```
//q1)Perform Arithmetic Calculation
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  char op;
  int a,b;
  printf("Enter number operator and another operator:");
  scanf("%d%c%d",&a,&op,&b);
  switch(op){ ca
    se '+':
      printf("Result = %d\n",a+b);
      break;
    case '-':
      printf("Result= %d\n",a-b);
      break;
    case '*':
      printf("Result= %d\n",a*b);
      break;
    case '/':
      printf("Result =%d\n",a/b);
      break;
    case '%':
      printf("Result = %d\n",a%b);
      break;
    default:
      printf("Enter valid operator");
 }
}
Output-
Enter number operator and another operator:2*5
Result= 10
```

```
//q2)Check whether an alphabet is a vowel
#include<stdio.h>
int
  main(){ cha
  r ch;
  printf("Enter an alphabet: ");
  scanf("%c",&ch);
  switch(ch){
    case 'a':
    case 'e':
    case 'i':
    case 'o':
    case 'u':
      printf("Alphabet is a vowel");
      break;
    default:
      printf("Alphabet is a consonant");
  }
}
```

Enter an alphabet: a

Alphabet is a vowel

//q3)Write a currency program that tells you how many numbers of 100, 50, 20, 10, 5, 2 and 1 Rs notes will be needed for a given amount of money.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
  int amt, samt;
  int notes;
  printf("Enter the amount");
  scanf("%d", &amt);
  samt = amt;
  while (amt!=0)
  {
    if (amt >= 100)
    {
      notes = amt / 100;
      amt = amt - (notes * 100);
      printf("\n No of 100 rupees notes required = %d ", notes);
    }
    else if (amt >= 50 \&\& amt < 100)
    {
      notes = amt / 50;
      amt = amt - (notes * 50);
      printf("\n No of 50 rupees notes required = %d ", notes);
    }
    else if (amt >= 20 \&\& amt < 50)
    {
      notes = amt / 20;
      amt = amt - (notes * 20);
      printf("\n No of 20 rupees notes required = %d ", notes);
    }
    else if (amt >= 10 \&\& amt < 20)
    {
```

```
notes = amt / 10;
      amt = amt - (notes * 10);
      printf("\n No of 10 rupees notes required = %d ", notes);
    }
    else if (amt >= 5 \&\& amt < 10)
    {
      notes = amt / 5;
      amt = amt - (notes * 5);
      printf("\n No of 5 rupees notes required = %d ", notes);
    }
    else if (amt \ge 2 \&\& amt < 5)
    {
      notes = amt / 2;
      amt = amt - (notes * 2);
      printf("\n No of 2 rupees notes required = \%d", notes);
    }
    else
    {
      notes = amt;
      amt = amt - (notes * 1);
      printf("\n No of 1 rupees notes required = %d ", notes);
   }
 }
}
```

Enter the amount543

No of 100 rupees notes required = 5

No of 20 rupees notes required = 2

No of 2 rupees notes required = 1

No of 1 rupees notes required = 1

```
//q4)Print prime numbers from 1 to 99
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main(){
  int n=2;
  printf("The prime numbers are: ");
  while (n \le 99)
    int flag=1;
    for(int
      i=2; i < = sqrt(n); i++){if}
      (n\%i==0){
        flag=0;
        break;
    }
    }
    if(flag==1){ printf(
      " %d",n);
    }
    n++;
  }
}
```

The prime numbers are: 2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97

```
//q5)Enter a number and find the reverse of that number.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n, reverse = 0, remainder;
  printf("Enter an integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  while (n!= 0)
    { remainder = n %
      10;
      reverse = reverse * 10 + remainder;
      n /= 10;
  }
  printf("Reversed number = %d", reverse);
  return 0;
}
```

Enter an integer: 482

Reversed number = 284

//q6)Input a number and a digit and find whether the digit is present in the number or not, if present then count the number of times it occurs in the number.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
 int n, dig,tm = 0, remainder;
 printf("Enter an integer: ");
 scanf("%d", &n);
 printf("Enter an integer: ");
 scanf("%d", &dig);
 while (n!=0)
  { remainder = n %
  10;
  if(dig==remainder)
    tm++;
  n = 10;
  printf("No of times Digit Used In The Number = %d", tm);
  return 0;
}
```

Output-

Enter an integer: 128560432

Enter an integer: 2

No of times Digit Used In The Number = 2

```
//q7)Enter a number n and print the sum of squares of all numbers from 1
to n.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n, sum=0;
  printf("Enter the n: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  for(int
  i=1;i<=n;i++){ sum+=i*
  i;
  }
  printf("No of Squares of all Number from 1 to N = %d", sum);
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

Enter the n: 15

No of Squares of all Number from 1 to N=1240

H.W Questions

//p1)Enter a number n and print the cube of all numbers from 1 to n which are divisible by 3.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n, i;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
      { if (i % 3 == 0) {
            printf("%d^3 = %d\n", i, i*i*i);
      }
    }
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output-

Enter a number: 17

```
3^3 = 27
6^3 = 216
```

//p2)Enter a six digit number and print the sum of all even digits of that number and multiplication of all odd digits.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
int n,sum=0,mul=1,rem;
printf("Enter an integer: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
while (n != 0)
 \{ rem = n \% \}
  10;
 if(rem\%2==0)
    sum+=rem;
  else
   mul*=rem;
 n = 10;
}
printf("Sum of Even Digits = %d \n Multiplication of Odd Digits =
%d",sum,mul);
return 0;
}
```

Output-

Enter an integer: 987045

Sum of Even Digits = 12

Multiplication of Odd Digits = 315

```
//p3)Find out the value of x raised to the power y, where x and y are positive integers. \label{eq:power} \mbox{\#include} < \mbox{stdio.h} >
```

```
int main() {
  int x,y, sum=1;
  printf("Enter the x: ");
  scanf("%d", &x);
  printf("Enter the y: ");
  scanf("%d", &y);
  for(int
  i=1;i<=x;i++){ sum*=y;
  }
  printf("Result=%d", sum);
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

Enter the x: 4

Enter the y: 3

Result= 64

```
//p4)Enter a number up to six digits and print that in words.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num, digit;
  printf("Enter a number up to six digits: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  while (num > 0)
    { digit = num % 10;
    switch (digit) {
      case 0:
        printf("zero");
        break;
      case 1:
        printf("one");
        break;
      case 2:
        printf("two");
        break;
      case 3:
        printf("three");
        break;
      case 4:
        printf("four");
        break;
      case 5:
        printf("five");
        break;
```

```
case 6:
        printf("six");
        break;
      case 7:
        printf("seven");
        break;
      case 8:
        printf("eight");
        break;
      case 9:
        printf("nine");
        break;
    }
    num /= 10;
  }
  return 0;
}
```

Enter a number up to six digits: 18659

nine five six eight one