

- a) 20 b) 30
c) 40 d) 25
- Q.6 8086 can access up to _____ memory
a) 512 KB b) 1 MB
c) 2 MB d) 256 KB
- Q.7 One byte is equal to _____ bits
a) 8 b) 4
c) 16 d) 32
- Q.8 80486 is a _____ bit microprocessor
a) 8 b) 16
c) 32 d) 128
- Q.9 Which instruction is used for placing data on the stack
a) POP b) PUSH
c) PUSHAD d) All of the above
- Q.10 In the instruction the OP code decides _____
a) What to do b) Where to do
c) Both A and B d) None

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 8086 is a _____ pin IC.

- Q.12 Write one application of 8051 microcontroller
- Q.13 Write one logical instruction.
- Q.14 What is I.S.S?
- Q.15 Define an instruction
- Q.16 Define Program
- Q.17 What is the function of ALU?
- Q.18 Expand B.I.U?
- Q.19 Define Instruction cycle.
- Q.20 Expand N.M.I

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 Discuss concept of memory segmentation of 8086.
- Q.22 Draw the pin diagram of 8086
- Q.23 Explain different system buses of 8086
- Q.24 Explain clock circuitry of 8086
- Q.25 What is math coprocessor?
- Q.26 Explain the instruction format of 8086
- Q.27 Discuss the data transfer in 8086 in brief.
- Q.28 Write a program to add two 16-bit numbers.
- Q.29 Discuss the use of interrupts in 8086
- Q.30 Write main features of 8051