

Chapter 09

Social Problems of Bangladesh

Contents for Discussion

- The idea and the causes of juvenile delinquency (offence)
- The effect and the prevention of juvenile offence
- The concept and causes of drug addiction
- The impacts and prevention of juvenile drug addiction.

 **Learning Outcomes :** After studying this chapter I will be able to—

- explain juvenile delinquency;
- narrate the causes and effects of juvenile delinquency;
- find out the ways of remedy of juvenile delinquency;
- explain drug addiction;
- describe the causes and effects of drug addiction;
- state the ways of preventing drug addiction;
- be aware of the impacts of juvenile delinquency and drug addiction.



Practice

 **Multiple Choice, Short & Creative Q/A**
following 100% accurate format for best prep.

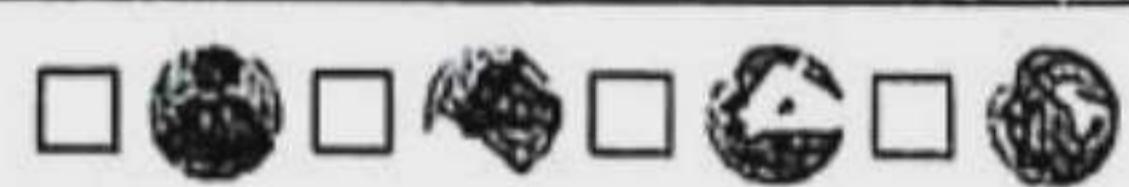
Dear learners, the Q/A of this chapter have been divided into exercise, multiple choice, short, creative & exercise-based activities in light of the learning outcomes. Practice the questions well to ensure the best preparation in the exam.



Textual Q/A



Let's learn the textbook Q/A



MCQs with Answers



- What is the main cause of juvenile offence in our country?
 A poverty
 B want of love and care
 C divorce
 D want of recreational facilities
- The steps that can be taken to prevent drug addiction are—
 - to give emphasis on religious education
 - to teach moral values
 - to forbid the production of drug itemsWhich one of the following is true?
 A i & ii B i & iii C ii & iii D i, ii & iii
- Read the following stem and answer questions 3 and 4.
Tareq is an affectionate child of his parents. Recently a change has come in his conduct. Instead of going to school, he smokes secretly and disturbs his mother for money.
- What is expressed in Tareq's conduct?
 A Infant offence B Decay of moral values
 C Drug addiction D Loneliness

- As a result of Tareq's conduct as narrated in the stem—

- different physical problems will be seen
 - mental health will not be that much changed
 - disturbance will be created in social life
- Which one of the following is true?

- B A i & ii B i & iii C ii & iii D i, ii & iii

Creative Questions with Answers

Ques. 01 Mr. Sayeed has observed that his daughter is unwilling to go to the school alone. The cause of this is some boys of 15-16 years old of his area tease the girls in different ways on their way to school. This matter made him worried. He took steps to discuss the matter with the guardians to solve this problem.

- What is the promise that the youth should be motivated to prevent drug addiction? 1
- 'The influence of bad culture is a major cause of drug addiction' – explain it. 2
- What type of social problem has made Mr. Sayeed worried? Explain it. 3
- Evaluate the effectiveness of the step taken by Mr. Sayeed. 4

Answer to Question No. 01 :

- a** The promise that the youth should be encouraged to is "Say no to drug".
- b** The influence of bad culture is one of the main reasons of drug addiction. At present, the culture of one country is being easily influenced by the culture of another country through cinema, TV channel, internet, etc. A group of juveniles are being misguided and lost due to the clash of two different cultures and at one stage, they become drug addicts.
- c** As per stem, Mr Syeed's daughter is unwilling to go to school alone, because of the fact that some boys of 13–14 years old of his area tease the girl in different ways on her way to school. He realized that the boys involved in eve teasing were juvenile offenders. They were devoid of common sense and knowledge and as such they might commit any sort offence at any time. If the girl do not respond to

illegal proposal of derailed juveniles, they kidnap and physically torture the girls on the way to school. They also throw acid on them. In their attempt to protest, the guardians sometimes become victim of their attack. For all these stated above Mr Syeed thought it as a serious social problem for which he was worried.

d Presently juvenile offences including eve teasing are increasing day by day in all places in both towns and villages. Such type of offences make our society sick and our life insecure. Mr Syeed is a socially conscious man. So, he thought about the preventive steps in the resistance of juvenile offence like eve teasing in consultation with the guardians. I think Mr Syeed took the right steps. The guardians of the juveniles can arrange moral education, recreational arrangement, etc. for them so that no juvenile offender can originate in the society. They can collectively face the juvenile offences of the society.

**Multiple Choice Q/A****Designed as per topic****Introduction**

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- What are the major social problems of Bangladesh?
 @ Juvenile offence and drug addiction
 @ Pilferage and murder
 a Robbery @ Hartal and procession
- The idea and the causes of juvenile delinquency (offence) → Textbook Page 110
- Why does an unemployed person become drug addicted?
 @ At the will @ To pass time
 @ Due to frustration
 c For momentary enjoyment
- What is the age range of juvenile offenders in Japan? [DB '19]
 @ 14–20 years @ 15–20 years
 a 14–18 years @ 15–18 years
- What is the age of juvenile offence in Bangladesh? [JB '19]
 c 7 to 14 b 7 to 15 @ 8 to 16 d 7 to 16
- What is the age range of Juvenile offenders in Thailand? [CtgB '19]
 @ 14 to 20 years @ 07 to 20 years
 c 07 to 18 years @ 07 to 16 years
- Kashem reads in class eight. His father and mother are day labour. When he demanded money to buy a mobile phone, his parents unagreed to pay. That is why he behaved unruly. Which is the main cause for such activity of Kashem? [BB '19]
 @ Lack of education @ poverty
 c Lack of recreation
 b @ Lack of awareness of parents

- In which country offensive works done by boys and grills of 7–16 years are called juvenile delinquency? [DjB '19]

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| @ Pakistan | ④ Thailand |
| c Bangladesh | ④ Japan |
- Which is the main reason of Juvenile delinquency? [DB '18]

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| @ Lack of proper education | ④ Poverty |
| ④ Lack of entertainment | ④ Lack of parents consciousness |
- Which one is one of the main cause of juvenile delinquency? [CB '18]

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| @ Excessive emotion | ④ Bad company |
| ④ Unfulfilment of desire | ④ Want of recreation |
- What is the age limit of juvenile delinquents in Thailand? [DjB '18]

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| @ 7–16 years | ④ 7–17 years |
| c 7–18 years | ④ 7–20 years |
- What is the age range of juvenile offence in Bangladesh? [DB '17]

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| @ 7 to 14 years | ④ 7 to 16 years |
| b 7 to 18 years | ④ 14 to 20 years |
- Sumon is 19 years old. He is a juvenile offender. Which country does he belong to? [JB '17]

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| @ Bangladesh | ④ Thailand |
| c Japan | ④ America |
- What is age-range of juvenile delinquency in Japan? [CB '17]

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| @ 7–16 years | ④ 7–18 years |
| d 10–15 years | ④ 14–20 years |

- 14.** What is the necessity to build a library and gymnasium in every area and Mohalla? [CB '17]
 @ For the develop of Mohalla
 Ⓛ For the mental flourishment of children and juveniles
 Ⓜ For earn money
ⓑ Ⓝ For spend the leisure time
- 15.** Zahir flees from school, adopts unfairmeans in the examinations. He is 19. In which country he is juvenile offender? [CtgB '17]
 @ Bangladesh Ⓛ Nidia
ⓒ Ⓜ Sri Lanka Ⓝ Japan
- 16.** What is the age-ranges of juvenile offenders in Bangladesh? [DinB '17]
 Ⓛ 7 – 16 Ⓝ 7 – 18
ⓐ Ⓜ 14 – 18 Ⓞ 14 – 20
- 17.** What is the prime reason of Juvenile Offense in Bangladesh?
[Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka]
 Ⓛ Corruption Ⓝ Lack of justice
ⓓ Ⓜ Poor law and order Ⓞ Poverty
- 18.** What is the age limit of a child when his offences are termed as Adolescent Crime in Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and India?
[Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka]
 Ⓛ 7-16 years Ⓝ 7-18 years
ⓐ Ⓜ 7-20 years Ⓞ 14-20 years
- 19.** The age range is 7-18 years for offensive work in—. *[Ideal School & College, Dhaka]*
 Ⓛ Japan Ⓝ Thailand
ⓑ Ⓜ Srilanka Ⓞ India
- 20.** What is the age range of the juvenile offender in Pakistan and Thailand?
[I'lqarunnisa Noon School and College, Dhaka]
 Ⓛ 7-15 years Ⓝ 7-16 years
ⓒ Ⓜ 7-17 years Ⓞ 7-18 years
- 21.** The age-range of juvenile offenders in — is 7 to 18 years.
 i. Pakistan
 ii. Japan
 iii. Thailand
Which one is correct?
ⓒ Ⓛ i & ii Ⓝ ii & iii Ⓜ i & iii Ⓞ i, ii & iii
- 22.** The adolescents of Bangladesh become offenders—.
 i. due to lack of proper socialization
 ii. due to extreme poverty
 iii. due to education system
Which one is correct?
ⓐ Ⓛ i & ii Ⓝ i & iii Ⓜ ii & iii Ⓞ i, ii & iii
- 23.** The juveniles of Bangladesh become offender due to— *[CtgB '17]*
 i. lack of proper socialization
 ii. develop the educational system
 iii. cause of poverty
Which one is correct?
ⓑ Ⓛ i & ii Ⓝ i & iii Ⓜ ii & iii Ⓞ i, ii & iii

