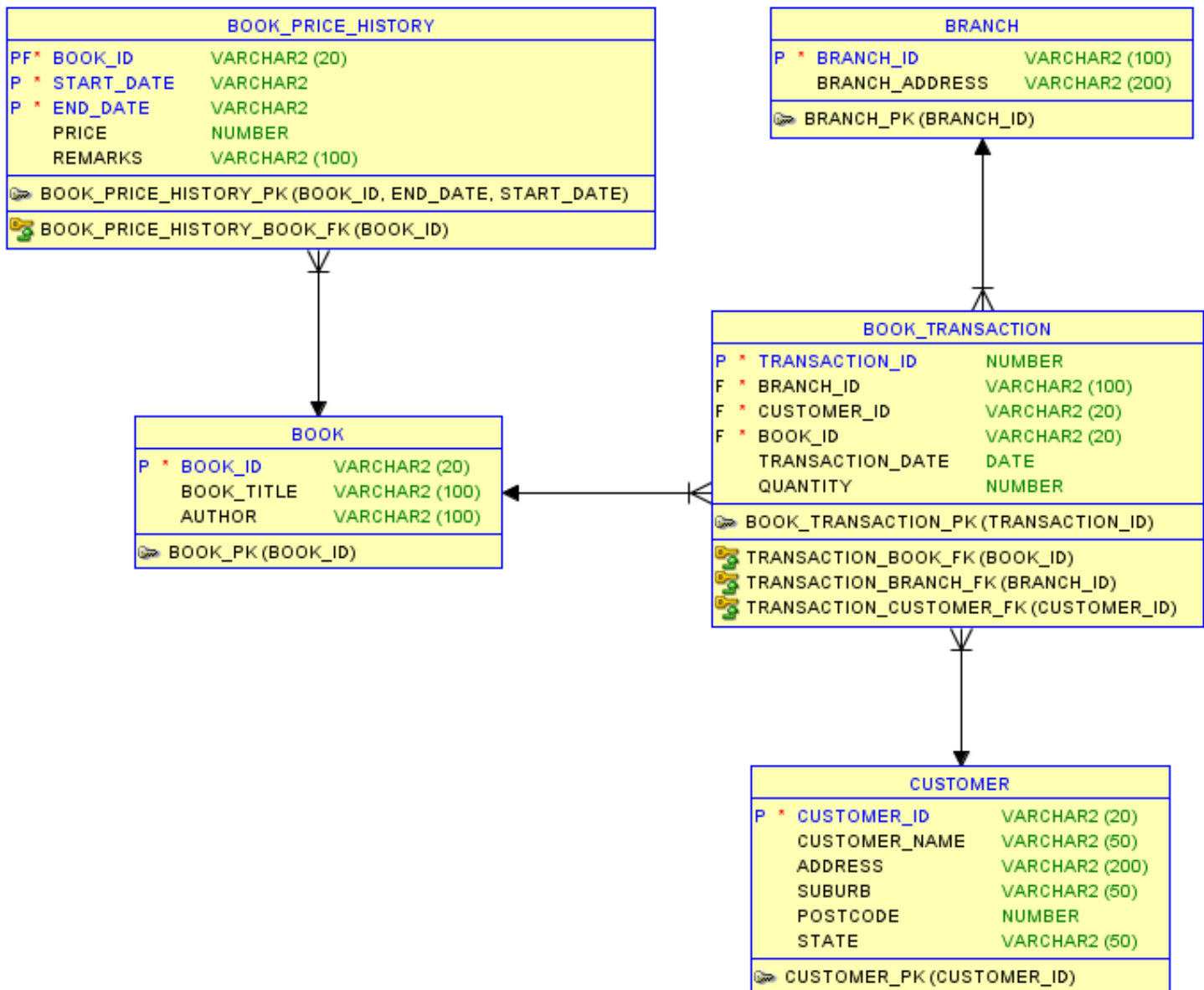


Tutorial – Temporal Data Warehousing

The Bookshop Case Study

1. A Bookshop Case Study – Description

Border bookstore that has a number of branches in Melbourne would like to build a data warehouse to analyze their book sales. They have already stored all book sales transactions in an operational database. The management would particularly like to analyze their book sales performance from various perspectives, such as monthly basis, book basis, and branch basis. The following is an E/R diagram of the Bookshop system.



