1. Create a NumPy array of even numbers from 2 to 100, then reverse it. Ans:import numpy as np arr = np.arange(2, 101, 2)[::-1]print(arr) 2. Generate an 8x8 checkerboard pattern (alternating 0s and 1s) without using loops. Ans:import numpy as np checkerboard = np.indices((8, 8)).sum(axis=0) % 2 print(checkerboard) 3. Create a 5x5 identity matrix but replace the diagonal with values 1 to 5. Ans:import numpy as np matrix = np.zeros((5, 5))np.fill diagonal(matrix, np.arange(1, 6)) print(matrix) 4. Given a 5x5 random array, extract only the border elements (first/last row/column). Ans:import numpy as np arr = np.random.rand(5, 5)border = np.concatenate((arr[0], arr[-1], arr[1:-1, 0], arr[1:-1, -1])) print(border) Extract unique rows from a 2D array. 5. [[1, 2], [3, 4], [1, 2]] Ans:import numpy as np a = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4], [1, 2]])unique = np.unique(a, axis=0) print(unique) 6. Given an RGB image (3D array of shape (H,W,3)), swap the red and blue channels. Ans:-7. Calculate the determinant of a 3x3 matrix without using np.linalg.det. Ans: import numpy as np

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m = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
det = (m[0,0]^*((m[1,1]^*m[2,2]) - (m[1,2]^*m[2,1])) -
    m[0,1]*((m[1,0]*m[2,2]) - (m[1,2]*m[2,0])) +
    m[0,2]*((m[1,0]*m[2,1]) - (m[1,1]*m[2,0])))
print(det)
8.
       Append to an empty array arr = np.array([]).
Ans:-
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([])
arr = np.append(arr, [1, 2, 3])
print(arr)
9.
       Compare np.append() vs. np.concatenate() for 10,000 appends.
Ans:-
import numpy as np
import time
data = [1]
start = time.time()
a = np.array([])
for in range(10000):
  a = np.append(a, data)
print("append:", time.time() - start)
start = time.time()
b = []
for in range(10000):
  b.append(data)
b = np.concatenate(b)
print("concatenate:", time.time() - start)
10.
       Append only even numbers from [4, 5, 6] to arr = np.array([1, 2, 3]).
Ans:-
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3])
arr = np.append(arr, [x for x in [4, 5, 6] if x \% 2 == 0])
print(arr)
11.
       Generate a 200×300 grayscale image using NumPy where all pixel values are set to
128.
Ans:-
       Given an image img with dimensions 500×600, use NumPy slicing to extract a 100×100
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square region from the center of the image.

Ans:-