- Read the following passage and answer the question number 24 :
 Talha and Toaha were talking of a problem. Talha says its impact on social life is very dangerous. Specially it induces great loss on a person's economical, psychological, social and ethical. Therefore, to be safe from this problem preventive and regulatory steps are most important steps to be taken.
- 24.** The problem indicate in the stem is—.
 Ⓛ dowary problem Ⓝ illiteracy
ⓓ Ⓜ arsenic problem Ⓞ drug addiction
- Read the passage and answer the questions 25 and 26 :
 Mahi reads in class Eight. His parents are workers. Mahi demanded money to buy a laptop, his mother reported inconsistency in paying. Mahi went out of the house with anger and mixed up with the tender aged boys and consumed liquids and returned home unconventional. *[SB '19]*
- 25.** Mahi's behaviour after returning to the house indicates which social problem?
 Ⓛ Juvenile delinquency
 Ⓜ Drug addiction
 Ⓜ Degradation of values
ⓐ Ⓞ Social anarchy
- 26.** Doing something must to prevent the behaviour of Mahi back home—.
 i. establish religious and moral values
 ii. provide healthy entertainment
 iii. raise awareness against drug addication
Which one is correct?
ⓓ Ⓛ i & ii Ⓝ i & iii Ⓜ ii & iii Ⓞ i, ii & iii
- 📝 The effect and the prevention of juvenile offence** *► Textbook Page 112*
- 27.** Shipon is a student of class seven. His parents died by a road accident. Recently he watches obscene movies and moves around on the roads. *[RB '18]*
Which social problem predominates on Shipon? *[RB '18]*
ⓐ Ⓛ Illiteracy Ⓝ Unemployment
ⓓ Ⓜ Drug addiction Ⓞ Juvenile delinquency
- 28.** The juveniles suffer from frustration— *[CtgB '17]*
 i. for having food friends
 ii. for having family disturbance
 iii. by being deprived of parental affection
Which one is correct?
ⓒ Ⓛ i & ii Ⓝ i & iii Ⓜ ii & iii Ⓞ i, ii & iii
- 29.** How can the juvenile offences be prevented? *[SB '17]*
 i. By consciousness of parents
 ii. By giving proper punishment
 iii. By developing socio-economic condition
Which one is correct?
ⓑ Ⓛ i & ii Ⓝ i & iii Ⓜ ii & iii Ⓞ i, ii & iii

30. Juvenile offenders are related to —.

- i. Stealing, murder
- ii. Smoking, eve teasing
- iii. Hijacking, dacoity

Which one is correct?

C @ i & ii **B** ii & iii **C** i & iii **D** i, ii & iii
31. Though the bus helper forbid again and again, Roni continued smoking. So, he was handed over to traffic police at the crossroads. Due to smoking, Roni's— [CtgB '19]

- i. health will be at risk
- ii. social dignity will suffer
- iii. punishment will be applicable as a penal offence

Which one is correct?

C @ i & ii **B** i & iii **C** ii & iii **D** i, ii & iii

■ Read the following passage and answer the question numbers 32 and 33 :

Nahid's father has recently been transferred to Dhaka. He rents of flat and lives there with his family. His wife is also a service holder. They do not have enough time to share with Nahid. He feels lonely and so mixes with some bad boys.

32. Nahid's loneliness is likely to tend him to —.

- A** fellow feeling **B** religious practice
- C** frustration **D** schizophrenia

33. The bad boys afford to the expenses of drugs by —.

- i. taking loans
- ii. telling lies to parents
- iii. committing offences

Which one is correct?

C @ i & ii **B** ii & iii **C** i & iii **D** i, ii & iii

■ Read the stem and answer the questions No. 34 and 35 :

Robin, a student of class ten, often teases Sheuly who reads in class eight. Robin's father is very powerful. So Sheuly's father wants to get her married by force. But her classmates Bina and Sima prevents it with the help of administration and law and order forces. [CtgB '19]

34. It has been possible due to the initiative of Bina and Sima—

- A** extension of women's education
- B** health care of women
- C** population control

A @ obstruction of early marriage

35. To prevent the social problem caused by Robin, we should —

- i. hand over them to the law and order forces
- ii. make an easy and moral relation of parents with them
- iii. create a favourable environment in the educational institutions

Which one is correct?

B @ i & ii **B** i & iii **C** ii & iii **D** i, ii & iii

■ Read the following stem and answer the questions No. 36 and 37 :

A school boy named Tomal often steals money from his friends bag. Sometimes he is also involved in pick-pocketing. On the other hand, Kamal goes to school regularly and reads attentively. He respects the seniors. [MB '19]

36. Which social problem of your text is reflected in the activity of Tomal?

- A** Degradation of values
- B** Drug addiction
- C** Juvenile delinquency
- D** Militancy

37. Kamal's conducts reflects —

- i. healthy family environment
- ii. sound mental development
- iii. impact of western culture

Which one is correct?

A @ i & ii **B** i & iii **C** ii & iii **D** i, ii & iii

The concept and causes of drug addiction

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38. Which is the main reason of drug addiction? [SB '17]

- A** Bad culture **B** Loneliness
- C** Disturbance of family life
- A** @ Unemployment

39. How does the drug addiction begin at first? [BB '17]

- A** Mixing with the drug addict
- B** When there is quarrelling between parents
- C** At the death of beloved ones
- A** @ Want of entertainment

40. Who are the worst affected victims influenced by the drug addicted? [DinB '17]

- A** Family members **B** School class friends
- C** Neighbour **D** Society and state

41. What is the main reason of drug addiction? [Vigarnisa Noon School and College, Dhaka]

- A** counterculture **B** loneliness
- C** family turmoil **D** unemployment

42. Physical problems of a drug addicted person are—. [Vigarnisa Noon School and College, Dhaka]

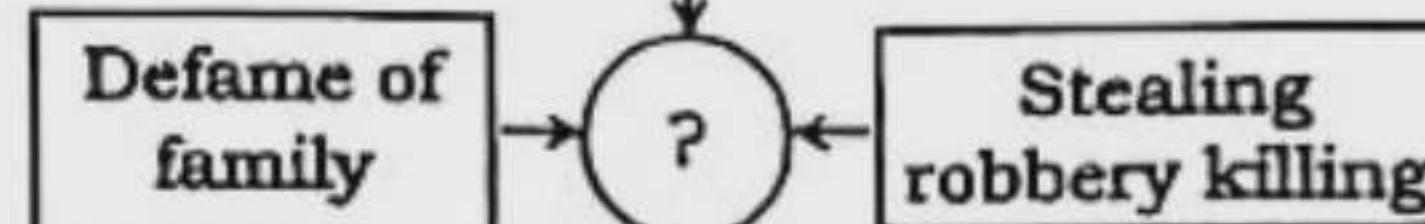
- i. heart diseases
- ii. cancer
- iii. asthma

Which one is correct?

C @ i & ii **B** i & iii **C** ii & iii **D** i, ii & iii

■ Read the stem and answer the questions no. 43 and 44 :

Suffer from physical health



[SB '18]

43. Which will be in the question mark?

- A** Juvenile offender **B** Drug addict
- C** Lack of morality **D** Bad culture

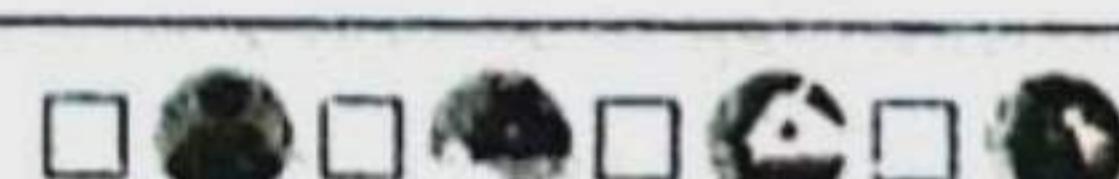
44. Where do the Rakhain Anthrops live? [BB '18]
 Ⓛ Sylhet Ⓜ Banderban
 Ⓝ Khagrachhori Ⓞ Patuakhali
 ■ Read the following passage and answer the question no. 45 and 46 :
 A always wants money from his mother. If he doesn't get money from his mother he shouts and creates chaos.
[I'iqarunnisa Noon School and College, Dhaka]
45. What is the name of the problem which is mentioned in the stem?
 Ⓛ poverty Ⓜ unruly
 Ⓝ unemployment Ⓞ drug addiction
46. The problems which are created due to the above mentioned problem?
 i. political violence
 ii. social unrest
 iii. decay of moral values
 Which one is correct?
 Ⓛ Ⓛ i & ii Ⓜ Ⓛ i & iii Ⓝ Ⓛ ii & iii Ⓞ Ⓛ i, ii & iii
- The impacts and prevention of juvenile drug addiction *Textbook Page 114*
47. Where does direct effect of drug addiction fall in?
 Ⓛ In socio-regions life Ⓜ In agricultural sector
 Ⓝ In trade and commerce Ⓞ In external life
48. What is found to be the condition of drug addict's mental health?
 Ⓛ Strong Ⓜ Weak
 Ⓝ Cheerful Ⓞ No one of the above
49. Which one is the appropriate slogan on drug?
 Ⓛ Say Yes to drug Ⓜ Say No to drug
 Ⓝ Take drug Ⓞ Encourage to take drug
50. How should the people be made to inform about the harmful side of drug addiction?
 Ⓛ Publicity through advertisement
 Ⓜ Enforcing law through police
 Ⓝ Putting the drug addicts in custody
 Ⓞ No one of the above

51. In which year did Bangladesh government sign against drug addiction in SAARC Convention? [CB '19]
 Ⓛ 1990 Ⓜ 2000 Ⓝ 2008 Ⓞ 2013
52. The penalty at the third time to smoke at public place is— [CB '19]
 Ⓛ not more than Tk 300 Ⓜ Tk 300
 Ⓝ more than Tk 300 Ⓞ double to Tk 300
53. What is helpful in preventing drug addiction? [BB '19]
 Ⓛ Religious and moral education
 Ⓜ Establish family and religious ties
 Ⓝ Establish affection and heartiness
 Ⓛ Ⓛ To arrange training and recreation
54. What will be the financial penalty of a person if he is penalised for the third time for smoking in public place? [MB '19]
 Ⓛ Tk 300 Ⓜ Tk 600
 Ⓝ Tk 900 Ⓞ Tk 1200
55. "Say No to drug"— Whom can mass people inspire with this pledge? [JB '17]
 Ⓛ Young people Ⓜ Children
 Ⓝ Women Ⓞ Parents
56. Which one of the following factors is necessary to prevent drug addiction in Bangladesh? [BB '17]
 Ⓛ Irresponsibility of parents
 Ⓜ Development of social awareness
 Ⓝ Circulation of obscene films
 Ⓛ Ⓛ Influence of bad culture
57. Due to use of drugs notable negative changes take place—
 i. physical condition
 ii. mental condition
 iii. social condition
 Which one is correct?
 Ⓛ Ⓛ i & iii Ⓜ Ⓛ ii & iii Ⓝ Ⓛ i & ii Ⓞ Ⓛ i, ii & iii

Short Q/A



Designed as per topic



Introduction

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Question 1. What is meant by social problem?

