Total No. of Questions : 8]	200	SEAT No. :	1
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## B.E. (Computer Engineering) DESIGNAND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (410241)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
- Q1) a) Solve the matrix chain multiplication for the following 6 matrix problem using Dynamic programming. [10]

Matrix	$A_1$	$A_2$	$A_3$	$A_4$	$\circ$ $A_5$	$A_6$
Dimensions	10×20	20×5	5×15	15×50	50×10	10×15

b) Explain Greedy strategy: Principle, control abstraction, time analysis of control abstraction with suitable example. [8]

OR

Q2) a) Explain the 'dynamic programming' approach for solving problems. Write a dynamic programming algorithm for creating an optimal binary search tree for a set of 'n' keys. Use the same algorithm to construct the optimal binary search tree for the following 4 keys.

[10]

Key	A	B <sub>C</sub>	· C	D
Probability	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3

- b) Explain Dynamic programming: Principle, control abstraction, time analysis of control abstraction with suitable example. [8]
- Q3) a) Explain the 'branch and bound' approach for solving problems. Write a branch and bound algorithm for solving the 0/1 Knapsack problem. Use the same algorithm to solve the following 0/1 Knapsack problem. The capacity of the Knapsack is 15 kg.
  [9]

Item	A	В	C	D
Profit (Rs.)	18	10	12	10
Weight (kg.)	9	4	6	2

b) Explain with suitable example Backtracking. Principle, control abstraction, time analysis of control abstraction. [8]

OR

Q4)	a)	What is Branch and Bound method? Write control abstraction for Least Cost search? [9]
	b)	Explain the backtracking with graph coloring problem. Find solution for following graph [8]
		$C_1$ $C_2$ $C_4$ $C_5$
		$C_1  0  1  0$
		$C_2$ 1 0 1 0 0
		$\frac{\mathbf{C}_3}{\mathbf{O}} = \frac{\mathbf{O} + \mathbf{O} + \mathbf{O} + \mathbf{O}}{\mathbf{O} + \mathbf{O}}$
		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		$\frac{C_4 + C_5 + C_5 + C_5 + C_5}{C_5 + C_5 + C_5}$ Adjacency matrix for graph G
	5	Adjacency matrix for graph G
<i>Q</i> 5)	a)	Write short notes on the following. [10]
		i) Aggregate Analysis
		ii) Accounting Method
		iii) Potential Function method
		iv) Tractable and Non-tractable Problems
	b)	Write short notes on with suitable example of each [8]
		i) Randomized algorithm
		iv) Tractable and Non-tractable Problems  Write short notes on with suitable example of each  i) Randomized algorithm  ii) Approximation algorithm  OR
		OR
<b>Q6</b> )	a)	What is Potential function method of amortized analysis? To illustrate Potential method, find amortized cost of PUSH, POP and MULTIPOP stack operations. [9]
	b)	What is embedded algorithm? Explain Embedded system scheduling using power optimized scheduling algorithm. [9]
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<b>Q</b> 7)	a)	Write short notes on the following. [10]	
		i) Multithreaded matrix multiplication.	
		ii) Multithreaded merge sort	
		iii) Distributed breadth first search	
		iv) The Rabin-Karp algorithm	
	b)	With respect to Multithreaded Algorithms explain Analyzing multithreaded algorithms, Parallel loops, Race conditions. [7]  OR	
<b>Q</b> 8)	a)	Write and explain pseudo code for Multi-threaded merge sort algorithm. How parallel merging gives a significant parallelism advantage over Merge Sort?  [9]	
	b)	Write a pseudo code for naïve string matching algorithm and Rabin-Karp algorithm for string matching and analyze the same. [8]	
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