```
//q1)Print the reverse of a positive integer.
#include <stdio.h>
int reverse(int n)
{
 int s=0;
 while (n>0)
 {
   s=s*10+(n%10);
   n/=10;
 }
  return s;
}
void main()
{
  int n;
 printf("Enter The Number");
  scanf("%d",&n);
 int rev =reverse(n);
 printf("Reverse of The Number: %d",rev);
}
```

Enter The Number14532

Reverse of The Number: 23541

```
//q2)Check a positive integer is palindrome or not.
#include <stdio.h>
int palidrom(int n)
  int s=0, n1=n;
  while (n>0)
    s=s*10+(n%10);
    n/=10;
  if(n1=s)
  return 0;
  return 1;
}
void main()
{
  int n;
  printf("Enter The Number:");
 scanf("%d",&n);
  if(n<0)
  printf("Negative Integer, Palindrom Not Possible");
  else
  {
    printf("Positive Integer");
    int pali=palidrom(n);
    if(pali==0)
    printf("\t Number is Palindrome");
    else
    printf("\t Number is not Palindrome");
 }
}
```

```
Enter The Number:1234321
                   Number is Palindrome
Positive Integer
//q3) Find the LCM and HCF of two numbers
#include <stdio.h>
void hcflcm(int num1,int num2)
  int a,b,temp,hcf,lcm;
 a = num1;
  b = num2;
 while (b != 0)
   temp = b;
   b = a \% b;
   a = temp;
 }
 hcf = a;
 lcm = (num1 * num2) / hcf;
  printf("LCM OF THE NUMBER: %d \n HCF OF THE NUMBER: %d",lcm,hcf);
}
void main()
{
 int a,b;
 printf("Enter The Number 1: ");
 scanf("%d", &a);
 printf("Enter The Number 2: ");
 scanf("%d", &b);
 hcflcm(a,b);
}
```

```
Enter The Number 1: 6
Enter The Number 2: 92
LCM OF THE NUMBER: 276
HCF OF THE NUMBER: 2
//q4) Find out the prime factors of a number.
#include <stdio.h>
void primefactor(int n)
{
  int i = 2;
  while (i \le n)
    if (n \% i == 0)
      printf("%d, ", i);
      n /= i;
    }
    else
      i++;
 }
}
void main()
{
  int a, b;
  printf("Enter The Number: ");
 scanf("%d", &a);
  primefactor(a);
}
Output-
Enter The Number: 86
```

2, 43

```
//q5)Generate fibonacci series.
#include <stdio.h>
int fibo(int n){
  if(n==0 | | n==1)
    return 1;
  else
    return(fibo(n-1)+fibo(n-2));
}
void main(){
  int n;
  printf("Enter The Number 1: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
    printf("%d ,",fibo(i));
  }
  printf("\n");
}
Output-
Enter The Number: 10
1,1,2,3,5,8,13,21,34,55
//q6)Find the power of a positive integer.
#include <stdio.h>
int power(int a,int r,int p){
  if(r>0){
  p*=a;
  power(a,r-1,p);
  }
  else
  return p;
```

```
}
void main(){
  int a,b;
  printf("Enter The Number: ");
  scanf("%d", &a);
  printf("Enter The Power: ");
  scanf("%d", &b);
  int p=power(a,b,1);
  printf("Resultant: %d",p);
}
Output-
Enter The Number: 6
Enter The Power: 2
Resultant: 36
//q7)Find the factorial of a number.
#include <stdio.h>
int fact(int n) {
  int fact=1;
  if(n==0)
    return 1;
  else
    for(int i=n;i>1;i--)
    fact*=i;
  return fact;
}
int main() {
  int num;
  printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Factorial Of The Number: %d",fact(num));
  return 0;
}
Output-
Enter a positive integer: 5
```