Ans. A social problem is a condition that exists in society, which has an adverse effect on the people, and to get rid of this condition, a number of individuals or groups of individuals make collective efforts. There are many social problems in Bangladesh.

Question 2. Write the names of two social problems of Bangladesh.

Ans. There are many social problems in Bangladesh. Among them, juvenile offence and drug addiction are two major problems. At present, these two problems have become a matter of concern for everyone.

The idea and the causes of juvenile delinquency offence

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Question 3. What is meant by juvenile offence?

Ans. In general, an act that is not generally recognized by the state or society is called a crime. Different types of offences committed by either immature boys and girls or juveniles are called juvenile offences. In juvenile age, they break the laws and rules of the state and society, and that is why they are juvenile offenders.

Question 4. Mention the age range of juvenile delinquency according to sociologists.

Ans. There is a difference of opinion among sociologists and lawyers of different countries about the age of juvenile delinquency. In Bangladesh, India, and Sri Lanka, criminal acts of juveniles between 7-16 years of age are called juvenile offences. On the other hand, the age of juvenile offenders in Pakistan and Thailand is 7-18 years. And in Japan, this age range is 14-20 years.

Question 5. Mention one of the main causes of juvenile delinquency.

Ans. Poverty is one of the main causes of juvenile delinquency in our country. Many desires or wishes of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. As a result, frustration increases in them, and this frustration pushes them towards crime.

Question 6. How do parents cause juvenile delinquency?

Ans. Due to being very busy outside the home or at the workplace, parents are unable to give their children enough time or attention. Lack of affection and care, premature death of parents or their divorce, even excessive punishment or monitoring by guardians cause many teenagers to gradually become criminals.

Question 7. Why is bad culture the cause of juvenile delinquency?

Ans. From childhood, those teenagers who do not get the opportunity to play games and sports, music, drawing pictures, physical exercise, and various types of cultural activities, look for ways of bad culture to get rid of mental instability. Due to these various bad cultures of society, teenagers get involved in crime.

Question 8. How does juvenile delinquency increase in slums?

Ans. There are slums in different areas and industrial areas of the city. The environment of the slum and the various bad experiences there make children and adolescents criminals. Due to bad company and poverty, the children and adolescents of the slum also get involved in crime.

Question 9. Why do children and adolescents from poor families tend towards juvenile delinquency?

Ans. Children and adolescents of poor families are forced to earn money by doing various kinds of work at an early age. Sometimes they gamble with this money, take drugs, and get involved in organized crime. They tend towards crime in their attempt to earn money or fall into greed.

Question 10. How does inferiority complex in children create criminals?

Ans. If there is a physical or mental defect or disorder, the child has to bear the social stigma, which creates an inferiority complex in the child's mind. This can also lead to many criminals.

Question 11. How do companions or friends make children and adolescents criminals?

Ans. Children and adolescents have problems choosing companions or friends in a new environment. In this way, some may become criminals due to bad company. Currently, a type of juvenile delinquency is also seen in society due to the misuse of mobile phones and the internet.

Question 12. Write three causes of juvenile delinquency.

Ans. Three causes of juvenile delinquency are :

1. Poverty is one of the main causes of juvenile delinquency.
2. Teenagers become criminals due to lack of affection and care from parents or excessive supervision.
3. Some become criminals due to bad company.

► The effect and the Prevention of Juvenile Offence

► Textbook Page 112

Question 13. Write the names of some juvenile offences committed in Bangladesh.

Ans. Among the crimes that teenagers commit in Bangladesh are theft, pickpocketing, traveling by train without a ticket, attacking people, shops, houses, and vehicles, vandalism, arson, and other destructive activities, and harassing girls.

Question 14. Write the impact of juvenile delinquency on the family.

Ans. The family peace of those with juvenile offenders is destroyed. No one respects the family of a juvenile offender. The offender's family is socially humiliated.

Question 15. Write the impact of juvenile delinquency on women.

Ans. Incidents of sexual harassment of girls by juvenile offenders are heard in both urban and rural areas of Bangladesh. They make indecent and obscene remarks towards girls. Because of them, girls cannot safely travel to schools, colleges, and madrasas.

Question 16. Mention the responsibility of guardians in preventing juvenile delinquency.

Ans. A healthy environment should be created in the family for the healthy mental development of children. Their movements should be monitored. Their friends and companions should be inquired about. An easy and normal relationship should be built with the children.



Question 17. How does the improvement of socio-economic conditions prevent juvenile delinquency?

Ans. A major cause of juvenile delinquency is family poverty. Therefore, employment opportunities for guardians must be created, and the economic condition of the family must be improved. The government and various non-governmental organizations must come forward in this regard.

Question 18. How does education prevent juvenile delinquency?

Ans. All children and adolescents must be brought under the formal education system. As a result, children will be interested in living a healthy and beautiful life due to the influence of education. On the other hand, the environment of the educational institution will keep them away from crime.

Question 19. Write three steps to prevent juvenile delinquency.

Ans. Three steps to prevent juvenile delinquency are :

1. Healthy entertainment should be arranged for children and adolescents.
2. Child labor should be prohibited.
3. Guardians should be aware that children and adolescents do not fall into bad company.

► The concept and causes of drug addiction

► Textbook Page 113

Question 20. Give an idea of drug addiction.

Ans. The normal physical and mental state of a person is affected by taking drugs, and it creates addiction. This condition of a person is called drug addiction, and the person who takes it is called a drug addict.

Question 21. How does drug addiction start?

Ans. Drug addiction mainly starts through socializing with drug-addicted companions. Without knowing about the harmful effects of drugs, teenagers take drugs only for temporary excitement and at the instigation of friends.

Question 22. Write some causes of drug addiction.

Ans. Unemployment, loneliness, death of loved ones, family unrest, etc., create frustration in many minds. And in the hope of getting rid of this frustration, at first, on the advice of friends or following them, many start taking drugs.

Question 23. How is the influence of bad culture behind drug addiction?

Ans. The influence of bad culture also acts as a big reason behind drug addiction. Nowadays, the culture of one country easily influences the culture and public life of another country through cinema, TV channels, the internet, etc. Even in the conflict of two different cultures, a part of the youth society is getting misled and lost and attracted to drugs.

► The impacts and prevention of juvenile drug addiction

► Textbook Page 114

Question 24. Write the impact of drug addiction on social life.

Ans. Drug addiction has now emerged as a terrible problem in our social life. It is also having a serious impact on our social and ethical lives. They not only harm themselves, but they also create anarchy in society by falling prey to fear, anxiety, and excitement.

Question 25. What physical harm does drug addiction cause?

Ans. Among the physical harms, a drug user may suffer from heart disease, tuberculosis, cancer, and asthma. His mental health also becomes weak as a result. Drug users suffer from frustration and inferiority complex.

Question 26. Write the impact of drugs on family life.

Ans. The impact of drugs on family life creates various complex problems. It destroys the peace and happiness of the whole family. In a family where there is even one drug-addicted child, there is always a quarrel. That family has no respect from the neighbors.

Question 27. Write the importance of ethical education in preventing drug addiction.

Ans. Ethical education should be emphasized in society to prevent drug addiction. Parents and elder members of the family should be active in teaching children religious and ethical values from an early age. In short, it is possible to prevent drug addiction through religious and ethical education.

Question 28. Mention some preventive measures against drug addiction.

Ans. Educational institutions, religious institutions at the local level, socio-cultural and sports organizations such as clubs and societies can play an important role in preventing drug addiction through ethical education.

Question 29. How can awareness be created against drug addiction?

Ans. Through various programs, people, especially the youth, can be encouraged to take the oath, 'Say No to Drugs'. Apart from this, awareness against drug addiction can also be created through textbooks, newspapers, radio, television, cinema, posters, billboards, and leaflets.

Question 30. Write about 'Drug Control Regulations 2013'.

Ans. The Bangladesh government has enacted the latest regulations in 2013 regarding the use (control) of tobacco products. It has provisions for punishment for the use of tobacco products in public places and public transport. No person can smoke in public places and public transport.



Question 31. Write the punishment for smoking in public places and public transport.

Ans. In the case of punishment, it has been said, 'If anyone violates this provision, he will be punished with a fine not exceeding 300 taka, and if that person commits the offense for the second time or repeats the same offense, he will be punished serially at the double rate of the said fine.'

Question 32. What measures can be taken to prevent drug addiction in society?

Ans. Through government and private initiatives, awareness should be raised about the harmful effects of addiction or drugs through advertising. Alternative employment should be arranged for workers involved in drug production. Smoking by teachers in front of students should be considered a crime.



Creative Q/A



Designed as per learning outcomes



Ques. 01 Roman failed in SSC examination and gave up academic study. He began to mix with bad boys and at one stage he became drug addicted. Being instigated by Roman, some other boys of his locality got drug addicted. At that situation, bad effects spread out in the society.

