

Q.26 Find the equation of straight line passing through the point $(-4, -9)$ and having slope equal to -3

Q.27 Find the equation of circle if $(-7, 3)$ and $(5, -9)$ are the end points of a diameter of the circle.

Q.28 Find the length of transverse axis and conjugate axis, eccentricity and coordinates of vertices of the hyperbola $9y^2 - 4x^2 = 36$

Q.29 Find the vertex, focus, directrix and latus rectum of the parabola $y^2 = -5x$

Q.30 Evaluate the following limit: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x^4 - 625}{x - 5}$

Q.31 Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ at $x=0$, if $y = (2x+1)^2 \cdot \sin 2x$.

Q.32 Determine the volume of the solid of revolution formed by revolving the axes enclosed by the curve $y = 3x^2 - 1$, the y -axis and $y = 2$, $y = 4$ through one revolution about y -axis

Q.33 Evaluate $\int \cos x \, dx$.

Q.34 Solve the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{x} = 2x^2$

Q.35 Solve the differential equation $(D^2 + 2)y = e^x + \sin 2x$, where $D = \frac{d}{dx}$

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Prove that $\sin A \cdot \sin(60^\circ - A) \cdot \sin(60^\circ + A) = \frac{1}{4} \sin 3A$
- Q.37 Find all the points of maxima & minima and corresponding maximum & minimum values of the function $y = x^3 - \frac{x^2}{2} - 2x + 4$
- Q.38 Apply Simpson's rule to find approximate value of $\int_0^{10} (3 + 2x^2) dx$ by taking 8 equal subintervals of 2 £ x £ 10.

a) $|m_1 - m_2|$ b) $\left| \frac{m_1 + m_2}{1 + m_1 m_2} \right|$
 c) $\left| \frac{m_1 - m_2}{1 + m_1 m_2} \right|$ d) None of these

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- Q.6 $\frac{d}{dx} e^{5x+1} =$ _____
 a) $5 \cdot e^{5x+1}$ b) e^{5x+1}
 c) $5 \cdot e^5$ d) none of these
- Q.7 The rate of change of circumference of a circle i.e. $2\pi r$ with respect to radius r is _____
 a) $2\pi r$ b) 2
 c) 0 d) 2π
- Q.8 The root mean square value of the curve $y = f(x)$ over the range $x=a$ & $x=b$ is given by
 a) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a+b)} \int_a^b y^2 dx}$ b) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b y^2 dx}$
 c) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{(b-a)}}$ d) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{(b-a)} \int_a^b y^2 dx}$
- Q.9 $\int_0^{\pi/2} 2 dx =$ _____
 a) $\pi/2$ b) π
 c) 0 d) None of these
- Q.10 $(y^2+1) dx + (xy + x^2y) dy = 0$ is a _____ differential equation.
 a) homogeneous b) linear
 c) non-homogeneous d) None of these

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 How many terms are there in the binomial expansion of $\left(3y - \frac{y}{3}\right)^{11}$
- Q.12 What is the value of $\operatorname{cosec} 0^\circ$?

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- Q.13 Fill in the blank:
 $1 + \tan^2 \theta =$ _____
- Q.14 In which quadrant the point $(-7\sqrt{2}, -5\sqrt{3})$ lies?
- Q.15 What is the centroid of the triangle whose vertices are $(1,0)$, $(0,1)$ and $(1,1)$?
- Q.16 Fill in the blanks:
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} =$ _____
- Q.17 $\frac{d}{dx} (\operatorname{cosec}^{-1} x) =$ _____
- Q.18 What is the value of $\int \frac{-5}{x+3} dx$
- Q.19 What is the value of $\int \frac{1}{a^2+x^2} dx$
- Q.20 $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cdot e^y = e^x$ is a differential equation. (linear/non linear)

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 Solve the following for y and z using Cramer's Rule
 $z = -y^2 + 2y + 7$
 and $z = -2y + 2$
- Q.22 Decompose the following into partial fractions:
 $\frac{4x-1}{(2+x)(5-x)}$
- Q.23 Find the middle term in the binomial expansion of $\left(3x - \frac{x^3}{6}\right)^6$
- Q.24 Evaluate $\cot 15^\circ$.
- Q.25 In $\triangle ABC$ if $a = 18$, $b = 24$ and $c = 30$, find the values of

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