Factorial Of The Number: 120

**SEC-B16** 

## **H.W Questions**

```
Q1)
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main() {
  double purchase_price, down_payment, annual_interest_rate, monthly_interest_rate, principal,
monthly_payment;
  int num_payments;
  printf("Enter the car's purchase price: ");
  scanf("%lf", &purchase_price);
  printf("Enter the down payment amount: ");
  scanf("%lf", &down_payment);
  principal = purchase_price - down_payment;
  printf("Enter the annual interest rate (as a decimal): ");
  scanf("%lf", &annual_interest_rate);
  monthly_interest_rate = annual_interest_rate / 12.0;
  printf("Enter the number of payments: ");
  scanf("%d", &num_payments);
  monthly_payment = principal * (monthly_interest_rate * pow(1 + monthly_interest_rate,
num_payments)) / (pow(1 + monthly_interest_rate, num_payments) - 1);
  printf("Amount borrowed: $%.2lf\n", principal);
  printf("Monthly payment: $%.2lf\n", monthly_payment);
  return 0;
}
Output-
Enter the car's purchase price: 10000
Enter the down payment amount: 200
Enter the annual interest rate (as a decimal): 6
Enter the number of payments: 12
Amount borrowed: $9800.00
Monthly payment: $4938.06
```

```
Q2)
#include <stdio.h>
void display_instructions() {
  printf("This program calculates the total cost of a house after a five-year period.\n");
  printf("You will need to enter the initial cost of the house, the estimated annual fuel costs,\n");
  printf("and the annual tax rate for the house.\n\n");
}
float calculate_total_cost(float initial_cost, float fuel_cost, float tax_rate) {
  float total_cost = initial_cost;
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    total_cost += fuel_cost;
    total_cost += initial_cost * tax_rate;
  }
  return total_cost;
}
int main() {
  float initial_costs[] = \{67000.0, 62000.0, 75000.0\};
  float fuel_costs[] = {2300.0, 2500.0, 2000.0};
  float tax_rates[] = \{0.025, 0.025, 0.02\};
  display_instructions();
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    float total_cost = calculate_total_cost(initial_costs[i], fuel_costs[i] * 5, tax_rates[i] * 5);
    printf("Total cost for house %d after 5 years: %.2f\n", i + 1, total_cost);
  }
  return 0;
}
```

This program calculates the total cost of a house after a five-year period. You will need to enter the initial cost of the house, the estimated annual fuel costs, and the annual tax rate for the house.

Total cost for house 1 after 5 years: 166375.00 Total cost for house 2 after 5 years: 163250.00 Total cost for house 3 after 5 years: 162500.00

```
Q3)
#include <stdio.h>
float compute_acceleration(float t, float vi, float vf) {
  float a = (vf - vi) / (t * 60.0);
  return a;
}
int main() {
  float t = 1.0; // time interval of 1 minute
  float vi = 10.0; // initial velocity of 10 mi/hr
  float vf = 2.5; // final velocity of 2.5 mi/hr
  float a = compute_acceleration(t, vi, vf);
  float time_to_stop = vi / a;
  printf("The cyclist's constant rate of acceleration is \%.2f \, \text{mi/hr}^2 \, \text{n}", a);
  printf("It will take %.2f seconds to come to rest.\n", time_to_stop * 3600.0);
  return 0;
}
Output-
The cyclist's constant rate of acceleration is -0.13 mi/hr^2
It will take -288000.00 seconds to come to rest.
Q4)
#include <stdio.h>
float celsius_at_depth(float depth) {
  float celsius = 10 * depth + 20;
  return celsius;
float fahrenheit(float celsius) {
  float fahrenheit = 1.8 * celsius + 32;
  return fahrenheit;
int main() {
  float depth, celsius, fahr;
  printf("Enter the depth inside the earth (in kilometers): ");
  scanf("%f", &depth);
  celsius = celsius_at_depth(depth);
  fahr = fahrenheit(celsius);
  printf("At a depth of %.2f kilometers inside the earth,\n", depth);
  printf("the temperature is %.2f degrees Celsius\n", celsius);
  printf("and %.2f degrees Fahrenheit.\n", fahr);
  return 0;
}
```

**SEC-B16** 

### Output-

Enter the depth inside the earth (in kilometers): 1000 At a depth of 1000.00 kilometers inside the earth, the temperature is 10020.00 degrees Celsius and 18068.00 degrees Fahrenheit.

```
Q5)
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
float calculate_speed_of_sound(float temperature) {
  float a = 1086 * sqrt((5 * temperature + 297) / 247.0);
  return a;
}
int main() {
  float temperature;
  printf("This program calculates the speed of sound in air based on temperature T (in
Fahrenheit)\n");
  printf("Enter a temperature value T to calculate the speed of sound: ");
  scanf("%f", &temperature);
  float speed_of_sound = calculate_speed_of_sound(temperature);
  printf("The speed of sound in air at %.2f degrees Fahrenheit is %.2f ft./sec.\n", temperature,
speed_of_sound);
  return 0;
}
```

### **Output-**

This program calculates the speed of sound in air based on temperature T (in Fahrenheit) Enter a temperature value T to calculate the speed of sound: 48
The speed of sound in air at 48.00 degrees Fahrenheit is 1601.28 ft./sec.

```
Q6)
#include <stdio.h>
float population(int year) {
  int t = year - 1990;
  float P = 52.966 + 2.184 * t;
  return P;
}
int main() {
  int year;
  printf("Enter a year after 1990> ");
  scanf("%d", &year);
  float predicted_population = population(year);
  printf("Predicted Gotham City population for %d (in thousands): %.3f", year,
predicted_population);
  return 0;
}
```

Enter a year after 1990> 2023

Predicted Gotham City population for 2023 (in thousands): 125.038