

- Q.20 Explain the step in Risk and Threat Analysis . (CO1)
 Q.21 Discuss the examples of Identification and Authentication Systems. (CO3)
 Q.22 Explain the Purpose and Benefits of a DMZ in Network & Information Security. (CO4)

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6 th Sem. / Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning
Subject : Network and Information Security

Time : 3 Hrs. M.M. : 60

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x8=16)

- Q.23 Discuss different types of Trojan horses .Explain the various primary methods used by attackers. (CO1)
 Q.24 Discuss Substitution Techniques in Cryptography . Explain its types. (CO2)
 Q.25 Discuss the importance and challenges of Cyber Law in the digital world. (CO4)

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (6x1=6)

- Q.1 Which is the primary function of a firewall in computer security ? (Co2)
 a) Encrypting data
 b) Blocking unauthorized access to a network
 c) Monitoring network traffic
 d) Managing passwords
 Q.2 What is the purpose of the encryption process in information security ? (CO1)
 a) To compress data
 b) To create a backup of data
 c) To convert data into a readable format
 d) To convert data into an unreadable format to prevent unauthorized assess

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- Q.3 What is the primary purpose of SSL/TLS protocol ? (CO2)
- a) To compress data
 - b) To secure communication over a network
 - c) To store data securely
 - d) To manage user authentication
- Q.4 Which of the following describes the concept of non-repudiation in cryptography ? (CO3)
- a) To encrypt messages
 - b) To verify the integrity of a message
 - c) To prove that a transaction or communication cannot be denied by the sender
 - d) To generate a unique key for each session
- Q.5 What is the full form of SMTP ? (CO3)
- a) Simple Mail Transport Protocol
 - b) Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
 - c) Single Mail Transfer Process
 - d) Single Mail Transfer Process
- Q.6 What does the term “phishing” refer to ? (CO1)
- a) A technique used to hack passwords
 - b) Sending fraudulent emails to obtain sensitive information
 - c) A method of encryption
 - d) An attack that involves physically stealing computer

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- ### SECTION-B
- Note:** Objective/ Completion type questions. All questions are compulsory. (6x1=6)
- Q.7 Define virus. (CO1)
- Q.8 What is Non Repudiation ? (CO2)
- Q.9 Define cyber defamation (CO3).
- Q.10 Define Authorization . (CO2)
- Q.11 What is the primary objective of ISO 27001?(CO3)
- Q.12 What is retina scanning ? (CO2)

- ### SECTION-C
- Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any eight questions out of ten questions. (8x4=32)
- Q.13 Explain the needs of Computer Security. (CO3)
- Q.14 Discuss the role of audit logs in access control systems. (CO4)
- Q.15 Discuss the concept of public key infrastructure (PKI) (CO2)
- Q.16 Explain the difference between NIDS and HIDS. (CO2)
- Q.17 Define the cryptanalysis and cryptology. Describe the key concepts. (CO2)
- Q.18 Explain the differences between Transport mode and Tunnel mode in IPSec. (CO3)
- Q.19 Explain the differences Between ISO/IEC 20000 and ITIL. (CO4)

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