- What is the consequence of drug addiction? 1
- Discuss the terms "Say No to drug." 2
- What steps should be taken to get Roman and his bad companions free from juvenile offences? Describe. 3
- The juveniles like Roman is enough for disturbing social life—Explain. 4

Answer to Question No. 01 :

a] In all sense, the consequence of drug addiction is serious by nature and in general it causes death to the drug addict.

b] Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in one society. So, government and non-government organizations have already taken some important steps to prevent and control drug addiction. As a part of preventive measures, teaching moral education and inspiring the young people to follow the promise "Say No to drug" different programmes are being arranged.

c] Roman and his drug addicted companions do not know that they are causing great harm for themselves and also for the society. So, it is essential to bring them back to their normal life immediately. For this purpose the following steps are required to be taken :

- Proper physical and mental treatment.
- Teachings on socio-religious life and moral education should be given.
- Teachings on the consequences of drug addiction should be given.
- Production and marketing of intoxicating items should be stopped.
- Employment opportunities must be created.

d] At present, it is very clear that juvenile offences are mostly related to drug addiction. Being frustrated in many ways, the juveniles are becoming drug addicted and thus the peace of the family as well as the society is greatly disturbed. This situation is no doubt a great threat for socio-economic development of the country. Drug addiction pollutes the environments of both urban and rural areas. Minor boys like Roman do not know the bad effects of drug addiction. Again, being drug addicted, they can not easily go back to normal life. Had rather, being instigated by the drug addicts, soft minded other juveniles take and build up the habit of drug addiction which ultimately lead them to different offences creating acute social problems. So, the cursed life of Roman is not only dangerous for him and his family but it influences the entire society.

From the above clarification, it is obvious that the drug addicted juvenile like Roman plays the vital role for disturbing the peace of the society.

Ques. 02 A student of class eight, Rupam often plays video games in the shop going outside of school after first period. Sagir often takes a thing that is banned by government and harmful after stealing it from his elder brother's pocket. Their parents give them opportunity to take part in games and sports in their leisure time. Sometimes they go for outing with them.

- What is social problem? 1
- How does bad culture starts drug addiction? Explain. 2
- In which type of offence does Rupam involve? Explain. 3
- Is the preventive measurement better than that of amending measurement to resist the social problem of Sagir? Give logic in support of your opinion. 4

• Dhaka Board 2019

Answer to Question No. 02 :

a] Social problem is such a negative incident that interrupt the normal life of the people in a society. It is a common problem taking place all over the world.

b The influence of bad culture is one of the main reasons of drug addiction. The culture of one country easily influences the culture of another country through cinema, TV channel, internet etc. A group of juveniles are getting misguided due to the clash of two different cultures. In cinemas, dramas, the practice of taking drugs is a common matter that lead the children or juveniles to be addicted.

c The nature of Rupam mentioned in the stem refers to juvenile delinquency.

A brief description on juvenile delinquency is given below.

The vices those are treated as juvenile offence are stealing, murdering, gambling, fleeing from the school, fleeing from home, adopting unfair means in the examination, unruly activities in school or on the road, pick-pocketing, beating, bombing, breaking vehicles, traveling without ticket, eve teasing, throwing acid, watching obscene films, taking drugs etc. The juvenile offenders of our country are associated with these offences.

Juveniles become offenders for different reasons. Poverty is the main reason of juvenile offence in our country. Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration leads them towards offence. The juveniles may also become offenders if they do not get a healthy family life and proper social environment.

d In the stem, we find that Sagir has stolen something from his elder brother's pocket. It is certain that Sagir tries to smoke. Sagir should be checked as soon as possible. Otherwise, he will not hesitate taking any type of drugs in near future. The activities that we can do to resist the social problem that can grasp Sagir are explained below. Preventive steps are most fruitful in the resistance of drug addiction. For this, emphasis should be given on moral education. The parents and the elderly persons of the family should play an active role to teach children religious and moral values from their early age. Anti-drug awareness and social movement must be built through religious education and other means.

At local level, religious institutions such as mosques and temples and the socio-cultural and sports organizations like club, society can play significant roles to resist drug addiction apart from teaching moral education. Besides, anti-drug awareness can also be created by newspaper, radio, television, cinema, poster, billboard and leaflet. Arrangements must be made for healthy recreation

so that they do not get inclined to drug addiction and other bad habits. Side by side, steps should be taken to stop the production of obscene films and the show of pornography.

Ques. 03 Niloy is the only son of his parents. Parents did not leave any wish of Niloy unfulfilled. Recently some changes were evident in his manner. He was caught while copying in the examination. Sometimes he is seen smoking with friends beside roads. Seeing the situation his father admitted him in a highly disciplined residential school in Dhaka.

- a. How is drug addiction started? 1
- b. Why rapid changing of dwelling place makes children offence-prone?— Explain. 2
- c. Which social problem is reflected in Niloy's doings?— Explain. 3
- d. Do you think works of Niloy's father can bring Niloy back to healthy and normal life? Give logic for your answer. 4

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Answer to Question No. 03 :

a Drug addiction begins due to mixing with the drug addict friends. Sometimes from curiosity, juveniles puff a cigarette and drink wine just to take the taste. In this way, drug addiction starts.

b The children of those parents who frequently change their work-place, cannot cope with a new environment each time. They face a problem in selecting their friends or associates. In this way, many children may become offenders due to bad company.

c According to the stem, the social problem that has been reflected in Niloy's doings is drug addiction. A brief idea of drug addiction has been given below.

One can be drug addict due to mixing with the drug addict friends. The juveniles take drugs being instigated by friends only to get momentary excitement. They do this without knowing anything about the harmful effects of drugs. The juveniles are curious by nature. As a result, many start to take drugs only out of curiosity. This curiosity leads them to smoking. They later on develop the habit of smoking and taking other intoxicating items such as hemp, phencidyl, heroine, yaaba etc.

Many start to suffer from frustration due to unemployment, loneliness, death of dear ones, betrayal in love, family disturbance etc. To get rid of this frustration and at the instigation of friends or following the friends, many start taking drugs. Later on, this turns into their intoxication. The



juvenile may also suffer from frustration by being deprived of parental affection and attention or frustration may also result from family disturbance and quarrels leading them to be drug addicts.

d According to the stem, Niloy's father admitted him into a highly disciplined residential school in Dhaka. From my point of view, the step taken by his father is not enough because strict rules and regulations can not prevent him from taking drugs. Because in disciplined school, the teachers usually remain rude and strict. They only want to dominate students by punishment. In this type of school, there is no place of emotion and affection and so the teacher do no want to realize the needs of the students. In fact, all things are not gained by ruler. Moreover, the teachers are much commercial in this type of school. They want the students to do good results by hook or by crook. If any students fails to obtain a good result, they scold the student in many ways. So it is not possible to bring Niloy's back to normal life in this way. In this stage, Niloy needs love and care. His father should arrange proper recreation for him. He should take him to some beautiful places. He should maintain a friendly environment in the family.

Ques. 04 Scenario-1 : Monir is a student of class eight. He does not go to school regularly. He demands excess money from his father and mother. If he does not get money he breaks materials. Besides he mixes with the local degraded boys.

Scenario-2 : A college student Dihan recently returns from college late. Sometimes he is found addicted.

- a. What is social problem? 1
- b. What is education opportunities? 2
- c. Which social problem is indicated in scenario-1? Describe. 3
- d. What steps can be taken to prevent the problems mentioned in scenario-2? Analyse it in the light of your text. 4

• Jashore Board 2018

Answer to Question No. 04 :

- a** The problem which exists in the society and creates adverse effects on the people is called social problem.
- b** Education opportunities : All children and juvenile must be brought under the primary and the secondary education. If so, on one hand, they will be inspired by education to lead healthy and sound life and on other hand the environment of the school will keep them away from committing any offence.
- c** The social problem 'drug addiction' is indicated in scenario- 1.

Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in our social life. Its effect in our socio-religious life is very serious. A drug addict may suffer from physical disease such as heart-disease, TB, cancer, and asthma. His mental health also becomes very weak for this. The drug addicts suffer from frustration and inferiority complex. They not only do their own harm, but they cause chaos in the society being the victim of timidity, anxiety and excitement.

The effects of drug also create different complex problems in family life. The peace and happiness of the whole family is disturbed by this. There is always quarrel in the family of a drug-addict child. That family does not have any respect from the neighbours. The family often becomes ruined for arranging money to buy drugs. Besides, incidents like murder, suicide, fleeing from home or getting lost also happen. The incidents like stealing, robbery, hijacking, killing and murdering frequently happen in that country where drugs are easily available, social insecurity and the decay of moral values also happen due to the effects of drug. Drug addiction must be resisted and controlled with a view to saving the persons of the society from the bad sides of drug.

- d** The problem mentioned in the scenario- 2 is drug addiction.

Arrangements must be made for healthy recreation and the infant juveniles must be attracted to this so that they do not get inclined to drug addiction and other bad habits. Side by side, steps should be taken to stop the production of obscene films and the show of pornography. Besides, it is essential to take the following steps for addressing drug addiction problem.

The production and the advertisement of smoking and other intoxicating items must be stopped. Publicity through advertisement at both government, and non-government, initiative must be made to inform the people about the harmful effects of drug addiction.

Ques. 05 'J' is a student of class IX. Recently he

behaves wired. Frustration is visible on his face. He often asks for money from his parents. Became indisciplined in behaviour keeps bad company. His family is worried about him. Recently his younger brother also became inattentive in studies.

- a. Who are juvenile delinquent? 1
- b. How do frustration give rise to juvenile delinquency? 2
- c. Explain the type of social problem as indicated in the stem given above. 3
- d. "That social problem puts negative impact on family and social life." Analyse. 4

• Cumilla Board 2018



Answer to Question No. 05 :

- a** Offensive work done by the boys and girls between 7-16 years are called juvenile delinquent in Bangladesh, India and Srilanka.
- b** Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration gives rise to juvenile delinquency.

