

- Q.25 What do you mean by Non Banking Financial Institutions? Discuss its features.
- Q.26 Briefly explains the working of mutual funds in India.
- Q.27 What are the main objectives of a bank?
- Q.28 Define LIC. State the importance of LIC.
- Q.29 Explain the working structure of UTI.
- Q.30 Discuss the structures of Non Banking Financial Institutions in India.
- Q.31 Elaborate the objectives of IDBI.
- Q.32 Write a short note on role of ICICI.
- Q.33 State the importance of IFC.
- Q.34 How does RBI works?
- Q.35 Discuss the types of Non Banking Financial Institutions.

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Explain the structure of banks in detail.
- Q.37 Discuss the role of RBI in Indian economic development.
- Q.38 Explain the objectives and working structure of IDBI.

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Subject : Banking and Financial Institutions

Time : 3 Hrs.

M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 Narsimham committee was related to which of the following reform:
- High education reforms
 - Planning implementation reform
 - Banking structure reform
 - Tax structure reform
- Q.2 Which of the following is subsidiary of RBI
- ICICI
 - SIDBI
 - SBI
 - National Housing Bank
- Q.3 Which of the following banks prints the currency notes in India
- RBI
 - NABARD
 - SBI
 - ICICI
- Q.4 The headquarter of SBI is at:
- Delhi
 - Mumbai
 - Vadodara
 - Chennai
- Q.5 Banking comes under which of the following sector of the economy?

- a. Primary sector b. Secondary Sector
c. Tertiary sector d. Both B & C
- Q.6 Which of the following is a monetary policy tool used by RBI to control inflation?
a. Repo rate b. Fiscal drag
c. Fiscal Push d. Austerity measures
- Q.7 In 2022, how many public sector banks in India?
a. 22 b. 23
c. 14 d. 12
- Q.8 In which year was the RBI nationalized?
a. 1972 b. 1956
c. 1939 d. 1949
- Q.9 Which of the following governs non-banking financial companies?
a. RBI b. Central government
c. SEBI d. IFC
- Q.10 Which of the following banks is the largest commercial bank in India?
a. ICICI b. SBI
c. Bank of India d. Union Bank

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 Credit control is the function of commercial banks. (True/False)

- Q.12 Central bank is called as the banker's bank. (True/False)
- Q.13 UTI stands of United Territory of India.(True/False)
- Q.14 Commercial banks offer their services only to businesses. (True/False)
- Q.15 Record keeping is an important part of securing your money in a bank. (True/False)
- Q.16 Banks provides loan only for Education.(True/False)
- Q.17 A life insurance policy was introduced as a protection for individual against the uncertainty of life. (True/False)
- Q.18 Development banks accept deposits from public. (True/False)
- Q.19 Bank rate is a qualitative instrument of RBI. (True/False)
- Q.20 To control deflation the central bank should reduce the bank rate. (True/False)

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 Distinguish between Banks and Non Banking institutions.
- Q.22 State the primary functions of a bank.
- Q.23 What are the objectives of RBI?
- Q.24 Define Bank Discuss the types of Banks.