mergesort ... just kidding ... though we will get to that :). The real problem is to write a program similar to gcd that tells us $X \bmod Y$ is 0. Call your program factor.pl. I should be able to call your program with `?- factor(4,2)` etc. NOTE: The gcd example I gave you in the notes is more complicated than this one, but you can use it as inspiration. The `R is A mod B` line can be interpreted intuitively as R gets the results of the arithmetic expression $A \bmod B$.
2. OK. Now mergesort... funny yet? ... So this is a push yourself optional problem. I am the sort of person who enjoys a question more than an answer, so I throw this out there to challenge yourself. I'll provide the answer to this and more next week, but let's see if you can figure it out :) For this problem I want you to write a program to determine the greatest common factor (i.e., `gcf(4,X)` returns 2, `gcf(5,X)` returns 1, `gcf(6,X)` returns 3, etc. It requires you to train your mind to think a bit differently. You'll have to combine what you know of logic and recursion. I also created a helper function though I'm not sure that is necessary.
3. If you've managed to make it this far, try to implement a divide function: `divide(N1,N2,Result)`. E.g., `divide(4,2,X)` returns $X = 2$.