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4th Sem / Branch : Auto, Mech (3rd/4th) Prod (3rd), T & D (3rd), GE, CNC, Adv. Manuf. Tech., Mechatronics, CAD/CAM, Mech Engg (Fabrication Tech) Mech Engg. (CAD/CAM Design & Robotics Sub.: Hydraulics and Pneumatics/Hyd. & Hyd. M/c

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

Q.1 The fluid which has no viscosity, no surface tension and no compressibility

- a) Ideal fluid
- b) Real fluid
- c) Newtonian fluid
- d) Non newtonian fluid

Q.2 The specific weight of water is

- a) 1000 N/m^3
- b) 9810 N/m^3
- c) 9.81 N/m^3
- d) 1000 Kg/m^3

Q.3 As a pressure head the atmospheric pressure is

- a) 1.033 m of water
- b) 10.3 m of water
- c) 7.6 m of water
- d) 76 m of water

Q.4 Continuity equation deals with the law of conservation of

- a) Mass
- b) Energy
- c) Momentum
- d) None of the above

Q.5 Pitot tube is used to measure

- a) Discharge
- b) Velocity at a point
- c) Density
- d) Pressure

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Q.6 The inlet length of venturimeter is _____ the outlet length

- a) Equal to
- b) More than
- c) Less than
- d) Any of the above

Q.7 Hydraulic gradient line is always

- a) Below the total energy line
- b) Above the total energy line
- c) Parallel to bottom
- d) None of the above

Q.8 Hydraullic ram works on the principle of

- a) Centrifugal action
- b) Water hammer
- c) Bernoullis theorem
- d) Reciprocating action

Q.9 For small discharge at high pressure _____ pump is preferred

- a) Centrifugal pump
- b) Axial flow pump
- c) Propeller pump
- d) Reciprocating pump

Q.10 In a reaction turbine, water at inlet possesses

- a) Only pressure energy
- b) Only kinetic energy
- c) Both pressure and kinetic energy
- d) None of the above

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

Q.11 Weight density = _____ / _____ ?

Q.12 Define specific volume.

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- Q.13 Define surface tension.
- Q.14 What is pressure?
- Q.15 Define manometers.
- Q.16 What is a turbulent flow?
- Q.17 Express continuity equation.
- Q.18 Define total head.
- Q.19 What is a pitot tube?
- Q.20 What is hydraulic mean depth?

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. $(12 \times 5 = 60)$

- Q.21 Explain Pascal's law and its application.
- Q.22 Explain different types of flow.
- Q.23 Write short note on Bourdan's pressure gauge.
- Q.24 What are major losses?
- Q.25 Write short note on working of venturimeter.
- Q.26 What are limitation of Bernoulli's theorem?
- Q.27 A pipe 12.5 cm in diameter is used to transport oil of sp. Gravity 0.75 under a pressure of 1 bar. If the total head is 20m relative to a datum plane which is 2.5 m below the centre of the pipe find discharge.
- Q.28 Write note on velocity of liquid flow through nozzles.
- Q.29 Derive an expression for specific speed?
- Q.30 Write short note on hydraulic jack.

- Q.31 Differentiate between impulse and reaction turbine.
- Q.32 Write short note on vane pump.
- Q.33 Drive relation between mass density and sp weight.
- Q.34 If 3.7 m³ of an oil weighs 34.25 kN, find its specific weight mass density and relative density.
- Q.35 Write about two basic components of pneumatic systems.

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- Q.36 Explain all minor pipes losses.
- Q.37 Write short note on :
 - a) Hydraulic ram
 - b) Hydraulic door closer
- Q.38 A U-tube differential manometer containing mercury (sp gr 13.6) connect pipes A & B, pipe A carries carbon teta chloride of specific gravity 1.55 under pressure 12N/cm² pipe B carries liquid of sp. Gravity 0.85 under pressure 20N/cm². Pipe A is higher than pipe B by 2.2 m. The mercury level falls 20 cm below centre line of pipe B. Determine the difference in mercury level.