

# Microprocessor and Computer Architecture Laboratory

UE19CS256

4th Semester, Academic Year 2020-21

Date: 19-02-2021

Name: Atul Anurag	SRN: PES2UG19CS075	Section: B
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Week#4

Program Number: 1

**Write an ALP to implement  $C[k] = a[i] + b[j]$**

I. ARM Assembly Code (1).

```
[10] Week4_Program1_PES2UG19CS075.s
1  .data
2  a: .word 1,2,3,4,5
3  b: .word 1,2,3,4,5
4  c: .word 0,0,0,0,0
5  .text
6  ldr r0, =a
7  ldr r1, =b
8  ldr r2, =c
9  mov r6, #5
10 loop:
11  ldr r3, [r0]
12  add r0, r0, #4
13  ldr r4, [r1]
14  add r1, r1, #4
15  add r5, r3, r4
16  str r5, [r2]
17  add r2, r2, #4
18  sub r6, r6, #1
19  cmp r6, #0
20  bNE loop
21  .end
```

## II. Output Screen Shot (One Example of your choice)

The screenshot displays a debugger window with four main panes:

- RegistersView:** Shows the state of 16 registers (R0-R15). R0-R14 are at 0x00000000, R15 is at 0x00011400. CPSR Register shows Negative(N):0, Zero(Z):1, Carry(C):1, Overflow(O):0, IRQ Disable:1, FIQ Disable:1, Thumb(T):0, CPU Mode: System.
- CodeView:** Displays assembly code for 'Week4\_Program1\_PES2UG19CS075.o'. It includes data sections for arrays 'a' (values 1,2,3,4,5), 'b' (values 1,2,3,4,5), and 'c' (values 0,0,0,0,0). The text section shows instructions: 'ldr r0, =a', 'ldr r1, =b', 'ldr r2, =c', 'mov r6, #5', and a 'loop:' label.
- MemoryView:** Shows a memory dump starting at address 00001044. It displays 16 bytes of data in hexadecimal and ASCII. The data is: 00000002, 00000003, 00000004, 00000005, 00000001, 00000002, 00000003, 00000004, 00000005, 00000002, 00000004, 00000006, 00000002, 00000004, 00000006, 00000002.
- OutputView:** Shows the console output. It indicates the loading of the assembly file, execution starting, and two control transfer errors to illegal addresses (00011400). It also shows the execution ending with an instruction count of 16680 and an elapsed time of 00:00:00.0552169.

## III. Output Table for the program(1)

a: .word 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 b: .word 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 c: .word 0,0,0,0,0	
After Execution The content of array C is	
2	00000002
4	00000004
6	00000006
8	00000008
10	0000000A

## Week#4

### Program Number: 2

**Write an ALP to implement  $c[k] = a[i] * b[j]$**

I. ARM Assembly Code (1).

```
[10] Week4_Program2_PES2UG19CS075.s
1  .data
2  a: .word 1,2,3,4,5
3  b: .word 1,2,3,4,5
4  c: .word 0,0,0,0,0
5  .text
6  ldr r0, =a
7  ldr r1, =b
8  ldr r2, =c
9  mov r6, #5
10 loop:
11     ldr r3, [r0]
12     add r0, r0, #4
13     ldr r4, [r1]
14     add r1, r1, #4
15     mul r5, r3, r4
16     str r5, [r2]
17     add r2, r2, #4
18     sub r6, r6, #1
19     cmp r6, #0
20     bNE loop
21 .end
```

II. Output Screen Shot (One Example of your choice)

The screenshot displays the execution environment for the ARM assembly program. It includes several panels:

- RegistersView:** Shows the state of registers R0 through R15. R0 is 00000000, R1 is 00000000, R2 is 00001080, R3 is 00000005, R4 is 00000005, R5 is 00000019, R6 is 00000000, R7 is 00000000, R8 is 00000000, R9 is 00000000, R10 (sp) is 00000000, R11 (fp) is 00000000, R12 (ip) is 00000000, R13 (sp) is 00011400, R14 (lr) is 00000000, and R15 (pc) is 00011400.
- CodeView:** Shows the assembly code with addresses. The data section is at 00001044 and the text section starts at 00001000.
- MemoryView:** Shows a memory dump starting at address 00001044, displaying the data and text sections.
- OutputView:** Shows the execution log, including the loading of the assembly file, execution starting, and the final execution ending with an instruction count of 16680 and an elapsed time of 00:00:00.0501742.

