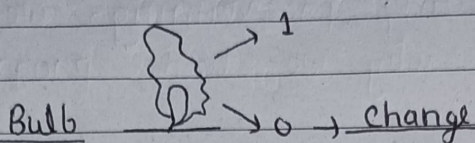


Introduction to Programming

- ⇒ Before starting programming, we have to understand why we need programming.
- ⇒ In around the starting, we don't know how to counts the things.
- ⇒ So, it inv to encounter the problem of counting, we invented number system.
- ⇒ The first number system is Base 60 number system developed by Egypt.
- ⇒ After that, Decimal number system ~~comes~~ came that developed by India.
- ⇒ Due to chances of error while dealing with large amount of values, we need a machine that can do it fastly and efficiently with very high accuracy.
- ⇒ So, to solve this problem, scientist developed Computer (To calculate).
- ⇒ Firstly developed computers are Mechanical computers.

=> After 100 years, a new thing developed that is transistor.



=> So, here ~~devel~~ a new number system comes in place that was Binary Number System.

Binary No.

$$\{0, 1\} = \text{Base}_2$$

0	0	1	1	10	11
+0	+1	+0	+1	+1	+1
<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>100</u>

=> Decimal to Binary

$$(27)_{10} \rightarrow (?)_2$$

2	27	Rem
2	13	1
2	6	1
2	3	0
2	1	1
	0	1

$$(27)_{10} = (11011)_2$$



=> Binary to Decimal:

$$(110101)_2 \rightarrow (?)_{10}$$

$$= 2^5 \times 1 + 2^4 \times 1 + 2^3 \times 0 + 2^2 \times 1 + 2^1 \times 0 + 2^0 \times 1$$

$$= 32 + 16 + 4 + 1$$

$$= 53$$

Home work

	$(37)_{10} = (100101)_2$			$(92)_{10}$			$(128)_{10}$		
	2	37	Rem	2	92	Rem	2	128	Rem
1	2	18	1	2	46	0	2	64	0
1	2	9	0	2	23	0	2	32	0
0	2	4	1	2	11	1	2	16	0
	2	2	0	2	5	1	2	8	0
	1	0		2	2	1	2	4	0
				1	0		2	2	0

$$= (1011)_2 \quad (92)_{10} = (1011100)_2$$

$$= 1 \times 2^3 + 0 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0$$

$$= 8 + 0 + 2 + 1$$

$$= (11)_{10}$$

$$(128)_{10} = (10000000)_2$$

$$= (111001)_2$$

$$= 1 \times 2^5 + 1 \times 2^4 + 1 \times 2^3 + 0 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0$$

$$= 32 + 16 + 8 + 0 + 0 + 1$$

$$= (57)_{10}$$

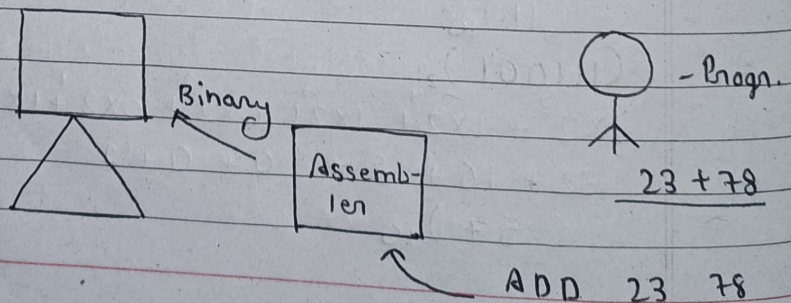
$$\begin{aligned}
 &\Rightarrow 10011011 \\
 &\Rightarrow 1 \times 2^7 + 0 \times 2^6 + 0 \times 2^5 + 1 \times 2^4 + 1 \times 2^3 + 0 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0 \\
 &\Rightarrow 128 + 0 + 0 + 16 + 8 + 0 + 2 + 1 \\
 &= (255)_{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

* Octa Number System:
 $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$

* Hexa Decimal Number System:
 $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F\}$

	0		0 → OFF	
	1	Bulb	0 → OFF	
	2		0 → OFF	
	3		0 → OFF	
Max	4	Max	0 → OFF	So,
10 No.	5	2 ¹⁰	0 → OFF	0000001101
	6		0 → OFF	↓
	7		0 → OFF	13
	8		0 → OFF	
	9		0 → OFF	

* Moore Law:
 \Rightarrow In Every 2 year, the capacity of transistor will double.



⇒ Now, High level language came.

	M/C	Assembly	HLL
Speed	>>	>>	

Data

Store / Fetch

└	, Space	↓
└	, Time	↓

⇒ So, we store anything in proper structure then we can access it in less time and also it takes less space.

⇒ So, here comes the use of DSA.