- c** The social problem 'Juvenile delinquency' is indicated in the stem given above.

The vices that are treated as juvenile offence are stealing, murdering, gambling, fleeing from the school, fleeing from home, adopting unfair means in the examination, unruly activities in school or on the road, pick-pocketing, beating, bombing, breaking vehicles, travelling without ticket, eve teasing, throwing acid, torturing women, watching obscene films, taking drugs etc. The juvenile offenders of our country are associated with these offences.

Juveniles become offenders for different reasons. Poverty is the main reason of juvenile offence in our country. Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration leads them towards offence. The juveniles may also become offenders if they do not get a healthy family life and proper social environment.

d "That social problem puts negative impact on family and social life." Here juvenile delinquency is indicated.

Stealing, pick pocketing, traveling by train without ticket, attacking man, shop, houses and vehicles, breaking and setting them on fire, doing other destructive work and teasing the girls are some of the offences committed by the juveniles of Bangladesh. Besides, the juvenile offenders sometimes commit robbery in a group and also forcibly collect tools from the businessmen. Sometimes, they even murder. The peace of the family with such juvenile offenders is disturbed. Recently, eve teasing by juvenile offenders is increasing in all places in both towns and villages. They utter filthy and offensive words to the girls. The girls can not go to school and colleges safely. If they do not respond to illegal proposal of derailed juveniles, they kidnap and physically torture the girls. They also throw acid on them. In their attempt to protest, the guardians sometimes become victims of their attack. The institutional

education of the girls is sometimes closed due to the torture of the degraded juvenile. The juvenile offenders are frequently related to drug addiction and other bad habits.

Ques. 06 Rasel is a student of class ten. He often disturbs the girls by standing in front of the girls' school fleeing from his school. On the other hand, his friend Pavel comes to the nearby slum with money from his parents and takes hemp, phencidyl.

- What is social problem? 1
- How do juveniles get addicted to curiosity? Explain. 2
- What kind of social problem is indicated by the activities of Rasel? Explain. 3
- What role can the family and the state play in solving the problem of the boys like Pavel? Analyze. 4

• Chatogram Board 2018

Answer to Question No. 06 :

a The problem which exists in the society and creates adverse effects on the people is called social problem.

b The juveniles are by nature curious. As a result, many start to take drugs only out of curiosity. The juvenile sometimes steals 'Biri' or 'Cigarette' from the pockets of their father or other elderly person only to satisfy their curiosity. This curiosity at one time leads them to smoking. They later on develop the habit of smoking and taking other intoxicating items such as hemp, phencidyl, heroine, yaaba etc.

c The social problem 'eve-teasing' is indicated by the activities of Rasel.

In recent times, the sexual harassment is one of the big social problems in Bangladesh. It is the highest moral degradation and social disasters. Like other countries it has gripped Bangladesh also. Women of our country become victims of various sexual-harassment. Presently girls and young ladies, even married women become the victim of sexual harassment. This sexual harassment of women is known as eve-teasing which is becoming unpreventable day by day. Eve-teasing is the English synonym of sexual harassment. Eve-teasing means a man disturbing or irritating a woman in a public crowded place. Women can be the victims of sexual harassment by man inside houses, at work places, in the streets or other isolated places with ill motive or to have any immoral contact. Many a time, children fall victim to sexual harassment and torture.



d Drug addiction is the problem of Pavel.

Preventive steps are most fruitful in the resistance of drug addiction. For this, emphasis should be given on moral education. The parents and the elderly persons of the family should play an active role to teach children religious and moral values from their early age. The harmful sides of drug and all religious restrictions to this effect must be informed to everybody.

At local level, religious institutions such as the mosque and the temple and the socio-cultural and sports organization like club, society can play significant role to resist drug addiction apart from teaching moral education.

Arrangements must be made for healthy recreation and the infant juveniles must be attracted to this so that they do not get inclined to drug addiction and other bad habits. Side by side, steps should be taken to stop the production of obscene films and the show of pornography.

The production and the advertisement of smoking and other intoxicating items must be stopped. Publicity through advertisement at both govt. and non-govt. initiative must be made to inform the people about the harmful effects of drug addiction.

Ques. 07 Shipon is a student of class eight, Without going to school he mixes with the bad boys and utters filthy and offensive words to the girls. On the other hand, being the only son of his parents Emon gets whatever he wants. Now a days some changes in his behaviour are noticed. For momentary excitement he often takes some harmful things being instigated by his friends. One day he was caught by the police at the time of snatching on the road for money.

- a. What is social problem? 1
- b. Why is moral education essential for the young's? 2
- c. What type of social problem is indicated by the behaviour of Shipon? Explain. 3
- d. "The matter of Emon has now become a frightening problem in our social life."— Give your opinion. 4

• Sylhet Board 2018

Answer to Question No. 07 :

a The problem which exists in the society and creates adverse effect on the people is called social problem.

b The moral education is essential for the young to prevent drug addiction. The parents and the elderly persons of the family should play an active role to teach children religious and moral values

from their early age. The harmful sides of drug and all religious restrictions to this effect must be informed to everybody.

c 'Juvenile delinquency' is indicated by the behaviour of Shipon.

Different offences committed either by the immature boys and girls or the juvenile are called juvenile delinquency.

The vices that are treated as juvenile offence are stealing, murdering, gambling, fleeing from the school, fleeing from home, adopting unfair means in the examination, unruly activities in school or on the road, pick-pocketing, beating, bombing, breaking vehicles, travelling without ticket, eve teasing, throwing acid, torturing women, watching obscene films, taking drugs etc. The juvenile offenders of our country are associated with these offences.

Juveniles become offenders for different reasons. Poverty is the main reason of juvenile offence in our country. Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration leads them towards offence. The juveniles may also become offenders if they do not get a healthy family life and proper social environment.

d According to the stem, we can say that Emon is a drug addict boy. The matter of Emon has now become a frightening problem in our social life.

Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in our social life. Its effect in our socio-religious life is also very serious. A drug addict may suffer from physical disease such as heart-disease, TB, cancer, and asthma. His mental health also becomes very weak for this. The drug addicts suffer from frustration and inferiority complex. They not only do their own harm, but they cause chaos in the society being the victim of timidity, anxiety and excitement.

The effects of drug also create different complex problems in family life. The peace and happiness of the whole family is disturbed by this. There is always quarrel in the family of a drug-addict child. That family does not have any respect from the neighbours. The family often becomes ruined for arranging money to buy drugs. Besides, incidents like murder, suicide, fleeing from home or getting lost also happen. The incidents like stealing, robbery, hijacking, killing and murdering frequently happen in that country where drugs are easily available, social insecurity and the decay of moral values also happen due to the effects of drug. Drug addiction must be resisted and controlled with a view to saving the persons of the society from the bad sides of drug.



Ques. 08 Sayed Ali brought three women of his village including Zohura with the hope of giving them job. In the mean time, when he sold them to an African criminal gang, he was arrested by police and punished.

- What is social problem? 1
- Explain the importance of moral education to prevent drug addiction. 2
- Which problem to the women of the society has been indicated in the stem? Explain. 3
- What should be done to control such crimes by the society? Analyse on the basis of the stem. 4

• Barishal Board 2018

Answer to Question No. 08 :

a The problem which exists in the society and creates adverse effects on the people is called social problem.

b The importance of moral education is very great to prevent drug addiction.

Preventive steps are most fruitful in the resistance of drug addiction. For this, emphasis should be given on moral education. The parents and the elderly persons of the family should play an active role to teach children religious and moral values from their early age. The harmful sides of drug and all religious restrictions to this effect must be informed to everybody.

c The problem 'Trafficking of Children and women' of the society has been indicated in the stem. Women and children, who have become the victims of trafficking, also become the victims of violence. The situation of women and children trafficking is even worse in the South Asia. Many women and children of Bangladesh are being trafficked every year. They are exploited through various inhuman and humiliating works like prostitution, camel jockey, etc. Many a time the organs and limbs of these woman and children are sold out.

d The society should come forward to prevent violence to women. To prevent violence towards women, the society must take the following steps:

- Enhancing women empowerment programmes through adopting activities to educate women, to give allowance to the widows and to function credit programme for the women;
- Enacting laws and its proper implementing in accordance with the nature and type of oppression and violence;
- Providing education for both son and daughter of the family to lead a life with moral values;
- Creating mass awareness about women's rights and its associated laws;

- Expanding activities of the organizations associated with women rights;
- Giving exemplary punishment to the criminals for violence against women;
- The proper implementation of the laws on violence against women, for example, The Prevention of Acid Crime Act, The Regulation of Acid Throwing Act, The Dowry Prevention Act, The Family Court Ordinance, The Early Marriage Prevention Ordinance, The Prevention of Terrorism Ordinances.
- Prevention of violence towards women by way of social pressure.

Ques. 09 'X' is a student of class eight. Most often he remains absent in the last two periods of class activity. It has been discover that he chats with the astrays not going home. As his parents are both service holders they are not aware of the matter.

- How does drug addiction start? 1
- "Say no to drugs" — Explain. 2
- Which social problem of your text book is indicated by the activity of 'X'? Explain. 3
- "Awareness of family can bring 'X' back to the right way." — Analyze. 4

• Dhaka Board 2017

Answer to Question No. 09 :

a Drug addiction starts by mixing with the drug addict friends.

b Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in one society. So, goverment and non-govt. organizations have already taken some important steps to prevent and control drug addiction. As a part of preventive measures, teaching moral education and inspiring the young people to follow the promise "Say No to drug" different programmes are being arranged.

c By the activities of 'X' the social problem juvenile offence is indicated.

Different offences committed either by the immature boys and girls or the juvenile are called juvenile delinquency. Sociologist and the lawyers differ on the age-range of juvenile offenders. Offensive work done by the boys and girls between 7-16 years are called juvenile offence in Bangladesh, India and Srilanka. On the other hand, the age-range of juvenile offenders in Pakistan and Thailand is 7-18 years. In Japan, this age-range is 14-20 years. Juvenile offenders break the law and the rule of the state and the society and that's why they are juvenile offenders.



