

# final-pneumonia

March 7, 2024

## IMPORTING REQUIRED LIBRARIES

```
[3]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import os
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import keras
import seaborn as sns
import pathlib
from pathlib import Path
import glob
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
```

```
[4]: data_dir='/kaggle/input/pneumonia-xray-img-dataset/pneumonia xray'
root_dir='/kaggle/working/'
```

```
[42]: def countfiles(root_dir):
    for path in pathlib.Path(root_dir).iterdir():
        if path.is_dir():
            print( str(len([name for name in os.listdir(path) \
                if os.path.isfile(os.path.join(path, name))])) + " files inside the_
↪" + \
                str(path.name), 'class')
countfiles(data_dir)
```

4273 files inside the PNEUMONIA class

1583 files inside the NORMAL class

## DATASET PREPARATION

```
[5]: def data_categories(d_path):
    categories=[]      #listdir-->used to get the list of all files and_
↪directories in the specified directory
    for folder_name in os.listdir(d_path): #os.path.isdir()-->used to check_
↪whether the specified path is an existing directory or not.
```

```

        if os.path.isdir(os.path.join(d_path, folder_name)):
            no_of_files=len(glob.glob(os.path.join(d_path, folder_name)+"/*.
↪jpeg"))
            categories.append(np.array([folder_name,no_of_files]))
        categories.sort(key=lambda a:a[0])
        cat=np.array(categories)
        return list(cat[:, 0]),list(cat[:,1])
categories,no_of_files = data_categories("/kaggle/input/
↪pneumonia-xray-img-dataset/pneumonia xray")
print(categories)

```

```
['NORMAL', 'PNEUMONIA']
```

```
[44]: print("number of categories: ", len(categories))
```

```
number of categories: 2
```

```
[68]: df = pd.DataFrame({"category": categories, "number of files": no_of_files})
df
```

```
[68]:
```

	category	number of files
0	NORMAL	1583
1	PNEUMONIA	4273

```
[6]: def dataset(data_path, categories, width, height):
    x = []
    y = []
    for category_idx, category in enumerate(categories):
        path = os.path.join(data_path, category)
        count = 0
        for img in os.listdir(path):
            img_array = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path,img))
            img_size = cv2.resize(img_array, (width, height))
            x.append(img_size)
            y.append(category_idx)
            count += 1
        print(f"Number of images in class {category_idx}: {count}")
    y = np.array(y)
    x = np.array(x).reshape(y.shape[0], width, height, 3)
    return x, y

x, y = dataset(data_path=data_dir, categories=['NORMAL', 'PNEUMONIA'],
↪width=200, height=200)

```

```
Number of images in class 0: 1583
```

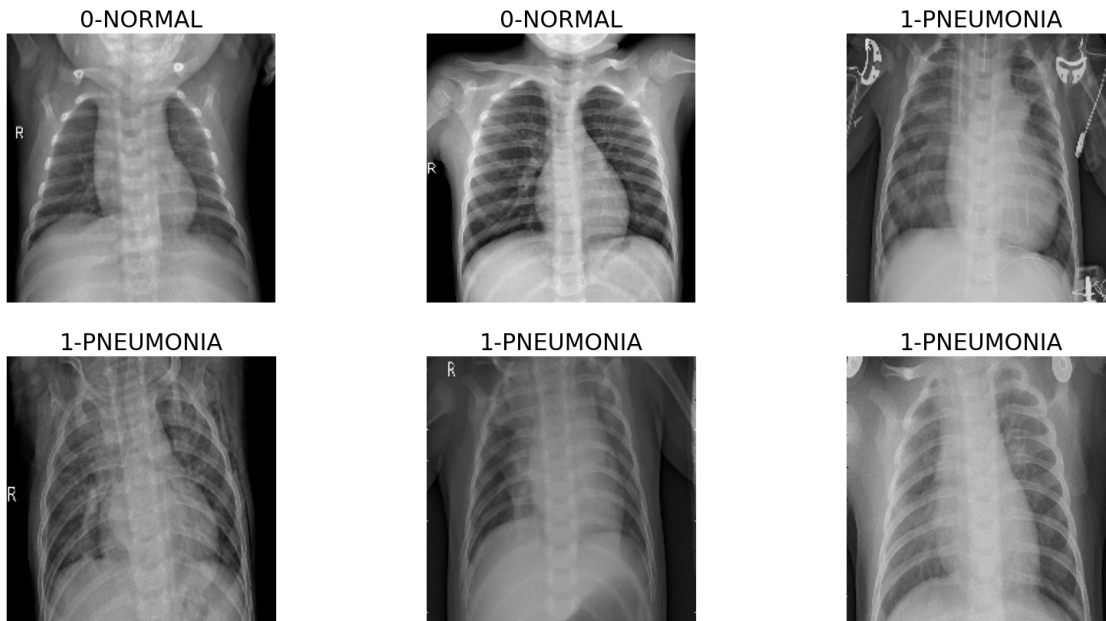
```
Number of images in class 1: 4273
```

```
[7]: print(f'x shape:{x.shape}')
      print(f"y shape: {y.shape}")
```

```
x shape:(5856, 200, 200, 3)
y shape: (5856,)
```

