

Day-29Selection SortSorting:

- ⇒ Arranging the elements in correct order either in ascending or descending order.
- ⇒ Sorting helps in finding any element more fastly.

Ex:

3	8	1	2	5
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Ascending →

1	2	3	5	8
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⇒ Selection Sort:

0	1	2	3	4	min
9	7	3	1	6	

→ (n)

↓

n-1

Round

R1 (0-4) 1 7 3 9 6

R2 (1-4) 1 3 7 9 6

R3 (2-4) 1 3 6 9 7

R4 (3-4) 1 3 6 7 9

⇒ Code for find min. element index —

index = 0;

for (int i = 0; i &lt; n; i++)

if (arr[i] &lt; arr[index])

index = i;

}

```

=> for(i=0; i<n-1; i++){
    index = i;
    for(j=i+1; j<n; j++){
        if(arr[j] < arr[index])
            index = j;
    }
    swap(arr[index], arr[i]);
}

```

Space Complexity:

Auxiliary :  $O(1)$

Total Space :  $O(n)$

Note

arr[5],

arr[2000]

=> both are constant.

Time Complexity:

$i=0$	$i=1$	$i=n-2$
$j=1 \text{ to } n$	$j=2 \text{ to } n$	$j=n-1 \text{ to } n$
$n-1$	$n-2$	1

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \Rightarrow (n-1) + (n-2) + \dots + 2 + 1 \\
 & = \frac{n \times (n-1)}{2} = \frac{n^2 - n}{2} = \frac{n^2}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$O(n^2)$   $\rightarrow$  Best Case worst Case  
 $O(n^2)$   $\rightarrow$  Best Case  
 $O(n^2)$   $\rightarrow$  Avg. Case