

LAPORAN PRAKTIKUM SISTEM OPERASI

MODUL 8: SYSTEM CALL



Disusun oleh:

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PROGRAM STUDI TEKNIK INFORMATIKA

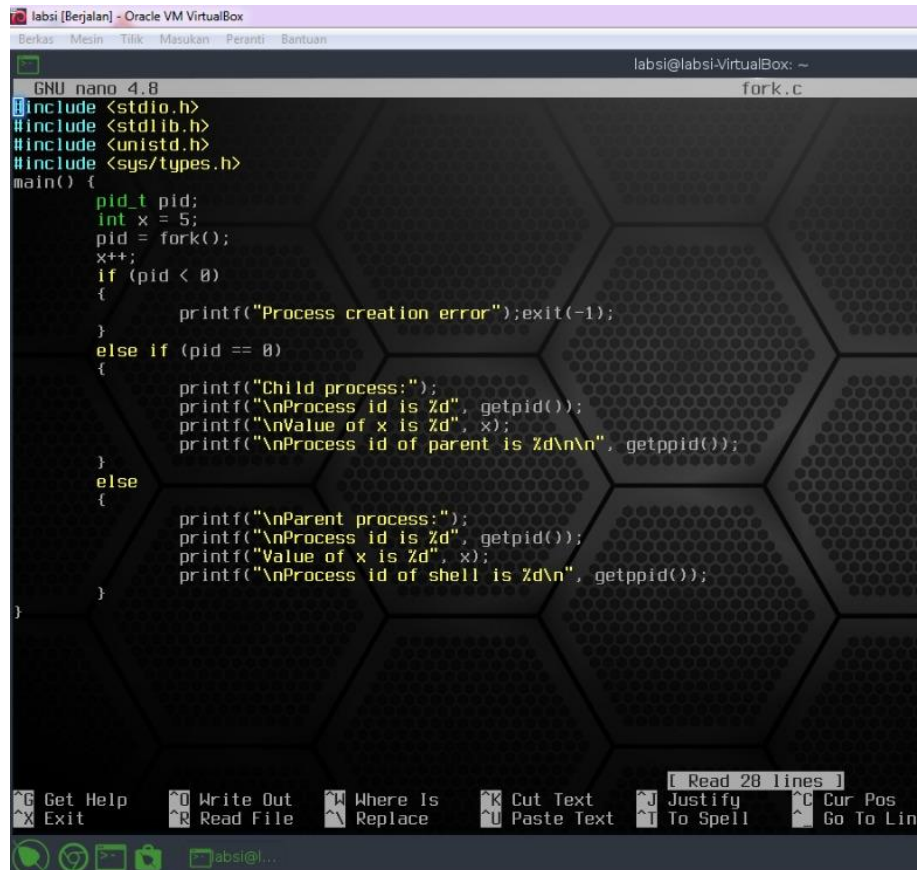
FAKULTAS KOMUNIKASI DAN INFORMATIKA

UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH SURAKARTA TAHUN 2022/2023