Juveniles become offenders for different reasons. Poverty is the main reason of juvenile offence in our country. Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration leads them towards offence.

d Awareness of family can bring 'X' back to the right way.

If the parents and the elderly persons of the family remain conscious of the types of tendency of juvenile offence, its causes and remedies, they can easily keep away juveniles away from doing any offence. For this, it is necessary to create a healthy atmosphere for the mental flourishing of the offspring in the family. Their movements should be watched over. Their friends and associates should be inquired of. An easy and normal relationship should be built with the offspring.

Ques. 10 In a film Moyna saw that a boy named Robi is chatting with the boys of his local area beside the road fleeing from his school. As a result, girls cannot go to school fearlessly. The boy named Arif becomes addict at the instigation of friends. After taking treatment from the healing center Arif becomes cured and starts going to school regularly.

- What is the age range of Juvenile delinquency in Thailand? 1
- What do you mean by bad culture? 2
- With what type of social problem is Robi affected? Explain. 3
- "Preventive measure for Arif was more effective than curing the addiction"— Evaluate this statement. 4

• Barishal Board 2017

Answer to Question No. 10 :

a The age range of Juvenile delinquency in Thailand is 7 – 18 years.

b Bad culture means the influence of other culture or mixing of other culture through cinema, TV, internet etc. By bad culture means the obscene films of TV, the slang languages used in a foreign country. MMS and obscene videos of these countries. These influence our culture very badly.

c Robi is affected with the social problem 'Juvenile offence'.

Different offences committed either by the immature boys and girls or the juvenile are called juvenile delinquency. Social scientists and the lawyers differ on the age-range of juvenile offenders. Offensive work done by the boys and girls between 7-16 years are called juvenile offence in Bangladesh, India and Sri Lanka. On the

other hand, the age-range of juvenile offenders in Pakistan and Thailand is 7-18 years. In Japan, this age-range is 14-20 years. Juvenile offenders break the law and the rule of the state and the society and that's why they are juvenile offenders.

The vices that are treated as juvenile offence are—stealing, murdering, gambling, fleeing from the school, fleeing from home, adopting unfair means in the examination, unruly activities in school or on the road, pick-pocketing, beating, bombing, breaking vehicles, travelling without ticket, eve teasing, throwing acid, torturing women, watching pornography or obscene films, taking drug etc. The juvenile offenders of our country are associated with these offences.

d Preventive measure for Arif was more effective than curing the addiction— this statement is true and justified.

Preventive steps are most fruitful in the resistance of drug addiction. For this, emphasis should be given on moral education. The parents and the elderly persons of the family should play an active role to teach children religious and moral values from their early age. The harmful sides of drug and all religious restrictions to this effect must be informed to everybody. In fine, anti-drug awareness and social movement must be built through religious education and other means.

At local level, religious institutions such as the mosque and the temple and the sociocultural and sports organization like club-society can play significant role to resist drug addiction apart from teaching moral education. They can make people aware of the bad sides of drug by arranging discussion-meeting. They can inspire people, especially the young people to follow the promise "Say No to drug" by arranging different programmes. Besides, anti-drug awareness can also be created by Newspaper, Radio, Television, cinema, poster, bill board and leaflet.

Ques. 11 Rasel is now 14 years old. His father's income is not sufficient to run their family smoothly. They usually live from hand to mouth. He has recently stopped going to school. He has made a friendship with a derailed slum boy. Now he passes time beside the road and plays gambling.

- What is the age range of Juvenile offenders in Japan? 1
- Write a short note on impacts of drug addiction. 2
- Explain the causes of the social problem indicated above. 3
- Analyze the preventive measures of the above denoted social problem. 4

• Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka

Answer to Question No. 11 :

a The age range of Juvenile offenders in Japan is 14-20 years.

b Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in our social life. Its effect in our socio-religious life is also very serious. A drug addict may suffer from physical disease such as heart-disease, TB, cancer, and asthma. His mental health also becomes very weak for this. The drug addicts suffer from frustration and inferiority complex. They not only do their own harm, but they cause chaos in the society being the victim of timidity, anxiety and excitement.

c The social problem that indicated in the above stem is 'Juvenile Delinquency'. The causes of juvenile delinquency are explained as follows :

Juveniles become offenders for different reasons. Poverty is the main reason of juvenile offence in our country. Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration leads them towards offence. The juveniles may also become offenders if they do not get a healthy family life and proper social environment. Many juveniles become offenders due to following reasons:

Inability of the parents to spare time for their children or to give attention to them owing to their extreme business at their work-place or outside home. Lack of affection and caring, premature death of parents or their divorce, excessive punishment or monitoring of the parents are the causes of offence.

Many young boys and girls become offenders for want of proper recreation. The children who are associated with games and sports, music, drawing pictures, physical exercise and different types of cultural activities normally grow up in a healthy manner in a pleasant environment. On the other hand, those who are deprived of these facilities seek other paths to get rid of mental dissatisfaction. It is they who later on get involved with different types of offences.

There are slums in different parts and industrial areas of the towns. The slum environment and many bad incidents of that place make the children offenders. The young children of the slum also get involved with offences due to bad company and poverty. The poor children become compelled to earn money adopting many illegal activities at an early age. They sometimes spend this money in gambling, taking drugs and watching obscene movies. They get inclined towards crime in their attempt to earn money.

Physical or mental problem or deformity creates inferiority complex in the mind of the children. Many may become criminals or offenders due to this. Again too much emotion and genius may also sometimes make the children criminals/ offenders because the mental makeup of these children become more complex than the ordinary ones. They also may become criminals or offenders due to not getting proper environment for flourishing their genius.

Those parents, who frequently change their work-place, some of their children cannot cope with a new environment each time. They face a problem in selecting their friends or associates. In this way, many may become offenders due to bad company. At present, another type of new juvenile offence is seen in the society due to abuses of mobile and internet.

d The above denoted social problem is 'Juvenile Delinquency'. Preventive measures are as follows : Tendency of juvenile offence is increasing in Bangladesh. The following steps should be taken to prevent this problem :

The consciousness and the responsibility of guardians : If the parents and the elderly persons of the family remain conscious of the types of tendency of juvenile offence, its causes and remedies, they can easily keep juveniles away from doing any offence. For this, it is necessary to create a healthy atmosphere for the mental flourishment of the offsprings in the family. Their movements should be watched over. Their friends and associates should be inquired of. An easy and normal relationship should be built with the offsprings.

Socio-economic programme : The poverty of the family is a main reason of committing offence by the juvenile. For this reason, employment opportunities of the parents and the development of economic condition of the parents must be ensured. The government and different non-government organizations must come forward to this effect.

Education opportunities : All children and juvenile must be brought under the primary and the secondary education. If so, on one hand, they will be inspired by education to lead healthy and sound life and on other hand the environment of the school will keep them away from committing any offence.

Recreation : It is necessary to build a library and gymnasium in every area and 'Mohalla' for the mental development of the children and juveniles.



Apart from all the activities mentioned above, the children and the juveniles must be kept away from doing any bad activity. For this reason, there should be arrangement of showing them local and foreign movies which will give them pure pleasure. These movies should also be informative on scientific and literary fields. Obscene film and

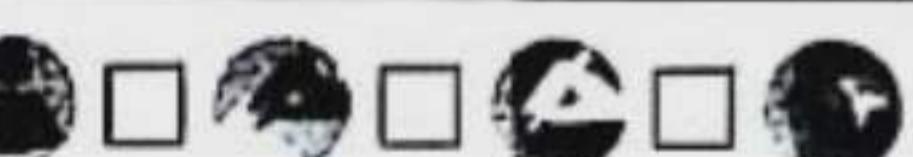
publication should be fully banned. Child labour should be forbidden. On one side, the children and the juvenile themselves should be alert so that they do not get involved with bad company and on the other side the guardians also should always remain careful about this matter.



Knowledge & Comprehension-based Q/A



Designed as per topic



Preparatory Knowledge-based Q/A

Question 1. What is the consequence of drug addiction

Ans. In all sense, the consequence of drug addiction is serious by nature and in general it causes death to the drug addict.

Question 2. What is social problem?

[DB '19; SB '19; BB '19; DjB '19; JB '18; CtgB '18, SB '18; JB '17]

Ans. Social problem is such a negative incident that interrupt the normal life of the people in a society. It is a common problem taking place all over the world.

Question 3. What is called Juvenile offence? [RB '19]

Ans. The offensive works done by the boys and girls between 7-16 years are called juvenile offences.

Question 4. What is the punishment of smoking in public bus?

[JB '19]

Ans. If anyone smokes in a public bus, he/she will be penalized with money upto three hundred taka and if the person commits the offence for the second time, the penalty will be doubled.

Question 5. What is Juvenile delinquency? [MB '19]

Ans. Different offences committed either by the immature boys and girls or the juvenile are called juvenile delinquency.

Question 6. What is the physical problem due to drug addiction?

[DB '18]

Ans. A drug addict may suffer from physical disease such as heart disease, TB, cancer and asthma.

Question 7. What is the age limit of juvenile delinquent in Japan?

[RB '18]

Ans. The age limit of juvenile delinquent in Japan is 14-20 years.

Question 8. Who are juvenile delinquent? [CB '18]

Ans. Offensive work done by the boys and girls between 7-16 years are called juvenile delinquent in Bangladesh, India and Srilanka.

Question 9. What is population policy? [DjB '18]

Ans. Population policy means the national planning about population of a country.

Question 10. How does drug addiction start? [DB '17]

Ans. Drug addiction starts by mixing with the drug addict friends.

Question 11. How does drug addiction start?

[Rajshahi Board 2017]

Ans. Drug addiction starts by mixing with the drug addict friends.

