

- $\cos A$ and $\cos B$, where a,b and c denote the lengths of the sides of BC , CA and AB respectively
- Q.26 Find the equation of straight line passing through the point $(-4, -9)$ and having slope equal to -3
- Q.27 Find the equation of circle if $(-7, 3)$ and $(5, -9)$ are the end points of a diameter of the circle.
- Q.28 Find the length of transverse axis and conjugate axis, eccentricity and coordinates of vertices of the hyperbola $9y^2 - 4x^2 = 36$
- Q.29 Find the vertex, focus, directrix and latus rectum of the parabola $y^2 = -5x$
- Q.30 Evaluate the following limit: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x^4 - 625}{x - 5}$
- Q.31 Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x=0$, if $y=(2x+1)^2 \cdot \sin 2x$.
- Q.32 Determine the volume of the solid of revolution formed by revolving the axes enclosed by the curve $y = 3x^2 - 1$, the y-axis and $y = 2$, $y = 4$ through one revolution about y-axis
- Q.33 Evaluate $\int x^2 \cos x dx$.
- Q.34 Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{x} = 2x^2$
- Q.35 Solve the differential equation $(D^2 + 2)y = e^x + \sin 2x$, where $D = \frac{d}{dx}$

SECTION-D

- Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. $(2 \times 10 = 20)$
- Q.36 Prove that $\sin A \cdot \sin(60^\circ - A) \cdot \sin(60^\circ + A) = \frac{1}{4} \sin 3A$
- Q.37 Find all the points of maxima & minima and corresponding maximum & minimum values of the function $y = x^3 - \frac{x^2}{2} - 2x + 4$
- Q.38 Apply Simpson's rule to find approximate value of $\int_0^{10} (3 + 2x^2) dx$ by taking 8 equal subintervals of $2 \text{ £ } x \text{ £ } 10$.

No. of Printed Pages : 4

Roll No.

202012

**1st Sem / Branch : Advance Diploma in Tool and Die
Subject:- Applied Mathematics**

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- Q.1 If n is a natural number, then ${}^n C_n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- a) 1
 - b) $n!$
 - c) 0
 - d) None of these
- Q.2 If a is the first term and d is the common difference in an Arithmetic Progression (A.P), then m^{th} term of the A.P. is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- a) $a.m.d$
 - b) $a.d^{m-1}$
 - c) $a+(m-1)d$
 - d) None of these
- Q.3 $\frac{11\pi}{12}$ radians = $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ degree
- a) 165
 - b) 145
 - c) 155
 - d) None of these
- Q.4 Distance between the points $(2, 0)$ and $(6, 0)$ is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- a) 0 units
 - b) 4 units
 - c) -4 units
 - d) None of these
- Q.5 If m_1 and m_2 are slopes of two straight lines θ is the angle between them, then $\tan \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- a) $|m_1 - m_2|$
 - b) $\left| \frac{m_1 + m_2}{1 + m_1 \cdot m_2} \right|$
 - c) $\left| \frac{m_1 - m_2}{1 + m_1 \cdot m_2} \right|$
 - d) None of these

Q.6 $\frac{d}{dx} e^{5x+1} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- a) $5.e^{5x+1}$
- b) e^{5x+1}
- c) $5.e^5$
- d) none of these

Q.7 The rate of change of circumference of a circle i.e. $2\pi r$ with respect to radius r is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- a) $2\pi r$
- b) 2
- c) 0
- d) 2π

Q.8 The root mean square value of the curve $y = f(x)$ over the range $x=a$ & $x=b$ is given by

- a) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a+b)} \int_a^b y^2 dx}$
- b) $\sqrt{\int_a^b y^2 dx}$
- c) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{(b-a)}}$
- d) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{(b-a)} \int_a^b y^2 dx}$

Q.9 $\int_0^{\pi/2} 2 dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- a) $\pi/2$
- b) π
- c) 0
- d) None of these

Q.10 $(y^2+1) dx + (xy + x^2y) dy = 0$ is a $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ differential equation.

- a) homogeneous
- b) linear
- c) non-homogeneous
- d) None of these

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

Q.11 How many terms are there in the binomial expansion of $\left(3y - \frac{y}{3}\right)^n$

Q.12 What is the value of $\text{cosec } 0^\circ$?

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Q.13 Fill in the blank:

$$1 + \tan^2 \theta = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Q.14 In which quadrant the point $(-7\sqrt{2}, -5\sqrt{3})$ lies?

Q.15 What is the centroid of the triangle whose vertices are $(1,0), (0,1)$ and $(1,1)$?

Q.16 Fill in the blanks:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Q.17 $\frac{d}{dx} (\text{cosec}^{-1} x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Q.18 What is the value of $\int_{x+3}^{-5} dx$

Q.19 What is the value of $\int_{a^2+x^2}^1 dx$

Q.20 $\frac{dy}{dx} + y.e^x = e^x$ is a differential equation. (linear/non linear)

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

Q.21 Solve the following for y and z using Cramer's Rule

$$z = -y^2 + 2y + 7$$

$$\text{and } z = -2y + 2$$

Q.22 Decompose the following into partial fractions:

$$\frac{4x-1}{(2+x)(5-x)}$$

Q.23 Find the middle term in the binomial expansion of $\left(3x - \frac{x^3}{6}\right)^6$

Q.24 Evaluate $\cot 15^\circ$.

Q.25 In ΔABC if $a = 18$, $b = 24$ and $c = 30$, find the values of
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