## IMAGES FROM CLASSES

```
[129]: plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))
        st, end = 0,1000
        for i in range(6):
            plt.subplot(2, 3, i + 1)
            idx = np.random.randint(st, end)
            st = end + 1
            end = (i + 2) * 1000
            plt.rcParams.update({'font.size':18})
            plt.imshow(x[idx][:, :, ::-1])
            plt.title(f"{y[idx]}--{categories[y[idx]]}")
            plt.axis("off")
        plt.show()
```



## DATASET SPLITTING FOR TRAIN/VAL/TEST SETS

```
[54]: y=np.reshape(y,(len(y),1))
        x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.
        ↪1,random_state=42)
        print(f"x_train: {x_train.shape}")
        print(f"y_train: {y_train.shape}")
```

```
print(f"x_test: {x_test.shape}")
print(f"y_test: {y_test.shape}")
```

```
x_train: (5270, 200, 200, 3)
y_train: (5270, 1)
x_test: (586, 200, 200, 3)
y_test: (586, 1)
```

```
[55]: x_train,x_val,y_train,y_val=train_test_split(x_train,y_train,train_size=0.70)
      x_test=x_test
```

```
print(f"x_train:{x_train.shape},y_train:{y_train.shape}")
print(f"x_val: {x_val.shape},y_val:{y_val.shape}")      #70-20-10
print(f"x_test:{x_test.shape},y_test:{y_test.shape}")
```

```
x_train:(3688, 200, 200, 3),y_train:(3688, 1)
x_val: (1582, 200, 200, 3),y_val:(1582, 1)
x_test:(586, 200, 200, 3),y_test:(586, 1)
```

```
[56]: y_train = to_categorical(y_train)
      y_val = to_categorical(y_val)
      y_test = to_categorical(y_test)

      print(f"x_train:{x_train.shape}, y_train:{y_train.shape}")
      print(f"x_val:{x_val.shape}, y_val:{y_val.shape}")
      print(f"x_test:{x_test.shape}, y_test:{y_test.shape}")
```

```
x_train:(3688, 200, 200, 3), y_train:(3688, 2)
x_val:(1582, 200, 200, 3), y_val:(1582, 2)
x_test:(586, 200, 200, 3), y_test:(586, 2)
```

## DATA PREPROCESSING

```
[57]: train_generator=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,
                                         rotation_range=2,
                                         horizontal_flip=True,
                                         shear_range=0.5,
                                         zoom_range=0.7)
      val_generator=ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,
                                       rotation_range=2,
                                       horizontal_flip=True,
                                       shear_range=0.5,
                                       zoom_range=0.1)
      test_generator=ImageDataGenerator(rotation_range=2,
                                        horizontal_flip=True,
                                        zoom_range=0.1)

      train_generator.fit(x_train)
```

```
val_generator.fit(x_val)
test_generator.fit(x_test)
```

