

- Q.32 Explain in brief the manufacturing process of hand made paper.
- Q.33 Explain with neat sketch the working of paper calender.
- Q.34 Write short note on pocket ventilation.
- Q.35 Write the main functions of dryer felts. Also write its advantages and disadvantages.

#### SECTION-D

- Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)
- Q.36 Explain with neat sketch the working and operation of multi cylinder dryer section use of manufacturing newsprint.
- Q.37 Write general practices for paper machine safety and safety reminders.
- Q.38 A paper machine is producing 200 tonne/Day of paper with 5% moisture content. If consistence at different sections are as follows!  
 At head box = 1%  
 After couch roll = 18%  
 After press section = 38%  
 Calculate the amount of water removed at wire part, press section and water evaporated at the dryer section.

No. of Printed Pages : 4  
 Roll No. ....

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#### 5th Sem / Branch : P & P Sub. : Paper Making II

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

#### SECTION-A

**Note:** Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 For calender paper, dryer used is  
 a) M.F. Dryer                      b) M.G. Dryer  
 c) Drum Dryer                    d) All
- Q.2 Roll crowing is  
 a) Raised portion                b) Lower portion  
 c) Flat portion                    d) All
- Q.3 The bottom roll largest in dia meter in calender stock is know as  
 a) Queen roll                      b) King roll  
 c) Largest roll                    d) Bottom roll
- Q.4 Super calendering is done to increase:  
 a) Roughness                      b) Gloss  
 c) Smoothness                    d) Thickness
- Q.5 Starch is used on the dryer section for  
 a) Internal sizing                b) Surface sizing  
 c) Coating                         d) All
- Q.6 Pope reel works on the principle of  
 a) Pushing                         b) Pulling

- c) Friction                      d) Smoothness
- Q.7 Aream consists of
- a) 100 papers                      b) 200 papers
- c) 500 papers                      d) 1000 papers
- Q.8 Largest dryer cylinder used for drying tiffin paper is
- a) Dryer                              b) M.F. dryer
- c) M.G dryer                      d) All
- Q.9 Basis weight is
- a)  $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^2}$                               b)  $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{cm}^2}$
- c)  $\frac{\text{gm}}{\text{cm}^2}$                               d)  $\frac{\text{gm}}{\text{m}^2}$
- Q.10 Factors affecting ratio of heat transfer is dryer section
- a) Scale                              b) Condensate
- c) dryer surface                      d) All

### SECTION-B

**Note:** Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 Define consistency.
- Q.12 Why drying is needed?
- Q.13 define dew point.
- Q.14 Define saturated steam.
- Q.15 Define embossing.
- Q.16 Write the main purpose of using sweat dryer.
- Q.17 Write the function of rope carrier.
- Q.18 Write the main difference between paper & board.

- Q.19 Write production formula.
- Q.20 Write main advantage of twin wire former over fourdrinier machine

### SECTION-C

**Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 Define humidity and relative humidity.
- Q.22 Explain with neat diagram the working and constructional details of cylinder dryers.
- Q.23 Write the advantages of closed hood over open hood system.
- Q.24 Explain in brief & with neat sketch the working & operation of paper calendering.
- Q.25 Explain in brief the working and operation of paper reel.
- Q.26 Explain with neat sketch embossing machine.
- Q.27 Write in brief the manufacturing process of cheque & currency papers.
- Q.28 Explain the working of any siphon in brief.
- Q.29 Explain the different factors affecting rate of heat transfer in the cylinder dryer.
- Q.30 A paper machine is producing 80 gsm paper at a speed of 200 m/min of deckle of the machine is 200 meter and efficiency 80%. Calculate production in donne/day.
- Q.31 Explain constant rate and falling rate drying.