

Q.21 Write a note on working principle of thermographic equipment.

Q.22 Write a note on PET imaging.

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x8=16)

Q.23 Explain DSA in details with block diagram.

Q.24 What is EBT? Explain it with block diagram.

Q.25 What do you mean by Gamma camera? Explain it with block diagram description.

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Roll No.

4th Sem./ Medical Electronics

Subject : Advance Medical Imaging Techniques

Time : 3 Hrs.

M.M. : 60

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (6x1=6)

Q.1 KeV stands for

- a) Kilo electron volt b) Kilo energy volt
- c) Kinetic electron volt d) Kinetic energy volt

Q.2 The inner layer of X-Ray tube is usually made up of.

- a) Aluminum b) Asbestos
- c) Copper d) Lead

Q.3 X-ray beam quality depend upon

- a) Accelerating voltage
- b) Inherent Radiation
- c) Target Material
- d) All of above

Q.4 The main advantage of spiral CT is

- a) Sub second imaging time
- b) Large volume imaging
- c) Removal of ring artefacts
- d) None

Q.5 The gamma camera head contain all below elements excepts-

- a) Crystal
- b) Photomultiplier Tube
- c) Collimator
- d) Pulse Height analyzer

Q.6 Which of the following imaging involves use of ionizing radiation.

- a) Computed Tomography
- b) Doppler imaging
- c) Thermal imaging
- d) Ultrasonography

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SECTION-B

Note: Objective/ Completion type questions. All questions are compulsory. (6x1=6)

Q.7 Reflectivity

Q.8 Absorption

Q.9 Expand DRS

Q.10 Expand NMR

Q.11 Expand PET

Q.12 Infrared Radiation

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any eight questions out of ten questions. (8x4=32)

Q.13 Explain principle of Digital Radiography.

Q.14 Explain Angiography in details.

Q.15 Write a note on photomultiplier tube detectors.

Q.16 Explain spiral CT scanning.

Q.17 Explain radioactive emission.

Q.18 Write a note on physical factors affecting infrared emission from body.

Q.19 Write a note on Radiation protection.

Q.20 Explain the principle of radiation dosimetry.

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