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**4th Sem / Branch : CIVIL ENGINEERING/
Const.mgmt./Brick Tech/Highway Engg.**

Subject:- Surveying-II

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

Q.1 The horizontal distance between two consecutive contour line is (CO-01)

- a) Contour interval
- b) Contour distance
- c) Contour length
- d) Horizontal equivalent

Q.2 When contour lines are uniformly spaced it indicates (CO-01)

- a) Steep ground
- b) Uniform slope
- c) Flat ground
- d) None of the above

Q.3 A series of closed lines on map represents a depression if (CO-01)

- a) Lower values are inside
- b) Lower values are outside
- c) Higher values are inside
- d) None of these

Q.4 Correction values for balancing the traverse determined by _____. (CO-02)

- a) Parallax method
- b) Transit method
- c) Swing method
- d) None of the above

Q.5 Size of theodolite is determined by _____. (CO-02)

- a) Dia.of horizontal circle
- b) Height of stand

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- c) Length of telescope
- d) None of the above

Q.6 if b is the reduced bearing, I is the length of line, then latitude is equal to _____ (CO-03)

- a) $L \sin b$
- b) $L \cos b$
- c) $L \sec b$
- d) $L \cosec b$

Q.7 The usual value of multiplying constant in tacheometry is (CO-03)

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 10
- d) 100

Q.8 A vertical curve having convexity upward is known as (CO-04)

- a) Valley curve
- b) Summit curve
- c) Tangential curve
- d) None of the above

Q.9 When two tangent meet at a point the point is known as (CO-4)

- a) Apex
- b) Summit
- c) Vertex
- d) None of the above

Q.10 An instrument which is used to measure the area of the plan of any shape (CO-05)

- a) Distomat
- b) Planimeter
- c) Theodolite
- d) None of the above

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

Q.11 Define horizontal equivalent. (CO-01)

Q.12 Define direct method of conducting. (CO-01)

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- Q.13 When several contours coincides it shows a _____ (CO-01)
- Q.14 Define face right (CO-02)
- Q.15 Define orientation (CO-02)
- Q.16 Define G.P.S (CO-05)
- Q.17 The value of _____ constant should be zero (CO-03)
- Q.18 Define deviation curve (CO-04)
- Q.19 Define Transaction curve (CO-04)
- Q.20 Define total station (CO-05)

SECTION-C

- Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)
- Q.21 Explain indirect method of contouring (CO-01)
- Q.22 Describe the characteristics of contour (CO-01)
- Q.23 Explain how to compute earth work from contour map (CO-01)
- Q.24 List various sources of errors in theodolite (CO-02)
- Q.25 Explain repetition method of measuring horizontal angle (CO-02)
- Q.26 Explain temporary adjustment of theodolite (CO-02)
- Q.27 In a transverse the latitudes and departures of the sides were -2.13 and +2.78 respectively. calculate the length and bearing of closing line (CO-02)
- Q.28 Explain the principle of tacheometry ? (CO-03)
- Q.29 Two tangent intersect at an angle of 150° . if they are to be connected by a 15° curve. calculate : length of curve ,apex distance and tangent line (CO-04)
- Q.30 What is reverse curve ? write its significance (CO-04)
- Q.31 Distinguish between degree of curve and radius of curve (CO-04)

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- Q.32 A simple circular curve has a radius of 700 m. the two tangents intersect at an angle of 120° . the chainage of point of intersection in 900 m. find tangent length, length of curve and degree of curve (CO-04)
- Q.33 Name various types of curve and explain any one of them in detail (CO-04)
- Q.34 Write a short note on total station (CO-05)
- Q.35 Define remote sensing. (CO-05)

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Explain the process of determining the height of tower when its base is inaccessible (CO-02)
- Q.37 From the following data. find out the constant of tacheometry. Also find the distance when the readings of the stadia wires were 1.20 m and 3.70m . The line of sight is horizontal in all cases (CO-03)

H.D	Staff Readings	
	Lower stadia	Upper stadia
200 m	1.50 m	3.46 m
400 m	0.40 m	4.33 m

- Q.38 List various types of circular curve and explain any one of them in detail with neat sketch (CO-04)

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