### III. Output Table for the program(1)

a: .word 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 b: .word 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 c: .word 0,0,0,0,0	
After Execution The content of array C is	
1	00000001
4	00000004
9	00000009
16	00000010
25	00000019

## Week#4

### Program Number: 3

**a. Write an ALP to perform Convolution using MUL instruction (Addition of multiplication of respective numbers of loc A and loc B)**

#### I. ARM Assembly Code (1).

```
[a8] Week4_Program3a_PES2UG19CS075.s
1  .data
2  a: .word 1,2,3,4,5
3  b: .word 1,2,3,4,5
4  .text
5  ldr r0, =a
6  ldr r1, =b
7  mov r2, #5
8  mov r5, #0
9  loop:
10 ldr r3, [r0]
11 add r0, r0, #4
12 ldr r4, [r1]
13 add r1, r1, #4
14 mul r6, r3, r4
15 add r5, r5, r6
16 sub r2, r2, #1
17 cmp r2, #0
18 bNE loop
19 .end
```

#### II. Output Screen Shot (One Example of your choice)

The screenshot displays an ARM development environment with the following components:

- RegistersView:** Shows the state of 16 registers (R0-R15) and CPSR. R0-R15 are mostly zero, except for R15 (PC) which is 00011400.
- CodeView:** Displays the assembly code for Week4\_Program3a\_PES2UG19CS075.o, matching the code provided in the previous block.
- MemoryView0:** Shows memory addresses from 0000103C to 00001024, containing the data and code for the program.
- OutputView:** Shows the console output, including the file path, execution start, and end, and the instruction count (16676) and elapsed time (00:00:00.059040).

### III. Output Table for the program(1)

a: .word 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 b: .word 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	
R5	$(1*1)+(2*2)+(3*3)$ $+(4*4)+(5*5)$ $=55=00000037$

**b. Write an ALP to perform Convolution using MLA instruction (Addition of multiplication of respective numbers of loc A and loc B).**

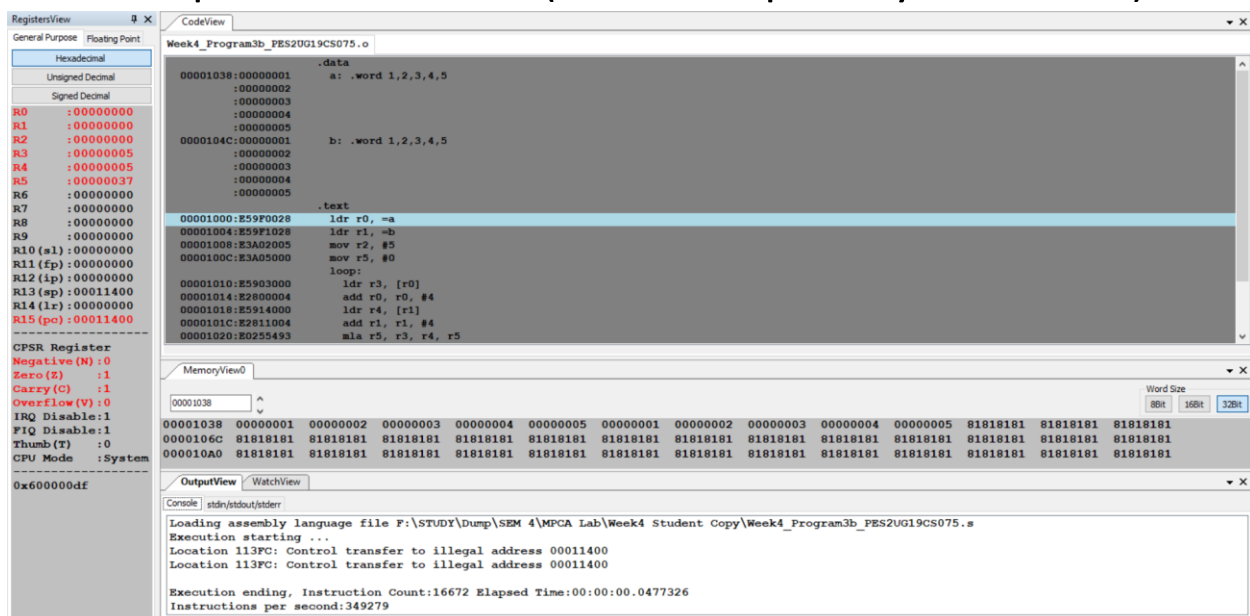
**c. ARM Assembly Code (1).**

```

[10] Week4_Program3b_PES2UG19CS075.s
1  .data
2  a: .word 1,2,3,4,5
3  b: .word 1,2,3,4,5
4  .text
5  ldr r0, =a
6  ldr r1, =b
7  mov r2, #5
8  mov r5, #0
9  loop:
10 ldr r3, [r0]
11 add r0, r0, #4
12 ldr r4, [r1]
13 add r1, r1, #4
14 mla r5, r3, r4, r5
15 sub r2, r2, #1
16 cmp r2, #0
17 bNE loop
18 .end

