Lab 11

Requirements:

- Create a Java project named yourStudentId OOP Lab11
- Read instructions and create classes needed. You are supposed to add 1 interface and 5 classes (*Shape, Square, Circle, Triangle, Land* and *Tester*) to the project.
- All instance variables are private. Please use public methods to access private instance variables.

Description:

Nowadays, the land transaction is very common in the real world, and the total value of land often depends on the land area and the value per acre. In this question, it is assumed that the land area can be measured with squares, circles, and triangles. At the same time, each shape includes its area and perimeter calculation formula and the methods to access these results. In order to make the code more reusable, you should appreciate how interfaces can be used to decouple the classes. Therefore, by using the interface to assist the interaction between classes, you can use multiple shapes to calculate the land area. Figure 1 describes the relationship between each class or interface.

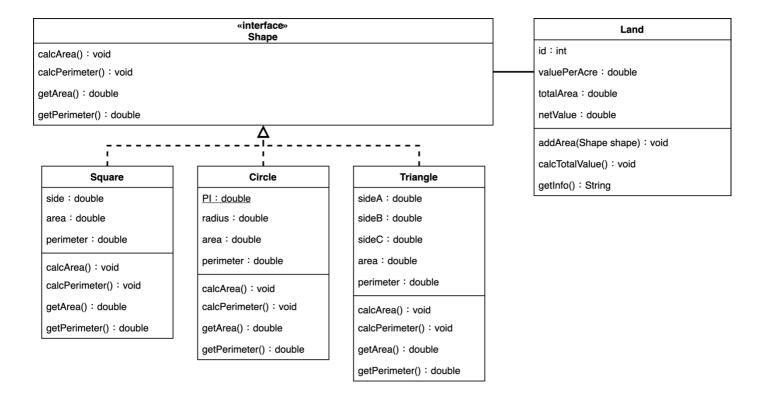


Figure 1. The UML diagram of the question

1. Create Shape class

Shape		
Modifier and type	Method (or Variable) and description	
Abstract methods		
void	calcArea()	
	The abstract method is used to calculate the area of a shape.	
void	calcPerimeter()	
	The abstract method is used to calculate the perimeter of a shape.	
double	getArea()	
	The abstract method is used to get the area of a shape.	
double	getPerimeter ()	
	The abstract method is used to get the perimeter of a shape.	

2. Create Square class

Square		
Modifier and type	Method (or Variable) and description	
Instance variable		
double	side	
	The side of the square.	
double	area	
	The area of the square.	
double	perimeter	
	The perimeter of the square.	
Constructor		
Square(double side)		
Enable to instantiate the object of <i>Square</i> with given <i>side</i> .		
Instance methods		
double	2 getter for 2 attributes (getArea(), getPerimeter()).	
void	calcArea	
	Override the <i>calcArea</i> method that interface required.	
void	calcPerimeter	
	Override the <i>calcPerimeter</i> method that interface required.	

3. Create *Circle* class

Circle		
Modifier and type	Method (or Variable) and description	
Instance variable		
double	PI	
	The instance variable is a final variable which cannot be changed.	
double	radius	
	The radius of the circle.	
double	area	
	The area of the circle.	
double	perimeter	
	The perimeter of the circle.	
Constructor		
Circle(double radius)		
Enable to instantiate the object of <i>Circle</i> with given <i>radius</i> and set <i>PI</i> as a constant of 3.14.		
Instance methods		
double	2 getter for 2 attributes (getArea(), getPerimeter()).	
void	calcArea()	
	Override the <i>calcArea</i> method that interface required.	
void	calcPerimeter()	
	Override the <i>calcPerimeter</i> method that interface required.	

4. Create *Triangle* class

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Triangle			
Modifier and type	Method (or Variable) and description		
Instance variable			
double	sideA		
	A side of the triangle.		
double	sideB		
	A side of the triangle.		
double	sideC		
	A side of the triangle.		
double	area		
	The area of the triangle.		

double	perimeter	
	The perimeter of the triangle.	
Constructor		
Triangle(double sideA, double sideB, double sideC)		
Enable to instantiate the object of <i>Triangle</i> with given three sides.		
Instance methods		
double	2 getter for 2 attributes (getArea(), getPerimeter()).	
void	calcArea()	
	Override the calcArea method that interface required. We suggest using Hero's	
	formula to calculate the area of a triangle when the length of all three sides are known.	
void	calcPerimeter()	
	Override the <i>calcPerimeter</i> method that interfaces required.	

5. Create *Land* class

Land		
Modifier and type	Method (or Variable) and description	
Instance variable		
int	id	
	The unique number of the land.	
double	valuePerAcre	
	The lot value per acre.	
double	totalArea	
	The total area.	
double	netValue	
	The value of land.	
Constructor		
Land(int id, double unitLandValue)		
Enable to instantiate the object of Land with given id and unitLandValue.		
Instance methods		
void	addArea(Shape shape)	
	Add the calculated area of the shape to totalArea.	
void	calcTotalValue()	
	Multiply the total land area by the unit value per acre and assign the calculated result	
	to the netValue.	

String getInfo()

Return land information as the following example. The result should be rounded off to the 2nd decimal place.

Example:

The area ID: 1

Value per acre: \$30000.00

Total area: 184.50

Total value: \$5535000.00

6. The *main* method in *Tester* class

In this section, you should create two instances of *Land* named *florida* and *indiana*. The value per acre of *florida* is US\$30,000 and is numbered as 1. The area is composed of a square with a side length of 10, a circle with a radius of 5, and a right triangle with sides 3, 4, and 5. Moreover, the value per acre of *indiana* is \$17,000 and the number is 2. The land area consists of a square with side length of 5, a circle with a radius of 7, and a regular triangle with a side length of 6. Then, call *calcTotalValue()* of each land to calculate the total value of the land. Finally, call and print the return value of *getInfo()* to the console. The result must be the same as the sample output.

Sample output

<<Florida>>

The area ID: 1

Value per acre: \$30000.00

Total area: 184.50

Total value: \$5535000.00

<<Indiana>>

The area ID: 2

Value per acre: \$17000.00

Total area: 194.45

Total value: \$3305623.77

Submission: Submit your project as ".zip file" via Moodle. No other submissions will be graded.

Reminder: Please zip the whole project

Deadline: Tomorrow's midnight (for both Mon56 and Tue23)