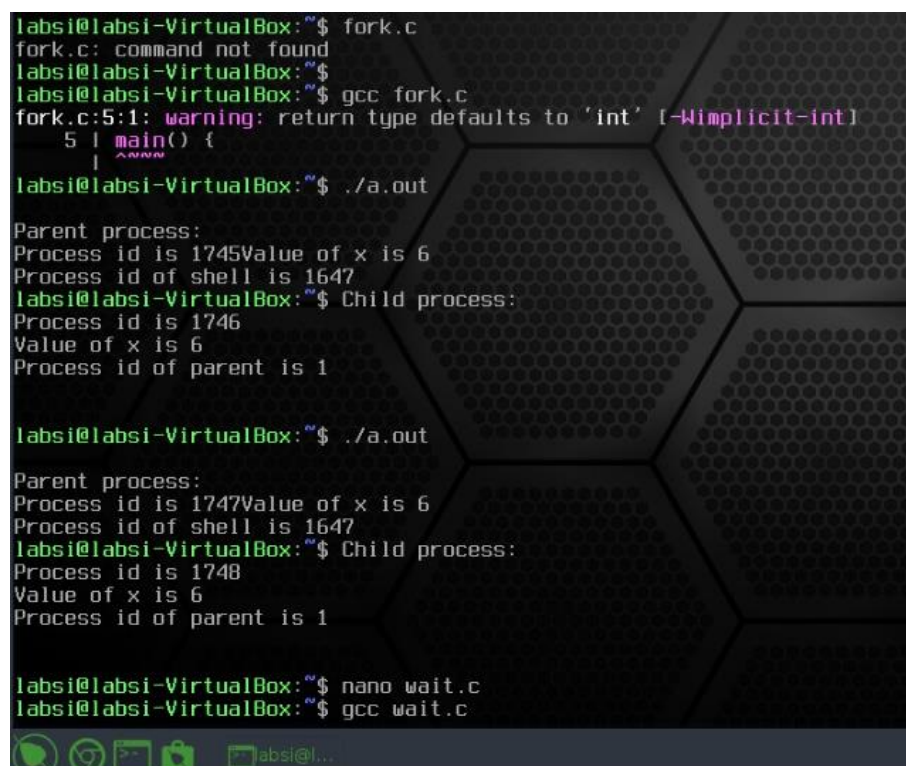
LANGKAH KERJA

1. Membuat sebuah “Child Process” (Proses Baru) dengan menggunakan system call “fork”.

Kode Program:



```
GNU nano 4.8 fork.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
main() {
    pid_t pid;
    int x = 5;
    pid = fork();
    x++;
    if (pid < 0)
    {
        printf("Process creation error");exit(-1);
    }
    else if (pid == 0)
    {
        printf("Child process:");
        printf("\nProcess id is %d", getpid());
        printf("\nValue of x is %d", x);
        printf("\nProcess id of parent is %d\n", getppid());
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nParent process:");
        printf("\nProcess id is %d", getpid());
        printf("Value of x is %d", x);
        printf("\nProcess id of shell is %d\n", getppid());
    }
}
```



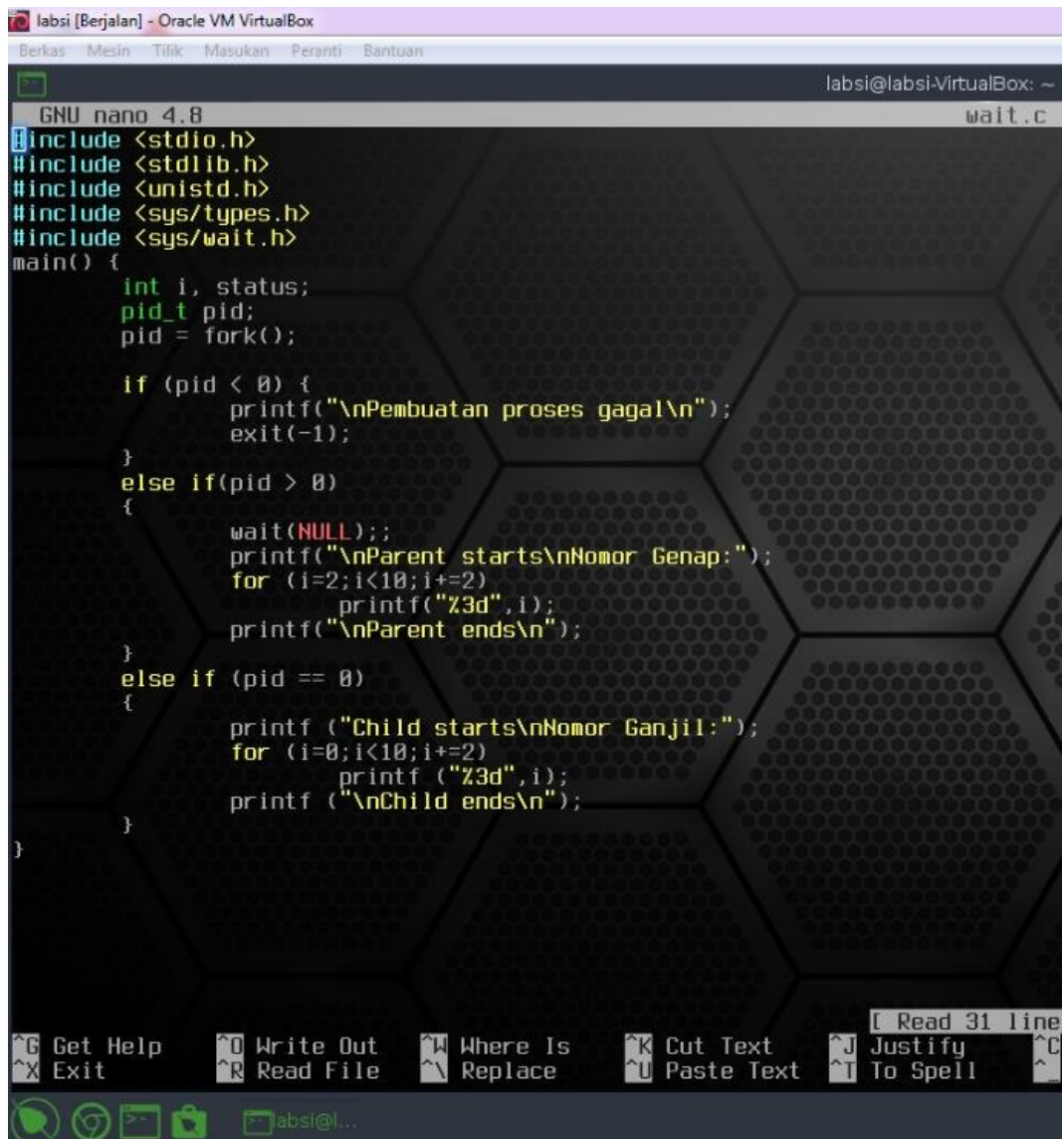
```
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ fork.c
fork.c: command not found
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ gcc fork.c
fork.c:5:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
     5 | main() {
       | ^~~~~
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out
Parent process:
Process id is 1745Value of x is 6
Process id of shell is 1647
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ Child process:
Process id is 1746
Value of x is 6
Process id of parent is 1

labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out
Parent process:
Process id is 1747Value of x is 6
Process id of shell is 1647
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ Child process:
Process id is 1748
Value of x is 6
Process id of parent is 1

labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ nano wait.c
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ gcc wait.c
```

