

# Is Something Wrong With MVC?

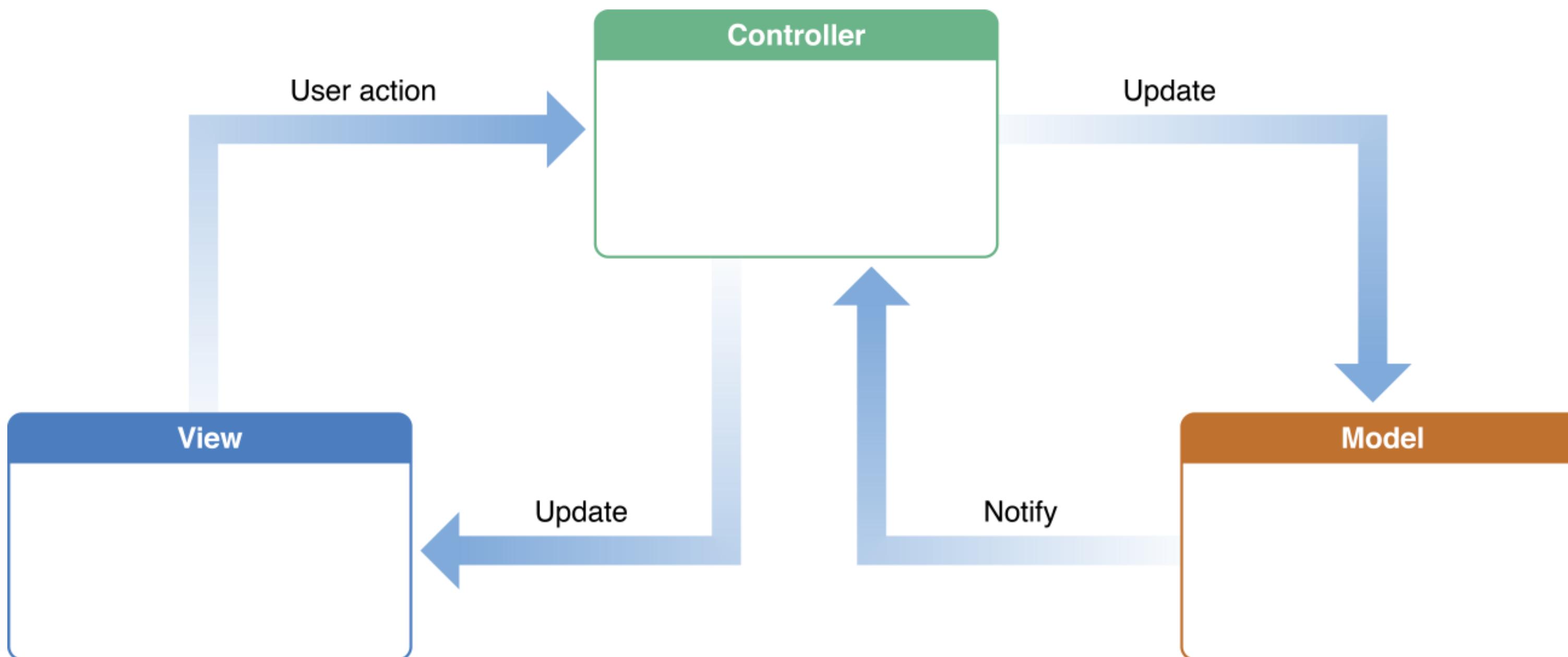
Swift Sofia Meetup

Ivelin Davidov

# Overview

- Brief history of MVC
- Issues
- Coordinators
- Other architectures

# MVC (Apple's version)



# MVC (community's version)

 **Colin Campbell**  
@Colin\_Campbell

iOS architecture, where MVC stands for Massive View Controller

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RETWEETS **375** LIKES **232**



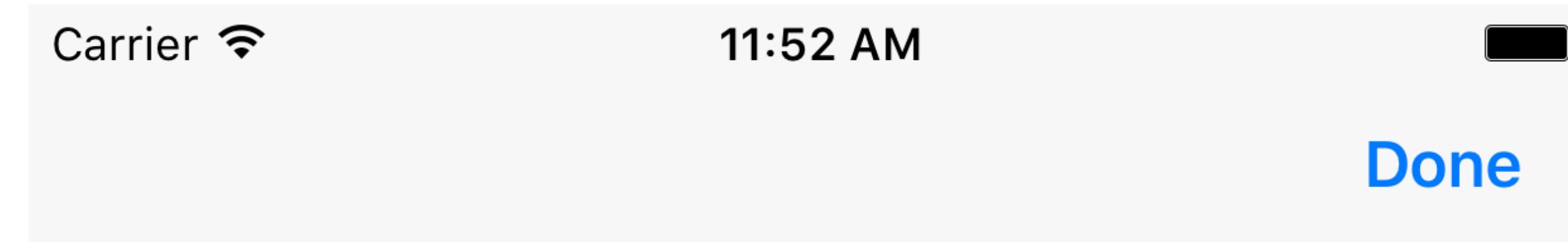
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UIViewControllers  
do  
many  
things

UIViewControllers  
do  
too  
many  
things

# BeerShoppingApp



Heineken

White Stork



Kentucky Bourban Stout



# Load data from a service

```
func loadBeers() {  
    BeerService.shared.loadBeers { (beers, error) in  
        self.beers = beers  
        self.tableView.reloadData()  
    }  
}
```

# Act as a DataSource

```
override func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, numberOfRowsInSection section: Int)
-> Int {
    return self.beers?.count ?? 0
}

override func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, cellForRowAt indexPath: IndexPath)
-> UITableViewCell {
    let cell = tableView.dequeueReusableCell(withIdentifier: "cellId")!
    if let beer = self.beers?[indexPath.row],
        let cell = cell as? BeerTableViewCell {
        self.configure(cell, for: beer)
    }
    return cell
}
```

# Configure some other view

```
func configure(_ cell: BeerTableViewCell, for beer: Beer) {  
    cell.textLabel?.text = beer.name  
    cell.selectionStyle = .none  
}
```

# Configure some other UIViewController

```
override func prepare(for segue: UIStoryboardSegue, sender: Any?) {  
    super.prepare(for: segue, sender: sender)  
  
    if let fillAddressViewController = segue.destination as FillAddressViewController {  
        let selectedBeers = self.selectedBeers()  
        fillAddressViewController.configure(with: selectedBeers)  
    }  
}
```

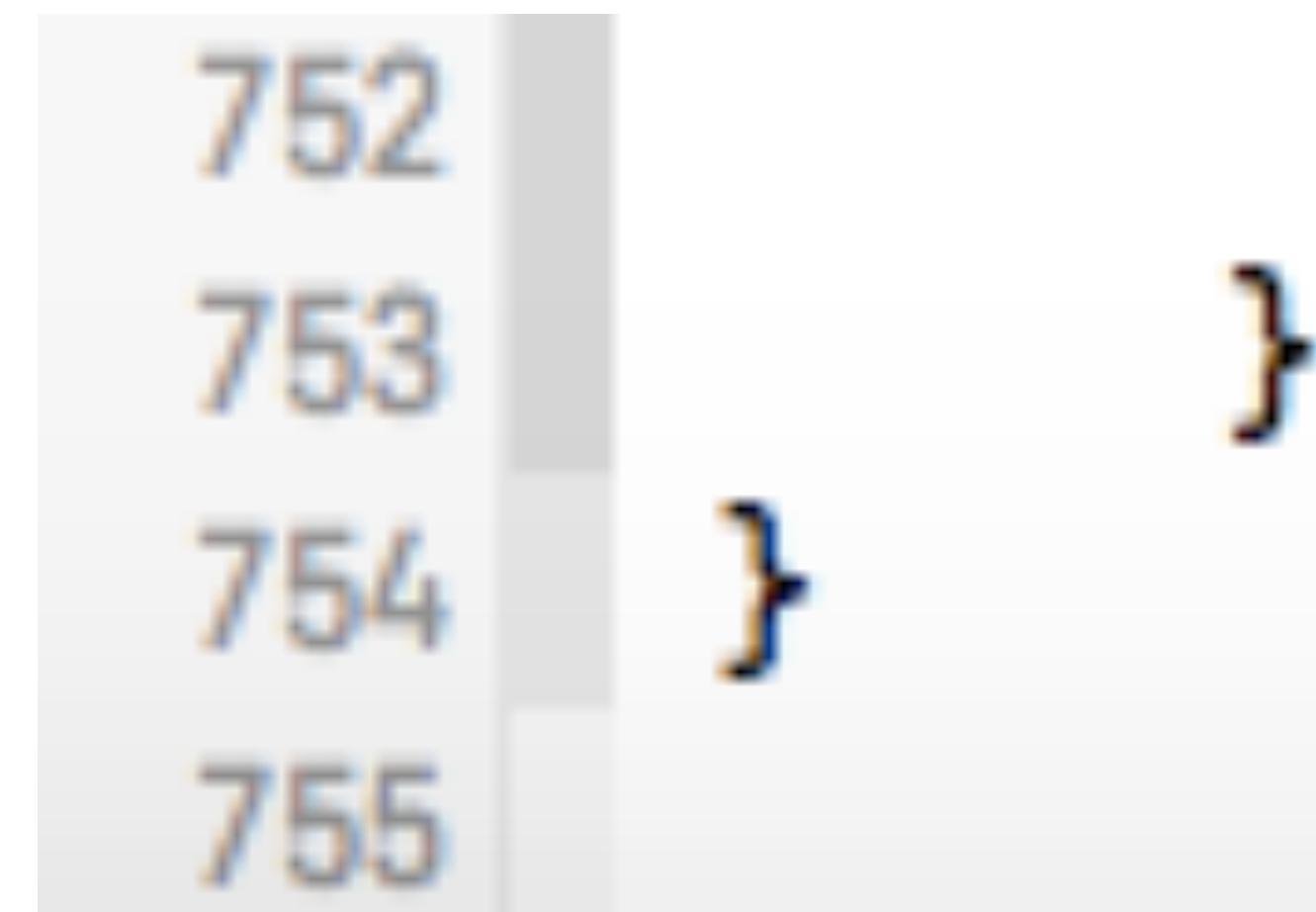
# UIViewControllerControllers do:

- Act as some other's view DataSource
- Do some fancy animations
- Save data to CoreData
- Handle user interactions

And you end up with something like

```
752
753           }
754       }
755
```

And you end up with something like



A screenshot of a code editor showing four lines of code. The lines are numbered 752, 753, 754, and 755. Lines 752 and 753 are mostly blank, while line 754 contains a closing brace '}' and line 755 is also mostly blank.

```
752  
753  
754 }  
755
```

At best!

Some of this is obviously bad code...

Some of this is obviously bad code...

but Apple show it in their documentation

# View code goes to in the View layer

```
extension BeerTableViewCell {
    func configure(for beer: Beer) {
        self.textLabel?.text = beer.name
        self.selectionStyle = .none
    }
}
```

# Data related logic goes in the Model layer

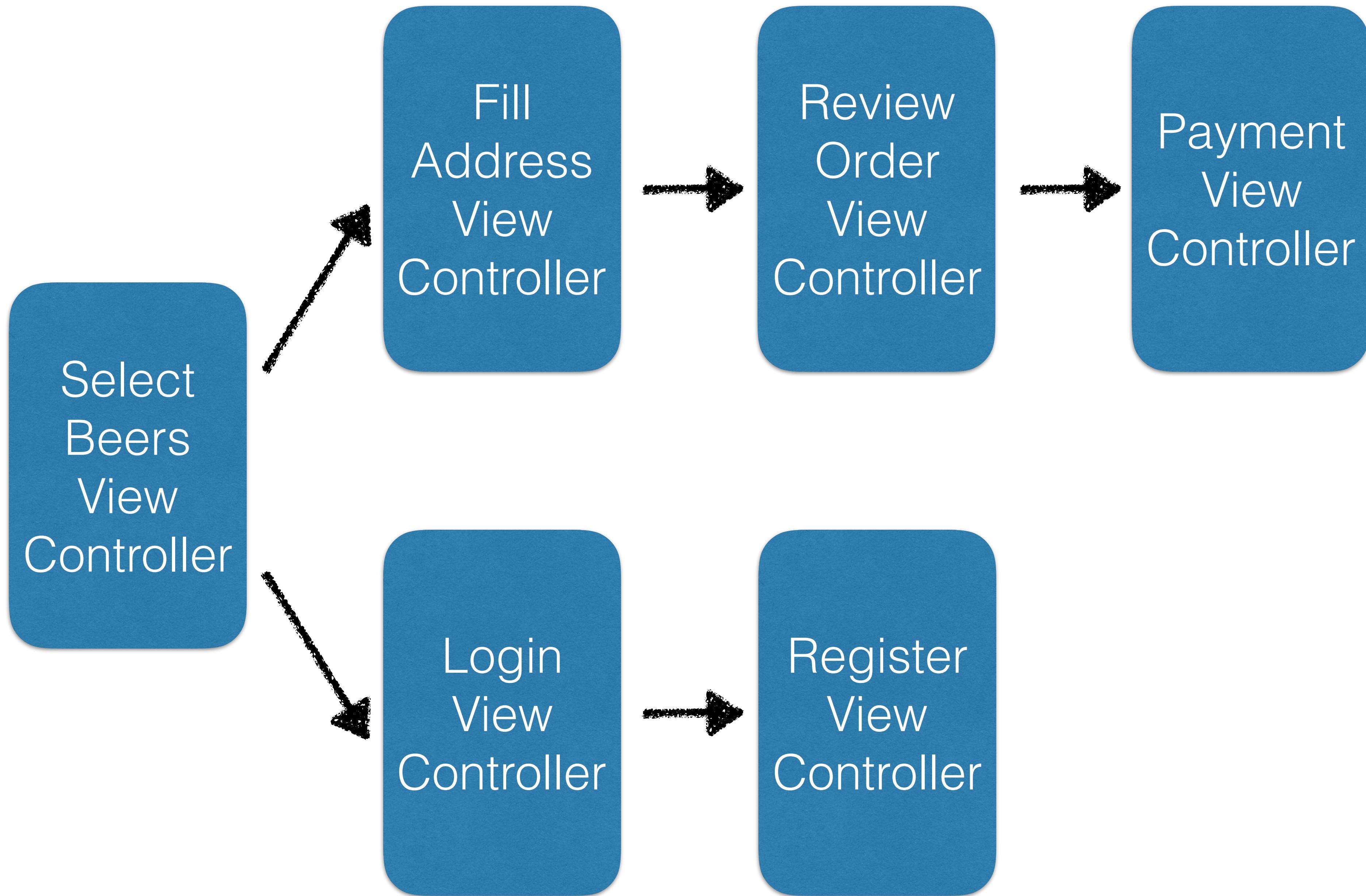
```
class BeersDataProvider {  
  
    private var beers: [Beer] = []  
  
    func loadBeers(completion: (Error?) -> Void) {  
        BeerService.shared.loadBeers { (beers, error) in  
            self.beers = beers ?? []  
            completion(error)  
        }  
    }  
  
    func number0fBeers() -> Int {  
        return self.beers.count  
    }  
  
    func beer(at indexPath: IndexPath) -> Beer {  
        return self.beers[indexPath.row]  
    }  
}
```

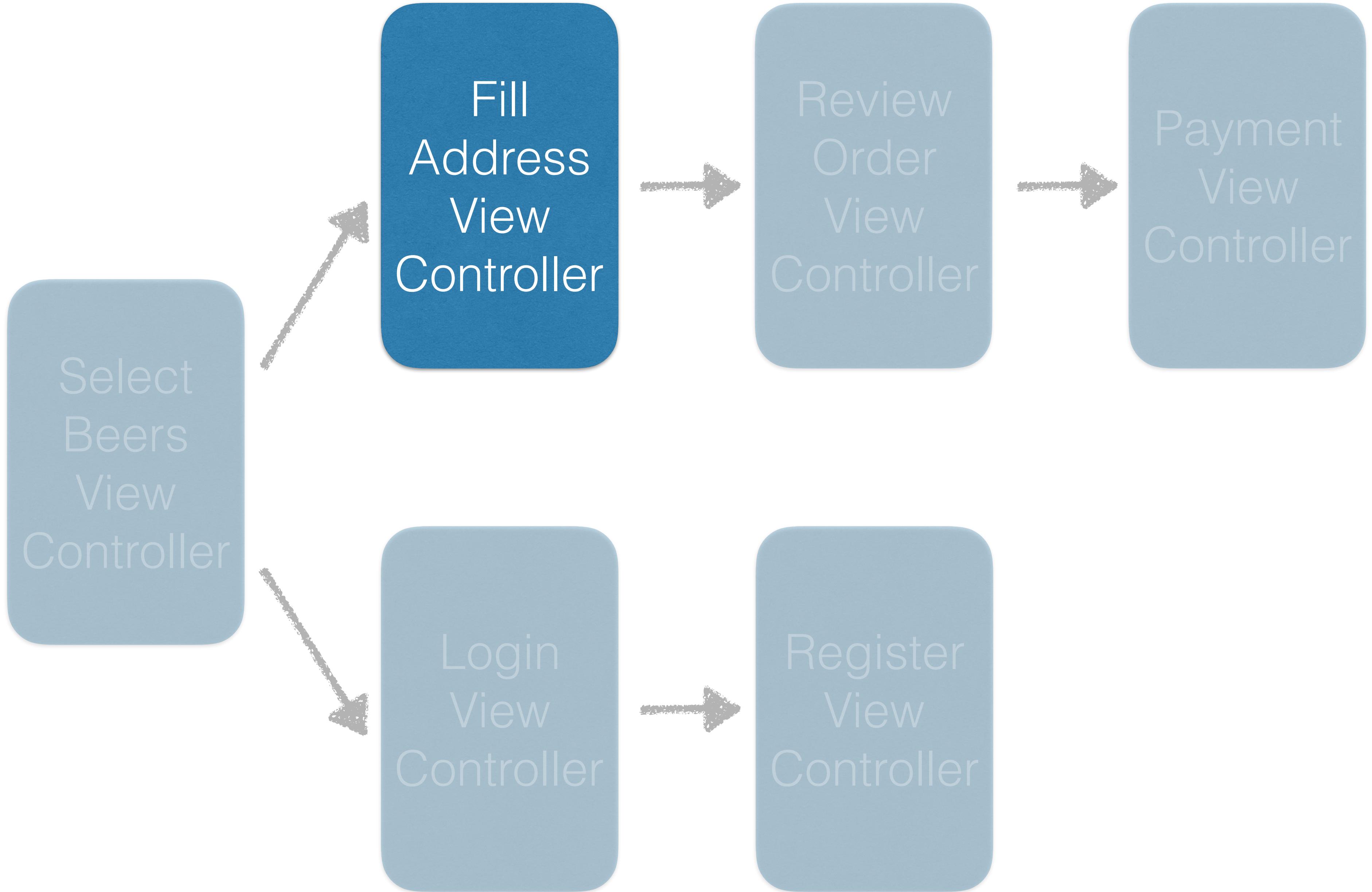
# Use a separate DataSource

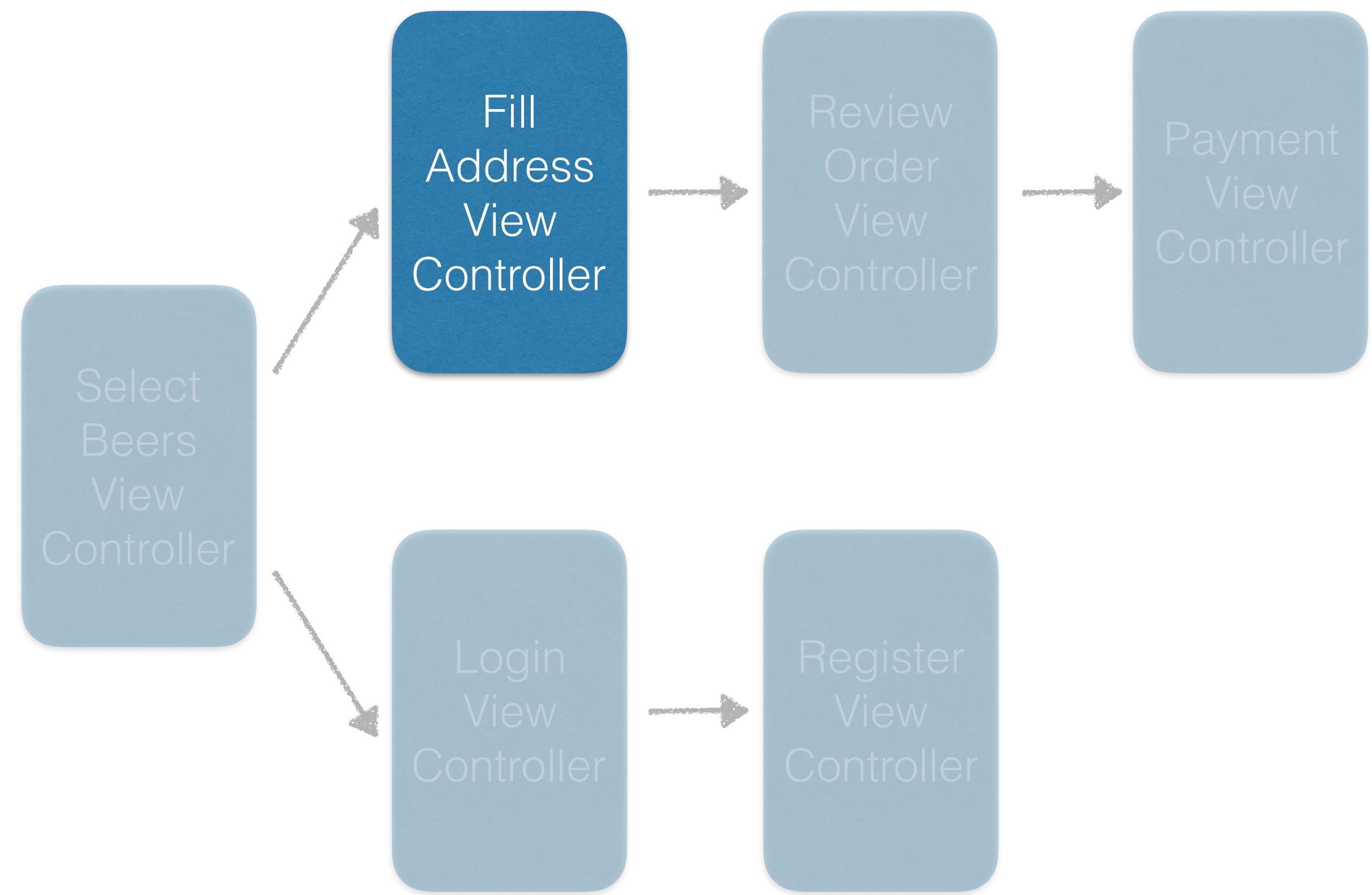
```
class BeersDataSource: NSObject, UITableViewDelegateDataSource {  
    ...  
  
    func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, numberOfRowsInSection section: Int) -> Int {  
        return self.dataProvider.numberOfBeers()  
    }  
  
    func tableView(_ tableView: UITableView, cellForRowAt indexPath: IndexPath) ->  
        UITableViewCell {  
  
        let cell = tableView.dequeueReusableCell(withIdentifier: "cellId")!  
  
        if let cell = cell as? BeerTableViewCell {  
            let beer = self.dataProvider.beer(at: indexPath)  
            cell.configure(for: beer)  
        }  
        return cell  
    }  
}
```

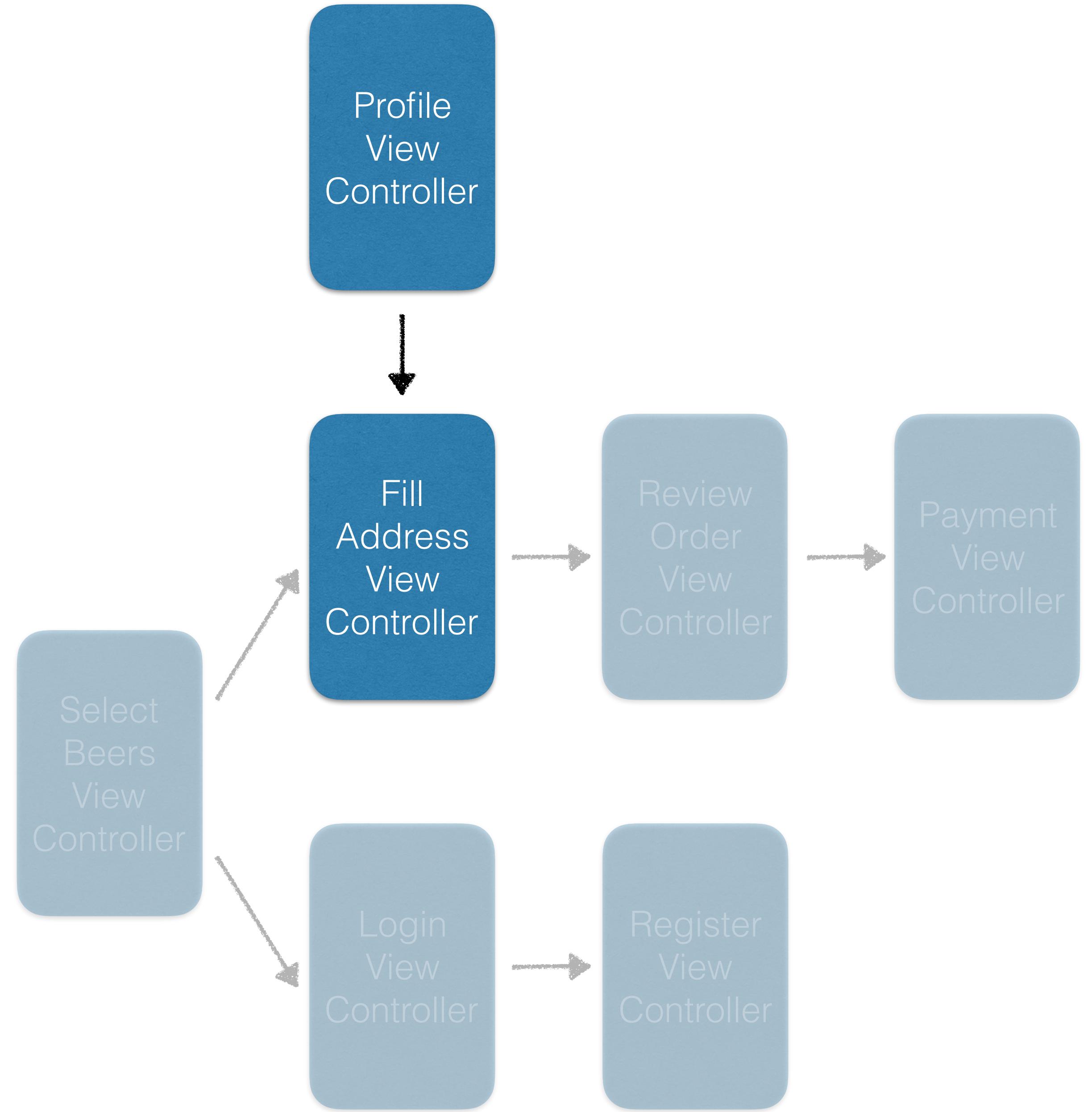
We've cleaned a bit,  
but we still have this