```

**IV. Output Screen Shot (One Example of your choice)**



## V. Output Table for the program(1)

a: .word 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 b: .word 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	
R5	$(1*1)+(2*2)+(3*3)$ $+(4*4)+(5*5)$ $=55=00000037$



## Week#4

Program Number: 4

**Write an ALP to read from a 2D array such that**

$$B=a[i] [j]$$

### I. ARM Assembly Code (1).

```
[a] Week4_Program4_PES2UG19CS075.s
1  .data
2      a: .word 1,2,3,4
3      b: .word 0
4  .text
5      ldr r0, =a
6      ldr r1, =b
7      mov r5, #2
8      mov r2, #0
9      outerloop:
10         mov r3, #0
11         innerloop:
12             ldr r4, [r0]
13             add r0, r0, #4
14             str r4, [r1]
15             add r1, r1, #4
16             add r3, r3, #1
17             cmp r3, r5
18             bNE innerloop
19         add r2, r2, #1
20         cmp r2, r5
21         bNE outerloop
22     .end
```

### II. Output Screen Shot (One Example of your choice)

The screenshot displays an ARM assembly debugger interface with four main panels:

- RegistersView:** Shows the state of 16 registers (R0-R15) and CPSR. R0-R15 are all 0x00000000. CPSR shows Negative(N)=0, Zero(Z)=1, Carry(C)=1, Overflow(O)=0, IRQ Disable=1, FIQ Disable=1, Thumb(T)=0, and CPU Mode=System.
- CodeView:** Displays the assembly code for 'Week4\_Program4\_PES2UG19CS075.o'. It shows the .data section with 'a' (1,2,3,4) and 'b' (0), and the .text section with the assembly code from line 1 to 22.
- MemoryView:** Shows memory addresses 00001044 to 000010AC. The data at 00001044 is 00000001, 00000002, 00000003, 00000004. The data at 00001054 is 00000000. The rest of the memory is filled with 81818181.
- OutputView:** Shows the execution log. It starts with 'Loading assembly language file F:\STUDY\Dump\SEM 4\MPCA Lab\Week4 Student Copy\Week4\_Program4\_PES2UG19CS075.s'. It then shows 'Execution starting ...' and two 'Location 113FC: Control transfer to illegal address 00011400' messages. Finally, it shows 'Execution ending, Instruction Count:16665 Elapsed Time:00:00:00.0625207' and 'Instructions per second:266551'.

### III. Output Table for the program(1)

Before execution	a: .word 1,2,3,4	b: .word 0
After Execution	00000001	00000001
	00000002	00000002
	00000003	00000003
	00000004	00000004

## Week#4

### Program Number: 5

**Write an ALP to implement  $C[i][j]=a[i][j]+b[i][j]$**

#### I. ARM Assembly Code (1).

```
[a0] Week4_Program5_PES2UG19CS075.s
2  a: .word 1,2,3,4
3  b: .word 1,2,3,4
4  c: .word 0
5  .text
6  ldr r0, =a
7  ldr r1, =b
8  ldr r2, =c
9  mov r3, #2
10 mov r4, #0
11 outerloop:
12     mov r5, #0
13     innerloop:
14         ldr r6, [r0]
15         ldr r7, [r1]
16         add r0, r0, #4
17         add r1, r1, #4
18         add r8, r6, r7
19         str r8, [r2]
20         add r2, r2, #4
21         add r5, r5, #1
22         cmp r5, r3
23         bNE innerloop
24     add r4, r4, #1
25     cmp r4, r3
26     bNE outerloop
27 .end
```

