Ans:

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Pharma Data Analysis

1. Retrieve all columns for all records in the dataset.
Ans: SELECT * FROM pharma;
2. How many unique countries are represented in the dataset?
Ans: SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Country) AS UniqueCountriesCount FROM pharma;
3. Select the names of all the customers on the 'Retail' channel.
Ans:
SELECT Customer_Name
FROM pharma
WHERE Channel = 'Retail';
4. Find the total quantity sold for the 'Electronics' product class.
Ans:
SELECT SUM(Quantity) AS TotalQuantitySold
FROM pharma
WHERE Product_Class = 'Electronics';
5. List all the distinct months present in the dataset.
Ans: SELECT DISTINCT Month
FROM pharma;
6. Calculate the total sales for each year.
Ans:
SELECT Year, SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales
FROM pharma
GROUP BY Year;
7. Find the customer with the highest sales value.

Name: Priyam Bhattacharya Email: itspriyambhattacharya@gmail.com LinkedIn: https://linkedin.com/in/itspriyambhattacharya SELECT Customer_Name, MAX(Sales) AS HighestSales FROM pharma GROUP BY Customer_Name **ORDER BY HighestSales DESC** LIMIT 1; 8. Get the names of all employees who are Sales Reps and are managed by 'John Smith'. Ans: SELECT DISTINCT srep.Name_of_Sales_Rep FROM pharma AS srep JOIN pharma AS manager ON srep.Manager = manager.Name_of_Sales_Rep WHERE manager. Manager = 'John Smith' AND srep.Sales_Team = 'Sales Rep'; 9. Retrieve the top 5 cities with the highest sales. Ans: SELECT City, SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales FROM pharma **GROUP BY City ORDER BY TotalSales DESC** LIMIT 5; 10. Calculate the average price of products in each sub-channel. Ans: SELECT Sub_channel, AVG(Price) AS AveragePrice FROM pharma GROUP BY Sub_channel;

11. Join the 'Employees' table with the 'Sales' table to get the name of the Sales Rep and the

corresponding sales records.

SELECT e.Employee_Name, p.*

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FROM Employees AS e

JOIN pharma AS p ON e.Name_of_Sales_Rep = p.Name_of_Sales_Rep;

12. Retrieve all sales made by employees from 'New York' in the year 2022.

Ans:

SELECT *

FROM pharma

WHERE City = 'New York' AND Year = 2022;

13. Calculate the total sales for each product class, for each month, and order the results by year, month, and product class.

Ans:

SELECT Year, Month, Product_Class, SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales

FROM pharma

GROUP BY Year, Month, Product Class

ORDER BY Year, Month, Product_Class;

14. Find the top 3 sales reps with the highest sales in 2023.

Ans:

SELECT Name_of_Sales_Rep, SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales

FROM pharma

WHERE Year = 2023

GROUP BY Name_of_Sales_Rep

ORDER BY TotalSales DESC

LIMIT 3;

15. Calculate the monthly total sales for each sub-channel, and then calculate the average monthly sales for each sub-channel over the years.

Ans:

SELECT Sub_channel, Month, SUM(Sales) AS MonthlyTotalSales

FROM pharma

GROUP BY Sub_channel, Month

ORDER BY Sub channel, Month;

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```
WITH MonthlyAvgSales AS (
  SELECT Sub_channel, Month, AVG(Sales) AS AvgMonthlySales
  FROM pharma
  GROUP BY Sub_channel, Month
)
SELECT Sub channel, AVG(AvgMonthlySales) AS OverallAvgMonthlySales
FROM MonthlyAvgSales
GROUP BY Sub_channel
ORDER BY Sub_channel;
16. Create a summary report that includes the total sales, average price, and total quantity sold for each
product class.
Ans:
SELECT
  Product_Class,
  SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales,
  AVG(Price) AS AveragePrice,
  SUM(Quantity) AS TotalQuantitySold
FROM
  pharma
GROUP BY
  Product_Class
ORDER BY
  Product_Class;
17. Find the top 5 customers with the highest sales for each year.
Ans:
SELECT
  Year,
```

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 Customer_Name,
  SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales
FROM
  pharma AS p1
WHERE
  (
    SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Customer Name)
    FROM pharma AS p2
    WHERE p1.Year = p2.Year AND p1.Sales <= p2.Sales
 ) <= 5
GROUP BY
  Year, Customer_Name
ORDER BY
  Year, TotalSales DESC;
18. Calculate the year-over-year growth in sales for each country. 2 of 2
Ans:
SELECT
  Country,
  Year,
  AVG(Sales) AS AverageSales,
  LAG(AVG(Sales)) OVER (PARTITION BY Country ORDER BY Year) AS PreviousYearAverageSales,
  ((AVG(Sales) - LAG(AVG(Sales)) OVER (PARTITION BY Country ORDER BY Year)) / LAG(AVG(Sales)) OVER
(PARTITION BY Country ORDER BY Year)) * 100 AS YoYGrowth
FROM
  pharma
GROUP BY
  Country, Year
ORDER BY
```

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Email: itspriyambhattacharya@gmail.com LinkedIn: https://linkedin.com/in/itspriyambhattacharya Country, Year; 19. List the months with the lowest sales for each year Ans: **SELECT** Year, Month, MIN(TotalSales) AS LowestSales FROM (**SELECT** Year, Month, SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales FROM pharma **GROUP BY** Year, Month) AS MonthlySales **GROUP BY** Year ORDER BY Year, LowestSales; 20. Calculate the total sales for each sub-channel in each country, and then find the country with the highest total sales for each sub-channel. Ans: **SELECT** t1.Country, t1.Sub_channel, t1.TotalSales

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FROM (
  SELECT
    Country,
    Sub_channel,
    SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales
  FROM
    pharma
  GROUP BY
    Country, Sub_channel
) AS t1
JOIN (
  SELECT
    Sub_channel,
    MAX(TotalSales) AS MaxSales
  FROM (
    SELECT
      Country,
      Sub_channel,
      SUM(Sales) AS TotalSales
    FROM
      pharma
    GROUP BY
      Country, Sub_channel
  ) AS t2
  GROUP BY
    Sub_channel
) AS t3
ON t1.Sub_channel = t3.Sub_channel AND t1.TotalSales = t3.MaxSales;
```

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