## MODEL BUILDING-CNN

```
[77]: from keras.models import Sequential, load_model
      from keras.layers import Flatten, Dense, Dropout
```

```
[78]: model = keras.Sequential([
        # Convolutional layers
        #kernels, #filters , #activation function, #input
        tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu',
        ↪input_shape=(200,200,3)),
        tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
        tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
        tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
        tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'),
        tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
        tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        tf.keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid')
    ])
```

```
[79]: model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential\_3"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_9 (Conv2D)	(None, 198, 198, 32)	896
max_pooling2d_9 (MaxPooling 2D)	(None, 99, 99, 32)	0
conv2d_10 (Conv2D)	(None, 97, 97, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_10 (MaxPoolin g2D)	(None, 48, 48, 64)	0
conv2d_11 (Conv2D)	(None, 46, 46, 128)	73856
max_pooling2d_11 (MaxPoolin g2D)	(None, 23, 23, 128)	0
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None, 67712)	0
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 128)	8667264

dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 2)	258
-----------------	-----------	-----

```
=====
Total params: 8,760,770
Trainable params: 8,760,770
Non-trainable params: 0
-----
```

```
[80]: from tensorflow.keras.utils import plot_model
      plot_model(model, show_shapes=True, to_file='binaryclass_model.png')
```

```
[80]:
```

conv2d_9_input	input:	[(None, 200, 200, 3)]
InputLayer	output:	[(None, 200, 200, 3)]



conv2d_9	input:	(None, 200, 200, 3)
Conv2D	output:	(None, 198, 198, 32)



max_pooling2d_9	input:	(None, 198, 198, 32)
MaxPooling2D	output:	(None, 99, 99, 32)



conv2d_10	input:	(None, 99, 99, 32)
Conv2D	output:	(None, 97, 97, 64)



max_pooling2d_10	input:	(None, 97, 97, 64)
MaxPooling2D	output:	(None, 48, 48, 64)



conv2d_11	input:	(None, 48, 48, 64)
Conv2D	output:	(None, 46, 46, 128)



max_pooling2d_11	input:	(None, 46, 46, 128)
MaxPooling2D	output:	(None, 23, 23, 128)



flatten_3	input:	(None, 23, 23, 128)
Flatten	output:	(None, 67712)



dense_6	input:	(None, 67712)
Dense	output:	(None, 128)



dense_7	input:	(None, 128)
Dense	output:	(None, 2)

```
[81]: from keras.metrics import Precision, Recall
import tensorflow_addons as tfa
```

```
[82]: model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                    loss='binary_crossentropy',
                    ↵
                    ↪metrics=['accuracy', Precision(name='precision'), Recall(name='Recall'), tfa.
                    ↪metrics.F1Score(num_classes=2)])
```

```
[83]: history = model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=100,
                          validation_data = val_generator.
                          ↪flow(x_val, y_val, batch_size=100),
                          validation_steps=150,
                          verbose=1)
history=history.history
model.save('/kaggle/working/binary_model.h5')
```

Epoch 1/20

37/37 [=====] - 19s 476ms/step - loss: 15.1378 - accuracy: 0.7535 - precision: 0.7311 - Recall: 0.7747 - f1\_score: 0.6930 - val\_loss: 0.6863 - val\_accuracy: 0.7459 - val\_precision: 0.7471 - val\_Recall: 0.7453 - val\_f1\_score: 0.4320

Epoch 2/20

37/37 [=====] - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.1723 - accuracy: 0.9333 - precision: 0.9350 - Recall: 0.9276 - f1\_score: 0.9155

Epoch 3/20

37/37 [=====] - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.1121 - accuracy: 0.9566 - precision: 0.9574 - Recall: 0.9577 - f1\_score: 0.9450

Epoch 4/20

37/37 [=====] - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0935 - accuracy: 0.9672 - precision: 0.9659 - Recall: 0.9666 - f1\_score: 0.9585

Epoch 5/20

37/37 [=====] - 2s 62ms/step - loss: 0.0824 - accuracy: 0.9726 - precision: 0.9715 - Recall: 0.9718 - f1\_score: 0.9652

Epoch 6/20

37/37 [=====] - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0985 - accuracy: 0.9642 - precision: 0.9624 - Recall: 0.9642 - f1\_score: 0.9547

Epoch 7/20

37/37 [=====] - 2s 61ms/step - loss: 0.0726 - accuracy: 0.9742 - precision: 0.9737 - Recall: 0.9729 - f1\_score: 0.9674

Epoch 8/20

37/37 [=====] - 2s 62ms/step - loss: 0.0413 - accuracy: 0.9867 - precision: 0.9848 - Recall: 0.9867 - f1\_score: 0.9831

Epoch 9/20

37/37 [=====] - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0273 - accuracy:



```

0.9919 - precision: 0.9921 - Recall: 0.9902 - f1_score: 0.9897
Epoch 10/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 61ms/step - loss: 0.0263 - accuracy:
0.9930 - precision: 0.9938 - Recall: 0.9924 - f1_score: 0.9911
Epoch 11/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 61ms/step - loss: 0.0158 - accuracy:
0.9965 - precision: 0.9965 - Recall: 0.9959 - f1_score: 0.9955
Epoch 12/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 63ms/step - loss: 0.0135 - accuracy:
0.9967 - precision: 0.9965 - Recall: 0.9962 - f1_score: 0.9959
Epoch 13/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0124 - accuracy:
0.9954 - precision: 0.9954 - Recall: 0.9962 - f1_score: 0.9942
Epoch 14/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 61ms/step - loss: 0.0304 - accuracy:
0.9894 - precision: 0.9878 - Recall: 0.9894 - f1_score: 0.9866
Epoch 15/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 61ms/step - loss: 0.0217 - accuracy:
0.9935 - precision: 0.9930 - Recall: 0.9932 - f1_score: 0.9918
Epoch 16/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0190 - accuracy:
0.9948 - precision: 0.9943 - Recall: 0.9943 - f1_score: 0.9935
Epoch 17/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 59ms/step - loss: 0.0193 - accuracy:
0.9938 - precision: 0.9938 - Recall: 0.9946 - f1_score: 0.9921
Epoch 18/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 60ms/step - loss: 0.0245 - accuracy:
0.9924 - precision: 0.9916 - Recall: 0.9921 - f1_score: 0.9904
Epoch 19/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 61ms/step - loss: 0.0085 - accuracy:
0.9973 - precision: 0.9970 - Recall: 0.9973 - f1_score: 0.9966
Epoch 20/20
37/37 [=====] - 2s 61ms/step - loss: 0.0067 - accuracy:
0.9984 - precision: 0.9986 - Recall: 0.9984 - f1_score: 0.9979

```

## CNN MODEL EVALUATION

```

[85]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(14, 3))
      ax1 = fig.add_subplot(1, 2, 1)
      ax1.plot(history['accuracy'])
      ax1.plot(history['precision'])
      ax1.plot(history["Recall"])
      ax1.legend(['accuracy', 'precision', 'Recall'])
      ax1.set_title('Model Measures in graph')
      ax1.set_xlabel('Epoch')
      ax1.set_ylabel('Score')

      ax2 = fig.add_subplot(1, 2, 2)

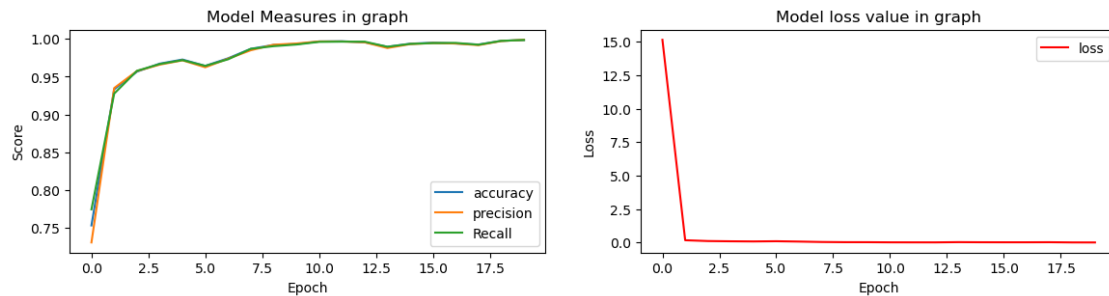
```

```

ax2.plot(history['loss'],color='red')
ax2.legend(['loss'])
ax2.set_title('Model loss value in graph')
ax2.set_xlabel('Epoch')
ax2.set_ylabel('Loss')

plt.savefig('graph1.png')
plt.savefig('graph2.png')
plt.show()

```



## TEST SET

