## MAT1830 - Discrete Mathematics for Computer Science Tutorial Sheet #2 Solutions

1.	(a)	b	p	$\neg b$	$\neg p$	$\neg b \rightarrow \neg p$	$b \lor p$	$(\neg b \to \neg p) \land (b \lor p)$	
		Τ	Т	F	F	T	Τ	T	F
		Т	F	F	T	${ m T}$	${ m T}$	${ m T}$	${ m F}$
		F	Т	Τ	F	F	${ m T}$	F	${ m F}$
		F	F	Τ	Т	Т	F	F	F

- (b) A contradiction (because it's column in the truth table is all Fs).
- (c) Heaps of possible answers. For example,  $p \to p$  is a tautology and  $(p \lor q) \land \neg p \land \neg q$  is a contradiction.
- 2. (a)  $\neg b \rightarrow \neg p$  (if no broccoli then no potatoes)  $b \lor p$  (eat at least one of broccoli or potatoes)  $\neg b$  (no broccoli)
  - (b) It's impossible to follow these rules.
- 3. (a) "Her car isn't blue and her car it isn't red."  $(\neg(\text{blue} \lor \text{red}) \equiv \neg\text{blue} \land \neg\text{red})$ 
  - (b) "The integer I am thinking of is even or not prime."  $(\neg(\text{odd}\land\text{prime}) \equiv \neg\text{odd}\lor\neg\text{prime})$
  - (c) "If we can't do anything we want with your data, then you don't use our app." (use app  $\rightarrow$  control data  $\equiv$   $\neg$ control data  $\rightarrow$   $\neg$ use app)
- 4. Yes.

$$\neg p \lor (\neg q \to \neg r) \equiv \neg p \lor (q \lor \neg r)$$
 (by the implication law) 
$$\equiv \neg (p \land \neg (q \lor \neg r))$$
 (by DeMorgan's laws) 
$$\equiv \neg (p \land (\neg q \land r))$$
 (by DeMorgan's laws)