MongoDB Lab - Advanced Functions for Beginners

MongoDB Advanced Functions (Beginner Friendly)

3. Projection (Return selected fields only)

1. Query Operators Find documents with age greater than 18: db.students.find({ age: { \$gt: 18 } }) Find students with age between 18 and 21: db.students.find({ age: { \$gte: 18, \$lte: 21 } }) Find students with grade A or B: db.students.find({ grade: { \$in: ["A", "B"] } }) 2. Sorting and Limiting -----Sort students by age ascending: db.students.find().sort({ age: 1 }) Sort by age descending: db.students.find().sort({ age: -1 }) Limit results to 2 documents: db.students.find().limit(2)

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Return only name and age (hide _id):
db.students.find({}, { name: 1, age: 1, _id: 0 })
4. Aggregation Framework
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Count number of students per grade:
db.students.aggregate([
 { $group: { _id: "$grade", count: { $sum: 1 } } }
])
Average age of students:
db.students.aggregate([
 { $group: { _id: null, averageAge: { $avg: "$age" } } }
])
5. Indexing
Create an index on name field:
db.students.createIndex({ name: 1 })
View all indexes:
db.students.getIndexes()
6. Embedded Documents and Arrays
Insert document with embedded address:
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db.students.insertOne({
 name: "Sita",
 age: 22,
 address: { city: "Delhi", zip: "110001" }
})
Query on embedded field:
db.students.find({ "address.city": "Delhi" })
Insert with array of subjects:
db.students.insertOne({
 name: "Ram",
 subjects: ["Math", "English", "Science"]
})
Query students taking "Math":
db.students.find({ subjects: "Math" })
7. Count Documents
Total documents in collection:
db.students.countDocuments({})
Count documents with grade A:
db.students.countDocuments({ grade: "A" })
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8. Rename Field

Rename field 'grade' to 'performance':
<pre>db.students.updateMany({}, { \$rename: { "grade": "performance" } })</pre>
9. Backup & Restore (from system command line)
Backup:
mongodumpdb=schoolout=C:\backup\school
Restore:
mongorestoredb=school C:\backup\school