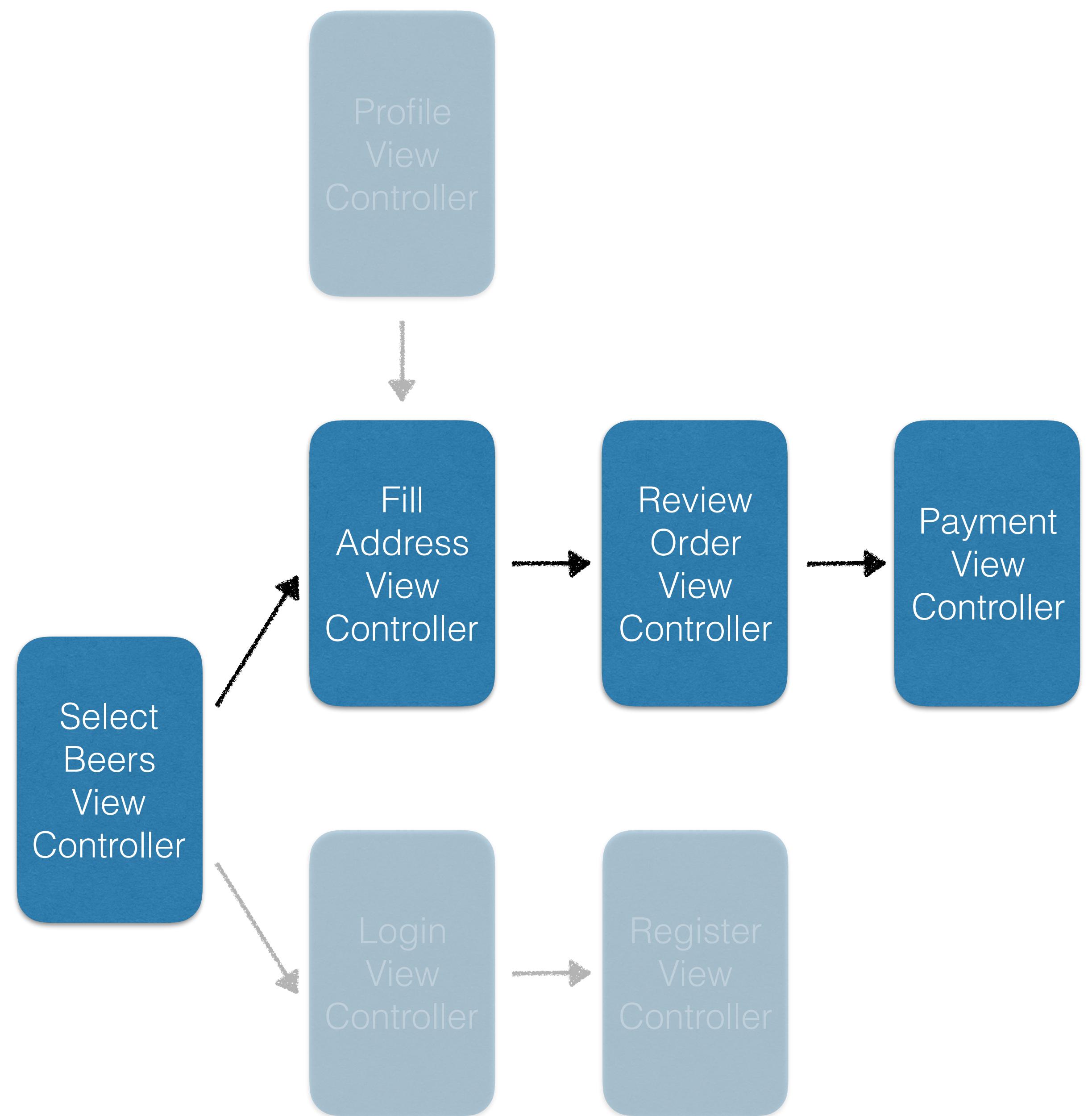
```
override func prepare(for segue: UIStoryboardSegue, sender: Any?) {  
    super.prepare(for: segue, sender: sender)  
  
    if let fillAddressViewController = segue.destination as? FillAddressViewController {  
        let selectedBeers = self.selectedBeers()  
        fillAddressViewController.configure(with: selectedBeers)  
    }  
}
```











Issue #1  
Navigation logic inside  
UIViewControllers makes  
them tightly coupled and  
hardly reusable

# How are dependencies resolved?

# How are dependencies resolved?

- Singletons

# Singletons

```
class SelectBeersViewController: UITableViewController {  
    ...  
    func didTapDoneButton(sender: UIBarButtonItem) {  
        let selectedBeers = self.selectedBeers()  
        SelectBeersManager.shared.selectBeers(selectedBeers)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

# Singletons

```
class SelectBeersViewController: UITableViewController {  
    ...  
    func didTapDoneButton(sender: UIBarButtonItem) {  
        let selectedBeers = self.selectedBeers()  
        SelectBeersManager.shared.selectBeers(selectedBeers)  
    }  
    ...  
}  
  
class ReviewOrderViewController: UIViewController {  
    ...  
    func getSelectedBeers() -> [Beer] {  
        return SelectBeersManager.shared.selectBeers(selectedBeers)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

