

Optimal analytic expression of T:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \\ \beta_1 \\ \beta_2 \\ \beta_3 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{12}{T^3} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{T^3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{12}{T^3} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{T^3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{12}{T^3} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{T^3} \\ \frac{6}{T^2} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{6}{T^2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{6}{T^2} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{6}{T^2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{6}{T^2} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{6}{T^2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta p_x - V_{x0}T \\ \Delta p_y - V_{y0}T \\ \Delta p_z - V_{z0}T \\ \Delta v_x \\ \Delta v_y \\ \Delta v_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{12}{T^3}(\Delta p_x - V_{x0}T) + \frac{6\Delta v_x}{T^2} \\ -\frac{12}{T^3}(\Delta p_y - V_{y0}T) + \frac{6\Delta v_y}{T^2} \\ -\frac{12}{T^3}(\Delta p_z - V_{z0}T) + \frac{6\Delta v_z}{T^2} \\ \frac{6}{T^2}(\Delta p_x - V_{x0}T) - \frac{6\Delta v_x}{T} \\ \frac{6}{T^2}(\Delta p_y - V_{y0}T) - \frac{6\Delta v_y}{T} \\ \frac{6}{T^2}(\Delta p_z - V_{z0}T) - \frac{6\Delta v_z}{T} \end{bmatrix} \\
 J &= T + \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha_1^2 T^3 + \alpha_1 \beta_1 T^2 + \beta_1^2 T \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha_2^2 T^3 + \alpha_2 \beta_2 T^2 + \beta_2^2 T \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \alpha_3^2 T^3 + \alpha_3 \beta_3 T^2 + \beta_3^2 T \right) \\
 A &= \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{12}{T^3} (\Delta p_x^2 - 2\Delta p_x V_{x0}T + V_{x0}^2 T^2) - \frac{12}{T^3} (\Delta p_y^2 - 2\Delta p_y V_{y0}T + V_{y0}^2 T^2) + \frac{12}{T^3} (\Delta p_z^2 - 2\Delta p_z V_{z0}T + V_{z0}^2 T^2) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + T^2 \left[-\frac{12}{T^3} (\Delta p_x^2 - 2\Delta p_x V_{x0}T + V_{x0}^2 T^2) + \frac{24}{T^4} (\Delta p_x \Delta v_x - \Delta v_x V_{x0}T) + \frac{36}{T^4} (\Delta p_y^2 - 2\Delta p_y V_{y0}T + V_{y0}^2 T^2) \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. + T^2 \left[-\frac{12}{T^3} (\Delta p_y^2 - 2\Delta p_y V_{y0}T + V_{y0}^2 T^2) - \frac{24}{T^4} (\Delta p_y \Delta v_y - \Delta v_y V_{y0}T) + \frac{36}{T^4} (\Delta p_z^2 - 2\Delta p_z V_{z0}T + V_{z0}^2 T^2) \right. \right. \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. \left. + T^2 \left[-\frac{12}{T^3} (\Delta p_z^2 - 2\Delta p_z V_{z0}T + V_{z0}^2 T^2) - \frac{24}{T^4} (\Delta p_z \Delta v_z - \Delta v_z V_{z0}T) + \frac{36}{T^4} \Delta v_x^2 \right] \right] \right] \\
 B &= \frac{12\Delta p_x^2}{T^3} - \frac{24\Delta p_x V_{x0}}{T^2} + \frac{12\Delta p_x \Delta v_x}{T} + \frac{12V_{x0}^2 + 12\Delta v_x V_{x0} + 4\Delta v_x^2}{T} \\
 C &= \frac{12\Delta p_y^2}{T^3} - \frac{24\Delta p_y V_{y0}}{T^2} + \frac{12\Delta p_y \Delta v_y}{T} + \frac{12V_{y0}^2 + 12\Delta v_y V_{y0} + 4\Delta v_y^2}{T} \\
 D &= \frac{12\Delta p_z^2}{T^3} - \frac{24\Delta p_z V_{z0}}{T^2} + \frac{12\Delta p_z \Delta v_z}{T} + \frac{12V_{z0}^2 + 12\Delta v_z V_{z0} + 4\Delta v_z^2}{T} \\
 J &= T + \frac{12}{T^3} (\Delta p_x^2 + \Delta p_y^2 + \Delta p_z^2) + \frac{12}{T^2} \left[\Delta p_x V_{x0} + \Delta p_y V_{y0} + \Delta p_z V_{z0} \right] + \Delta p_x \Delta v_x + \Delta p_y \Delta v_y + \Delta p_z \Delta v_z \\
 &\quad + \frac{4}{T} \left[3(V_{x0}^2 + V_{y0}^2 + V_{z0}^2) + 3(\Delta v_x V_{x0} + \Delta v_y V_{y0} + \Delta v_z V_{z0}) + \Delta v_x^2 + \Delta v_y^2 + \Delta v_z^2 \right] \\
 J &= T + \frac{12}{T^3} m + \frac{12}{T^2} n + \frac{4}{T} k, \quad T^* = \frac{\partial J}{\partial T} \\
 J' &= 0 \Rightarrow \frac{12}{T^4} m - \frac{24}{T^3} n - \frac{4}{T^2} k = 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

Solve using the accompanying matrix of the polynomial:

Polynomial:

$$p(x) = x^n + c_{n-1}x^{n-1} + c_{n-2}x^{n-2} + \dots + c_1x + c_0$$

Its accompaniment matrix:

$$M_x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 & -c_0 \\ 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 & -c_1 \\ 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 & -c_2 \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 & -c_{n-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

The feature value is the root of P (x). So use EIGEN for polynomial solution.

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matrix_44 << 0, 0, 0, -c0,
              1, 0, 0, -c1,
              0, 1, 0, -c2,
              0, 0, 1, c3;
matrix_eigenvalues = matrix_44.eigenvalues();

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Result:

