

# **MICROPROCESSOR AND COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE LABORATORY**

**UE19CS256**

**4th Semester, Academic Year 2020-21**

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**Date: 27-03-2021**

Week#7

## Program Number: 1

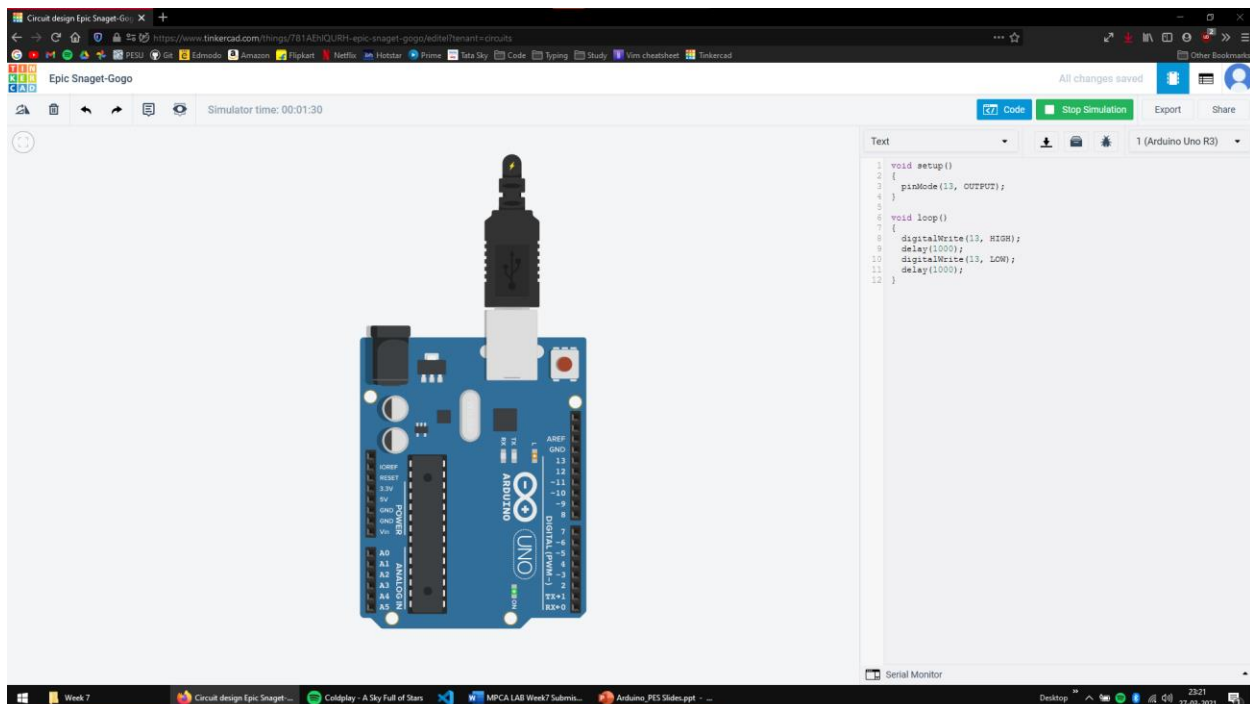
1. **A) Implement a Tinkercad simulation to turn on and off the Arduino's on-board LED.**

Arduino Code:

```
Text [Download] [Save] [Bug] 1 (Arduino Uno R3)

1 void setup()
2 {
3   pinMode(13, OUTPUT);
4 }
5
6 void loop()
7 {
8   digitalWrite(13, HIGH);
9   delay(1000);
10  digitalWrite(13, LOW);
11  delay(1000);
12 }
```

Output Screen Shot:

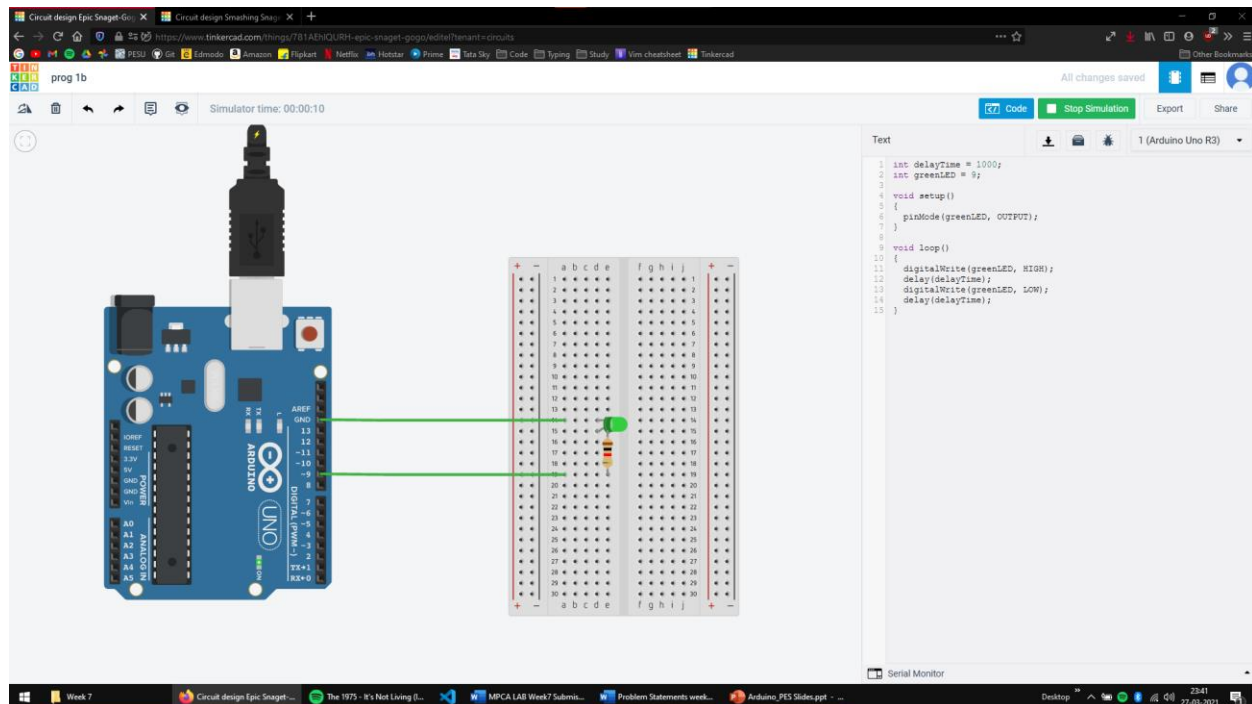


## B) Implement a Tinkercad simulation to turn on and off an external LED connected to the Arduino board

Arduino Code:

```
Text
1 int delayTime = 1000;
2 int greenLED = 9;
3
4 void setup()
5 {
6   pinMode(greenLED, OUTPUT);
7 }
8
9 void loop()
10 {
11   digitalWrite(greenLED, HIGH);
12   delay(delayTime);
13   digitalWrite(greenLED, LOW);
14   delay(delayTime);
15 }
```

Output Screen Shot:



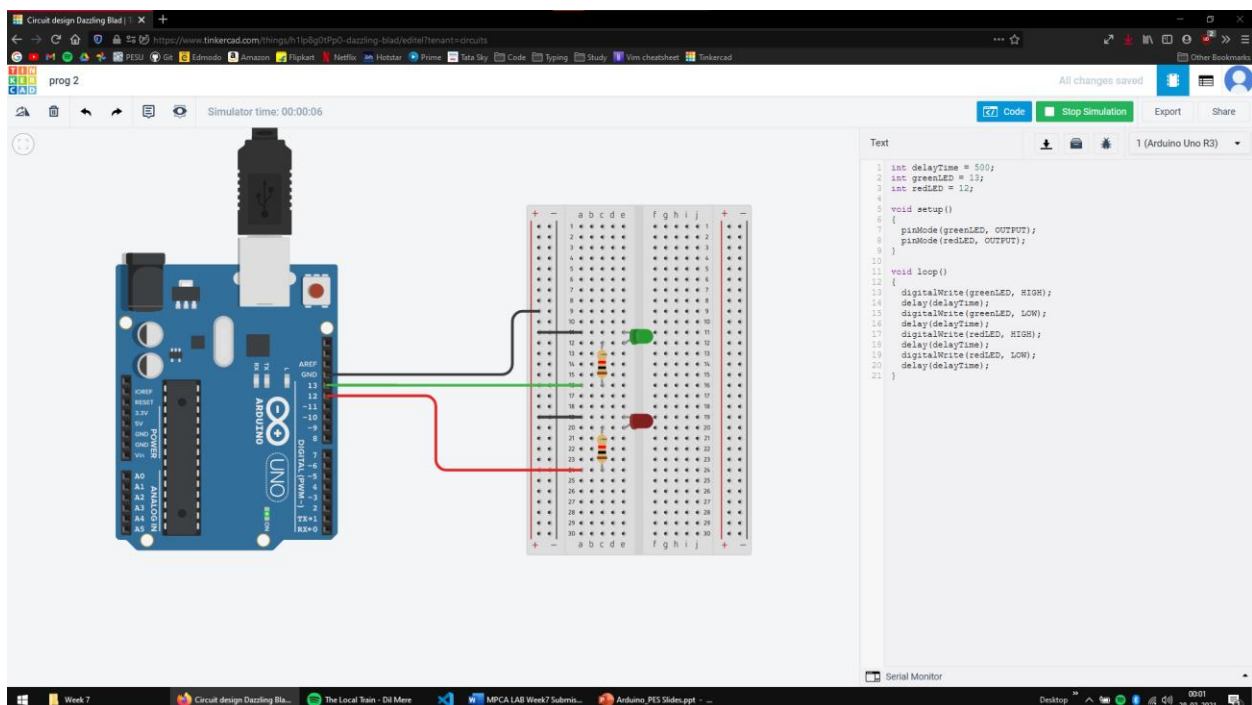
## Program Number: 2

**Implement a Tinkercad simulation to alternately turn on and off two external LEDs connected to the Arduino board**

**Arduino Code:**

```
Text
1 int delayTime = 500;
2 int greenLED = 13;
3 int redLED = 12;
4
5 void setup()
6 {
7   pinMode(greenLED, OUTPUT);
8   pinMode(redLED, OUTPUT);
9 }
10
11 void loop()
12 {
13   digitalWrite(greenLED, HIGH);
14   delay(delayTime);
15   digitalWrite(greenLED, LOW);
16   delay(delayTime);
17   digitalWrite(redLED, HIGH);
18   delay(delayTime);
19   digitalWrite(redLED, LOW);
20   delay(delayTime);
21 }
```

**Output Screen Shot:**



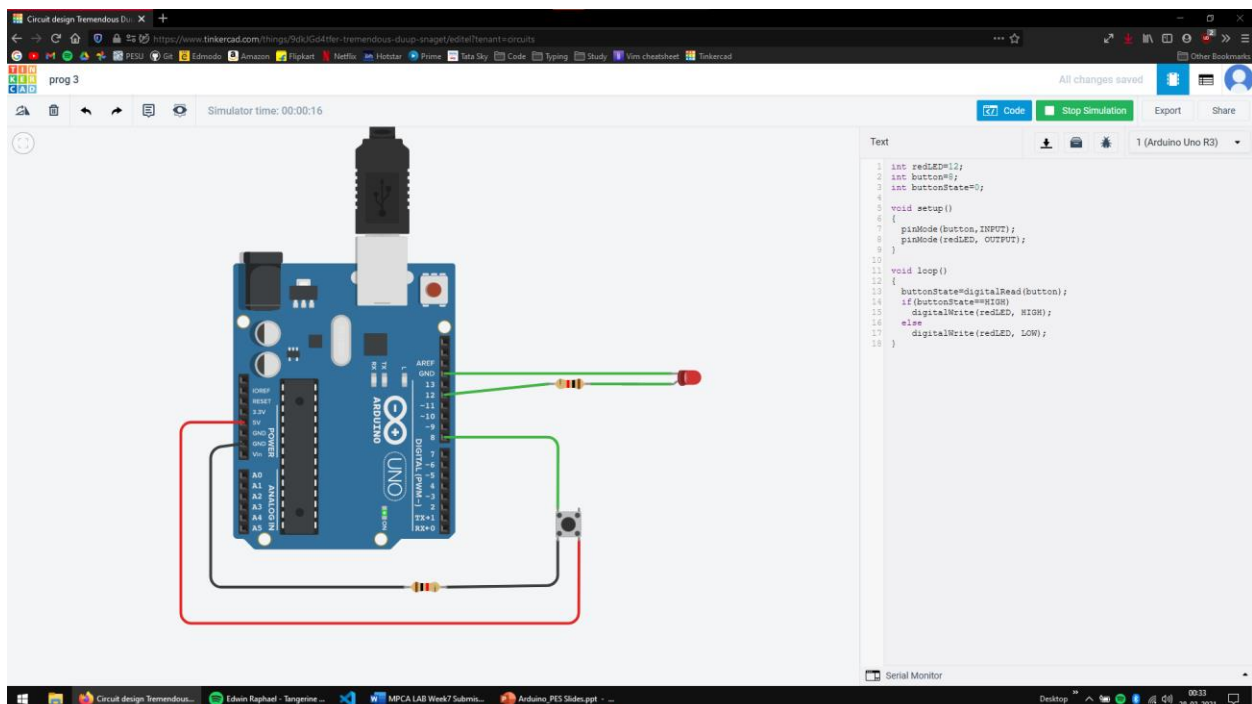
## Program Number: 3

**Implement a Tinkercad simulation to use a pushbutton to control an LED.**

Arduino Code:

```
Text
1 int redLED=12;
2 int button=8;
3 int buttonState=0;
4
5 void setup()
6 {
7   pinMode(button, INPUT);
8   pinMode(redLED, OUTPUT);
9 }
10
11 void loop()
12 {
13   buttonState=digitalRead(button);
14   if(buttonState==HIGH)
15     digitalWrite(redLED, HIGH);
16   else
17     digitalWrite(redLED, LOW);
18 }
```

Output Screen Shot:



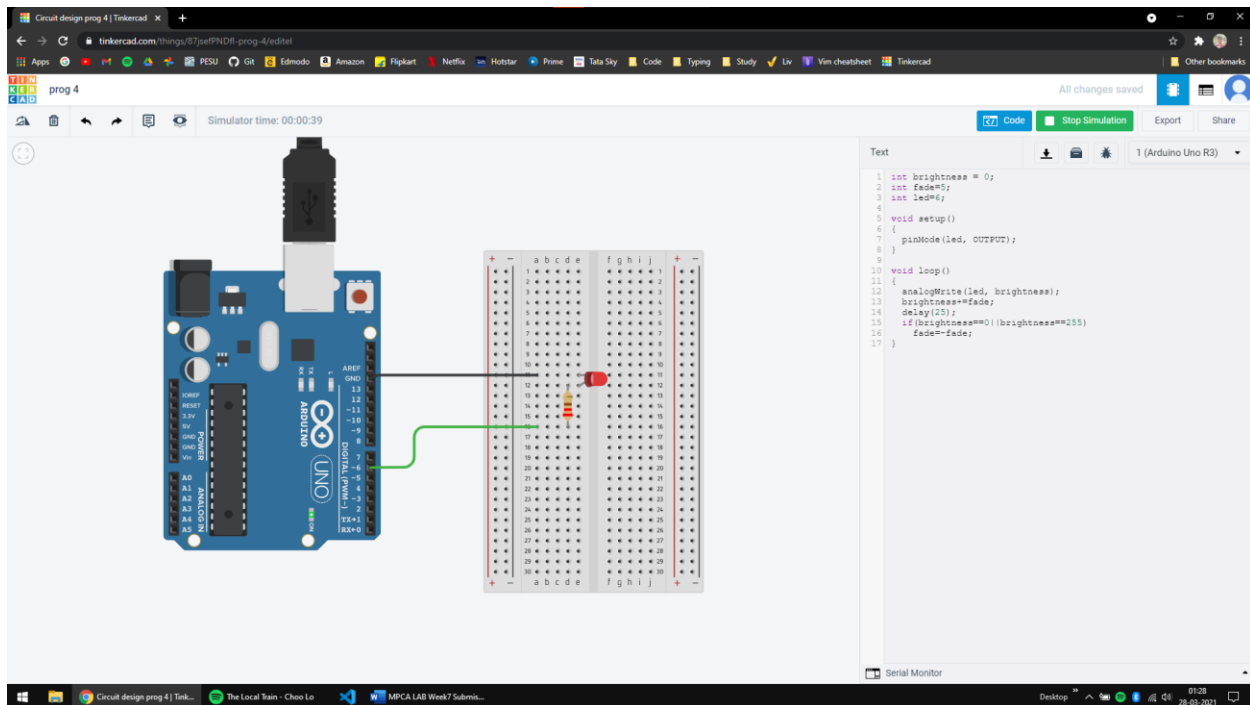
## Program Number: 4

**Implement a Tinkercad simulation to demonstrate fading of an LED (zero to maximum brightness slowly)**

Arduino Code:

```
Text
1 int brightness = 0;
2 int fade=5;
3 int led=6;
4
5 void setup()
6 {
7   pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
8 }
9
10 void loop()
11 {
12   analogWrite(led, brightness);
13   brightness+=fade;
14   delay(25);
15   if (brightness==0 || brightness==255)
16     fade=-fade;
17 }
```

Output Screen Shot:



### **Disclaimer:**

- The programs and output submitted is duly written, verified and executed by me.
- I have not copied from any of my peers nor from the external resource such as internet.
- If found plagiarized, I will abide with the disciplinary action of the University.

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