

- Q.26 Draw the block diagram of digital signal processing system.
- Q.27 Write a short note on the biosensors.
- Q.28 Explain bio materials a short note.
- Q.29 Write a short note on the active transducers.
- Q.30 Explain the working of photoelectric transducers in short note.
- Q.31 Define the principle of thermistor in a short note.
- Q.32 Summarize the basic details of differential amplifier in a short note.
- Q.33 Write five functions of any one Biomedical Instrumentation system.
- Q.34 Write a short note on the needle electrodes.
- Q.35 Explain direct writing recorders in a short note.

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Describe the working principle of ECG electrodes with its diagram.
- Q.37 Explain biomedical electrodes and its types in detail.
- Q.38 What are displacement type sensors? Explain any two types of displacement type sensors.

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5th Sem. / Medical Electronics

Subject:- Biomedical Sensors and Transducer (BMST)

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 A device which converts one form of energy to another form of energy is known as
a) Transducer b) Voltage regulator
c) Sensor d) None
- Q.2 The bio materials can be
a) Natural
b) Synthetic
c) Natural plus synthetic
d) All of the above
- Q.3 Digital Thermometer uses
a) Pressure sensor b) Temperature sensor
c) Flow sensor d) None of the above
- Q.4 The ECG wave form is
a) ABCDE b) IJKLM
c) PQRST d) WXYZ

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- Q.5 EMG records the electrical signal produced by
- Nerves
 - Muscles
 - Bones
 - Heart
- Q.6 _____ is not a non-contact temperature sensor device
- Thermocouple
 - Thermistor
 - Resistance Thermometer
 - Pressure Transducer
- Q.7 The advantages of optical fiber sensor are
- Light weight
 - Small size
 - Passive
 - All of the above
- Q.8 _____ is a part of heart
- Atrium
 - Pancreas
 - Spleen
 - None of the above
- Q.9 The signals from the heart are captured by
- EEG
 - EMG
 - ECG
 - None of the above
- Q.10 Normal systolic blood pressure is
- 150mmHg
 - 90mmHg
 - 120mmHg
 - 70mmHg

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SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 Write the full form of BMST.
- Q.12 Write one example of transducer.
- Q.13 Write one use of strain gauge transducer.
- Q.14 Write full form of EMG.
- Q.15 Give one advantage of optical fiber sensors.
- Q.16 Write one property of ultrasound.
- Q.17 Write one importance of cardiovascular measurement.
- Q.18 Give one example of bio material.
- Q.19 Define measurement.
- Q.20 Expand LVDT.

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 Explain strain gauge transducer in a short note.
- Q.22 Write a short note on the physiological transducers.
- Q.23 State principle of electrode - electrolyte interface.
- Q.24 Write a short note on the biomedical electrodes.
- Q.25 Explain the principle of thermocouple on a short note.

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