2. Menghentikan sementara (Block) proses parent sampai dengan proses child selesai, menggunakan perintah system call 'wait'.

Kode Program:



```
GNU nano 4.8 wait.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
main() {
    int i, status;
    pid_t pid;
    pid = fork();

    if (pid < 0) {
        printf("\nPembuatan proses gagal\n");
        exit(-1);
    }
    else if(pid > 0)
    {
        wait(NULL);
        printf("\nParent starts\nNomor Genap:");
        for (i=2;i<10;i+=2)
            printf("%3d",i);
        printf("\nParent ends\n");
    }
    else if (pid == 0)
    {
        printf ("Child starts\nNomor Ganjil:");
        for (i=0;i<10;i+=2)
            printf ("%3d",i);
        printf ("\nChild ends\n");
    }
}
```



```
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ nano wait.c
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ gcc wait.c
wait.c:6:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
6 | main() {
  | ^~~~~
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out
Child starts
Nomor Ganjil:  0  2  4  6  8
Child ends

Parent starts
Nomor Genap:  2  4  6  8
Parent ends
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ nano stat.c
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$ nano exec.c
labsi@labsi-VirtualBox:~$
```

3. Loading program yang dapat dieksekusi dalam sebuah “child” proses menggunakan perintah system call “exec”

Kode Program:



The image shows a screenshot of a VirtualBox window titled "labsi [Berjalan] - Oracle VM VirtualBox". Inside the window, a terminal window is open, displaying the source code of a C program named "EXEC.C" in the nano 4.8 editor. The program is designed to demonstrate the use of the exec system call to load and execute a child process.

```
GNU nano 4.8 EXEC.C
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
main(int argc, char*argv[]) {

    pid_t pid;
    int i;

    if (argc != 3)
    {
        printf("\nInsufficient arguments to load program");
        printf("\nUsage: ./a.out <path> <cmd>\n");exit(-1);
    }

    switch(pid = fork())
    {
    case -1;
        printf("Fork failed");
        exit(-1);
    case 0;
        printf("child Process\n");
        i = execl(1, argv[2], 0);
        if (i < 0)
        {
            printf("%s program not loaded using exec system call\n", argv[2]);
            exit(-1);
        }
    default:
        wait(NULL);
        printf("Child Terminated\n");
        exit(0);
    }
}
```

Below the editor, the terminal output shows the execution of the program. The user runs the command `./a.out /bin/ls ls`, which results in an error: `bash: ./a.out: No such file or directory`. The user then runs the command `./a.out /bin/ls ls`, which successfully executes the child process, displaying the output of the `ls` command: `Child starts`, `Nomor Ganjil: 0 2 4 6 8`, and `Child ends`. The parent process then displays `Parent starts`, `Nomor Genap: 2 4 6 8`, and `Parent ends`.

