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**Semester Two 2016
Examination Period**

Faculty of Information Technology

EXAM CODES: MAT1841

TITLE OF PAPER: Continuous Mathematics for Computer Science – Practice Exam

EXAM DURATION: 3 hours writing time

READING TIME: 10 minutes

THIS PAPER IS FOR STUDENTS STUDYING AT: (tick where applicable)

<input type="checkbox"/> Berwick	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clayton	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Malaysia	<input type="checkbox"/> Off Campus Learning	<input type="checkbox"/> Open Learning
<input type="checkbox"/> Caulfield	<input type="checkbox"/> Gippsland	<input type="checkbox"/> Peninsula	<input type="checkbox"/> Monash Extension	<input type="checkbox"/> Sth Africa
<input type="checkbox"/> Parkville	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify)			

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No examination materials are to be removed from the room. This includes retaining, copying, memorising or noting down content of exam material for personal use or to share with any other person by any means following your exam.

Failure to comply with the above instructions, or attempting to cheat or cheating in an exam is a discipline offence under Part 7 of the Monash University (Council) Regulations.

Instructions:

1. The exam has 7 questions with a total of 85 marks.
2. Attempt all questions in each section (Pages 2—12).
3. Answers are to be written in the spaces provided in this paper.
4. Some relevant formulae are provided on Moodle page. The formula sheet will be attached to the exam.

AUTHORISED MATERIALS

OPEN BOOK	<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
CALCULATORS	<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
SPECIFICALLY PERMITTED ITEMS	<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO

Candidates must complete this section if required to write answers within this paper

STUDENT ID: _____ DESK NUMBER: _____

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7			

1. Find an equation of the form $ax + by + cz = d$ of the plane P that contains the three points $(1, 0, 0)$, $(2, 0, 1)$ and $(1, 1, 1)$. (ii) What is the distance of the origin $(0, 0, 0)$ from this plane? (iii) Find an equation of a plane Q through the origin such that the angle between P and Q is a right angle.

10 marks

2.

[15 Marks]

(a) Consider the matrix M given below:

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(i) Find the determinant of M and show that M has an inverse.

[2 marks]

(ii) Form the matrix $[M|I]$ and using the Gauss-Jordan algorithm find the inverse of M .
Carefully record all row operations.

[5 Marks]

(iii) Check that the matrix you have found is indeed the inverse of M . [2 Marks]

(b) Solve

$$x + y + 2z = 9$$

$$2x + 4y - 3z = 1$$

$$3x + 6y - 5z = 0$$

using Gaussian elimination and back-substitution. Carefully record all row operations.

[6 Marks]

3. What are the determinants of the following matrices:

$$(i) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, (ii) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, (iii) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 3 & 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 8 & 11 & 14 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$(iv) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 7 \\ 0 & 5 & 3 & 3 \\ 8 & -4 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

10 marks

4.

[15 Marks]

(a) Find the first derivative of the following functions with respect to x :

(i) $y = x^4 + 3x^3 + 2$

[1 Mark]

(ii) $y = \cos^2(2x^2 + 3)$

[2 Marks]

(iii) $y = \frac{x^3}{2x + 1}$

[2 Marks]

(b) Find the second derivative with respect to x of the following functions:

(i) e^{3x^2+1}

[5 Marks]

(ii) $y = \cos(3x) \sin(x)$

[5 Marks]

5.

Evaluate the following integrals:

$$(i) \int \sin^2(x) dx, \quad (ii) \int e^{2x} \cos(e^x) dx$$

10 marks

6.

[15 marks]

(a) Recall that a geometric power series is written as

$$\sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} ax^n = \frac{a}{1-x},$$

for $-1 < x < 1$.

(i) Fill in the coefficients of the first five terms in the power series expansion of $\frac{1}{1-x}$.
Show any required working in the space provided. [1 Mark]

$$\frac{1}{1-x} = \quad x^0 + \quad x^1 + \quad x^2 + \quad x^3 + \quad x^4 + \dots$$

(ii) Fill in the coefficients of the first five terms in the power series expansion of $\frac{1}{1+x}$.
Show any required working in the space provided. [1 Mark]

$$\frac{1}{1+x} = \quad x^0 + \quad x^1 + \quad x^2 + \quad x^3 + \quad x^4 + \dots$$

- (iii) Fill in the coefficients of the first five terms in the power series expansion of $\frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{1}{1+x}$. Show any required working in the space provided. [1 Mark]

$$\frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{1}{1+x} = \quad x^0 + \quad x^1 + \quad x^2 + \quad x^3 + \quad x^4 + \dots$$

- (iv) Find the values of a, b, c and d , as shown below, that correspond to the sum found in (iii). Show any working required in the space provided. [2 Marks]

$$\frac{1}{1-x} - \frac{1}{1+x} = \sum_{n=a}^b cx^d$$

- (b) Recall that the Taylor polynomial of degree n for approximating a function $f(x)$ is given by

$$T_n(x) = f(0) + \frac{f'(0)}{1!}x + \frac{f''(0)}{2!}x^2 + \frac{f^{(3)}(0)}{3!}x^3 + \dots + \frac{f^{(n)}(0)}{n!}x^n.$$

Find the first four Taylor polynomials, that is $T_0(x)$, $T_1(x)$, $T_2(x)$ and $T_3(x)$, of the function $f(x) = \ln(3x + 2)$, at $x = 0$. [10 Marks]

7.

[10 Marks]

Let $f(x, y) = ye^{3x+y}$ be a function of two variables, x and y .

(i) Find the first partial derivatives, $f_x(x, y)$ and $f_y(x, y)$.

[6 Marks]

(ii) Evaluate the derivatives found in (i) at $(x, y) = (-1/3, 1)$.

[2 Marks]

(iii) Recall that the tangent plane to the surface $z = f(x, y)$ at the point $(x, y) = (a, b)$ is given by

$$z = f(a, b) + f_x(a, b)(x - a) + f_y(a, b)(y - b).$$

Using your answers from (i), write the equation of the tangent plane to the surface $z = f(x, y)$ defined in (i) at the point $(x, y) = (-1/3, 1)$, in simplified form.

[2 Marks]