

Date 23/11/2023

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KMP Algo - 3

* Make a string palindrome:

=> Conditions

Add min char at start to make it palindrome.

Ex: abc

ROORSP

=> cbabc

PS ROORSP

=> In our first approach, everytime we will check the string is palindrome or not.

ROORSP

↳ This is palin. → X

↳ Add P in the starting

PS ROORSP

↳ palin. → X → Add S

PS ROORSP

↳ palin. → ✓

2 ans

=> T.C → $O(N^2)$

=> For solving this question in $O(N)$ time, we have to check the longest prefix palindrome then the length of LPP subtract from total length gives us the correct answer.

=> Ex: Ra moomst
 ↳ LPP → 7 → ans

Ex: aaace caa → 1 → ans
 ↳ palindrom

=> To find the LPP, we will first reverse the string. → Longest prefix

=> ROORSP
PSROOR
 ↳ longest suffix

=> Also, we can do this —

ROORSP \$ PS ROOR
 ↳ 4 → 6-4 = 2
 This is LPS. ↳ ans

we have to add a '\$' sign when we add our strings.
 pattern

* Circular string Matching:

=> We have given a circular string & another string.

=> we have to check the another string is present in the circular string or not.

Ex: cde ab no ab
abcde

=1 Just add the string again in the end
=1 c d e a b no ab cde ab no ab
=1 abcde

=1 Pattern matches \rightarrow return 1.

=1 Use LPS and then match the pattern.

* Repeated String Match:

a = abc

b = bcabc

=1 We have to repeat 'a' to make 'b' as a substring of 'a'.

=1 abc abc Rep = 2 \rightarrow ans
bcabc

=1 Our first task is to make our string a equal to b or greater than b in length by doing repetition.

=1 After that we will check if the string is present or not.

=1 If yes, then give the answer.

=1 If not, then we will repeat one more time and check, if yes then give answer otherwise return no.