Question 12. What is called juvenile offence? [CB '17]

Ans. Different offences committed either by the immature boys and girls or the juvenile are called juvenile offence.

Question 13. What is the age range of Juvenile delinquency in Thailand?

[BB '17]

Ans. The age range of Juvenile delinquency in Thailand is 7 – 18 years.

Question 14. What is the age range of Juvenile offenders in Japan? [Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka]

Ans. The age range of Juvenile offenders in Japan is 14-20 years.

Question 15. What is the main reason of Juvenile offence in Bangladesh? [Ideal School and College, Dhaka]

Ans. 'Poverty' is the main reason of juvenile offences in Bangladesh.

Preparatory Comprehension-based Q/A

Question 1. Discuss the terms "Say No to drug."

Ans. Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in one society. So, government and non-government organizations have already taken some important steps to prevent and control drug addiction. As a part of preventive measures, teaching moral education and inspiring the young people to follow the promise "Say No to drug" different programmes are being arranged.

Question 2. How does bad culture starts drug addiction? Explain.

[DB '19]

Ans. The influence of bad culture is one of the main reasons of drug addiction. The culture of one country easily influences the culture of another country through cinema, TV channel, internet etc.

A group of juveniles are getting misguided due to the clash of two different cultures. In cinemas, dramas, the practice of taking drugs is a common matter that lead the children or juveniles to be addicted.

Question 3. Why should our children be given moral education? [RB '19]

Ans. Preventive steps are most fruitful in the resistance of offensive activities. For this, emphasis should be given on moral education. The parents and the elderly persons of the family should play an active role to teach children religious and moral values from their early age. The harmful effects of all offensive activities must be informed to everybody. When moral education is internalized in the early life of children, they usually can not deviate from the right path.

Question 4. What is one of the main causes of frustration? [SB '19]

Ans. The main reason of frustration is poverty. Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration leads them towards offence. As a result, there appears chaos, indiscipline, disorder and so on in the society.

Question 5. Why rapid changing of dwelling place makes children offence-prone?— Explain. [DJB '19]

Ans. The children of those parents who frequently change their work-place, cannot cope with a new environment each time. They face a problem in selecting their friends or associates. In this way, many children may become offenders due to bad company.

Question 6. How do frustration give rise to juvenile delinquency? [CB '18]

Ans. Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration gives rise to juvenile delinquency.

Question 7. Why is moral education essential for the young's? [SB '18]

Ans. The moral education is essential for the young to prevent drug addiction. The parents and the elderly persons of the family should play an active role to teach children religious and moral values from their early age. The harmful sides of drug and all religious restrictions to this effect must be informed to everybody.

Question 8. "Say no to drugs"— Explain. [DB '17]

Ans. Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in one society. So, goverment and non-govt. organizations have already taken some important steps to prevent and control drug addiction. As a part of preventive measures, teaching moral education and inspiring the young people to follow the promise "Say No to drug" different programmes are being arranged.

Question 9. Explain the main reason of the juvenile offence. [CB '17]

Ans. Juveniles become offenders for different reasons. Poverty is the main reason of juvenile offence in our country. Many desires or demands of the juveniles of poor families remain unfulfilled. For this reason, they suffer from frustration and this frustration leads them towards offence.

Question 10. What do you mean by bad culture?

[BB '17]

Ans. Bad culture means the influence of other culture or mixing of other culture through cinema, TV, internet etc. By bad culture means the obscene films of TV, the slang languages uses in a foreign country. MMS and obscene videos of these country. These influence our culture very badly.

Question 11. Write a short note on impacts of drug addiction. [Rajuk Uttara Model College, Dhaka]

Ans. Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in our social life. Its effect in our socio-religious life is also very serious. A drug addict may suffer from physical disease such as heart-disease, TB, cancer, and asthma. His mental health also becomes very weak for this. The drug addicts suffer from frustration and inferiority complex. They not only do their own harm, but they cause chaos in the society being the victim of timidity, anxiety and excitement.

Question 12. Why ill culture may be held responsible for drug addiction? [Ideal School and College, Dhaka]

Ans. The influence of bad culture is another main reason of drug addiction. At present, the culture of one country is being easily influenced by the culture of another country through cinema, TV channel, internet etc. A group of juveniles are being misguided and lost due to the clash of two different cultures.

That's why ill culture is responsible for drug addiction.

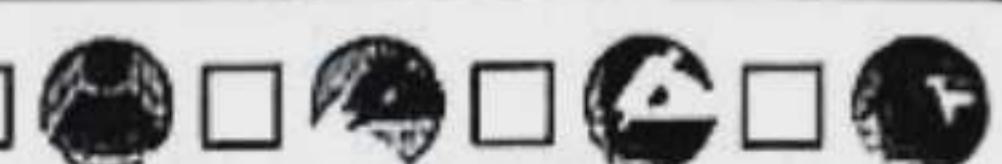




Solutions to Textual Activities



Along with textual reference



✓ Lesson 1 : The idea and the causes of juvenile delinquency (offence)

Activity 01 What are the causes that make the juvenile criminals/offenders? ► Textbook Page 111

Solution : The juveniles are by nature curious. They are fond of imitating others without knowing anything about the harmful side. Thus they lead to make themselves offender. Many juveniles become offenders due to the following reasons.

- Inability of the parents to spare time for their children or to give attention to them due to their extreme business at their place of work or outside home.
- Want of love and care.
- Premature death of parents or their divorce.
- Excessive punishment or monitoring of the parents.
- The unusual conjugal relationship between parents and their bad conduct and want of proper recreation.
- Due to abuses of mobile phone and internet.

✓ Lesson 4 : The impacts and prevention of juvenile drug addiction

Activity 02 Discuss the steps that can be taken to prevent drug addiction in our society. ► Textbook Page 115

Solution : Drug addiction has now become a frightening problem in our society. Its effect falls not only on the life of the drug addicts but also on his family as well as socio-religious life. So, drug addiction must be resisted and controlled with a view to saving the persons of the society from the bad side of drug.

For this purpose, the following measures must be taken :

Moral education : The influence of bad culture is another main reason of drug addiction. At present, the culture of one country is being easily

influenced by the culture of another country through cinema, TV channel, internet, etc. A group of juveniles are being misguided and lost due to the clash of two different cultures and at one stage, they become drug addict.

Emphasis should be given on moral education. The parents and the elderly persons of the family should play an active role to teach children religious and moral values from their early age. The harmful sides of drug and all religious restrictions to this effect must be informed to everybody. In fine, anti-drug awareness and social movement must be built through religious education and other means.

Anti-drug awareness : At local level, the mosque, the temple, the socio-cultural and sports organization like club-society can play significant role to resist drug addiction apart from teaching moral education. They can make people aware of the bad sides of drug by arranging discussion-meeting. They can inspire people, especially the young people to follow the promise "Say No to drug" by arranging different programmes. Besides, anti-drug awareness can also be created by newspaper, radio, television, cinema, poster, bill board and leaflet.

Recreation : Arrangement must be made for healthy recreation and the infant-juveniles must be attracted to this so that they do not get inclined to drug addiction and other bad habits. Side by side, steps should be taken to stop the production of obscene films and the show of pornography.

Controlling of drug item production : The production and the advertisement of smoking and other intoxicating items must be stopped. Alternative employment opportunities must be created for the workers engaged in the production of drug-items.



Super Suggestions



Super Suggestions with 100% preparatory questions selected by the Master Trainer Panel

Dear learners, important multiple choice, short, creative, knowledge & comprehension-based questions of this chapter selected by Master Trainer Panel for Half-Yearly and Annual Exams are presented below. Learn the answers to the mentioned questions well to ensure 100% preparation.

Question Pattern	7★	5★
MCQs with Answers	Learn each MCQs in this chapter thoroughly.	
Short Q/A	1, 4, 7, 9, 13, 18, 20, 25, 27, 29	2, 3, 6, 8, 15, 17, 22, 23, 26, 28
Creative Q/A	1, 2, 6, 9	3, 4, 5, 7, 11
Knowledge-based Q/A	1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 11, 14	4, 5, 9
Comprehension-based Q/A	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10	5, 7, 8, 9, 12

Exclusive Tips ► Master the solutions to all the activities in this chapter along with exercise and other Q/A to develop the creative thinking and assess your talent.



Assessment & Evaluation



A question bank presented in the form
of a class test to assess the preparation

Class Test

Time : 3 hours

Bangladesh & Global Studies

Class : Eight

Full marks : 100

$1 \times 30 = 30$

[N.B. : Answer all the questions. Each question carries one mark. Block fully, with a ball-point pen, the circle of the letter that stands for the correct/best answer in the "Answer Sheet" for Multiple Choice Question Type Examination.]

