

- Q.27 What are the common sources of contamination of oil?
- Q.28 Explain Froud momentum theory.
- Q.29 What are the various essential characteristics of engine oil?
- Q.30 What is the method to measure fuel flow?
- Q.31 Describe the working of thermocouple.
- Q.32 What are the various control components for feathering of propellers?
- Q.33 Differentiate between Propeller and Jet Engine performance.
- Q.34 Explain the use of magneto.
- Q.35 How are electrical resistance thermometers used?

#### SECTION-D

**Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 What are the various faults that can come up in a typical engine system? Mention ways to cool the engine.
- Q.37 Describe the working of fuel system of aircraft piston engine and explain the various components. How the fuel pressure is measured?
- Q.38 Explain the working of propellers and their control system. Describe the working of carburetor.

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#### 4th Sem / Aircraft Maintenance Subject:- Aircraft Reciprocating Engine

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

#### SECTION-A

**Note:** Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 The timing of injection has to be advanced as the speed \_\_\_\_\_  
a) increases                      b) stables  
c) decreases                      d) none of the mentioned
- Q.2 Turboshaft engines are used primarily for \_\_\_\_\_  
a) UAVs                              b) Commercial aircrafts  
c) Cars                                d) Helicopters
- Q.3 Which instrument is used for adjusting the ignition timing?  
a) Accurate clock                  b) Tachometer  
c) Stopwatch                        d) Stroboscopic light
- Q.4 By adding which of the following material to aluminium alloy piston slap can be avoided?  
a) Silicon                              b) Zinc  
c) Copper                              d) Lead
- Q.5 The temperature inside the cylinder can be measure by \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Thermocouple
  - b) Pyrometer
  - c) Mercury thermometer
  - d) None of the above
- Q.6 Fuel system includes \_\_\_\_\_
- a) fuel tanks, fuel lines, fuel pump, etc
  - b) Valves
  - c) Jetisone
  - d) All of the above
- Q.7 The diameter of piston is called \_\_\_\_\_
- a) piston
  - b) bore
  - c) stroke
  - d) none of the mentioned
- Q.8 The use of supercharger help in ?
- a) Increasing power of the engine
  - b) Increasing efficiency of the engine
  - c) None of the above
  - d) Both a and b
- Q.9 Which among the following is provided on the piston in a two-stroke engine to increase the compression ratio?
- a) Flat spot
  - b) Deflector
  - c) Damper
  - d) Nozzle
- Q.10 How the propeller is controlled?
- a) Through cyclic Pitch change
  - b) Through collective pitch change
  - c) Both a and b
  - d) None of the above

## SECTION-B

**Note:** Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 What is the efficiency of piston engine compared to jet engines?
- Q.12 What are different propellers used?
- Q.13 Why feathering of propellers is done?
- Q.14 How are the faults identified in a typical engine system?
- Q.15 Where are tachometers used for?
- Q.16 What is the function of carburetor?
- Q.17 Where are different pressure measuring instruments?
- Q.18 What is supercharger?
- Q.19 What is pitch of propeller?
- Q.20 What is the main characteristics of aviation fuel?

## SECTION-C

**Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 Describe the function of propellers?
- Q.22 What are electrical resistance thermometers?
- Q.23 What are the different types of aviation fuels?
- Q.24 What are the methods of checking contamination of fuel?
- Q.25 Describe the use of supercharger?
- Q.26 Explain the working cooling system of and aircraft piston engine.