

- Q.24 Write a ladder diagram for logical ANDing of three inputs.
- Q.25 Explain two logical instructions of PLC
- Q.26 Explain event driven sequencer with an example
- Q.27 Explain comparison instructions of PLC
- Q.28 Name five PLC manufactures
- Q.29 Explain the interfacing of seven segment LED with 8051
- Q.30 Explain different buses of 8051
- Q.31 Explain the internal memory organization of 8051
- Q.32 What do you mean by addressing mode
- Q.33 Explain two data transfer instruction of 8051
- Q.34 Explain the operation of timer 8051
- Q.35 Draw the pin diagram of 8051

#### SECTION-D

**Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Explain the block diagram of 8051
- Q.37 Explain the architecture of PLC
- Q.38 Explain the use of PLC in packaging industry.

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**6th Sem / Elect, Eltx, Mecatronics, GE, Power  
Station Engg., Elect & Eltx Engg.**

**Subject:- Programmable Logic Controllers and  
Microcontrollers/ Mic. Cont. & PLCs**

Time : 3Hrs.

M.M. : 100

#### SECTION-A

**Note:** Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 Which component of a PLC is responsible for storing and executing the control program?
- a) Input module      b) Output module  
c) Processor (CPU)      d) Power supply
- Q.2 Which among the following is not a typical output device controlled by a PLC?
- a) Motor      b) Sensor  
c) Valve      d) None of the above
- Q.3 Which programming language is commonly used in PLC
- a) C++      b) html  
c) Ladder Logic      d) Assembly language
- Q.4 The purpose of PLC scan cycle is
- a) to turn ON the power of PLC  
b) to turn OFF the power of PLC

- c) to execute the control program repeatedly
  - d) to perform diagnostic on PLC hardware
- Q.5 PSW of 8051 is \_\_\_\_\_ bit wide.
- a) 1                                      b) 4
  - c) 8                                        d) 16
- Q.6 Which type of memory retains the data even when the power is turned OFF
- a) RAM                                      b) EEPROM
  - c) Cache memory                      d) none of the above
- Q.7 SP in 8051 is \_\_\_\_\_ bit wide.
- a) 1 bit                                      b) 4 bit
  - c) 8 bit                                      d) 16 bit
- Q.8 The full form of ALE is
- a) Address level enable
  - b) Address latch enable
  - c) Address level extension
  - d) Address latch extension
- Q.9 Which among the following is not bit addressable in 8051
- a) A    b) P0
  - c) PSW                                        d) SP
- Q.10 Default register bank in 8051 is
- a) Bank 0                                      b) Bank 1
  - c) Bank 2                                      d) Bank 3

## SECTION-B

**Note:** Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 PLC stands for \_\_\_\_\_ (Programmable Logic Controller)
- Q.12 Instruction to calculate the square root of source is \_\_\_\_\_
- Q.13 Full form of RTC is \_\_\_\_\_
- Q.14 \_\_\_\_\_ instruction copies from one list to another
- Q.15 FBD stands for \_\_\_\_\_
- Q.16 8051 has \_\_\_\_\_ I/O Pins
- Q.17 Internal ROM size of 8051 is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.18 Port 1 of 8051 is used as multiplexed address and data bus. (True/False)
- Q.19 Number of Timers available in 8051 is \_\_\_\_\_
- Q.20 Address location associated with TF0 interrupt is \_\_\_\_\_

## SECTION-C

**Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 List five advantages of PLC based control system over conventional relay based systems
- Q.22 With a neat sketch explain the basic block diagram of PLC.
- Q.23 Explain I/O modules of PLC.