```

[109]: testscore=model.evaluate(x_test,y_test)
testscore

```

```

19/19 [=====] - 0s 9ms/step - loss: 0.3251 - accuracy:
0.9488 - precision: 0.9485 - Recall: 0.9437 - f1_score: 0.9385

```

```

[109]: [0.3250717222690582,
0.9488054513931274,
0.9485419988632202,
0.9436860084533691,
array([0.9132948, 0.9636804], dtype=float32)]

```

```

[93]: print('TEST DATA')
print('')
print(f"Accuracy: {round(testscore[1]*100,2)}%")
print(f"Precision: {round(testscore[2]*100,2)}%")
print(f"Recall: {round(testscore[3]*100,2)}%")
print(f"F1_score: {testscore[4]}")
print(f"Loss: {testscore[0]}")

```

## TEST DATA

```

Accuracy: 94.88%
Precision: 94.85%
Recall: 94.37%

```

```
F1_score: [0.9132948 0.9636804]
Loss: 0.3250717222690582
```

```
[94]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
      from sklearn.metrics import ConfusionMatrixDisplay
```

```
[95]: y_pred=np.argmax(model.predict(x_test),axis=1)
      y_true=np.argmax(y_test,axis=1)
```

```
19/19 [=====] - 0s 6ms/step
```

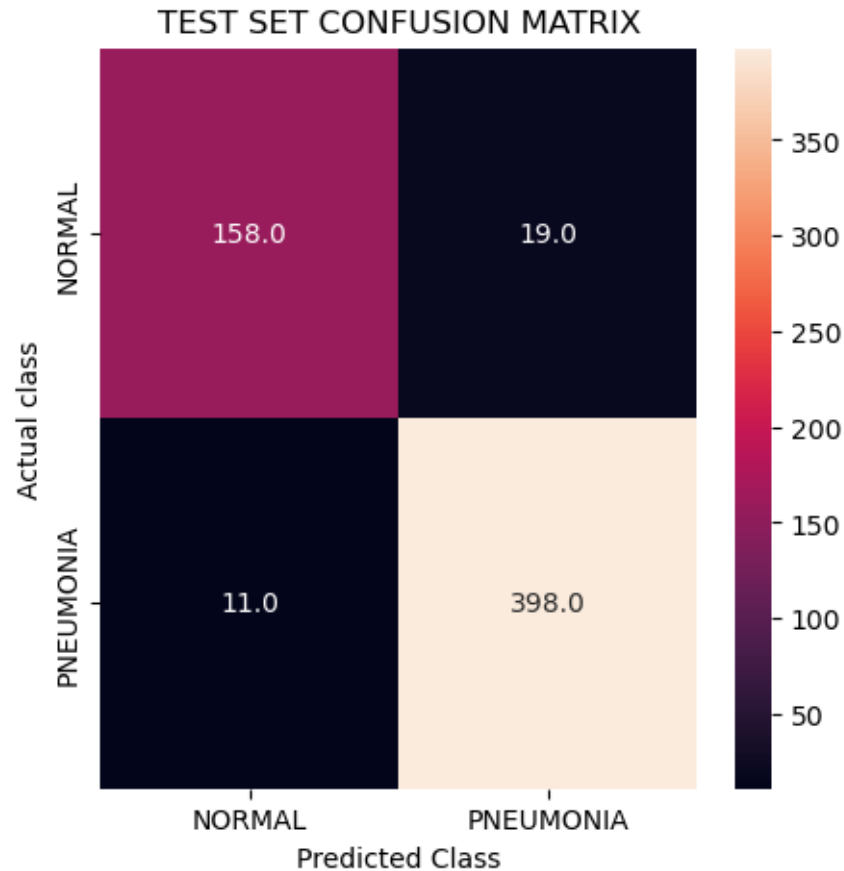
```
[96]: c_test=confusion_matrix(y_true,y_pred)
      c_test
```

