

- Q.23 Draw a multi point cutting tool with the function of its angles.
- Q.24 Explain the principle of location.
- Q.25 What are the uses of High Steel and Stelite?
- Q.26 Explain any 5 locating devices.
- Q.27 Name any 5 commercially available tool material and their compositions.
- Q.28 What are the purposes of clamping elements?
- Q.29 Write short note on need of jigs and fixtures.
- Q.30 Write the advantages of bushing.
- Q.31 Explain the types of clamps.
- Q.32 Explain any one milling fixture with diagram.
- Q.33 Enlist the types of drilling jigs. Draw any one.
- Q.34 Draw and explain any one assembly fixture.
- Q.35 Write the considerations while designing a jig and fixture.

#### **SECTION-D**

**Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Explain the tool geometry of single point cutting tool with diagram and nomenclature.
- Q.37 Write short note on
- i) throw away inserts
  - ii) Chip breaker
- Q.38 Write short note on
- i) welding fixture
  - ii) Reamers

No. of Printed Pages : 4  
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#### **Subject:- Tool Engg- I**

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

#### **SECTION-A**

**Note:** Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 Which of the following is second hardest substance known ?
- a) Ceramic
  - b) Cubic boron nitride (CBN)
  - c) Cermets
  - d) Diamond
- Q.2 Corrundum is \_\_\_\_\_
- a) Diamond
  - b) abrasive
  - c) Ceramic
  - d) All of the above
- Q.3 The cutting tool wears due to
- a) Edge wear
  - b) Crater wear
  - c) Flank wear
  - d) All of the above
- Q.4 The cutting speed of High Speed Steel is \_\_\_\_\_ times faster than Carbon steels.
- a) 2
  - b) 4
  - c) 6
  - d) 8

- Q.5 Which of the following is not a constituents of High Speed Steel?  
a) Vanadium      b) Chromium  
c) Tungsten      d) Nickel
- Q.6 Bushes are generally provided in a jig to \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Locate the job      b) Guide the job  
c) Hold the job      d) All of the above
- Q.7 The use of fixtures mainly reduces \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Only operation time  
b) Only setting time  
c) Tooling cost  
d) Both setting and operation time
- Q.8 Select an operation that does not require a jig:  
a) Drilling      b) Reaming  
c) Tapping      d) Turning
- Q.9 3-2-1 principle is related to \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Work sampling  
b) Plant layout design  
c) Tool design  
d) Design of locating devices
- Q.10 In which of the following operation jigs are preferred over fixture  
a) Drilling      b) Turning  
c) Milling      d) Grinding

## SECTION-B

- Note:** Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)
- Q.11 Toughness of a cutting tool means ability to withstand \_\_\_\_\_ without failure.
- Q.12 Name any two operations where we use single point cutting tool.
- Q.13 Which is the hardest cutting tool material?
- Q.14 With the use of jigs and fixtures, rate of production will \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.15 Jigs and fixture increase the accuracy of parts (True/False)
- Q.16 Jigs and fixtures are used to provide interchangability (True/False)
- Q.17 Number of degree of freedom of a workpiece in space is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.18 3-2-1 is a point location \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.19 Clamping is used to \_\_\_\_\_ (function)
- Q.20 Which material is normally used in making locating and clamping devices?

## SECTION-C

- Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)
- Q.21 Write the mechanical properties of High Speed Steel.
- Q.22 Write short note on regrinding a tool.