

- Q.29 What are Canned Cycles? Why are they provided in the CNC Machine?
- Q.30 Differentiate between Absolute and incremental System of Programming.
- Q.31 Explain the common faults in Electrical Components of CNC Machine.
- Q.32 Define Automation. Explain various types of Automation.
- Q.33 What are DO-Loops? Why are they used?
- Q.34 What are Pallets? Why are they used in CNC Machines?
- Q.35 Write the various advantages and disadvantages of Automations.

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Prepare a Part program for following Turning Operation as shown in Fig 1.

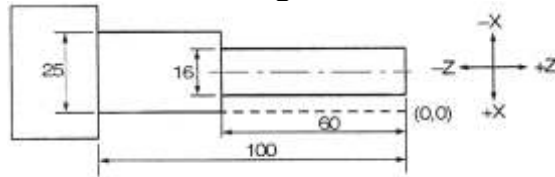


Fig 1

Take Feed=100mm /min., Speed=950rpm, depth of cut=1mm per cut. Take incremental system of dimensioning.

- Q.37 With the help of neat sketch, explain the construction and working of Tachometer. Also give the applications of Tachometer.
- Q.38 Explain the various online Fault Diagnosis Tools used in CNC Machines.

No. of Printed Pages : 4

Roll No.

202452

5th Sem / Branch : Mechatronics

Subject:- CNC Machines and Automation

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 Incremental encoder is capable of sensing
- Speed of rotation of lead screw
 - Speed of movement of the table
 - Speed of rotation of spindle motor
 - Direction of movement of the table
- Q.2 CNC machines lathes have built-in coordinate measuring system. The zero position on the coordinate system is called;
- Reference point
 - Machine zero point
 - Work zero point
 - Program zero point
- Q.3 A machine is said to have CNC control if
- The dimensions of the work piece are measured by sensors while cutting is going on.
 - The tool motion is guided by drum cams and disc cams.
 - The loading and unloading of the work piece ON and OFF the machine respectively is made automatic.
 - Control is achieved by employment of alphanumeric data
- Q.4 Code G91 describes;
- Absolute position
 - Incremental position

- c) Circular interpolation clockwise
d) Circular interpolation counter clockwise
- Q.5 Which type of motor is not suitable for rotary axis of spindle drives of CNC machine tools;
a) Induction motor b) DC Servo motor
c) Stepper motor d) Linear motor
- Q.6 In a CNC machine, a command
a) Starts with a numerical value and ends with a alphabet
b) Start with a numerical value and ends with two alphabets
c) Starts with a alphabet and ends with a numerical value
d) None
- Q.7 What does an Encoder do;
a) Senses mechanical motion
b) Provides information concerning position, velocity and direction
c) Converts analog into digital information
d) All of the above
- Q.8 An ATC plays a significant role in reducing;
a) Tool change time b) Idle time
c) Machining time d) Control time
- Q.9 The Machine Control Unit (MCU) is
a) Brain of the machine b) Heart of the machine
c) Both (a) & (b) d) None
- Q.10 In a CNC machine, which kind of switches examine or detect the presence of an item or object without making contact with item;
a) Proximity Switches b) Limit Switches
c) Photo-electric d) Mechanical Switches

SECTION-B

- Note:** Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)
- Q.11 Coefficient of Friction is reduced in CNC machine due to _____ action.
- Q.12 A Punch Tape contain _____.
- Q.13 CNC Machine is mostly used for _____ Production.
- Q.14 _____ Axis is parallel to Spindle Axis.
- Q.15 Servo system is an example of _____ Loop system.
- Q.16 _____ Motor is generally used to control the Axis in CNC Machine.
- Q.17 PLC Stands for _____
- Q.18 Automation increases the _____
- Q.19 _____ Codes prepare the MCU to perform miscellaneous function.
- Q.20 DNC Stands for _____

SECTION-C

- Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)
- Q.21 Define NC Machine. Name different input devices used in NC Machine.
- Q.22 What is MCU? Describe its different parts.
- Q.23 Describe how X, Y and Z Axis of a CNC Machines are designated.
- Q.24 Describe the re circulating Ball Screw type Slideways.
- Q.25 What are Actuators? Explain Mechanical type Actuators.
- Q.26 Differentiate between Preset and Qualified Tools.
- Q.27 Explain the working of Automatic Tool Changer.
- Q.28 Describe the construction and working of Servo Motor.