

- Q.23 Draw a multi point cutting tool with the function of its angles.
- Q.24 Explain the principle of location.
- Q.25 What are the uses of High Steel and Stelite?
- Q.26 Explain any 5 locating devices.
- Q.27 Name any 5 commercially available tool material and their compositions.
- Q.28 What are the purposes of clamping elements?
- Q.29 Write short note on need of jigs and fixtures.
- Q.30 Write the advantages of bushing.
- Q.31 Explain the types of clamps.
- Q.32 Explain any one milling fixture with diagram.
- Q.33 Enlist the types of drilling jigs. Draw any one.
- Q.34 Draw and explain any one assembly fixture.
- Q.35 Write the considerations while designing a jig and fixture.

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Explain the tool geometry of single point cutting tool with diagram and nomenclature.
- Q.37 Write short note on
- throw away inserts
 - Chip breaker
- Q.38 Write short note on
- welding fixture
 - Reamers

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Subject:- Tool Engg- I

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 Which of the following is second hardest substance known ?
- Ceramic
 - Cubic boron nitride (CBN)
 - Cermets
 - Diamond
- Q.2 Corundum is _____
- Diamond
 - abrasive
 - Ceramic
 - All of the above
- Q.3 The cutting tool wears due to
- Edge wear
 - Crater wear
 - Flank wear
 - All of the above
- Q.4 The cutting speed of High Speed Steel is _____ times faster than Carbon steels.
- 2
 - 4
 - 6
 - 8

- Q.5 Which of the following is not a constituents of High Speed Steel?
- a) Vanadium b) Chromium
c) Tungsten d) Nickel
- Q.6 Bushes are generally provided in a jig to _____
- a) Locate the job b) Guide the job
c) Hold the job d) All of the above
- Q.7 The use of fixtures mainly reduces _____
- a) Only operation time
b) Only setting time
c) Tooling cost
d) Both setting and operation time
- Q.8 Select an operation that does not require a jig:
- a) Drilling b) Reaming
c) Tapping d) Turning
- Q.9 3-2-1 principle is related to _____
- a) Work sampling
b) Plant layout design
c) Tool design
d) Design of locating devices
- Q.10 In which of the following operation jigs are preferred over fixture
- a) Drilling b) Turning
c) Milling d) Grinding

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 Toughness of a cutting tool means ability to withstand _____ without failure.
- Q.12 Name any two operations where we use single point cutting tool.
- Q.13 Which is the hardest cutting tool material?
- Q.14 With the use of jigs and fixtures, rate of production will _____
- Q.15 Jigs and fixture increase the accuracy of parts (True/False)
- Q.16 Jigs and fixtures are used to provide interchangeability (True/False)
- Q.17 Number of degree of freedom of a workpiece in space is equal to _____.
- Q.18 3-2-1 is a point location _____.
- Q.19 Clamping is used to _____ (function)
- Q.20 Which material is normally used in making locating and clamping devices?

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 Write the mechanical properties of High Speed Steel.
- Q.22 Write short note on regrinding a tool.