First you need to create the operational database using the following SQL:

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-- OPERATIONAL DATABASE
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--CUSTOMER
create table CUSTOMER as
select CUSTOMERID as CUSTOMER_ID, name as CUSTOMER_NAME, ADDRESS,
SUBURB, POSTCODE, STATE
from DTANIAR.CUSTOMER4;
alter table CUSTOMER add constraint CUSTOMER_PK primary key (
CUSTOMER_ID ) ;

--BOOK
create table BOOK
(
    BOOK_ID      varchar2(20) not null ,
    BOOK_TITLE   varchar2(200),
    AUTHOR       varchar2(200)
) ;
alter table BOOK add constraint BOOK_PK primary key ( BOOK_ID ) ;
insert into BOOK values('C1', 'CSIRO Diet', 'CSIRO Team');
insert into BOOK values('H6', 'Harry Potter 6', 'Rowling');
insert into BOOK values('DV', 'Da Vinci Code', 'Dan Brown');

--BOOK PRICE HISTORY
create table BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY
(
    BOOK_ID      varchar2(20) not null ,
    START_DATE   varchar2(10) null ,
    END_DATE     varchar2(10) not null ,
    PRICE        number ,
    REMARKS      varchar2(100)
) ;
alter table BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY add constraint BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY_PK
primary key ( BOOK_ID, START_DATE, END_DATE ) ;
alter table BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY add constraint
BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY_BOOK_FK foreign key ( BOOK_ID ) references BOOK (
BOOK_ID ) ;
insert into BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY values('C1', 'Jan2007', 'Jan2007',
45.95, 'Full Price');
insert into BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY values('C1', 'Aug2007', 'Oct2007',
45.95, 'Full Price');
insert into BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY values('C1', 'Nov2007', 'Jan2008',
45.95, 'Full Price');
insert into BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY values('C1', 'Feb2008', 'Now', 45.95,
'Full Price');
insert into BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY values('H6', 'Jan2007', 'Mar2007',
21.95, 'Launching');
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insert into BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY values('H6', 'Apr2007', 'Feb2008',
30.95, 'Full Price');
insert into BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY values('H6', 'Jan2008', 'Now', 10.00,
'End of Product Sale');
insert into BOOK_PRICE_HISTORY values('DV', 'Jan2007', 'Now', 27.95,
'Full Price');

--BRANCH
create table BRANCH
(
    BRANCH_ID          varchar2(100) not null ,
    BRANCH_ADDRESS     varchar2(200)
) ;
alter table BRANCH add constraint BRANCH_PK primary key ( BRANCH_ID )
;
insert into BRANCH values('City', 'VIC3622');
insert into BRANCH values('Chadstone', 'Chadstone VIC3234');
insert into BRANCH values('Camberwell', 'Camberwell VIC2451');

--TRANSACTION
create table BOOK_TRANSACTION
(
    TRANSACTION_ID     number not null ,
    BRANCH_ID          varchar2 (100) not null ,
    CUSTOMER_ID        varchar2 (20) not null ,
    BOOK_ID            varchar2 (20) not null ,
    TRANSACTION_DATE   date ,
    QUANTITY           number
) ;
alter table BOOK_TRANSACTION add constraint BOOK_TRANSACTION_PK
primary key ( TRANSACTION_ID ) ;
alter table BOOK_TRANSACTION add constraint TRANSACTION_BOOK_FK
foreign key ( BOOK_ID ) references BOOK ( BOOK_ID ) ;
alter table BOOK_TRANSACTION add constraint TRANSACTION_BRANCH_FK
foreign key ( BRANCH_ID ) references BRANCH ( BRANCH_ID ) ;
alter table BOOK_TRANSACTION add constraint TRANSACTION_CUSTOMER_FK
foreign key ( CUSTOMER_ID ) references CUSTOMER ( CUSTOMER_ID ) ;
create sequence BOOK_TRANSACTION_TRANSACTION_I start with 1 ;
create or replace trigger BOOK_TRANSACTION_TRANSACTION_I before
insert on BOOK_TRANSACTION for each row when (new.TRANSACTION_ID is
null)
begin
    :new.TRANSACTION_ID := BOOK_TRANSACTION_TRANSACTION_I.NEXTVAL;
end;
/
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus1', 'C1',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 2);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus2', 'C1',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 3);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus2', 'H6',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 10);

