

- Q.26 Explain the working principle of thermocouple.
- Q.27 Discuss the IR detectors for temperature measurement.
- Q.28 Discuss the fiber optics thermometer.
- Q.29 Write short note on inclined type and well type manometer.
- Q.30 Discuss the working principle of turbine flow meter.
- Q.31 How the level measurement by using resistive transducer?
- Q.32 Explain the method of level measurement by using gamma rays method.
- Q.33 Describe any two methods of medium pressure measurement.
- Q.34 Explain the working principle of McLeod gauge.
- Q.35 Explain the working principle of Pirani gauge and ionization gauge.

#### Section-D

**Note: Long answer questions. Attempt any two questions out of three Questions. (2x10=20)**

- Q.36 Explain construction, principle and working of thermocouple, thermistor, and radiation pyrometer.
- Q.37 How the level measurement by transducer  
a) Capacitive b) Inductive c) resistive.
- Q.38 Describe the working principle of IR detector and fiber optics thermometer.

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### 5th Sem., Branch : IC, EI Subject : Process Instrumentation

Time : 3 Hrs.

M.M. : 100

#### SECTION-A

**Note: Multiple type Questions. All Questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)**

- Q.1 Unit of frequency  
a) Hz b) 1/Sec  
c) Both A & B d) None of these
- Q.2 Which of the transducer is used for temperature measurement?  
a) Thermocouple b) U-tube manometer  
c) Bellows d) None of these
- Q.3 Rotameter is used for measurement-  
a) Temperature b) Flow  
c) Pressure d) Level
- Q.4 Unit of pressure  
a) Newton b) Pascal  
c) N/m<sup>2</sup> d) Both B & C

- Q.5 thermocouple is used to measure\_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Level                              b) Temperature
- c) Flow                                d) Difference
- Q.6 Thermistor is a
- a) + ve temp coefficient resistance
- b) - ve temp coefficient resistance
- c) Both A & B
- d) None of these
- Q.7 Unit of resistance is \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) Hz                                    b) Ohm
- c) Second                              d) Pascal
- Q.8 Which of the following temperature sensor used for low range application?\_\_\_\_\_.
- a) RTD                                  b) Thermocouple
- c) Thermistor                        d) Gas thermometer
- Q.9 High pressure measurement by
- a) Bridgeman gauge      b) Pirani gauge
- c) Ionization gauge      d) Both B & C
- Q.10 Level measurement by
- a) Resistive transducer    b) Inductive transducer
- c) Capacitive transducer    d) All of these

### Section-B

**Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)**

- Q.11 Principle of thermocouple is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.12 Unit of force \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.13 Manometer measure the \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.14 Burdon tube elastic pressure transducer\_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.15 Bridgman gauge is use to measure \_\_\_\_\_ pressure.
- Q.16 Orifice is always placed in vertical position (Yes/No)
- Q.17 Venture meter is used to measure \_\_\_\_\_ rate.
- Q.18 Level measurement by capacitive transducer (yes/No)
- Q.19 Principal of thermos couple guage is based on \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.20 What is the unit of inductor?

### Section-C

**Note: Short answer type Question. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen Questions. (12x5=60)**

- Q.21 Explain the working principle of venturimeter & orifice flow meter.
- Q.22 Discuss the working principle of thermocouple.
- Q.23 What is the principle ultrasonic flow meter, and write their advantages?
- Q.24 Discuss the principle of capacitive transducer.
- Q.25 Discuss in detail with electromagnetic flow meter.