

- Q.27 State the second law of thermodynamics.
- Q.28 Explain the variables affecting the rate of reaction.
- Q.29 Define elementary and non-elementary reactions.
- Q.30 Write a note on work for ideal gas undergoing polytropic process.
- Q.31 Define equilibrium constant.
- Q.32 What is the entropy change for reversible and irreversible process?
- Q.33 Define fundamentals of chemical reaction.
- Q.34 Differentiate between isometric and isobaric process.
- Q.35 What is ideal gas law?

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer questions. Attempt any two questions out of three Questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 50% of a first order reaction is complete in 35 minutes. Calculate the time required to complete 90% of the reaction.
- Q.37 Write short note on
- Effect of Temperature on equilibrium constant
 - Graphical Comparison of Batch, Mixed and Plug flow reactor.
- Q.38 Explain the construction and working of any one reactor with neat and clean diagram.

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Roll No.

4th Sem. / P & P

**Subject : Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics
& Reaction Engineering**

Time : 3 Hrs.

M.M. : 100

SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice Questions. All Questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.1 Select the largest unit of energy
- Kelvin
 - Joule
 - Calorie
 - Erg.
- Q.2 The catalyst in a first order chemical reaction charges the _____.
- Activate on energy
 - Equilibrium constant
 - Heat of reaction
 - None
- Q.3 Melting of wax is accompanied with _____ in entropy.
- Increase
 - Decrease
 - No Change
 - None
- Q.4 First law of thermodynamic is based on law of conservation of _____.
- Mass
 - Energy
 - Momentum
 - None

- Q.5 What is the unit of activation energy?
- a) Mol b) K
c) J/Mol d) Mol.k
- Q.6 For an ideal gas, the enthalpy _____ pressure.
- a) Increases with b) Independent of
c) Decrease with d) None
- Q.7 _____ constant is a type of equilibrium constant.
- a) Association b) Solubility
c) Dissociation d) Decay
- Q.8 _____ decreases during adiabatic throttling of perfect gas.
- a) Entropy b) Temperature
c) Enthalpy d) Pressure
- Q.9 Entropy change of mixing 2 liquid substances depends on _____.
- a) Molar concentration b) Quantity (No. of Moles)
c) Both A & B d) None
- Q.10 What is the activity of a catalyst when a time $t=0$?
- a) Infinity b) Unity
c) Zero d) None

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 What is carnot cycle?
- Q.12 Name any one reactor.
- Q.13 Write one application of Raoult's law.
- Q.14 State first law of thermodynamics for open system.
- Q.15 Write one effect of temperature on equilibrium constant.
- Q.16 Write one difference between adiabatic and polytropic process.
- Q.17 Write one variable affecting second order reaction.
- Q.18 Write one application of Dalton's law.
- Q.19 Write one difference between isobaric and isothermal process.
- Q.20 What is homogeneous system?

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type Questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen Questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 What is the concept of Amagat's law?
- Q.22 Write effects of pressure on equilibrium constant.
- Q.23 Derive the mathematical expression of Vanderwaal's equation of state
- Q.24 Write any one method of determination of order of reaction.
- Q.25 Name the various forms of energy.
- Q.26 What is Carnot cycle efficiency?