# How are dependencies resolved?

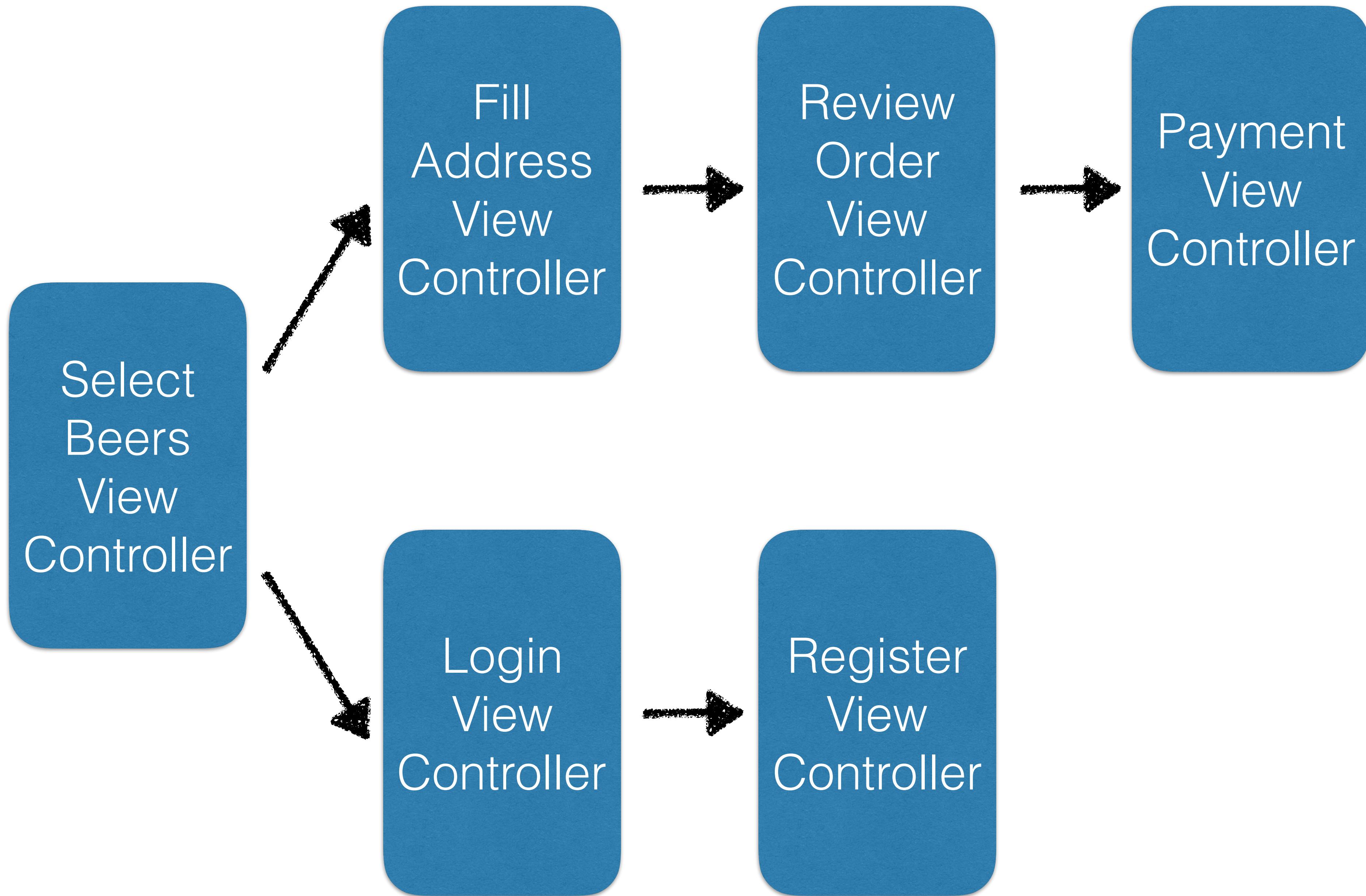
- Singletons
- AppDelegate is used as a container for dependencies

# Misusing AppDelegate

```
if let selectBeersViewController = segue.destination as? SelectBeersViewController {  
    let appDelegate = UIApplication.shared.delegate as! AppDelegate  
    let dataSource = appDelegate.getSelectBeersDataSource()  
  
    selectBeersViewController.dataSource = dataSource  
}
```

# How are dependencies resolved?

- Singletons
- AppDelegate is used as a container for dependencies
- Every UIViewController know about other's dependencies



Issue #2

Navigation logic inside  
UIViewController makes  
application flow hard to change  
and  
dependency injection a burden

# Issue #1 and Issue #2

- Navigation logic inside UIViewControllers makes them tightly coupled and hardly reusable
- Navigation logic inside UIViewControllers makes application flow hard to change and dependency injection a burden

# Coordinators

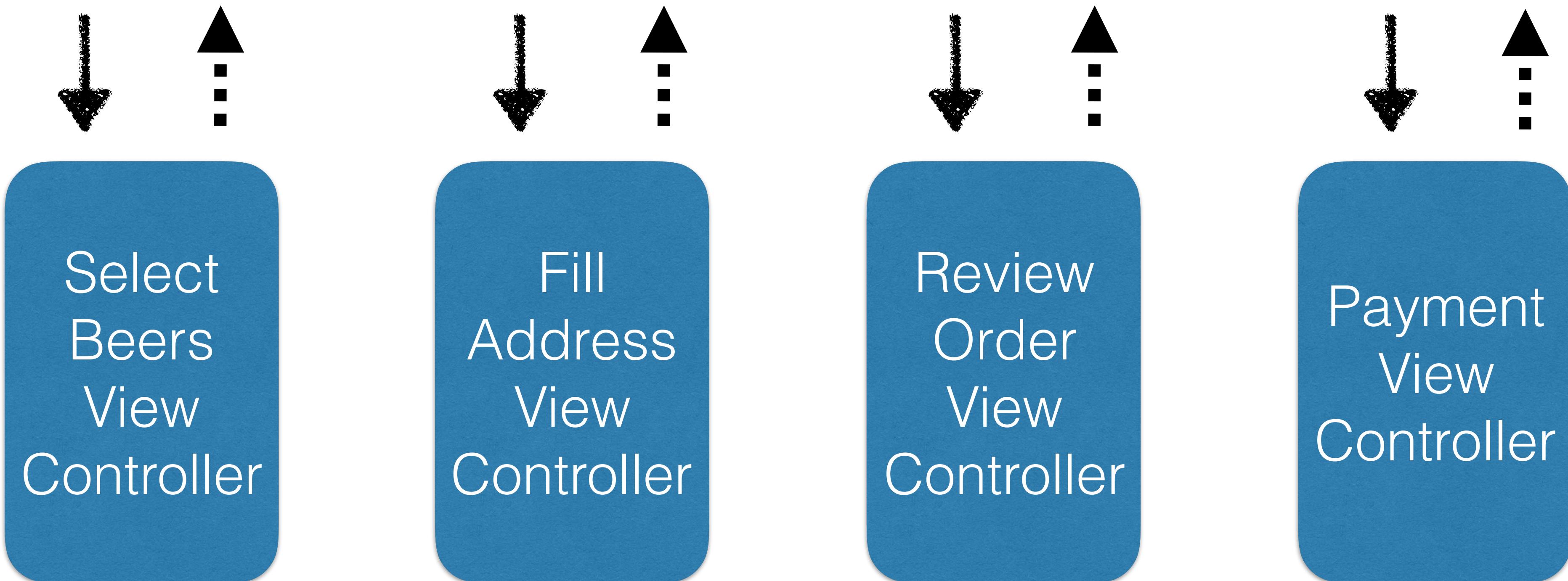
# Coordinators

- Manage the application flow

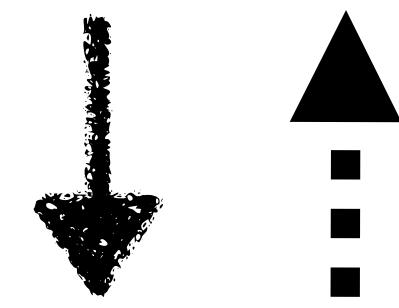
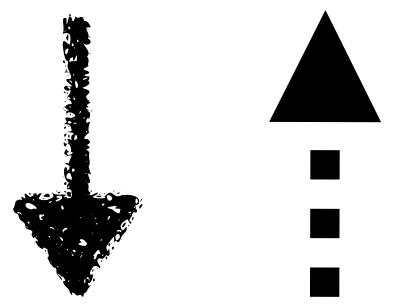
# Coordinators

- Manage the application flow
- Act as dependency injection container

## BuyBeersCoordinator

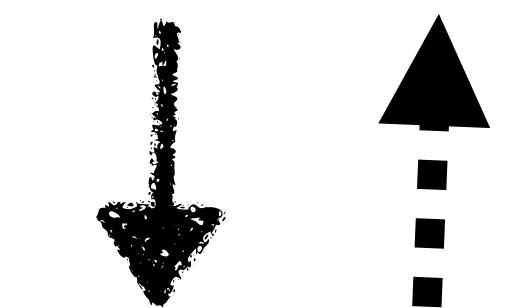


ApplicationCoordinator

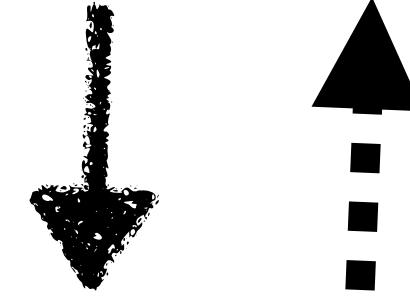


Login  
Coordinator

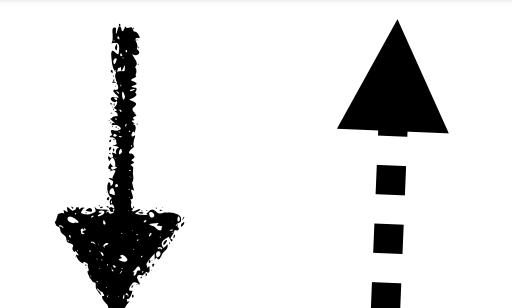
MainScreenCoordinator



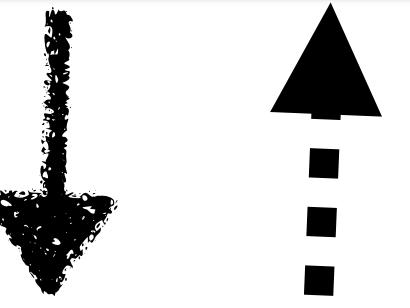
BuyBeers  
Coordinator



EditProfile  
Coordinator



FillAddress  
Coordinator



FillAddress  
Coordinator

# Coordinators source code

```
func application(_ application: UIApplication, didFinishLaunchingWithOptions launchOptions: [UIApplicationLaunchOptionsKey: Any]?) -> Bool {  
    let navigationController = UINavigationController()  
  
    self.applicationCoordinator = ApplicationCoordinator(navigationController:  
        navigationController)  
    self.applicationCoordinator.start()  
  
    self.window = UIWindow(frame: UIScreen.main.bounds)  
    self.window!.rootViewController = navigationController  
    self.window!.makeKeyAndVisible()  
  
    return true  
}
```

