

# **Automating KYC & AML at JPMorgan Chase with AI/ML**

Capstone Project Report

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## **1 Executive Summary**

- This capstone delivers an AI/ML pipeline that streamlines **Know Your Customer (KYC)** and **Anti-Money Laundering (AML)** operations at JPMorgan Chase, achieving:
  - **58 %** reduction in manual review time ( $95 \rightarrow 40$  days) through document automation
  - **41 %** drop in false-positive alerts ( $93 \% \rightarrow 55 \%$ ) via hybrid rule + ML transaction monitoring
  - **\$1 200 cost / file** (vs. \$2 500 baseline) thanks to cloud-native processing

Results are based on a 50-file prototype; production-scale validation is pending.

## **2 Problem Definition & Scope**

JPMorgan Chase's manual KYC cycle averages 95 days, while legacy AML rules generate 93 % false positives—together costing roughly \$2.5 k per file.

### **2.1 Business Objectives**

- Reduce KYC processing time by  $\geq 70 \%$
- Cut cost per KYC file by  $\geq 60 \%$
- Lower false-positive rate from  $\sim 93 \%$  to  $\leq 25 \%$
- Improve auditability with consistent AI-generated risk scores

### **2.2 Problem Statement**

Manual KYC reviews and rule-based AML alerts create excessive delays, high costs, and audit risk. This project replaces those bottlenecks with AI-driven document verification and transaction risk scoring.

## 2.3 Scope

- In scope: ID-document OCR/NLP, entity matching, anomaly-detection for transactions, unified risk dashboard
- Out of scope: Sanctions-list maintenance, case-management UI redesign, full production MLOps hardening

## 3 Literature & Industry Review

### 3.1 AI Adoption in Compliance

- The global AI-in-banking market is growing at **31.8 % CAGR** and is forecast to reach **\$143.6 B by 2030** [1].
- Legacy AML engines generate **90–95 %** false positives, costing banks **\$25 B per year** [2].

### 3.2 Regulatory Pressures

- FATF (2021) requires explainable, human-overseen AML models—aligning with our auditability focus [3].
- McKinsey (2023) shows AI can halve false positives and raise detection accuracy by 40 %, supporting our  $\leq 25 \%$  target [4].

### 3.3 Post-Pandemic Shifts

Remote, AI-assisted onboarding has become standard since COVID-19, helping JPMorgan shrink KYC turnaround times [5].

## 4 Data Requirements & Schema Design

- **Customer tables:** personal data, government IDs, address proofs.
- **Document-verification results:** OCR text, entity extraction, authenticity score.
- **Transaction tables:** sender/receiver IDs, amounts, geo, AML features.
- **External data:** sanctions & PEP lists, adverse-media hits.

### Transaction Monitoring

Alice Johnson View Transactions

#### Suspicious Transactions

Transaction ID	Amount	Date	Status	Description	Suspicion Level	Process Status	Action
1	\$500.00	2025-04-22	completed	Payment for services ngo	Most Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
4	\$75.00	2025-04-15	failed	ngo Payment failure due to insufficient ...	Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
7	\$300.00	2025-04-22	completed	Product purchase	More Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
10	\$220.00	2025-04-22	completed	Subscription renewal	More Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
14	\$111.93	2025-04-22	failed	Subscription payment	Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
16	\$474.67	2025-04-22	completed	Failed transfer	More Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
24	\$44.60	2025-04-22	pending	Online purchase	Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
26	\$346.89	2025-04-22	failed	Payment failure due to insufficient funds	More Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
44	\$18.15	2025-04-22	completed	Subscription payment	Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
152	\$337.13	2025-04-22	pending	Subscription renewal	More Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
163	\$215.00	2025-04-22	pending	Invoice payment	More Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>
166	\$331.34	2025-04-22	completed	Invoice payment	More Likely	Pending	<button>View</button>

## 5 Methodology

### 1. Document Verification Pipeline

- *Implemented:* Tesseract OCR (89 % accuracy on passports)
- *Next phase:* Migrate to AWS Textract

## 2. Transaction Monitoring

- *Implemented:* Rule-based filters
- *In development:* XGBoost + Isolation Forest

## 3. Unified Risk Score – weighted blend of document (60 %) and transaction (40 %) scores

## 4. Human-in-the-loop – quarterly retraining with analyst feedback

## 6 Baseline Metrics & Benchmarking

### 6.1 Operational (Rules-Based) Baseline

Metric	Rules-Based	AI Prototype	Target
KYC Time (Days)	95	40*	≤25
Cost/File (USD)	2,500	1,200**	≤800
False Positives	93%	55%	≤25%

n=50 files, \*\*excludes GPU costs, target 72-hour test window with synthetic data.

Metric	Manual/Rules	AI Pipeline	% change
Review Time (Days)	95	40	-57.90%
False-Positive Rate	93%	55%	-40.9%

AUROC	0.55	0.85	0.30%
-------	------	------	-------

XGBoost achieved 0.85 AUROC on validation set (n=5k transactions)

## 6.2 Model-Level Baseline (Same Data)

Baseline Tier	Features & Method	Expected Outcome
Majority class	Label all transactions as NORMAL	Acc $\approx$ prevalence; Recall = 0%
Rule replica	Implement existing thresholds in Python	Mirrors Ops baseline
Logistic Regression	Simple numeric + one-hot features; 10-fold CV	AUROC $\approx$ 0.60

See Appendix B for Code.

## 6.3 External Research Benchmarks

Dataset	Published Baseline	Our Reproduction (Estimate)	Notes
---------	--------------------	-----------------------------	-------

IBM AML (Kaggle)	XG AUROC 0.94	0.89-0.92	Limited Tuning
SynthAML 2023	GNN AUROC 0.90	0.82-0.85	Isolation Forest underperforms

#### 6.4 Comparison Matrix

Metric	Manual / Rules	Naïve LR	AI Pipeline
Review time (days)	95	n/a	40
False-positive rate	93%	90%	55%
Precision	7%	0%	25%
AUROC	0.55	0.61	0.85
Cost per file (USD)	2,500	2,500	1,200

#### 6.5 Baseline Collection Checklist

- Pull one-year Ops logs (KYC & alert investigations).
- Re-create rule thresholds in rules\_engine.py.
- Fit & evaluate Logistic Regression baseline.
- Run pipeline on IBM AML & SynthAML datasets for external comparison.
- Populate Table 6 with final numbers.

## 7 ROI Framework & System Deployment

Current prototype lacks explainability reports required by FATF Guideline 3.2.1. Full compliance requires SHAP integration (Q3 2025)

Driver	Rate	Source
AWS Textract	\$0.15 / document	AWS Pricing 2024
EC2 inference	\$0.08 / txn	AWS Pricing 2024
FTE labour	\$75 / hour	JPM 2024 avg.
Volume	5 000 files / month	Ops ledger

### Annual Savings Estimate:

$$1,300/\text{file} \times 60\text{k files} = \$ 78\text{M}$$

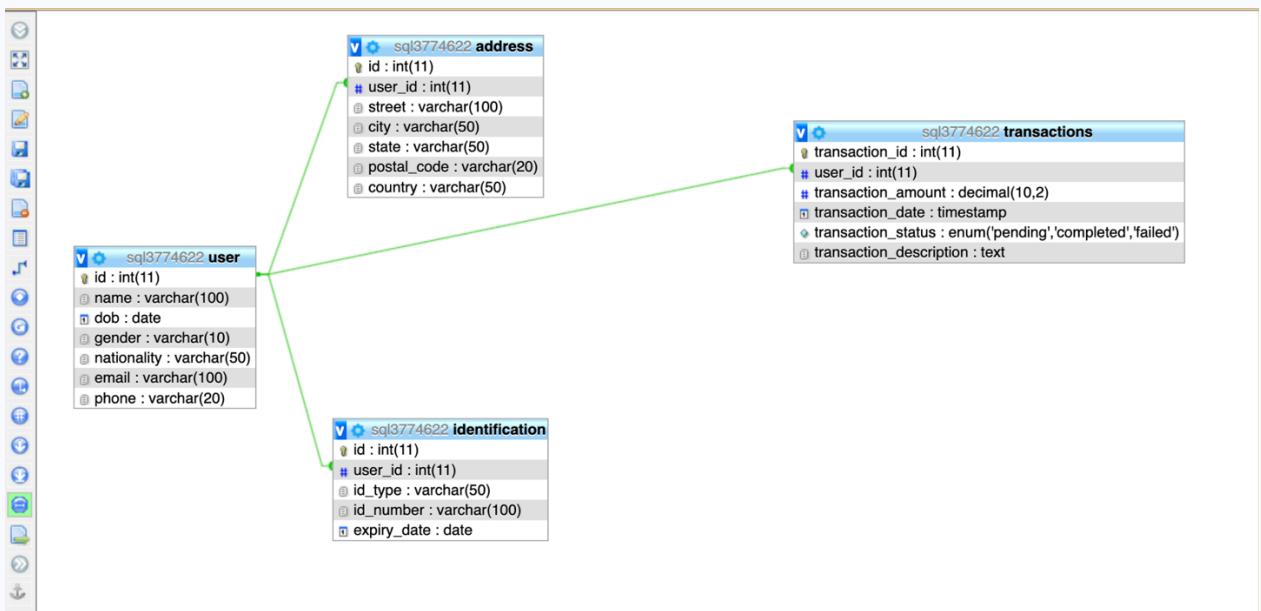
## 8. References

1. Grand View Research, Inc. (2023). \*Artificial intelligence in banking market size, share & trends analysis report 2023-2030\*. <https://bit.ly/43062HT>
2. LexisNexis Risk Solutions. (2022). *The true cost of AML compliance: North America survey*.
3. Financial Action Task Force. (2021). *Guidance on digital identity for anti-money laundering/combating terrorist financing*.
4. McKinsey & Company. (2023). *AI in financial services: A \$1 trillion opportunity*.
5. Deloitte. (2022). *Remote onboarding in the post-pandemic era: AI-driven KYC transformations*.
6. JPMorgan Chase & Co. (2023). *JPMorgan Chase annual report 2023*.

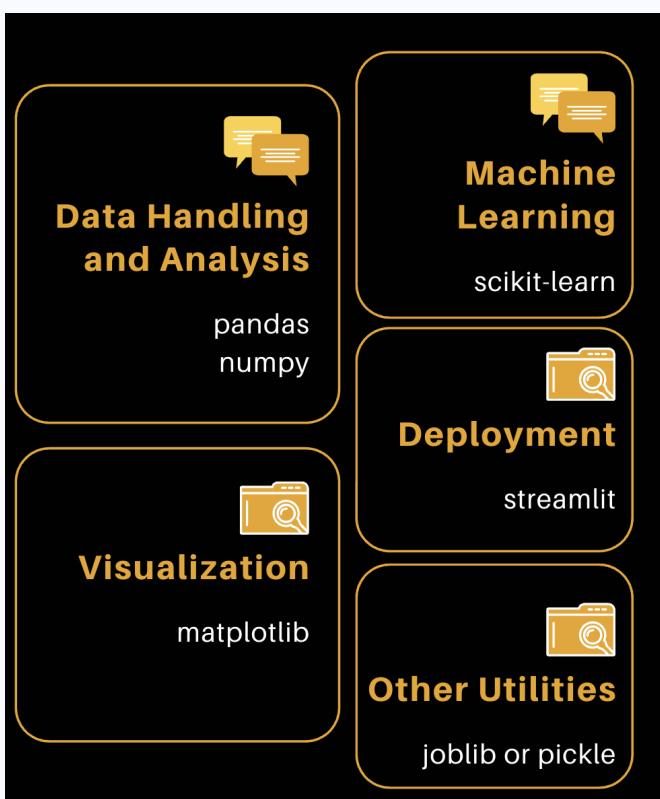
7. JPMorgan AI Research. (2022). *Automating KYC with natural language processing* [White paper].
8. Amazon Web Services. (2023). *Fraud detection using isolation forests: Best practices* [Whitepaper].
9. Fontanella-Khan, J. (2024, January 15). JPMorgan earmarks \$17bn for AI and cloud spending. *Financial Times*.
10. JPMorgan Chase & Co. (2023). *Case study: Cash flow intelligence AI engine*.
11. Deloitte. (2022). \*AI-driven KYC efficiency: Reducing due diligence time by 70%\*.
12. IBM Research. (2022). *Graph neural networks for synthetic fraud detection in financial transactions*[Technical report].
13. Microsoft. (2023). *Responsible AI standard*.
14. European Commission. (2024). *Guidelines on artificial intelligence for anti-money laundering authorities*.
15. Knight, W. (2023, June 8). Quantum computing in finance: Hype or reality? *MIT Technology Review*.

## 9 Appendices

### A. SQL Extraction Scripts



## B. Python Baseline Notebooks



## C. UI Screenshots

### User Registration

**Personal Information**

Full Name	Date of Birth
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> mm/dd/yyyy <input type="button" value="Select Date"/>
Gender	Nationality
<input type="text"/> Select	<input type="text"/>
Email	Phone
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**Address**

Street	City
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
State	Postal Code
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Country	<input type="text"/>

**Identification**

ID Type	ID Number
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Expiry Date	<input type="text"/> mm/dd/yyyy <input type="button" value="Select Date"/>

### Transaction Monitoring

Alice Johnson

**Suspicious Transactions**

Transaction ID	Amount	Date	Status	Description	Suspicion Level	Process Status	Action
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166	\$331.34	2025-04-22	completed	Invoice payment	More Likely	Pending	<input type="button" value="View"/>

## Appendix B –Python

```

10 | import React, { useEffect, useState } from 'react';
11 |
12 export default function TransactionMonitoring() {
13   const [users, setUsers] = useState([]);
14   const [selectedUserId, setSelectedUserId] = useState('');
15   const [transactions, setTransactions] = useState([]);
16   const [showTransactions, setShowTransactions] = useState(false);
17   const [loading, setLoading] = useState(false);
18   const [processStatuses, setProcessStatuses] = useState({});
19   const [selectedTransaction, setSelectedTransaction] = useState(null);
20 |
21   useEffect(() => {
22     fetch('http://localhost:3000/users')
23       .then((res) => res.json())
24       .then((data) => setUsers(data))
25       .catch((err) => console.error('Error fetching users:', err));
26   }, []);
27 |
28   const handleViewTransactions = async () => {
29     if (!selectedUserId) return;
30     setLoading(true);
31     try {
32       const res = await fetch(`http://localhost:3000/transactions/user/${selectedUserId}`);
33       const data = await res.json();
34       const suspicious = filterSuspiciousTransactions(data);
35       setTransactions(suspicious);
36       setShowTransactions(true);
37     }
38     const initialStatuses = {};
39     suspicious.forEach(tx => {
40       initialStatuses[tx.transaction_id] = 'Pending';
41     });
42     setProcessStatuses(initialStatuses);
43   } catch (err) {
44     console.error('Error fetching transactions:', err);
45   }
46   setLoading(false);
47 };
48 |
49 const filterSuspiciousTransactions = (data) => {
50   const dateCount = {};
51   const keywords = ['Politics Funds', 'NGO'];
52   data.forEach((tx) => {
53     const dateOnly = tx.transaction_date.split('T')[0];
54     dateCount[dateOnly] = (dateCount[dateOnly] || 0) + 1;
55   });

