

No. of Printed Pages : 4

Roll No.....

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**Branch : CNC**

**Subject : CNC Part Programming**

**Time : 3 Hrs.**

**M.M. : 100**

**SECTION-A**

**Note:** Multiple choice questions. All questions are compulsory. (10x1 = 10)

- Q.1 G code are \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Machine Codes              b) Coolant Codes  
c) Preparatory Functions Codes  
d) Dimension Codes
- Q.2 Which code is used for Tool Change  
a) M06                              b) S100  
c) M73                              d) N03
- Q.3 Subroutine is also known as \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Part Program                  b) Sub Program  
c) Base Program                  d) None of the above
- Q.4 Spindle Speed is measured in  
a) MM/Min                          b) MM/Sec  
c) RPM                              d) Inch/Min
- Q.5 Sequence Number words are  
a) T words                          b) N Words  
c) F Words                          d) S Words
- Q.6 Z-Axis is generally taken as  
a) Spindle Axis                   b) Vertical Axis  
c) Longest Axis                   d) Tool Axis
- Q.7 To cancel a Cutter Radius Compensation \_\_\_\_\_ code is used  
a) G49                              b) G88  
c) G44                              d) G40

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- Q.8 M00 is used for  
a) End of Program              b) Programme Stop  
c) Spindle Start                  d) None of the above
- Q.9 CNC machine lathes have built-in coordinate measuring system. The zero position on the co-ordinate system is called:  
a) Reference point              b) Machine zero point  
c) Work zero point              d) Programme zero point
- Q.10 An ATC plays a significant role in reducing  
a) Tool change time              b) Idle time  
c) Machining time                d) Control time

**Section-B**

**Note:** Objective types Questions. All Questions are compulsory. (10x1 = 10)

- Q.11 EOB stands for \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.12 A Block is a collection of complete group of \_\_\_\_\_ representing instruction.
- Q.13 X, Y and Z are \_\_\_\_\_ words.
- Q.14 G17 represents \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.15 \_\_\_\_\_ codes prepares the MCU to perform a specific mode of operation
- Q.16 APT stands for \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.17 MDI involves the entry of Part Program data through a \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.18 Macros are another type of \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.19 The tape format which uses alphabets is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- Q.20 For Coolant ON, \_\_\_\_\_ code is used.

**Section-C**

**Note:** Short answer type Questions. Attempt any twelve Questions out of fifteen Questions. (12x5 = 60)

- Q.21 What is part programming?

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- Q.22 What do you mean by Function Code?
- Q.23 What is Post Processing? Give its advantages.
- Q.24 Explain different types of Dimensioning System used in CNC programming.
- Q.25 What is Floating Zero? Explain with example.
- Q.26 What is Subroutine? Discuss its importance.
- Q.27 What is Manual Part Programming.
- Q.28 What are Miscellaneous Function Code? What functions do they perform in a CNC Machine.
- Q.29 What is APT. Give advantage of APT.
- Q.30 Describe how a point is defined in APT.
- Q.31 Explain Online editing of Program.
- Q.32 Prepare a Part program for following turning operation as shows in Fig 1

Take feed = 200mm / min., Speed = 800rpm., Depth of cut = -2mm per cut. Take absolute system of dimensioning

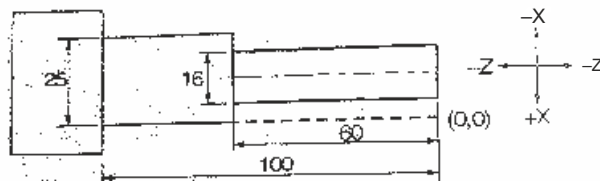


Fig 1

- Q.33 Explain the Tool Change process in CNC Machine.
- Q.34 Give the Axis designation of a CNC Drill Machine.
- Q.35 What are Sequence number words in a CNC Part programming. Give its importance.

#### Section D

**Note:** Long answer Questions. Attempt any two Questions out of three Questions. (2x10=20)

- Q.36 Prepare a Part Program for the Part shows in Fig 2 Given below using both the tools of Mill and Drill. Assume the thickness of Plate = 15 units and Setpt at (0, 20, 0) and Z = 0 at the surface of the job.

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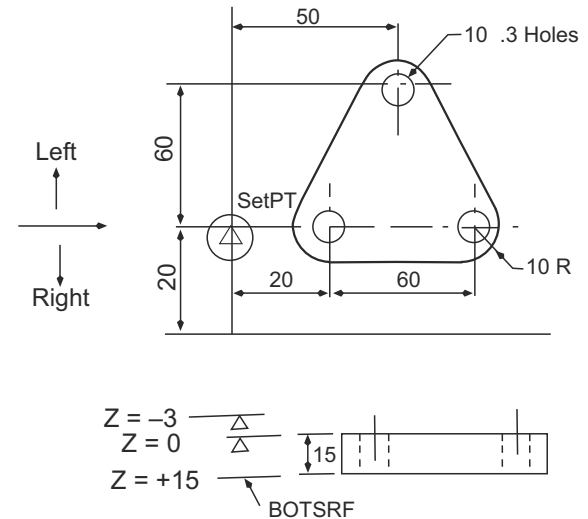


Fig 2

- Q.37 What is Part Programming? Why do we need Part Programming? Explain the various steps for making a Part Program.
- Q.38 Prepare a part programming of the taper turning operation shows in gir. 3.

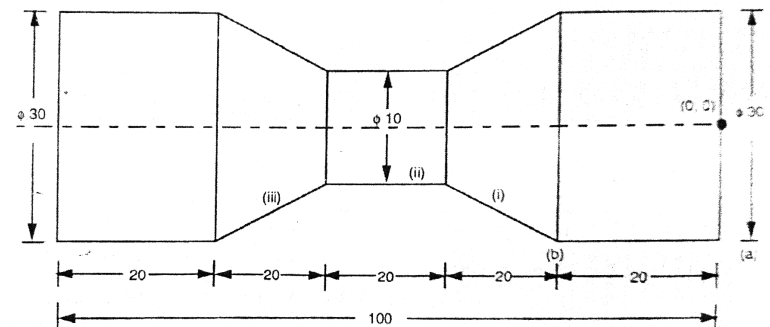


Fig 3

Assume all the machining parameters such as speed feed, depth of cut etc.

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