# Coordinators source code (2)

```
class ApplicationCoordinator {

    private weak var navigationController: UINavigationController!

    private var childViewCoordinators: [String : Coordinator] = [:]

    init(navigationController: UINavigationController) {
        self.navigationController = navigationController
    }

    func start() {
        if self.isUserLoggedIn() {
            self.showMainScreen()
        } else {
            self.showLogin()
        }
    }
}

...
```

# Coordinators source code (3)

```
class ApplicationCoordinator {  
    ...  
    private func showMainScreen() {  
        let coordinator = MainScreenCoordinator(navigationController:  
            self.navigationController)  
  
        coordinator.start()  
  
        let key = String(describing: coordinator.self)  
        self.childViewCoordinators[key] = coordinator  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

# Coordinators source code (2)

```
class BuyBeersCoordinator {  
    ...  
    private func showBeerList() {  
        let dataProvider = BeersDataProvider()  
        let dataSource = BeersDataSource(dataProvider: dataProvider)  
        let controller = SelectBeersViewController(dataProvider: dataProvider,  
            dataSource: dataSource)  
  
        controller.delegate = self  
  
        let navigationController = self.initializeINavigationController()  
        navigationController.addChildViewController(controller)  
  
        self.presentNavController()  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

# Coordinators source code (2)

```
extension BuyBeersCoordinator: SelectBeersViewControllerDelegate {  
    ...  
    func didSelectBeers(controller: SelectBeersViewController, selectedBeers: [Beer]) {  
        self.selectedBeers = selectedBeers  
        self.showFillAddress()  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

# Coordinators source code (2)

```
class BuyBeersCoordinator {  
    ...  
    private func showFillAddress() {  
        let dataProvider = FillAddressDataProvider()  
        let dataSource = FillAddressDataSource(dataProvider: dataProvider)  
        let validator = FillAddressValidator()  
  
        let controller = FillAddressViewController(dataSource: dataSource,  
            dataProvider: dataProvider, validator: validator)  
  
        controller.delegate = self  
        self.navigationController.pushViewController(controller, animated: true)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

# Coordinators source code (2)

```
extension BuyBeersCoordinator: FillAddressViewControllerDelegate {  
    ...  
    func didFinishedFillingAddress(address: FilledAddress) {  
        self.address = address  
        self.finishBuyBeersFlow()  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

# Coordinators source code (2)

```
class BuyBeersCoordinator {  
    ...  
    private func finishBuyBeersFlow() {  
        //TODO: Write actual implementation for next Swift Sofia Meetup :)  
        print("Did bought \(self.selectedBeers) for address \(self.address)")  
        self.parentNavigationController.dismiss(animated: true, completion: nil)  
        self.delegate?.didFinishBuyingBeers(coordinator: self)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

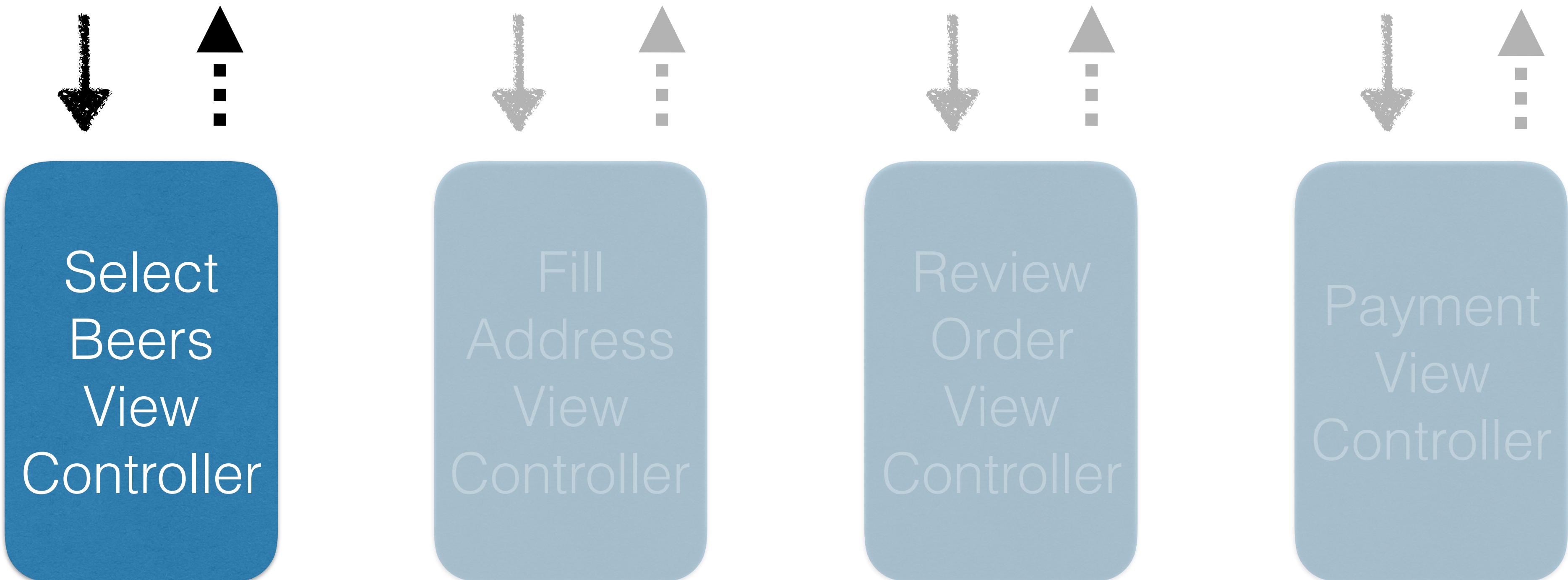
# Coordinators source code (2)

```
extension MainScreenCoordinator : BuyBeersCoordinatorDelegate {  
    func didFinishBuyingBeers(coordinator: BuyBeersCoordinator) {  
        let key = String(describing: coordinator.self)  
        self.childViewCoordinators.removeValue(forKey: key)  
    }  
}
```