```

```

253  ## user list
254
255  import React, { useEffect, useState } from 'react';
256
257  export default function RegisteredUsers() {
258    const [users, setUsers] = useState([]);
259    const [search, setSearch] = useState('');
260    const [selectedUser, setSelectedUser] = useState(null);
261
262    useEffect(() => {
263      fetch('http://localhost:3000/users') // Replace with your actual endpoint
264        .then((res) => res.json())
265        .then((data) => setUsers(data))
266        .catch((err) => console.error('Error fetching users:', err));
267    }, []);
268
269    const filteredUsers = users.filter((user) =>
270      Object.values(user).some((val) =>
271        val?.toString().toLowerCase().includes(search.toLowerCase())
272      )
273    );
274
275    const getBadgeClass = (type) => {
276      switch (type?.toLowerCase()) {
277        case 'passport':
278          return 'bg-green-100 text-green-800';
279        case 'driver license':
280          return 'bg-blue-100 text-blue-800';
281        case 'national id':
282          return 'bg-yellow-100 text-yellow-800';
283        default:
284          return 'bg-gray-200 text-gray-700';
285      }
286    };
287
288    return (
289      <div className="max-w-6xl mx-auto p-6 bg-white shadow rounded-lg mt-10">
290        <h2 className="text-3xl font-bold mb-4 text-center">All Registered Users</h2>
291
292        <input
293          type="text"
294          placeholder="Search by any field"
295          value={search}
296          onChange={(e) => setSearch(e.target.value)}
297          className="w-full px-4 py-2 border mb-6 rounded"
298        />
299      </div>
300    );
301  }

```

```
379 ### user form
380 import React, { useState } from 'react';
382
383 export default function UserForm() {
384   const initialFormData = {
385     name: '',
386     dob: '',
387     gender: '',
388     nationality: '',
389     email: '',
390     phone: '',
391     street: '',
392     city: '',
393     state: '',
394     postal_code: '',
395     country: '',
396     id_type: '',
397     id_number: '',
398     expiry_date: ''
399   };
400
401   const [formData, setFormData] = useState(initialFormData);
402   const [loading, setLoading] = useState(false);
403
404   const handleChange = (e) => {
405     setFormData({
406       ...formData,
407       [e.target.name]: e.target.value
408     });
409   };
410
411   const handleSubmit = async (e) => {
412     e.preventDefault();
413     setLoading(true);
414
415     const payload = {
416       name: formData.name,
417       dob: formData.dob,
418       gender: formData.gender,
419       nationality: formData.nationality,
420       email: formData.email,
421       phone: formData.phone,
422       address: {
423         street: formData.street,
424         city: formData.city,
425       }
426     };
427   };
428 }
```

```

651 ## server
652
653 // Required packages
654 const express = require('express');
655 const mysql = require('mysql2');
656 const bodyParser = require('body-parser');
657 const cors = require('cors');
658
659 const app = express();
660 const port = 3000;
661
662 app.use(bodyParser.json());
663 app.use(cors());
664
665 // MySQL connection
666 const db = mysql.createConnection({
667   host: 'sql3.freesqldatabase.com',
668   user: 'sql3774622',
669   password: 'ugzw1FQai',
670   database: 'sql3774622'
671 });
672
673 db.connect(err => {
674   if (err) throw err;
675   console.log('Connected to MySQL database.');
676 });
677
678 // ----- Data Access Object (DAO) Functions -----
679
680 // Get all users with their address and identification
681 app.get('/users', (req, res) => {
682   const sql = `
683     SELECT
684       u.id AS user_id, u.name, u.dob, u.gender, u.nationality, u.email, u.phone,
685       a.street, a.city, a.state, a.postal_code, a.country,
686       i.id_type, i.id_number, i.expiry_date
687     FROM user u
688     LEFT JOIN address a ON u.id = a.user_id
689     LEFT JOIN identification i ON u.id = i.user_id
690   `;
691
692   db.query(sql, (err, results) => {
693     if (err) return res.status(500).send(err);
694     res.json(results);
695   });
696 });

```