4. Menampilkan status file menggunakan perintah system call 'stat'.

Kode Program:

```
GNU nano 2.9.3 stat.c

#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
int main(int argc, char*argv[]){
    struct stat
    file; int n;
    if (argc != 2)
    {
        printf("Usage: ./a.out <filename>\n"); exit(-1);
    }
    if ((n = stat(argv[1], &file)) == -1)
    {
        perror(argv[1]);
        exit(-1);
    }
    printf("User id : %d\n", file.st_uid);
    printf("Group id : %d\n", file.st_gid);
    printf("Block size : %d\n", file.st_blksize);
    printf("Blocks allocated : %d\n", file.st_blocks);
    printf("Inode no. : %d\n", file.st_ino);
    printf("Last accessed : %s", ctime(&(file.st_atime)));
    printf("Last modified : %s", ctime(&(file.st_mtime)));

    printf("File size : %d bytes\n", file.st_size);
    printf("No. of links : %d\n", file.st_nlink);
    printf("Permissions : ");
    printf( (S_ISDIR(file.st_mode)) ? "d" : "-");
    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IRUSR) ? "r" : "-");
    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IWUSR) ? "w" : "-");
    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IXUSR) ? "x" : "-");
    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IRGRP) ? "r" : "-");
    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IWGRP) ? "w" : "-");
    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IXGRP) ? "x" : "-");
    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IROTH) ? "r" : "-");
    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IWOTH) ? "w" : "-");

    printf( (file.st_mode & S_IXOTH) ? "x" : "-");
    printf("\n");
    if(file.st_mode & S_IFREG)
        printf("File type : Regular\n");
    if(file.st_mode & S_IFDIR)
        printf("File type : Directory\n");
}

^G Get Help    ^O Write Out   ^W Where Is    ^K Cut Text    ^J Justify
^X Exit        ^R Read File   ^\ Replace     ^U Uncut Text  ^T To Spell
```

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
~^
~^
~^
stat.c:24:30: warning: format '%d' expects argument of type 'int', but argument
2 has type '__off_t {aka long int}' [-Wformat=]
    printf("File size : %d bytes\n", file.st_size);
~^
~^
stat.c:25:33: warning: format '%d' expects argument of type 'int', but argument
2 has type '__nlink_t {aka long unsigned int}' [-Wformat=]
    printf("No. of links : %d\n", file.st_nlink);
~^
~^
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ nano stat.c
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out
Usage: ./a.out <filename>
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out stat.c
User id : 1000
Group id : 1000
Block size : 4096
Blocks allocated : 8
Inode no. : 266588
Last accessed : Fri Dec  9 15:37:42 2022
Last modified : Fri Dec  9 15:33:20 2022
File size : 1530 bytes
No. of links : 1
Permissions : -rw-rw-r--
File type : Regular
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$
```

Note: Ini memakai laptop teman saya soalnya laptop saya kentang. Tapi ini saya mengerjakan sendiri mas.

5. Menampilkan isi direktori menggunakan perintah system call 'readdir'.

Code Program:

```
GNU nano 2.9.3                                dirlist.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <dirent.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
main(int argc, char *argv[]){
    struct dirent *dptr;
    DIR *dname;

    if (argc != 2)
    {
        printf("Usage: ./a.out <dirname>\n");
        exit(-1);
    }
    if((dname = opendir(argv[1])) == NULL)
    {
        perror(argv[1]);
        exit(-1);
    }
    while(dptr=readdir(dname))
        printf("%s\n", dptr->d_name);

    closedir(dname);
}

[ Read 22 lines ]
^G Get Help      ^O Write Out    ^W Where Is     ^K Cut Text     ^J Justify
^X Exit          ^R Read File    ^_ Replace      ^U Uncut Text   ^T To Spell
```

```

File Edit View Search Terminal Help
dirlist.c:15:17: warning: implicit declaration of function 'perror' [-Wimplicit
-function-declaration]
    perror(argv[1]);
    ^~~~~~
dirlist.c:19:17: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in functio
n 'printf'
    printf("%s\n", dptr->d_name);
    ^~~~~~
dirlist.c:19:17: note: include '<stdio.h>' or provide a declaration of 'printf'
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ nano dirlist.c
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ gcc dirlist.c
dirlist.c:4:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
main(int argc, char *argv[]){
^~~~~~
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out dirlist.c
dirlist.c: Not a directory
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out
bash: ./a.out: No such file or directory
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ nano dirlist.c
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ gcc dirlist.c
dirlist.c:4:1: warning: return type defaults to 'int' [-Wimplicit-int]
main(int argc, char *argv[]){
^~~~~~
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out Pictures
bash: ./a.out: No such file or directory
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out Music
bash: ./a.out: No such file or directory
driyo@driyo-VirtualBox:~$ █

```

Note: Ini memakai laptop temen saya soalnya laptop saya kentang. Tapi ini saya mengerjakan sendiri mas.