

- Q.29 Explain the working of Master control self holding relays.
- Q.30 Explain the concept of RTU.
- Q.31 Write down a ladder diagram program to turn ON or OFF the motor.
- Q.32 Write a short note on SCADA. Also draw its block diagram.
- Q.33 Explain ON timer instruction of PLC using ladder diagram.
- Q.34 Draw and briefly explain block diagram of DCS.
- Q.35 Differentiate between SCADA and DCS system.

### **SECTION-D**

**Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 What is SCADA and draw the different layer block diagram with advantages also.
- Q.37 Define Counter. Explain Counter instructions with the help of ladder diagram.
- Q.38 Explain all timers used in PLC programming with ladder diagram.

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**6th Sem / Branch : IC, EI**  
**Sub.: PLC, DCS & SCADA / Micro-Controller & PLC Based**

Time : 3Hrs.                                M.M. : 100

### **SECTION-A**

**Note:** Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 PLC consists of:  
 a) Input module                            b) Output module  
 c) CPU                                      d) All of these
- Q.2 Programming Languages of PLC are  
 a) Ladder Logic  
 b) Statement List  
 c) Functional Block Diagram  
 d) All are Correct
- Q.3 Convert Binary No (11001111) into decimal no :  
 a) (204)                                    b) (205)  
 c) (206)                                    d) (207)
- Q.4 Convert decimal no (33) into Binary No  
 a) (100010)                                b) (010001)  
 c) (100001)                                d) (011001)
- Q.5 What is the full form of SCADA?  
 a) Supervisory Control and Document Acquisition  
 b) Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition  
 c) Supervisory Column and Data Assessment  
 d) None of these

- Q.6 The type of memory which is used to store permanent data  
a) ROM                    b) Both A & C  
c) RAM                    d) None of these
- Q.7 An AND function implemented in ladder logic uses.  
a) Normally closed contacts in series  
b) Normally open contacts in series  
c) A single normally closed contact  
d) Normally open contacts in parallel
- Q.8 Which one of the following is an output device?  
a) Motor                    b) Transducer  
c) Both A & B            d) Sensor
- Q.9 Which of the following is/are of PLC manufacture?  
a) ABB                    b) Siemens  
c) Allen Bradley          d) All
- Q.10 OSR stand for :  
a) One series response b) One shot rising  
c) Over series response d) Over shot rising

### SECTION-B

**Note:** Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory.  $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- Q.11 Define the RAM.
- Q.12 HMI stands for.
- Q.13 Write name of any two programming languages of PLC.

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- Q.14 Draw symbol of Off timer.
- Q.15 RTU Stands for \_\_\_\_\_
- Q.16 Draw block diagram of SCADA.
- Q.17 Draw basic structure of ladder diagram.
- Q.18 Electromagnetic relays are better than PLC (True/False)
- Q.19 What is relay and how its working?
- Q.20 Draw the Ladder diagram of AND GATE and NOT GATE.

### SECTION-C

- Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions.  $(12 \times 5 = 60)$
- Q.21 What are the advantages of PLC's over Electromagnetic relays?
- Q.22 Write about the programming language used for the PLC programming.
- Q.23 Draw the block diagram of PLC and explain about its all blocks.
- Q.24 What is SCAN Cycle in PLC and draw and diagram also.
- Q.25 Explain about the watch dog timer in PLC's.
- Q.26 Explain any two arithmetic instructions using ladder diagram.
- Q.27 Define counter in PLC and explain up counter.
- Q.28 Draw the ladder diagram of any two comparison instruction used in PLC.

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