Hierarchical Bayesian Regression modelling Crime Prediction in Uttar Pradesh (District wise)

1. Data Modelling:

(a) Data source

The GDP (Gross Domestic Product) data was collected from Open Government Data Platform India based on constant prices from year 2004 to 2011.

Number of Males in age group (15-24) for year 2011 was collected from UttarPradeshStat.com and same data projected for year 2016 was collected from Health Management Information System under Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Government of India. We also calculate **Gender ratio** using above data for year 2011 and 2016. **Unemployment** data is collected from UttarPradesh-Stat.com for the year 2011. We can make use of unemployment rate of Uttar Pradesh to projected unemployment data for year 2013, 2014, 2015.

Available data is of district level granularity for the state of Uttar Pradesh, until mentioned explicitly.

Upon realizing that total crime count likely depends upon recent activities and the time of the year, autoregressive terms for total crime count are added. Trailing (a month and a year) crime counts are also considered as predictors.

A clustering based on per capita GDP, Unemployment, and Population, will be used to group districts with similar patterns of total crimes committed, and try to related district with similar geographic context.