# Coordinators

- Make UIViewControllers independent and reusable

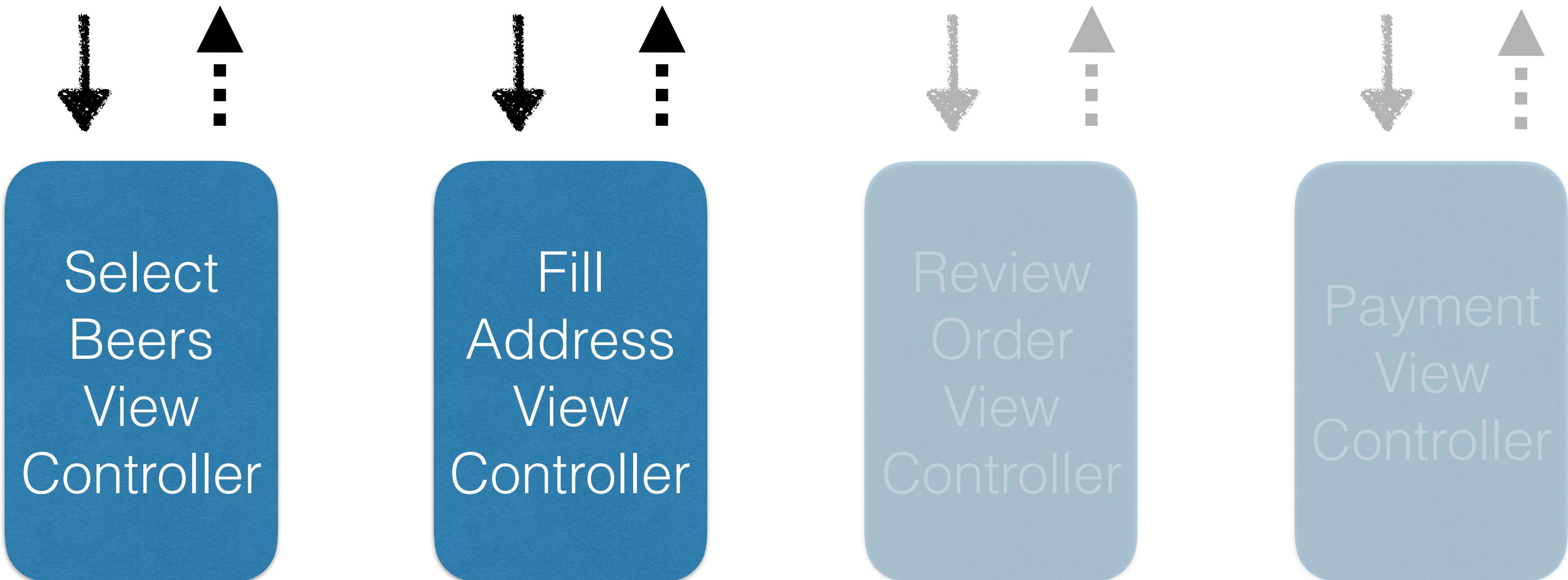
# BuyBeersCoordinator



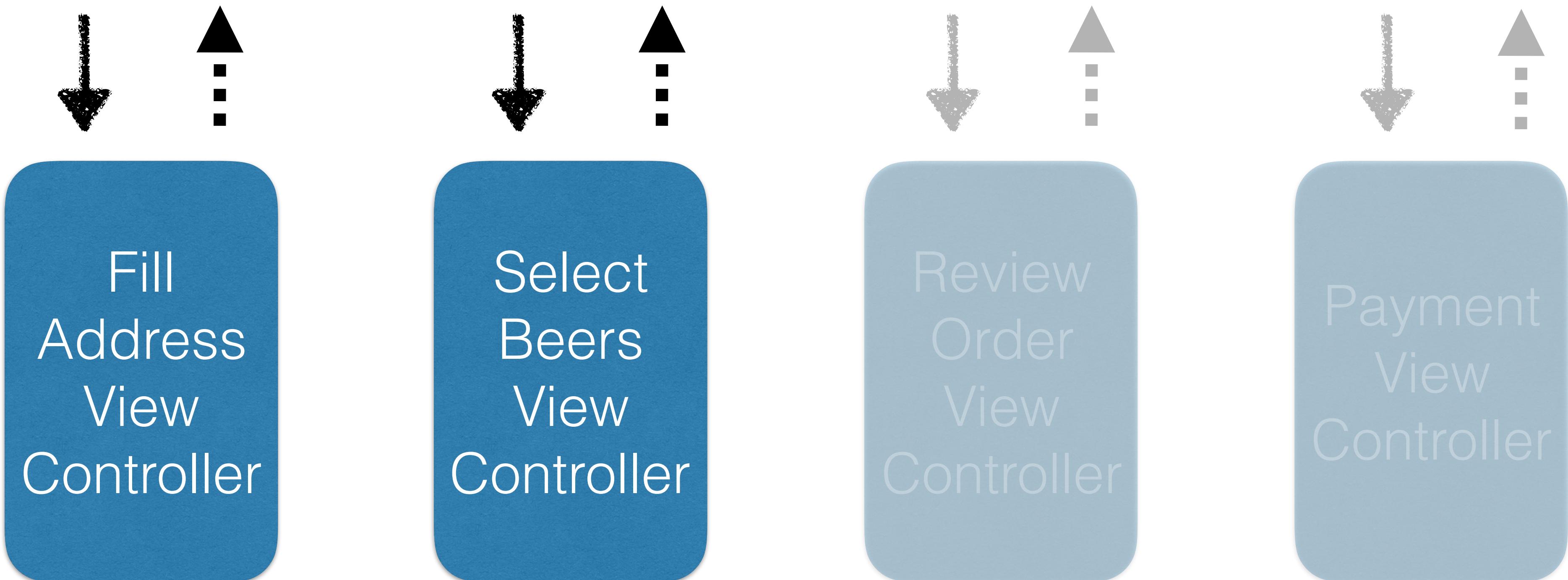
# Coordinators

- Make UIViewControllers independent and reusable
- Give us flexibility with application flow

# BuyBeersCoordinator



# BuyBeersCoordinator



# Coordinators

- Make UIViewControllers independent and reusable
- Give us flexibility with application flow
- Allow us to use dependency injection with an ease

# Dependency Injection with Coordinators

```
private func showSelectBeersList() {  
    let dataProvider = BeersDataProvider()  
    let dataSource = BeersDataSource(dataProvider: dataProvider)  
    let vc = SelectBeersViewController(dataProvider: dataProvider, dataSource:  
        dataSource)  
  
    vc.delegate = self  
  
    self.navigationController.pushViewController(vc, animated: true)  
}
```

# Coordinators

- Make UIViewControllers independent and reusable
- Give us flexibility with application flow
- Allow us to use dependency injection with an ease
- Flow Controllers, Presenting Controllers, etc

# Coordinators

- Make UIViewControllers independent and reusable
- Give us flexibility with application flow
- Allow us to use dependency injection with an ease
- Flow Controllers, Presenting Controllers, etc
- Soroush Khanlou - Coordinators Redux

Aren't Storyboards the  
same thing?

# Aren't Storyboards the same thing?

- Storyboards define application flow

# Aren't Storyboards the same thing?

- Storyboards define application flow
- Can inject dependencies

Storyboards have  
significant flaws

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- They make view code hard to reuse

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- They make view code hard to modify at runtime

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- Code reviews are close to impossible

# Storyboards have significant flaws

- They make view code hard to reuse
- They make view code hard to modify at runtime
- They fail at runtime not at compile time
- Code reviews are close to impossible
- Merge conflicts can be really hard

# Storyboards have significant flaws (2)

- They can only kind of inject dependencies

# Storyboards have significant flaws (2)

- They can only kind of inject dependencies
- They are slow

# Storyboards have significant flaws (2)

- They can only kind of inject dependencies
- They are slow
- They are out of your control

# Storyboards have significant flaws (2)

- They can only kind of inject dependencies
- They are slow
- They are out of your control
- They change every single time you open them @!#@!#

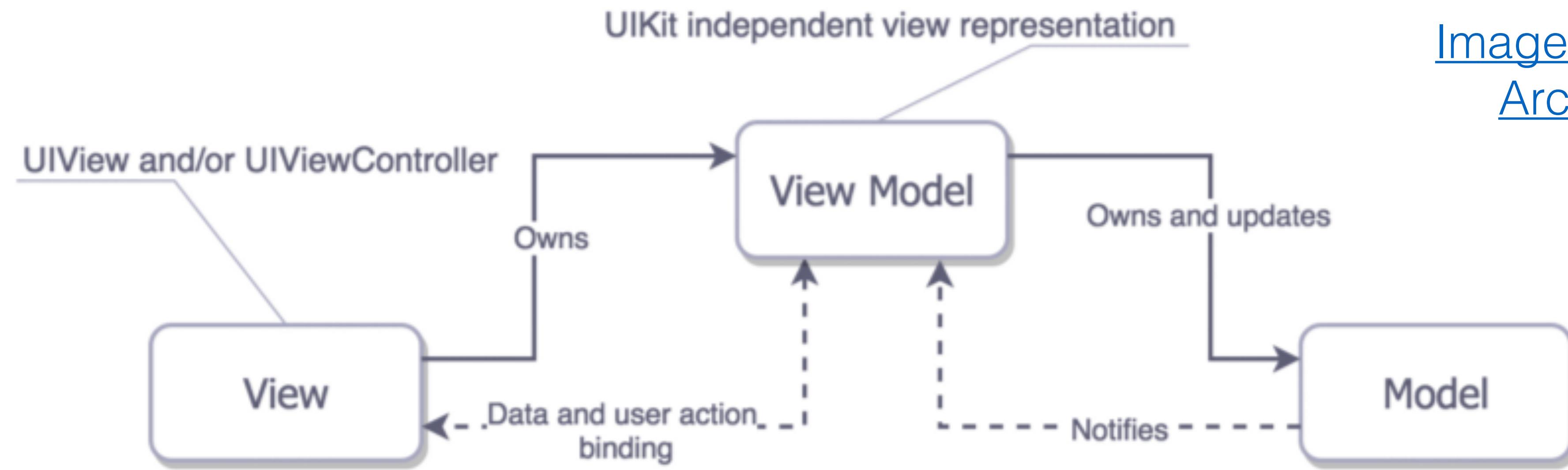
Storyboards make easy  
tasks easier and hard  
tasks harder

If you still want to use  
Storyboards with  
Coordinators

<http://www.apokrupto.com/blog-1/2016/3/17/coordinators-with>

What about other  
architectural patterns?