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insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus3', 'H6',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 5);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus3', 'DV',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 10);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus4', 'DV',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 13);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus4', 'C1',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 10);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus5', 'C1',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 5);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus4', 'H6',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 3);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus3', 'DV',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 2);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus3', 'C1',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 1);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus2', 'H6',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 1);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus1', 'DV',
to_date('Mar 2008', 'Mon YYYY'), 2);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus4', 'C1',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 10);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus3', 'C1',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 5);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus2', 'H6',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 5);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus2', 'H6',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 1);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'City', 'Cus5', 'DV',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 6);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus4', 'C1',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 5);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus3', 'C1',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 5);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus2', 'H6',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 4);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus1', 'H6',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 4);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus4', 'DV',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 1);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus1', 'C1',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 9);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus3', 'C1',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 9);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus2', 'H6',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 3);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus1', 'DV',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 2);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Chadstone', 'Cus4', 'DV',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 1);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus1', 'C1',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 9);

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insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus3', 'C1',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 9);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus2', 'H6',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 3);
insert into BOOK_TRANSACTION values(null, 'Camberwell', 'Cus1', 'DV',
to_date('Dec 2007', 'Mon YYYY'), 2);

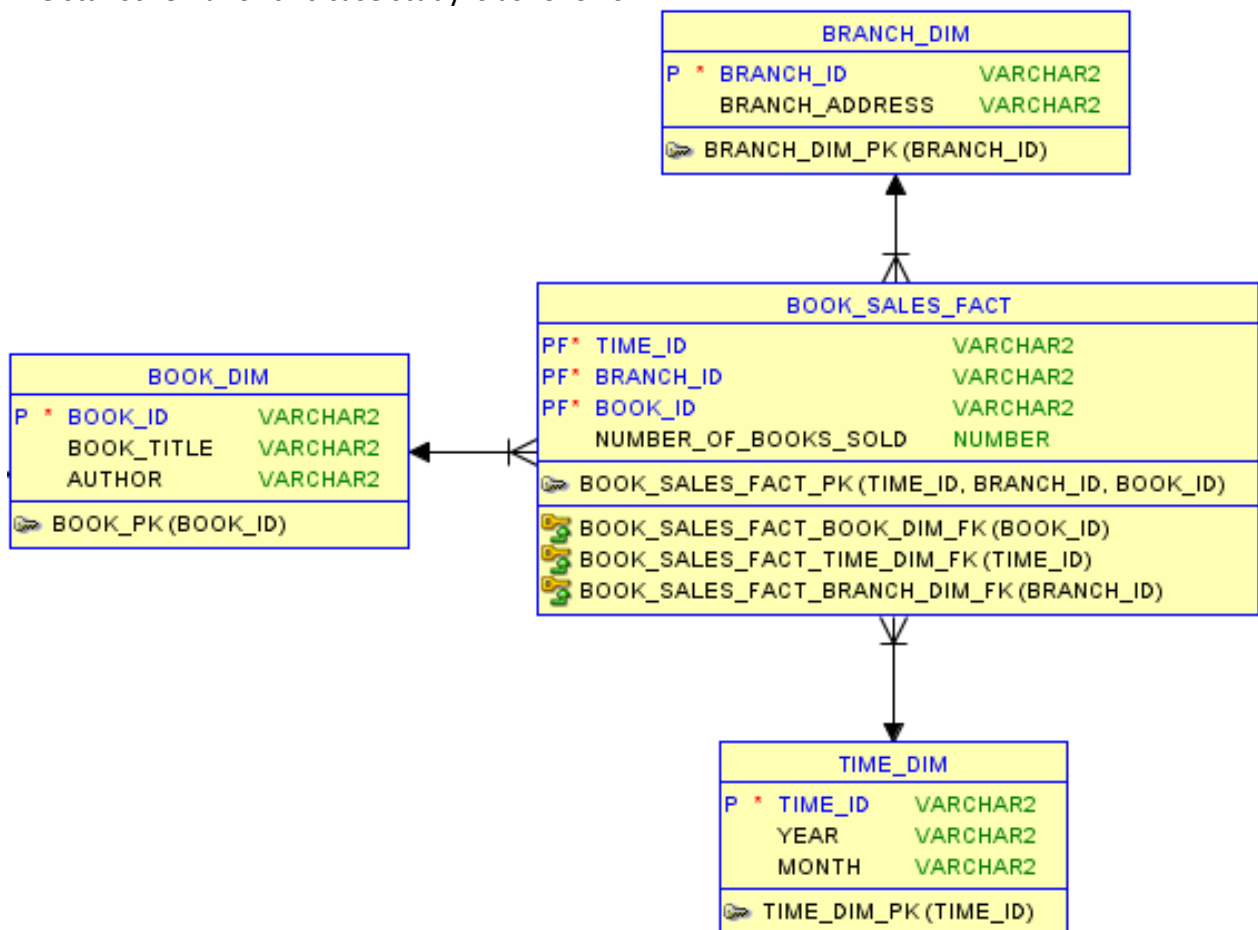
commit;

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2. Solution Model 1 – No bridge

The only one measurable fact to be included in the fact table is “Number of Books Sold”, which is calculated by *total quantity* of all transactions. The dimensions are Branch, Time and Book.