```
[96]: array([[158,  19],
            [ 11, 398]])
```

```
[97]: print(classification_report(y_true,y_pred,target_names=['NORMAL','PNEUMONIA']))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
NORMAL	0.93	0.89	0.91	177
PNEUMONIA	0.95	0.97	0.96	409
accuracy			0.95	586
macro avg	0.94	0.93	0.94	586
weighted avg	0.95	0.95	0.95	586

```
[98]: class_names=['NORMAL','PNEUMONIA']
      plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
      sns.
        ↳heatmap(c_test,annot=True,xticklabels=class_names,yticklabels=class_names,fmt='%.
        ↳1f')
      plt.title('TEST SET CONFUSION MATRIX')
      plt.xlabel("Predicted Class")
      plt.ylabel("Actual class")
      plt.savefig('cm test.png')
      plt.show()
```



```
[100]: print(f"TEST SET")
print('')
for i in range(2):
    tp = c_test[i, i]
    tn = np.sum(c_test) - np.sum(c_test[i, :]) - np.sum(c_test[:, i]) +
↪c_test[i, i]
    fp = np.sum(c_test[:, i]) - c_test[i, i]
    fn = np.sum(c_test[i, :]) - c_test[i, i]
    print(f"Class {i}: TP={tp}, TN={tn}, FP={fp}, FN={fn}")
```

TEST SET

Class 0: TP=158, TN=398, FP=11, FN=19

Class 1: TP=398, TN=158, FP=19, FN=11

### VALIDATION SET ANALYSIS

```
[101]: valscore=model.evaluate(x_val,y_val)
valscore
```

```
50/50 [=====] - 1s 10ms/step - loss: 0.2868 - accuracy: 0.9431 - precision: 0.9468 - Recall: 0.9343 - f1_score: 0.9243
```

```
[101]: [0.28680965304374695,
        0.9431099891662598,
        0.9468289613723755,
        0.9342604279518127,
        array([0.88664985, 0.9620252 ], dtype=float32)]
```

```
[102]: print('VALIDATION DATA')
        print('')
        print(f"Accuracy: {round(valscore[1]*100,2)}%")
        print(f"Precision: {round(valscore[2]*100,2)}%")
        print(f"Recall: {round(valscore[3]*100,2)}%")
        print(f"F1_score: {valscore[4]}")
        print(f"Loss: {valscore[0]}")
```

VALIDATION DATA

```
Accuracy: 94.31%
Precision: 94.68%
Recall: 93.43%
F1_score: [0.88664985 0.9620252 ]
Loss: 0.28680965304374695
```

