

- Q.26 What is Quasi Contract?
 Q.27 Write a short note on 'Voidable agreements'?
 Q.28 Explain Undue Influence?
 Q.29 What are the Rights and duties of agent?
 Q.30 Distinguish between condition and warranty?
 Q.31 Describe the Contract of Indemnity?
 Q.32 Write a short note on 'Elements of a Contract of Sale'?
 Q.33 What is delivery of Goods? State the rules of delivery of goods?
 Q.34 What are the various types of crossing of cheques?
 Q.35 What do you mean by endorsement?

SECTION-D

Note: Long answer type questions. Attempt any two questions out of three questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 How and why is cheque crossed? Distinguish between cheque crossed generally and cheque crossed specially. Illustrate your answers with examples of both the types of crossing of cheques?
 Q.37 What is an contract of sales? State its essential characteristics?
 Q.38 Discuss in brief the various modes of discharge of a contract?

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Time : 3 Hrs.

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SECTION-A

Note: Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory (10x1=10)

- Q.1 A minor can be a _____?
 a) Surety b) Agent
 c) Partner d) All of these
- Q.2 A _____ is a contract to do or not to do something, if some event, collateral to such contract, does or does not happen.
 a) Contingent contract
 b) Quasi Contract
 c) Express of Implied Contract
 d) Indemnity Contract
- Q.3 Which of the following relationship raise presumption of undue influence
 a) Landlord and tenant b) Parents and child
 c) doctor and patient d) Husband and wife
- Q.4 A breach of contract can be of _____ breach
 a) Discharged b) Illegal
 c) Void d) None of these
- Q.5 If there is error in casual, the contract is

- a) Void b) Voidable
c) Valid d) Illegal
- Q.6 The threat to commit suicide amounts to
a) Coercion b) Undue influence
c) Misrepresentation d) Fraud
- Q.7 How many parties are there to a Promissory Notes?
a) Two parties b) One party
c) Four Parties d) Three Parties
- Q.8 On the acceptance of an offer by a offeree
a) Only the acceptor becomes bound by accepting the offer
b) Only the offeror becomes bound as his terms are accepted.
c) Both the acceptor and offeree becomes bound by the contract
d) None of these
- Q.9 An offer may lapse by
a) Revocation
b) Counter offer
c) Rejection of offer by offeree
d) All of these
- Q.10 Can a person who is usually of unsound, but occasionally of sound mind, make a contract?
a) Yes, he can always make a contract
b) Yes, but only when he is sound mind
c) No, he cannot make contract
d) Can't be determined.

SECTION-B

Note: Objective type questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1=10)

- Q.11 Explain Pledge?
Q.12 Explain Coercion?
Q.13 What is an agreement to sell?
Q.14 Explain Agent by Rectification?
Q.15 Explain endorsement in Blank?
Q.16 Distinguish between a sale and an agreement to sell?
Q.17 Explain Cheque?
Q.18 Write any one feature of Right to Information Act?
Q.19 Write one feature of Consumer Protection Act?
Q.20 What are future goods?

SECTION-C

Note: Short answer type questions. Attempt any twelve questions out of fifteen questions. (12x5=60)

- Q.21 What are the rights of consumer?
Q.22 Write a short note on Kinds of Bailment?
Q.23 What is Bailment? Explain the Kinds of bailment's and its essentials?
Q.24 What are the characteristics of Negotiable Instrument?
Q.25 What do you mean by cheque? Write any two types of cheques?