The star schema for this case study is as follows:



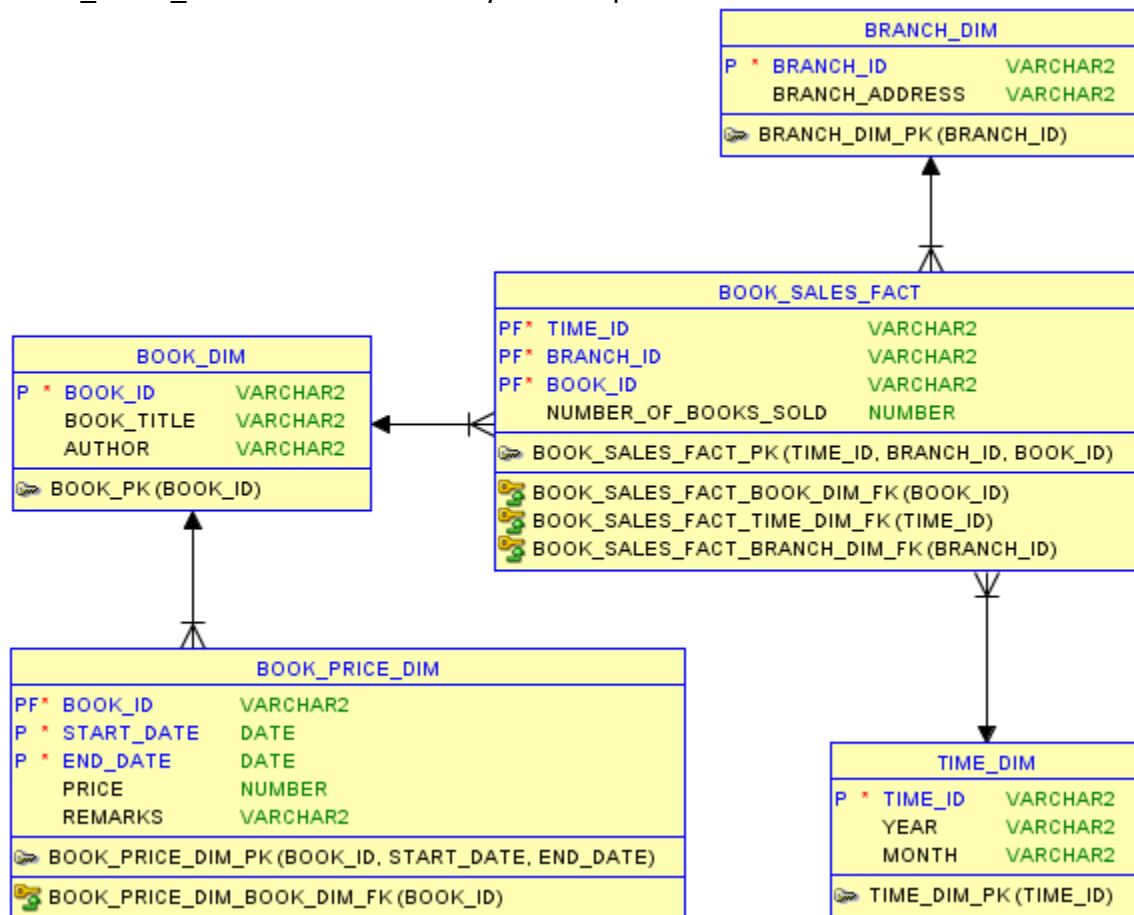
Your tasks:

- Create a dimension table called BOOK_DIM.
- Create a dimension table called TIME_DIM. Year and Month are extracted from Transaction Date.

- c. Create a dimension table called BRANCH_DIM.
- d. Create fact table (called it BOOK_SALES_FACT1).
- e. Display (and observe) the contents of the fact table (BOOK_SALES_FACT1).

