

- Q.27 Define corporate authorship and write its types.
 - Q.28 Write any five merits of union catalogue.
 - Q.29 Describe the types of conference as a corporate author in brief.
 - Q.30 Write the name of various forms of centralized cataloguing.
 - Q.31 Differentiate between personal author and corporate author.
 - Q.32 Write the short note on filling of entries.
 - Q.33 Define multivolume book. Write its types.
 - Q.34 Write any five difference between cooperative & centralized cataloguing.
 - Q.35 Write any five rules of choice & rendering of conference as a corporate author.

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Define institution Corporate author. Explain the rules of choice & rendering of institution as a corporate author.

Q.37 Define multivolume book. Explain the types of cataloguing of multivolume book with example.

Q.38 Define union catalogue. Explain the compilation methods of union catalogue.

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3rd Sem / Library & Information Science

Subject:- Library Cataloguing - II / Library Cataloguing - III

Time : 3Hrs. M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 Which is the example of corporate author _____

a) Government b) Institution
c) Conference d) All of these

Q.2 To arrange the entries in a symmetric order in a catalogue is called.

a) Filling of entries
b) Alphabetical catalogue
c) Classified catalogue
d) None of these

Q.3 A person who associates with author.

a) Collaborator b) Cartographer
c) Illustrator d) None of these

Q.4 A book with two or more volumes is called _____

a) Composite book b) Multivolume book
c) Simple book d) Anonymous book

Q.5 Sharing the cost and labour of cataloguing is called

- a) cooperative cataloguing
- b) centralized cataloguing
- c) Both a & b
- d) None of these

Q.6 In tracing we first record

- a) Subject heading b) Title
- c) Author d) Editor

Q.7 CIP means

- a) Cataloguing in publication
- b) Cataloguing before publication
- c) Cataloguing after publication
- d) None of these

Q.8 Which one is odd

- a) Government b) Institution
- c) Conference d) Joint author

Q.9 Sear' list of subject heading is a:

- a) Classified list of subject
- b) Alphabetical list of subject
- c) Geographical list of subject
- d) None of these

Q.10 India, supreme court is the example of:

- a) Government corporate author
- b) Institution corporate author
- c) Conference corporate author
- d) None of these

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

Q.11 To arrange the entries in a systematic order in a catalogue is called filling of entries. (True/False)

Q.12 Write the example of periodic conference.

Q.13 Write the name of two added entry.

Q.14 Work of unknown authorship is called _____.

Q.15 Write the example of corporate author.

Q.16 Write the full form of MARC.

Q.17 Write the full form of CCC.

Q.18 Write any one demerit of alphabetical catalogue.

Q.19 Tracing is the _____ section of main entry.

Q.20 Cataloguing of two or more libraries by an agency is called centralized cataloguing.(T/F)

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. $(12 \times 5 = 60)$

Q.21 Write any five merits of centralized cataloguing.

Q.22 Explain any one method of filling of entries.

Q.23 Define union catalogue. Write its three purpose.

Q.24 Define centralized cataloguing. Write its any three objectives.

Q.25 Describe the complete set & uncomplete set with example.

Q.26 Describe any five rules of filling of entries.