

No. of Printed Pages : 4  
Roll No. ....

181752/171752/  
121752/031752

**Semester : 5 th**  
**Branch : Mechanical**  
**Subject:- Refrigeration and Air conditioning**

Time : 3Hrs. M.M. : 100

**SECTION-A**

**Note:** Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 TR equals to : (CO-1)  
a) KJ/min b) KJm/h  
c) Kg/min. d) No units
- Q.2 In vapour compression refrigeration system, the condition of refrigerant before entering the compressor is : (CO1)  
a) Super heated vapour b) Wet vapour  
c) Dry saturated liquid d) None
- Q.3 The condensing medium used in evaporative condenser is (CO-1)  
a) Water only b) Air only  
c) Both air and water d) None of these
- Q.4 An ideal refrigerant should have (CO-8)  
a) High latent heat b) Low latent heat  
c) High boiling point d) None of these
- Q.5 The chemical name of R-717 is : (CO-8)  
a) Ethylene b) Ammonia  
c) Propane d) Methane

(1)

181752/171752/  
121752/031752

Q.6 R-500 is : (CO8)

- a) Azeotrope
- b) Halo carbon refrigerant
- c) Inorganic refrigerant
- d) None of these

Q.7 Subcooling is cooling of liquid refrigerant in vapour compression refrigeration system (CO3)

- a) Before compression b) After compression
- c) Before throttling d) None of these

Q.8 The difference between dry bulb temperature and wet bulb temperature is known as : (CO-3)

- a) Dew point depression
- b) Dry bulb depression
- c) Wet bulb depression
- d) None of these

Q.9 Fluid used in Electrolux refrigerator is : (CO-1)

- a) Water, ammonia, Hydrogen
- b) Ammonia, Hydrogen
- c) Water, Hydrogen
- d) None of these

Q.10 More is the bypass factor of cooling coil (CO-4)

- a) Lesser will be its efficiency
- b) More will be efficiency
- c) does not depend on by pass factor
- d) None of these

(2)

181752/171752/  
121752/031752

## **SECTION-B**

**Note:** Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 Define secondary refrigerant (CO-8)  
Q.12 Define refrigerant effect (CO-1)  
Q.13 What is humidity ratio ? (CO-3)  
Q.14 Define dehumidification (CO-4)  
Q.15 What is air conditioning (CO-1)  
Q.16 Define WBT (CO-3)  
Q.17 Define DPT (CO-3)  
Q.18 Define sensible heating (CO-4)  
Q.19 What is overload protector (CO-1)  
Q.20 Give the relation between COP of refrigerator and heat pump (CO-1)

## **SECTION-C**

**Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 What is superheating ? Explain its effect on COP of a refrigeration system. (CO-1)  
Q.22 Write short note on R-22 (CO8)  
Q.23 Explain briefly gas throttling refrigeration (CO-1)  
Q.24 Explain parts of simple vapour compression system using a diagram (CO-1)  
Q.25 Explain heating and humidification process on a psychrometric chart (CO-4)  
Q.26 Differentiate between vapour compression and vapour absorption refrigeration system. (CO-1)  
Q.27 Briefly explain star rating (CO-5)

(3)

181752/171752/  
121752/031752

- Q.28 Briefly explain the principle of vapour absorption system. (CO-1)  
Q.29 What are primary refrigerants ?Give any two examples (CO-8)  
Q.30 What is the function of analyzer used in vapour absorption systems. (CO-1)  
Q.31 What is sensible heat factor (SHF.) Explain briefly (CO4)  
Q.32 Explain the importance of psychrometry (CO-3)  
Q.33 Differentiate between air cooled and water cooled condenser. (CO-1)  
Q.34 What is Dalton's law of partial pressure ? (CO-3)  
Q.35 Explain the term relative humidity (CO-3)

## **SECTION-D**

**Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 What is condenser? What are its essential requirements? Explain shell and coil condenser (CO-1)  
Q.37 Explain the working of solar power refrigeration system with the help of a diagram. (CO-1)  
Q.38 What are the various types of lines in psychrometric charts ? Name and show in term in the chart (CO-6)

(3740)

(4)

181752/171752/  
121752/031752