#### II. Output Screen Shot (One Example of your choice)

The screenshot displays an ARM assembly debugger interface with four main panels:

- RegistersView:** Shows the state of 16 registers (R0-R15) and CPSR. R0-R15 are all 0x00000000. CPSR fields: Negative(N):0, Zero(Z):1, Carry(C):1, Overflow(O):0, IRQ Disable:1, FIQ Disable:1, Thumb(T):0, CPU Mode: System.
- CodeView:** Displays the assembly code for 'Week4\_Program5\_PES2UG19CS075.o'. It shows data section (a, b, c) and text section (ldr, add, str, cmp, bNE instructions). The current instruction is 'ldr r0, =a' at address 00001000.
- MemoryView:** Shows memory at address 00001058. It displays a table of 16 words, all containing the value 81818181.
- OutputView:** Shows the console output. It includes messages for loading the assembly language file, execution starting, control transfer warnings at locations 113FC, and execution ending with instruction count 16674 and elapsed time 00:00:00.0749989.

### III. Output Table for the program(1)

Before execution	a::word 1,2,3,4	b::word 1,2,3,4	c::word 0
After Execution	00000001	00000001	00000002
	00000002	00000002	00000004
	00000003	00000003	00000006
	00000004	00000004	00000008

## Week#4

Program Number: 6

**Write an ALP to implement  $\text{Sum}[i] += a[i][j]$**

### I. ARM Assembly Code (1).

```
[61] Week4_Program6_PES2UG19CS075.s
1  .data
2  a: .word 1,2,3,4
3  sum: .word 0
4  .text
5  ldr r0, =a
6  ldr r1, =sum
7  mov r2, #2
8  mov r3, #0
9  outerloop:
10  mov r4, #0
11  mov r5, #0
12  innerloop:
13  ldr r6, [r0]
14  add r0, r0, #4
15  add r5, r5, r6
16  add r4, r4, #1
17  cmp r4, r2
18  bNE innerloop
19  str r5, [r1]
20  add r3, r3, #1
21  cmp r3, r2
22  addNE r1, r1, #4
23  bNE outerloop
24  .end
```

### II. Output Screen Shot (One Example of your choice)

The screenshot displays an ARM assembly debugger interface with four main panels:

- RegistersView:** Shows the state of 16 registers (R0-R15) and CPSR. R0-R15 contain values like 00000000, 00000000, 00000002, 00000000, 00000007, 00000004, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000, 00000000. CPSR shows Negative(N):0, Zero(Z):1, Carry(C):1, Overflow(V):0, IRQ Disable:1, FIQ Disable:1, Thumb(T):0, CPU Mode: System.
- CodeView:** Displays the assembly code for Week4\_Program6\_PES20019CS075.o. It shows the same code as in the previous block, with addresses ranging from 0000104C to 00001030.
- MemoryView:** Shows a memory dump starting at address 0000104C. The first row contains the word 0000104C, followed by several rows of memory addresses and their corresponding values (mostly 81818181).
- OutputView:** Shows the execution log. It includes the command 'stdn/tdout/stderr', the message 'Loading assembly language file F:\STUDY\Dump\SEM 4\MPCA Lab\Week4 Student Copy\Week4\_Program6\_PES2UG19CS075.s', and the execution status: 'Execution starting ...', 'Location 113FC: Control transfer to illegal address 00011400', 'Execution ending, Instruction Count:16665 Elapsed Time:00:00:00.0552185', and 'Instructions per second:301801'.

### III. Output Table for the program(1)

Before execution	a:.word 1,2,3,4		
After Execution	Addition result	Sum[0]=3	Sum[1]=7

### **Disclaimer:**

- The programs and output submitted is duly written, verified and executed by me.
  - I have not copied from any of my peers nor from the external resource such as internet.
- If found plagiarized, I will abide with the disciplinary action of the University.

Signature: *Atul Anurag*

Name: Atul Anurag

SRN: PES2UG19CS075

Section: B

Date: 19-02-2021