

WIFI JAMMER AND HACKING **IT5611-EMBEDDED SYSTEM AND IOT LABORATORY** DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY | MIT CAMPUS :: ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI

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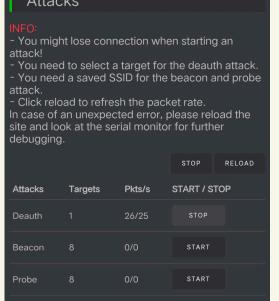
OBJECTIVES

- Develop a WiFi jammer using one NodeMCU disrupt wireless network device to connections within a specified range.
- Implement a functionality on the second NodeMCU device to create multiple fake WiFi networks, enticing nearby devices to connect.
- Utilize I2C communication to transfer hacked WiFi passwords from the NodeMCU device to an LCD display for visualization.
- Enhance security awareness by demonstrating the vulnerabilities of WiFi networks and the importance of securing them against potential threats.

CONNECTION AND SETUP



Attacks				
INFO: - You might lose connection when starting an attack! - You need to select a target for the deauth attack. - You need a saved SSID for the beacon and probe attack. - Click reload to refresh the packet rate. In case of an unexpected error, please reload the site and look at the serial monitor for further debugging.				
			STOP	RELOAD
Attacks	Targets	Pkts/s	START / STOP	
Deauth		26/25	STOP	
Beacon		0/0	START	
Probe		0/0	START	
All Pkts/s:		26		

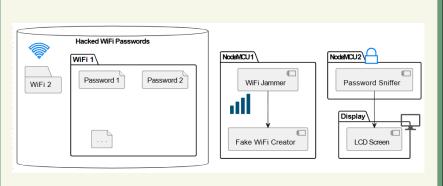


REQUIREMENTS

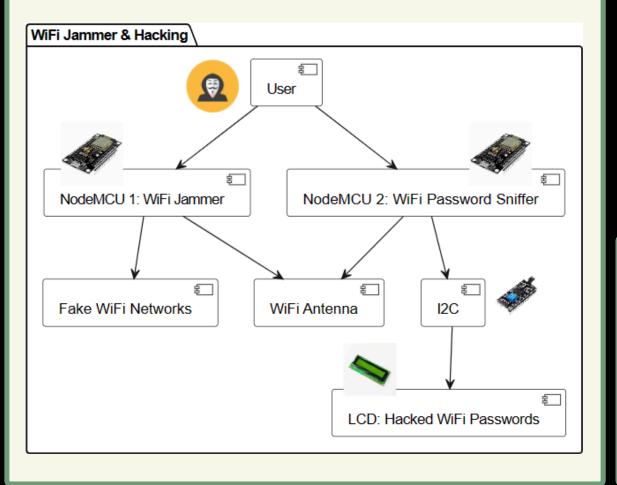
- NodeMCU ESP8266
- LCD Display Module
- I2C Interface
- Power Supply
- USB Cables
- Arduino IDE



PROCESS



OVERALL ARCHITECTURE



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TEAM MEMBERS

RESULT



- Develop a WiFi jammer and hacking system using two NodeMCU boards to disrupt and intercept WiFi signals, with one NodeMCU dedicated to jamming and creating fake WiFi networks, and the other NodeMCU focused on capturing passwords.
- Implement an LCD display with I2C interface to visualize the hacked WiFi passwords in real-time, providing a user-friendly interface for monitoring and managing the intercepted data.

CONCLUSION

- The implementation of the WiFi jammer and hacking system demonstrates the feasibility of using NodeMCU boards for disrupting and intercepting WiFi signals effectively.
- The integration of an LCD display with I2C interface enhances the usability and accessibility of the system by providing real-time visualization of hacked WiFi passwords.

FUTURE SCOPE

- Further enhance the capabilities of the WiFi jammer and hacking system by incorporating advanced signal processing techniques to improve signal jamming effectiveness and password interception accuracy.
- Explore the possibility of integrating machine learning algorithms for automated password recognition and classification, enabling the system to identify and prioritize high-value WiFi passwords for more targeted attacks.