

- Q.27 What specification are taken for effective span as per I.S. 456
- Q.28 Explain inverted T-Beam
- Q.29 Differentiate between one way slab and Two way slab.
- Q.30 Give classification of column.
- Q.31 Write various forms of shear reinforcement in R.C.C beam.
- Q.32 Write specification for longitudinal steel for column as per I.S.
- Q.33 Differentiate between Fe250 and Fe 415.
- Q.34 Explain shallow and deep foundation.
- Q.35 Find M.O.R for beam having width 250 mm, effective depth 450 mm with 4 No. 16 mm  $\phi$  bar. Take stress in steel 230 N/mm<sup>2</sup> and in concrete 7N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

#### SECTION-D

**Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Explain method of Pre-stressing.
- Q.37 A short R.C.C column 425 X 400 is to carry axial load of 1000 KN. Find the area of longitudinal reinforcement. Use M<sub>20</sub> grade of concrete and Fe 415 steel. Use L.S.M.
- Q.38 Write design step for one way slab in LSM.

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#### Arch Subject:- R.C.C

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

#### SECTION-A

**Note:** Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 Concrete is strong in
- a) Compression      b) Tension
- c) Shear      d) Torsion
- Q.2 Shear reinforcement in beams may be provided as
- a) Vertical stirrups      b) Bent up bar
- c) Both (a) and (b)      d) All above
- Q.3 Lever arm is the distance between
- a) Resultant compressive and tensile force
- b) Centre of tensile & Comp. zone
- c) Centre of tensile zone to bottom fibre of section
- d) None of these
- Q.4 The value of modular ratio for M20 concrete is taken as
- a) 9.33      b) 10.98
- c) 13.33      d) 23.33

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- Q.5 Design compressive stress is taken as
- a)  $.25 f_{ck}$                       b)  $.35 f_{ck}$   
 c)  $.45 f_{ck}$                       d)  $.55 f_{ck}$
- Q.6 Unit wt. of R.C.C is
- a)  $20000 \text{ N/m}^3$                       b)  $22000 \text{ N/m}^3$   
 c)  $2400 \text{ N/m}^3$                       d)  $25000 \text{ N/m}^3$
- Q.7 The maximum limit for tensile steel in singly R.C.C beam is
- a)  $.04 bd$                       b)  $.04 bD$   
 c)  $.4 bd$                       d)  $.4 bD$
- Q.8 Doubly reinforced beam are used when
- a) Impact forces are expected  
 b) Stress reversal is expected  
 c) Seismic load is expected  
 d) All of the above
- Q.9 Min area of steel in either direction of slab using tor steel not be less than
- a)  $.12\% \text{ of } bD$                       b)  $.15\% bD$   
 c)  $.18\% bD$                       d) None of these
- Q.10 Min. no. of longitudinal bar for rectangular column are
- a) 4                      b) 5  
 c) 6                      d) 8

## SECTION-B

**Note:** Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 Define P.C.C
- Q.12 Define lever arm distance.
- Q.13 Define singly R.C.C beam.
- Q.14 What is partial safety factor for loads are taken.
- Q.15 Define Pre-stress.
- Q.16 What do you understand by L-beam
- Q.17 Define neutral axes.
- Q.18 Define doubly reinforced beam.
- Q.19 Define Column.
- Q.20 Define Two-way Slab.

## SECTION-C

**Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 Explain advantage of Pre-stressed concrete.
- Q.22 Explain Suitability of steel as reinforcing material.
- Q.23 Differentiate between working stress and limit state method.
- Q.24 Explain loading on structure as per IS:875
- Q.25 What are the basic assumption in singly R.C.C. beam
- Q.26 Explain over reinforced section by working stress method.