

- Q.31 What is chemical engineering write about the future prospects of chemical engineers.
- Q.32 Calculate the average molecular weight of air
- Q.33 How many moles of H_2SO_4 will contain 64 kg of sulphur
- Q.34 Explain the terms Molarity and Normality with their Mathematical relations
- Q.35 Discuss the following
 a) Charle's law b) Amagat's law

SECTION-D

- Note:** Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)
- Q.36 An evaporator is fed with 1500 kg/hr of the solution containing 10% caustic by weight and is concentrated to get thick liquor containing 40% weight caustic. Calculate the water evaporated in kg/hr
- Q.37 Discuss the concept of material balance and write the steps of procedure to carry out material balance.
- Q.38 Explain in detail about Hess's law of constant heat summation with one example.

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**3rd Sem / Chem, P & P, Chem Engg. (Spl. Paint Tech).
 Chem Engg. (Spl. Polymer Engg.)**

Subject:- Chem. Process Calculations/ Ind. Chem Cal.

Time : 3Hrs. M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 1 bar is almost equal to _____ atmosphere
 a) 1 b) 10
 c) 100 d) 1000
- Q.2 Number of gram moles of solute dissolved in one litre of solution is called its
 a) Equivalent weight b) molarity
 c) molality d) normality
- Q.3 Concept of _____ is based upon law of conservation of mass
 a) energy balance b) Heat transfer
 c) material balance d) mass transfer
- Q.4 A reaction which releases heat is called
 a) Exothermic reaction
 b) Endothermic reaction
 c) Neutral reaction
 d) Autocatalytic reaction

- Q.5 Average molecular weight of air is about
a) 21 b) 23
c) 29 d) 100
- Q.6 1 torr is equivalent to
a) 1 mm Hg b) 1 Pascal
c) 1 atm d) 1 mm
- Q.7 pH of an alkaline solution is
a) 7 b) >7
c) <7 d) 0
- Q.8 In C_v 'V' stands for
a) Velocity b) Voltage
c) volume d) None
- Q.9 R in ideal gas law means for
a) Rankin
b) Universal gas constant
c) Role of catalyst
d) Rate of reaction
- Q.10 Expansion of MKS system is
a) material kilogram system
b) Mass kelvin system
c) Mass kilogram second
d) None of the above

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 One BTU has _____ Joules.
- Q.12 Units of density are _____
- Q.13 Expand CGS

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- Q.14 Write one example of unit process.
Q.15 Define mass fraction.
Q.16 One mile has _____ kilometers
Q.17 Energy balance is based on the principles of _____
Q.18 Boiling is an example of unit _____
Q.19 Define latent heat
Q.20 1 °C = _____ K.

SECTION-C

- Note:** Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)
- Q.21 What is a recycle stream? Describe with the help of diagram
- Q.22 Prove mole% = Pressure % = volume%
- Q.23 Write the steps to be followed for energy balance calculation
- Q.24 Calculate the value of universal gas constant (R) in m³ atm/kmol k
- Q.25 Derive the relation between C_p and C_v
- Q.26 Define heat of formation and heat of reaction.
- Q.27 Describe the concept of theoretical and excess air in combustion
- Q.28 Define unit operation and unit process with two examples of each
- Q.29 With the help of neat diagram explain the concept of purge stream
- Q.30 A solid of 50 kg contains 37% moisture. Find out the water present in solid on weight basis if solids are dried to 10% moisture

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