3. Solution Model 2 – add a Temporal Bridge

In order to incorporate the temporal values of book price, we add a temporal/bridge table: BOOK_PRICE_DIM to store the history of book prices. The Star Schema would look like this:

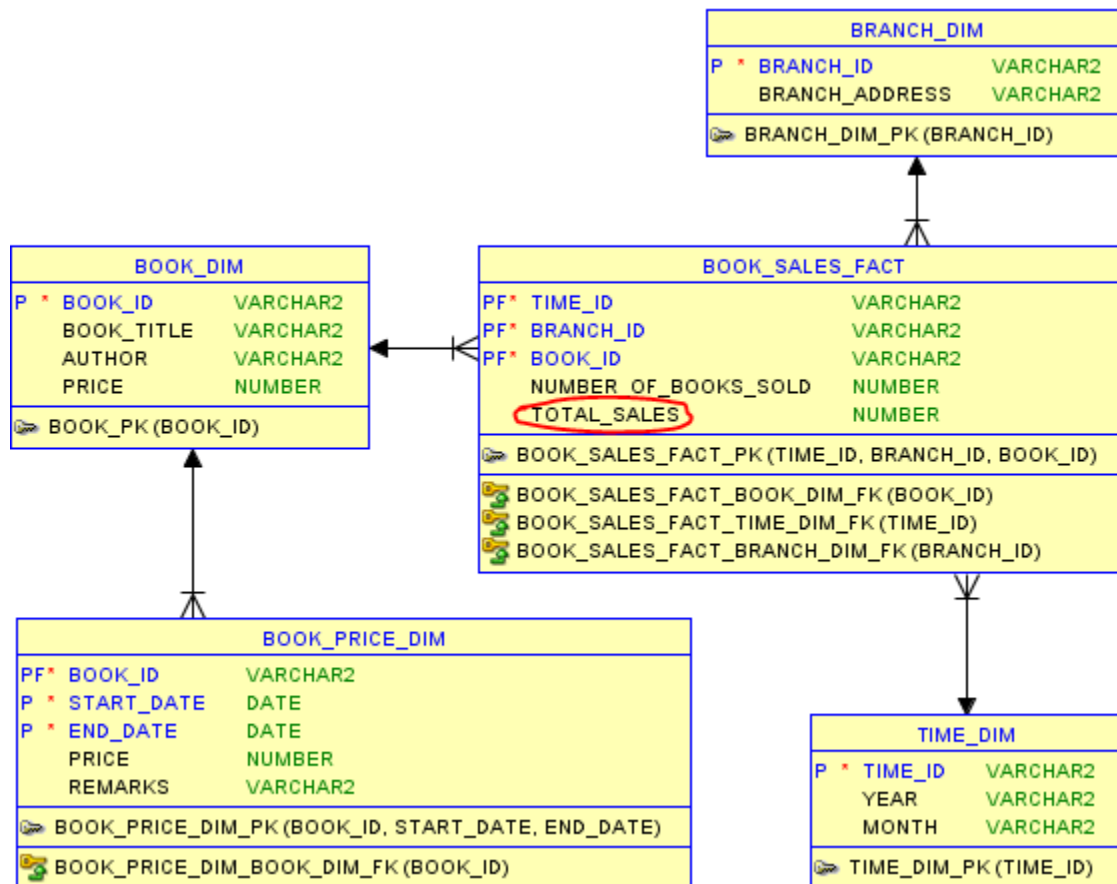


Your tasks:

- a. Create a dimension table called BOOK_PRICE_DIM.
- b. **Challenge:** Create the “Correct Book Sale” Report as shown in page 5/10 in the lecture pdf. Hint: Use **Case When** to handle END_DATE = ‘Now’. (Don’t waste time on this, you can come back to this task after finishing Task 3).

3. Solution Model 3 – add a new Fact: Total Sales

Although we can produce the “Correct Book Sale” Report with Solution Model 2, the calculation will be complex and performance is not optimal for any reports that involve history book price. Therefore, it’s better to calculate Total Sales using the “correct price” beforehand and store it as a Fact measure. The Star Schema would look like this:



Your tasks:

- Create a new Fact table: BOOK_SALES_FACT2 by coping BOOK_SALES_FACT1.
- Add Column TOTAL_SALES (NUMBER) to BOOK_SALES_FACT2.
- Use the PRICE_CURSOR (by selecting all data from BOOK_PRICE_DIM) to populate data for column TOTAL_SALES in BOOK_SALES_FACT2. Pay attention to the current book price in BOOK_PRICE_DIM, they will have END_DATE equals to 'Now' instead of a normal date (MonYYYY).
- Challenge:** Recreate BOOK_SALES_FACT2 using **Case When** instead of **Cursor**.