

Exercise Session – Matrix Computation

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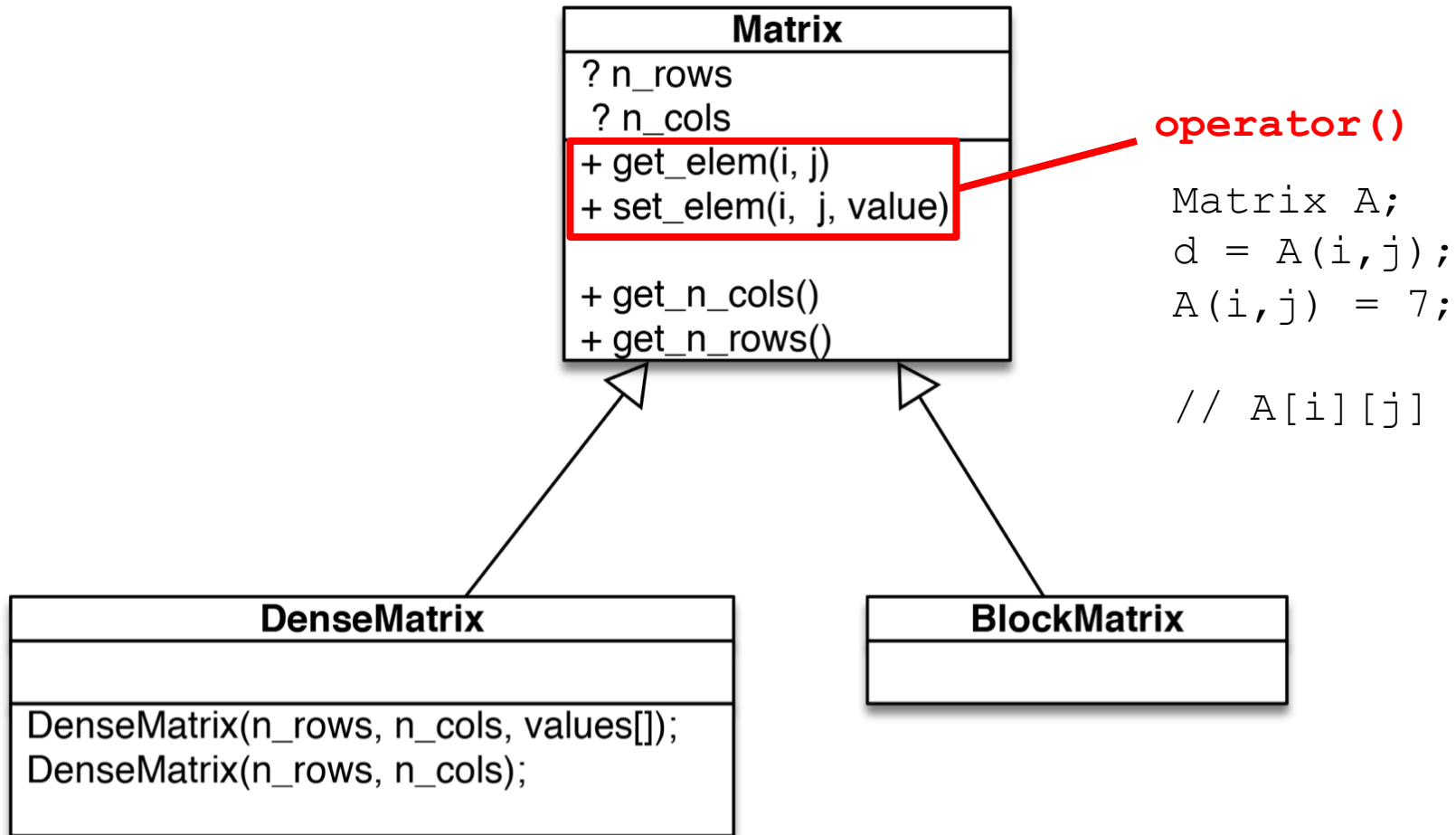
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Goal

- Implement a program for **matrix computation**, that manages both **dense and block matrices** of `double` precision numbers.
- **Dense matrices** are allocated when created.
- **Block matrices** are ideal to store **sparse** data and their size and memory storage are **changed dynamically** when blocks are added.

Class hierarchy



Block class

- It includes a `DenseMatrix`
- It is characterized by the indexes of its top left and bottom right elements

1	2	3	0		
4	5	6			
0			7	8	9
			10	11	12
			13	14	15

- The values of a new block are provided per row in a single vector `vals` (e.g., `{1,2,3,4,5,6}`).

Required methods

- **add_block()**, which receives a new block as parameter. The method should also update the matrix size accordingly.
- get-like implementation of **operator()**, which
 - receives as parameters the row and column indexes of the element to be read and returns its value,
 - prints an error message if the indexes are out of range,
 - returns 0 if the indexes are within the range, but for an element not explicitly initialized in a block.
- set-like implementation of **operator()**, which
 - receives as parameters the row and column indexes of an element and returns a reference to the element in the matrix,
 - adds a new block with a single element if the element was not previously allocated in a block.