

// Segment Tree Lazy Propagation**// (l, r) : tree segment, (x, y) : update segment**

vector<pair<ull, ull> > tree;

void update(ll pos, ll l, ll r, ll x, ll y, ll val) {

if(y < l || x > r)

return;

if(x <= l && r <= y) {

// Tree segment in update segment

tree[pos].fi += (r-l+1)*val;

tree[pos].se += val;

// Propagate

return;

}

ll mid = (l+r)/2LL;

update(pos*2LL, l, mid, x, y, val);

update(pos*2LL + 1, mid+1, r, x, y, val);

tree[pos].fi = tree[pos*2].fi + tree[pos*2+1].fi + (r-l+1)*tree[pos].se;

}

ll query(ll pos, ll l, ll r, ll x, ll y, ll carry) {

// Pass propagate value through carry

if(y < l || x > r)

return 0;

if(x <= l && r <= y)

return tree[pos].fi + (carry * (r-l+1));

ll mid = (l+r)/2LL;

ll lft = query(pos*2LL, l, mid, x, y, carry + tree[pos].se);

ll rht = query(pos*2LL + 1, mid+1, r, x, y, carry + tree[pos].se);

return lft + rht;

}

// SPOJ GSS3 - Can you answer these queries III**// Segment Tree (Range Maximum Sum, Query, Update)**

struct node {

ll sum, prefix, suffix, ans;

node(ll val = 0) {

sum = prefix = suffix = ans = val;

}

void merge(node left, node right) {

sum = left.sum + right.sum;

prefix = max(left.prefix, left.sum+right.prefix);

suffix = max(right.suffix, right.sum+left.suffix);

ans = max(left.ans, max(right.ans, left.suffix+right.prefix));

}

};

node tree[201000];

ll v[50010];

void init(int pos, int l, int r) {

// Call with init(1, 1, value_len)

if(l == r) {

tree[pos] = node(v[l]);

return;

}

int mid = (l+r)/2;

init(pos*2, l, mid);

init(pos*2+1, mid+1, r);

```

    tree[pos] = node(-INF);
    tree[pos].merge(tree[pos*2], tree[pos*2+1]);
}

```

```

void update(int pos, int l, int r, int x, int val) {
    if(l == r && l == x) {
        tree[pos] = node(val);
        return;
    }
    if(x < l || r < x)
        return;
    int mid = (l+r)/2;
    update(pos*2, l, mid, x, val);
    update(pos*2+1, mid+1, r, x, val);
    tree[pos] = node(-INF);
    tree[pos].merge(tree[pos*2], tree[pos*2+1]);
}

```

```

node query(int pos, int l, int r, int x, int y) {
    if(r < x || y < l)
        return node(-INF);
    if(x <= l && r <= y)
        return tree[pos];
    int mid = (l+r)/2;
    node lft = query(pos*2, l, mid, x, y);
    node rht = query(pos*2+1, mid+1, r, x, y);
    node parent = node(-INF);
    parent.merge(lft, rht);
    return parent;
}

```

// 1D Fenwick Tree

```

long long tree[100010];
int MaxVal;

```

```

void update(int idx, int val) {
    while(idx <= MaxVal) {
        tree[idx] += val;
        idx += (idx & -idx);
    }
}

```

```

long long read(int idx) {
    long long sum = 0;
    while(idx > 0) {
        sum += tree[idx];
        idx -= (idx & -idx);
    }
    return sum;
}

```

```

long long readSingle(int idx) {
    long long sum = tree[idx];
    if(idx > 0) {