1. What is the age range of juvenile offenders in Japan?
 A 14–20 years B 15–20 years
 C 14–18 years D 15–18 years
2. What is the age of juvenile offence in Bangladesh?
 A 7 to 14 B 7 to 15 C 8 to 16 D 7 to 16
3. What is the age range of Juvenile offenders in Thailand?
 A 14 to 20 years B 07 to 20 years
 C 07 to 18 years D 07 to 16 years
4. Which one is one of the main cause of juvenile delinquency?
 A Excessive emotion B Bad company
 C Unfulfilment of desire D Want of recreation
5. What is the age limit of juvenile delinquents in Thailand?
 A 7–16 years B 7–17 years C 7–18 years D 7–20 years
6. What is the age range of juvenile offence in Bangladesh?
 A 7 to 14 years B 7 to 16 years
 C 7 to 18 years D 14 to 20 years
7. The juveniles suffer from frustration—
 i. for having food friends
 ii. for having family disturbance
 iii. by being deprived of parental affection
 Which one is correct?
 A i & ii B i & iii C ii & iii D i, ii & iii
8. Sumon is 19 years old. He is a juvenile offender.
 Which country does he belong to?
 A Bangladesh B Thailand C Japan D America
9. What is age-range of juvenile delinquency in Japan?
 A 7 – 16 years B 7 – 18 years
 C 10 – 15 years D 14 – 20 years
10. What is the age-ranges of juvenile offenders in Bangladesh?
 A 7 – 16 B 7 – 18 C 14 – 18 D 14 – 20
11. What is the prime reason of Juvenile Offense in Bangladesh?
 A Corruption B Lack of justice
 C Poor law and order D Poverty
12. The age range is 7–18 years for offensive work in—.
 A Japan B Thailand C Srilanka D India
13. What is the age range of the juvenile offender in Pakistan and Thailand?
 A 7–15 years B 7–16 years C 7–17 years D 7–18 years
14. The age-range of juvenile offenders in — is 7 to 18 years.
 i. Pakistan
 ii. Japan
 iii. Thailand
 Which one is correct?
 A i & ii B ii & iii C i & iii D i, ii & iii
- Read the following passage and answer the question numbers 15 and 16 :
 Nahid's father has recently been transferred to Dhaka. He rents of flat and lives there with his family. His wife is also a service holder. They do not have enough time to share with Nahid. He feels lonely and so mixes with some bad boys.
15. Nahid's loneliness is likely to tend him to—.
 A fellow feeling B religious practice
 C frustration D schizophrenia
16. The bad boys afford to the expenses of drugs by—.
 i. taking loans
 ii. telling lies to parents
 iii. committing offences
 Which one is correct?
 A i & ii B ii & iii C i & iii D i, ii & iii

17. Which is the main reason of drug addiction?
 A Bad culture B Loneliness
 C Disturbance of family life D Unemployment
18. What is the main reason of drug addiction?
 A counterculture B loneliness
 C family turmoil D unemployment
19. Physical problems of a drug addicted person are—.
 i. heart diseases
 ii. cancer
 iii. asthma
 Which one is correct?
 A i & ii B i & iii C ii & iii D i, ii & iii
- Read the stem and answer the questions no. 20 & 21 :

Suffer from physical health
 ↓
 [Defame of family] [?] [Stealing robbery killing]
20. Which will be in the question mark?
 A Juvenile offender B Drug addict
 C Lack of morality D Bad culture
21. Where do the Rakhain Anthrops live?
 A Sylhet B Bandarban
 C Khagrachhori D Patuakhali
22. Where does direct effect of drug addiction fall in?
 A In socio-regions life B In agricultural sector
 C In trade and commerce D In external life
23. Which one is the appropriate slogan on drug?
 A Say Yes to drug B Say No to drug
 C Take drug D Encourage to take drug
24. In which year did Bangladesh government sign against drug addiction in SAARC Convention?
 A 1990 B 2000 C 2008 D 2013
25. The penalty at the third time to smoke at public place is—
 A not more than Tk 300 B Tk 300
 C more than Tk 300 D double to Tk 300
26. "Say No to drug"— Whom can mass people inspire with this pledge?
 A Young people B Children
 C Women D Parents
- Read the following passage and answer the question no. 27 and 28 :
 A always wants money from his mother. If he doesn't get money from his mother he shouts and creates chaos.
27. What is the name of the problem which is mentioned in the stem?
 A poverty B unruly
 C unemployment D drug addiction
28. The problems which are created due to the above mentioned problem?
 i. political violence
 ii. social unrest
 iii. decay of moral values
 Which one is correct?
 A i & ii B i & iii C ii & iii D i, ii & iii
29. What is found to be the condition of drug addict's mental health?
 A Strong B Weak
 C Cheerful D No one of the above
30. Who are the worst affected victims influenced by the drug addicted?
 A Family members B School class friends
 C Neighbour D Society and state

Answer Sheet ▶ Multiple Choice Questions

1	<input type="radio"/>	2	<input type="radio"/>	3	<input type="radio"/>	4	<input type="radio"/>	5	<input type="radio"/>	6	<input type="radio"/>	7	<input type="radio"/>	8	<input type="radio"/>	9	<input type="radio"/>	10	<input type="radio"/>	11	<input type="radio"/>	12	<input type="radio"/>	13	<input type="radio"/>	14	<input type="radio"/>	15	<input type="radio"/>
16	<input type="radio"/>	17	<input type="radio"/>	18	<input type="radio"/>	19	<input type="radio"/>	20	<input type="radio"/>	21	<input type="radio"/>	22	<input type="radio"/>	23	<input type="radio"/>	24	<input type="radio"/>	25	<input type="radio"/>	26	<input type="radio"/>	27	<input type="radio"/>	28	<input type="radio"/>	29	<input type="radio"/>	30	<input type="radio"/>



Short-Answer Question (Each question carries 2 marks)

Answer any 10 of the following questions :

1. What is meant by social problem?
2. Write the names of two social problems of Bangladesh.
3. What is meant by juvenile offence?
4. Mention one of the main causes of juvenile delinquency.
5. How do parents cause juvenile delinquency?
6. Why is bad culture the cause of juvenile delinquency?
7. How does juvenile delinquency increase in slums?
8. How does inferiority complex in children create criminals?

9. How do companions or friends make children and adolescents criminals?
10. Write three causes of juvenile delinquency.
11. Write the names of some juvenile offences committed in Bangladesh.
12. Write the impact of juvenile delinquency on the family.
13. Write the impact of juvenile delinquency on women.
14. How does education prevent juvenile delinquency?
15. What physical harm does drug addiction cause?

$2 \times 10 = 20$

Creative Question (Each question carries 10 marks)

Answer any 5 of the following questions :

1. Roman failed in SSC examination and gave up academic study. He began to mix with bad boys and at one stage he became drug addicted. Being instigated by Roman, some other boys of his locality got drug addicted. At that situation, bad effects spread out in the society.
 - a. What is the consequence of drug addiction? 1
 - b. Discuss the terms "Say No to drug." 2
 - c. What steps should be taken to get Roman and his bad companions free from juvenile offences? Describe. 3
 - d. The juveniles like Roman is enough for disturbing social life — Explain. 4
2. A student of class eight, Rupam often plays video games in the shop going outside of school after first period. Sagir often takes a thing that is banned by government and harmful after stealing it from his elder brother's pocket. Their parents give them opportunity to take part in games and sports in their leisure time. Sometimes they go for outing with them.
 - a. What is social problem? 1
 - b. How does bad culture starts drug addiction? Explain. 2
 - c. In which type of offence does Rupam involve? Explain. 3
 - d. Is the preventive measurement better than that of amending measurement to resist the social problem of Sagir? Give logic in support of your opinion. 4
3. 'J' is a student of class IX. Recently he behaves wired. Frustration is visible on his face. He often asks for money from his parents. Became indisciplined in behaviour keeps bad company. His family is worried about him. Recently his younger brother also became inattentive in studies.
 - a. Who are juvenile delinquent? 1
 - b. How do frustration give rise to juvenile delinquency? 2
 - c. Explain the type of social problem as indicated in the stem given above. 3
 - d. "That social problem puts negative impact on family and social life." Analyse. 4
4. Rasel is a student of class ten. He often disturbs the girls by standing in front of the girls' school fleeing from his school. On the other hand, his friend Pavel comes to the nearby slum with money from his parents and takes hemp, phencidyl.
 - a. What is social problem? 1
 - b. How do juveniles get addicted to curiosity? Explain. 2
 - c. What kind of social problem is indicated by the activities of Rasel? Explain. 3
 - d. What role can the family and the state play in solving the problem of the boys like Pavel? Analyze. 4

5. Sayed Ali brought three women of his village including Zohura with the hope of giving them job. In the mean time, when he sold them to an African criminal gang, he was arrested by police and punished.
 - a. What is social problem? 1
 - b. Explain the importance of moral education to prevent drug addiction. 2
 - c. Which problem to the women of the society has been indicated in the stem? Explain. 3
 - d. What should be done to control such crimes by the society? Analyse on the basis of the stem. 4
6. 'X' is a student of class eight. Most often he remains absent in the last two periods of class activity. It has been discovered that he chats with the astrays not going home. As his parents are both service holders they are not aware of the matter.
 - a. How does drug addiction start? 1
 - b. "Say no to drugs" — Explain. 2
 - c. Which social problem of your text book is indicated by the activity of 'X'? Explain. 3
 - d. "Awareness of family can bring 'X' back to the right way." — Analyze. 4
7. In a film Moyna saw that a boy named Robi is chatting with the boys of his local area beside the road fleeing from his school. As a result, girls cannot go to school fearlessly. The boy named Arif becomes addict at the instigation of friends. After taking treatment from the healing center Arif becomes cured and starts going to school regularly.
 - a. What is the age range of Juvenile delinquency in Thailand? 1
 - b. What do you mean by bad culture? 2
 - c. With what type of social problem is Robi affected? Explain. 3
 - d. "Preventive measure for Arif was more effective than curing the addiction" — Evaluate this statement. 4
8. Rasel is now 14 years old. His father's income is not sufficient to run their family smoothly. They usually live from hand to mouth. He has recently stopped going to school. He has made a friendship with a derailed slum boy. Now he passes time beside the road and plays gambling.
 - a. What is the age range of Juvenile offenders in Japan? 1
 - b. Write a short note on impacts of drug addiction. 2
 - c. Explain the causes of the social problem indicated above. 3
 - d. Analyze the preventive measures of the above denoted social problem. 4

$10 \times 5 = 50$

✓ Answering Reference ► Short-Answer Questions

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 1 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 01 | 5 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 06 | 9 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 11 | 13 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 15 |
| 2 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 02 | 6 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 07 | 10 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 12 | 14 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 18 |
| 3 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 03 | 7 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 08 | 11 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 13 | 15 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 25 |
| 4 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 05 | 8 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 10 | 12 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 14 | |

✓ Answering Reference ► Creative Questions

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|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 01 | 3 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 05 | 5 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 08 | 7 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 10 |
| 2 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 02 | 4 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 06 | 6 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 09 | 8 ► See this Chapter, Ques. 11 |