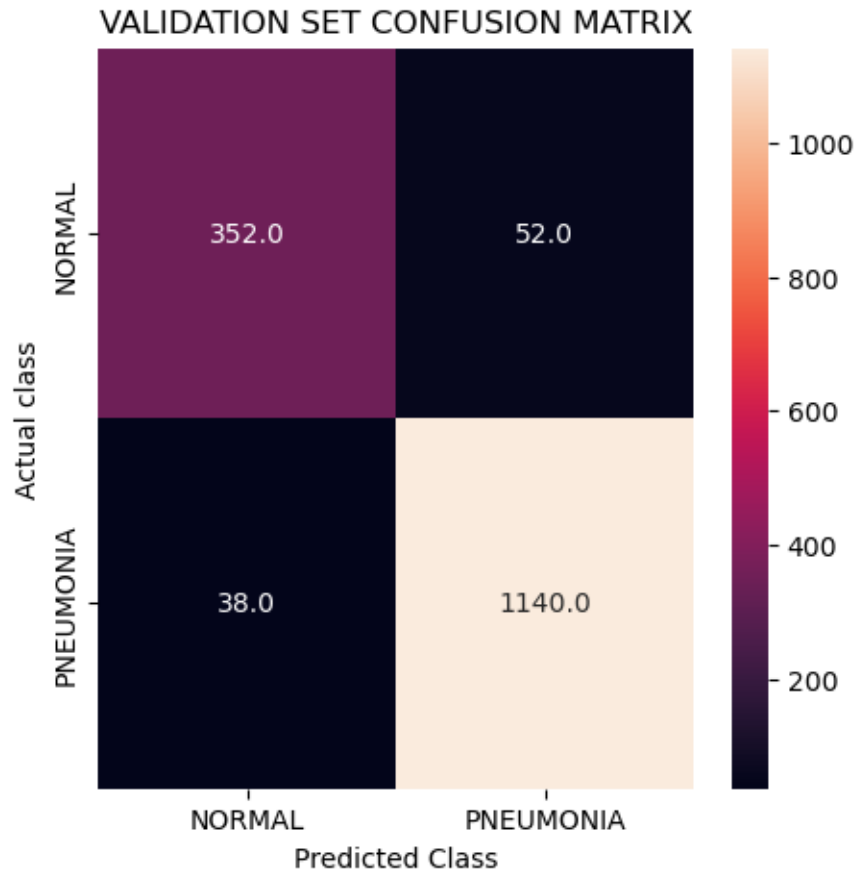
```
[103]: yv_pred=np.argmax(model.predict(x_val),axis=1)
        yv_true=np.argmax(y_val,axis=1)
```

```
50/50 [=====] - 0s 7ms/step
```

```
[104]: c_val=confusion_matrix(yv_true,yv_pred)
        c_val
```

```
[104]: array([[ 352,   52],
              [  38, 1140]])
```

```
[105]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
        sns.
            ↳heatmap(c_val,annot=True,xticklabels=class_names,yticklabels=class_names,fmt='%.
            ↳1f')
        plt.title('VALIDATION SET CONFUSION MATRIX')
        plt.xlabel("Predicted Class")
        plt.ylabel("Actual class")
        plt.savefig('cm VAL.png')
        plt.show()
```



```
[106]: print(classification_report(yv_true,yv_pred,target_names=['NORMAL','PNEUMONIA']))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
NORMAL	0.90	0.87	0.89	404
PNEUMONIA	0.96	0.97	0.96	1178
accuracy			0.94	1582
macro avg	0.93	0.92	0.92	1582
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	1582

```
[107]: print(f"VALIDATION SET")
print('')
for i in range(2):
    tp = c_val[i, i]
    tn = np.sum(c_val) - np.sum(c_val[i, :]) - np.sum(c_val[:, i]) + c_val[i, i]
    fp = np.sum(c_val[:, i]) - c_val[i, i]
    fn = np.sum(c_val[i, :]) - c_val[i, i]
```

```
print(f"Class {i}: TP={tp}, TN={tn}, FP={fp}, FN={fn}")
```

VALIDATION SET

Class 0: TP=352, TN=1140, FP=38, FN=52

Class 1: TP=1140, TN=352, FP=52, FN=38

## IMAGE PREDICTIONS WITH PERCENTAGES

```
[97]: plt.figure(figsize=(30, 30))
plt.subplots_adjust(wspace=0.3, hspace=0.3)
for i in range(16):
    idx = np.random.randint(len(y))
    img, true_class = x[idx], categories[y[idx].squeeze()]

    # predict class probabilities for the current image
    probs = model.predict(img[None, :, :, :])[0]
    pred_class = categories[np.argmax(probs)]
    max_prob = np.max(probs)*100
    plt.rcParams.update({'font.size':18})
    plt.subplot(4, 4, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(img[:, :, :-1])
    plt.title(f"Predicted: {pred_class}\nActual: {true_class}\n_
    ↳matching_Percentage: {round(max_prob)}%")
    plt.axis("off")
plt.show()
```

```
1/1 [=====] - 0s 20ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 16ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 15ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 16ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 18ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 16ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 17ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 15ms/step
```