```

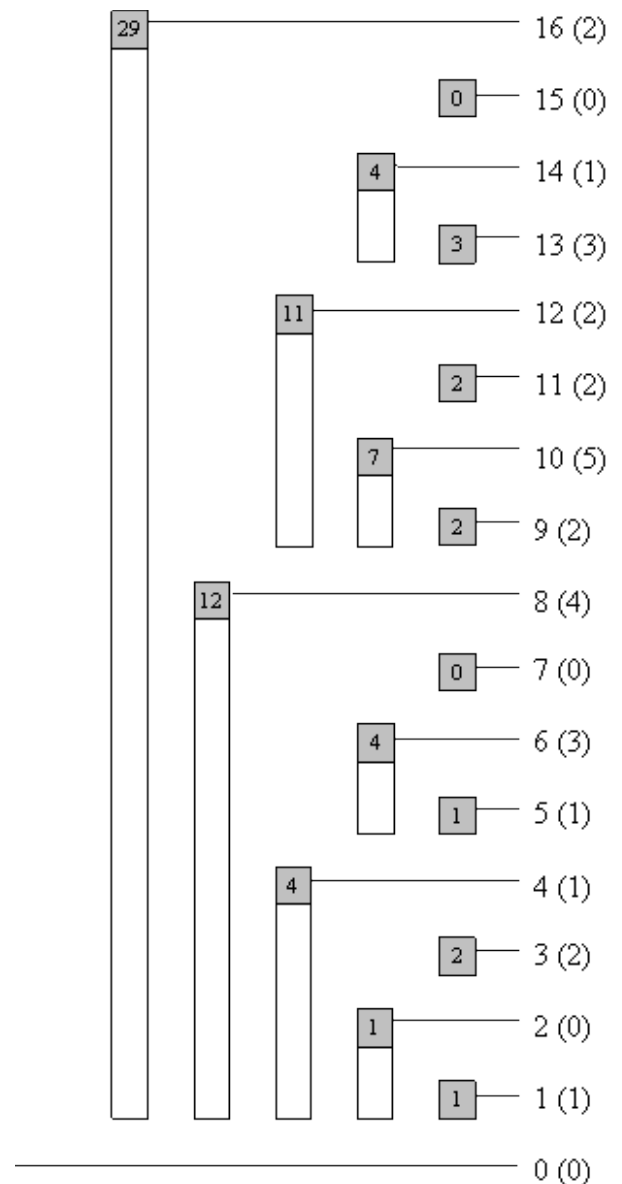


Fig: Fenwick Tree with values

```

        int z = idx - (idx & -idx);
        --idx;
        while(idx != z) {
            sum -= tree[idx];
            idx -= (idx & -idx);
        }
    }
    return sum;
}

```

// Tested Version

// Complexity : LogN

```

int binarySearch(int cSum) {
    int idx = 0, tIdx;
    int bitmask = highBitMaxVal;
    while(bitmask != 0 && idx < MaxVal) {
        tIdx = idx + bitmask;
        if(cSum == tree[tIdx])
            return tIdx;
        if(cSum > tree[tIdx]) {
            idx = tIdx;
            cSum -= tree[tIdx];
        }
        bitmask >>= 1;
    }
    if(cSum != 0)
        return -1;
    else
        return idx;
}

```

// Binary search for the cumulative sum
// Returns the greater index if value is present more than once

// Complexity : (logN)²

```

int binarySearch(int k) {
    int low = 0, high = MaxVal, mid;
    while(high - low > 1) {
        mid = (low + high) >> 1;
        if(read(mid) >= k)
            high = mid;
        else
            low = mid;
    }
    return high;
}

```

// Trustworthy Binary Search (Tested)

// 2D Fenwick Tree

long long tree[1010][1010];

int xMax = 1001, yMax = 1001;

```

void update(int x, int y, int val) {
    int y1;
    while(x <= xMax) {
        y1 = y;

```

// Updates from min point to max point

```

        while(y1 <= yMax) {
            tree[x][y1] += val;
            y1 += (y1 & -y1);
        }
        x += (x & -x);
    }
}

```

```

long long read(int x, int y) {
    long long sum = 0;
    int y1;
    while(x > 0) {
        y1 = y;
        while(y1 > 0) {
            sum += tree[x][y1];
            y1 -= (y1 & -y1);
        }
        x -= (x & -x);
    }
    return sum;
}

```

// LightOJ 1097 - Lucky Number

// Given numbers 1 to N, Grab 2nd number and start deleting every 2nd number that occurs in series, grab 3rd number (suppose x)
 // and delete every x'th number from the series, continue while there exists n'th value in the remaining sequence

```

int BITsize() { // Returns remaining numbers in the sequence (if tree[i] == 1, then value exists)
    return read(MaxVal);
}

```

```

void build() {
    int lim;
    for(int i = 1; i <= MaxVal; ++i) { //Adding all numbers in BIT
        update(i, 1);
    }
    for(int i = 2; i <= BITsize(); i+=2) //Marking all even numbers
        v.push_back(i);
    for(int i = 0; i < (int)v.size(); ++i) // Deleting all even numbers
        update(v[i], -1);
    for(int i = 2; i <= (lim = BITsize()); ++i) { // Starting from 2nd index
        v.clear();
        int pos = binarySearch(i);
        if(pos > lim)
            break;
        for(int j = pos; j <= lim; j += pos) // Marking
            v.push_back(binarySearch(j));
        for(int j = 0; j < (int)v.size(); ++j) // Deleting
            update(v[j], -1);
    }
}

```