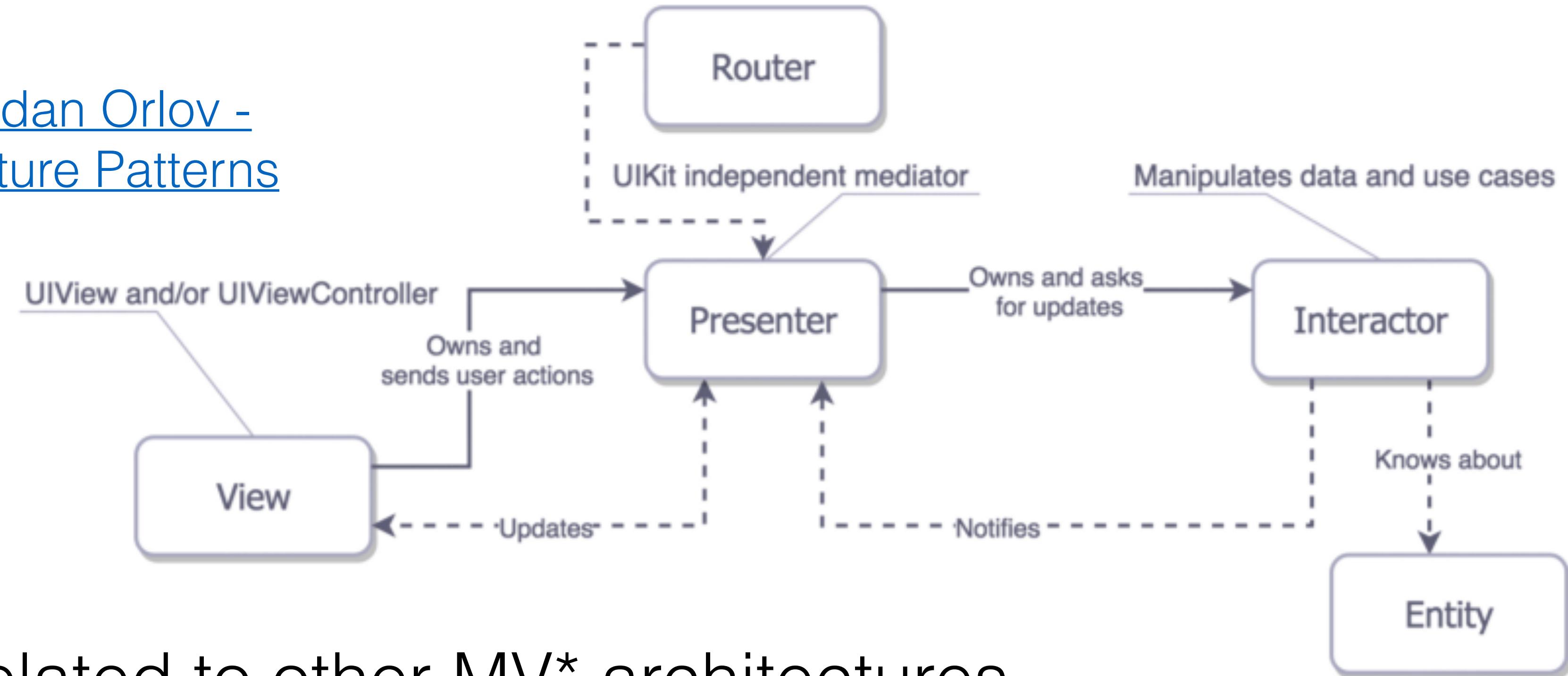
MVVVM



- Adds a ViewModel layer
- ViewModels are view representations that contain no reference to UIKit
- UIViewControllers are treated as part of the View layer
- Data binding if we use a third party functional reactive framework
- Doesn't solve the application flow issue

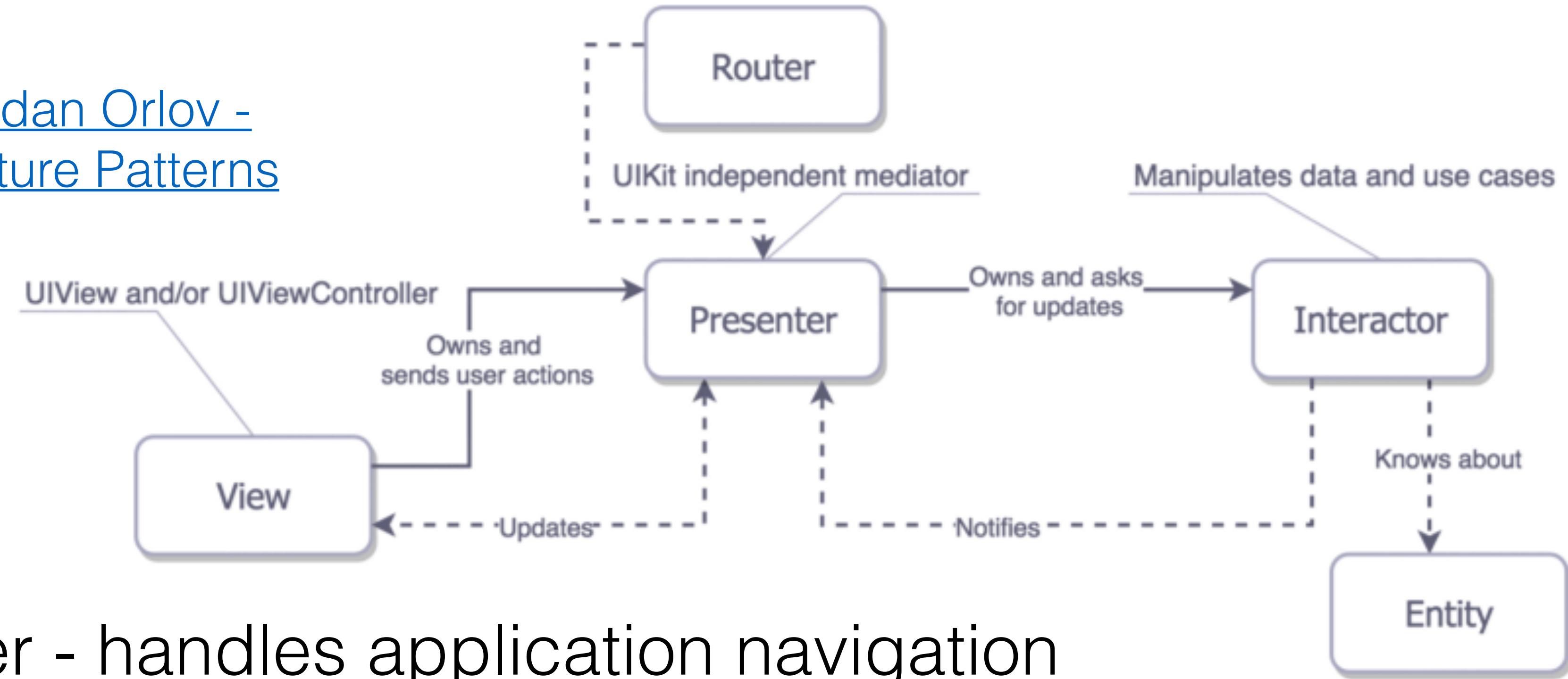
VIPER

[Image: Bohdan Orlov -](#)  
[iOS Architecture Patterns](#)



- Not related to other MV\* architectures
- Implementation of Uncle Bob's [Clean Architecture](#)
- Five layers

[Image: Bohdan Orlov -  
iOS Architecture Patterns](#)



- Router - handles application navigation
- Entity - plain data objects
- Interactor - business logic and networking
- Presenter - prepares data to be displayed by the View
- View - includes both UIViews and UIViewController

# Is something wrong with MVC?

- We can do better job by making smaller UIViewControllers
  - Put logic in the layer it belongs
  - Use composition to separate concerns
  - [Lighter View Controllers](#)

# Is something wrong with MVC?

- We can do better job by making smaller UIViewControllers
  - Put logic in the layer it belongs
  - Use composition to separate concerns
  - [Lighter View Controllers](#)
- Coordinators can help by moving the application flow in a separate layer
  - Makes navigation more flexible
  - Help us with dependency injection
  - [Coordinators Redux](#)

# Is something wrong with MVC?

- Other architectures solve some problems MVC has
  - 3rd party framework is required
  - New paradigms are used
  - Can be too much for smaller projects

# Is something wrong with MVC?

- Other architectures solve some problems MVC has
  - 3rd party framework is required
  - New paradigms are used
  - Can be too much for smaller projects
    - Are there small projects really?

# Is something wrong with MVC?

- Other architectures solve some problems MVC has
  - 3rd party framework is required
  - New paradigms are used
  - Can be too much for smaller projects
    - Are there small projects really?
- Always use common sense

Questions?

Thank you!

Let's have some

