

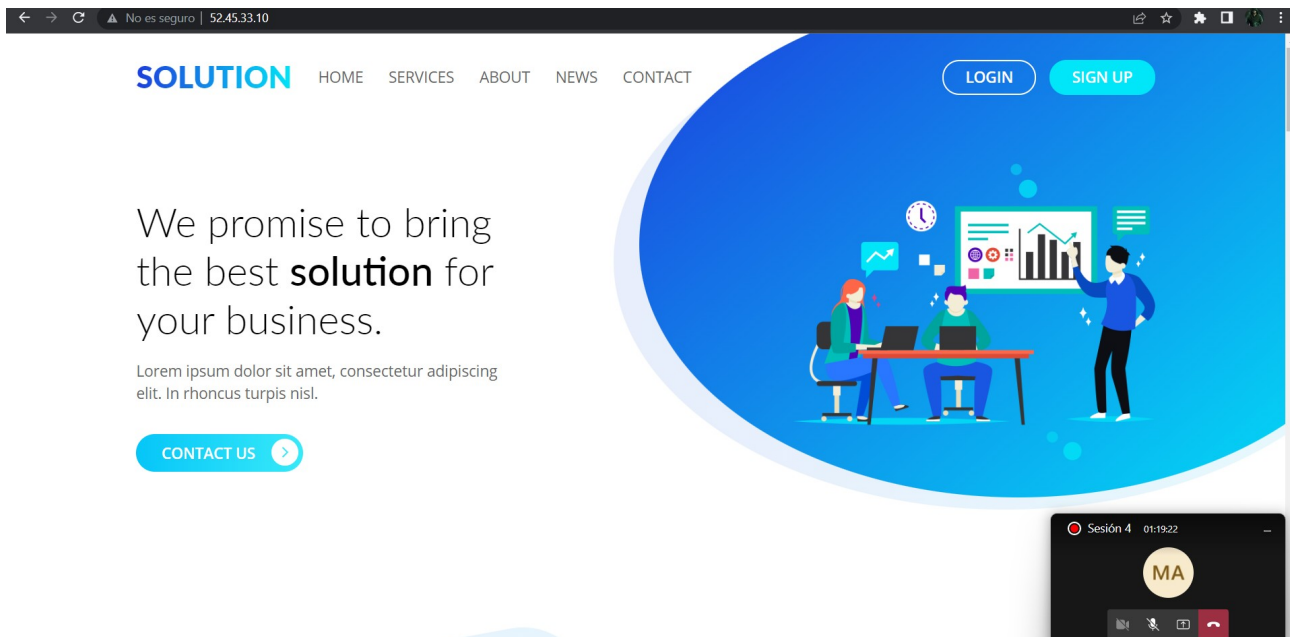
-Clonamos el repo

```
cd /var/www/html/  
rm -rf ./*  
sudo rm -rf ./*  
clear  
clear  
git clone https://github.com/jmalberola/cloud_men.git .  
sudo rm -rf .git  
git clone https://github.com/jmalberola/cloud_men.git .  
sudo git clone https://github.com/jmalberola/cloud_men.git .
```

-Cambio de puerto al 80

```
GNU nano 2.9.8 httpd.conf  
#  
# This is the main Apache HTTP server configuration file. It contains the  
# configuration directives that give the server its instructions.  
# See <URL:http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/> for detailed information.  
# In particular, see  
# <URL:http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/mod/directives.html>  
# for a discussion of each configuration directive.  
#  
# Do NOT simply read the instructions in here without understanding  
# what they do. They're here only as hints or reminders. If you are unsure  
# consult the online docs. You have been warned.  
#  
# Configuration and logfile names: If the filenames you specify for many  
# of the server's control files begin with "/" (or "drive:/" for Win32), the  
# server will use that explicit path. If the filenames do *not* begin  
# with "/", the value of ServerRoot is prepended -- so 'log/access_log'  
# with ServerRoot set to '/www' will be interpreted by the  
# server as '/www/log/access_log', where as '/log/access_log' will be  
# interpreted as '/log/access_log'.  
#  
# ServerRoot: The top of the directory tree under which the server's  
# configuration, error, and log files are kept.  
#  
# Do not add a slash at the end of the directory path. If you point  
# ServerRoot at a non-local disk, be sure to specify a local disk on the  
# Mutex directive, if file-based mutexes are used. If you wish to share the  
# same ServerRoot for multiple httpd daemons, you will need to change at  
# least PidFile.  
#  
ServerRoot "/etc/httpd"  
#  
# Listen: Allows you to bind Apache to specific IP addresses and/or  
# ports, instead of the default. See also the <VirtualHost>  
# directive.  
#  
# Change this to Listen on specific IP addresses as shown below to  
# prevent Apache from glomming onto all bound IP addresses.  
#  
#Listen 12.34.56.78:80  
Listen 80
```

-Cambio de puerto al 80



-Cambiamos la url de la imagen

ec2-user@ip-172-31-88-24:/var/www/html

```
GNU nano 2.9.8 index.html

<svg
    class="back-bg"
    width="100%" viewBox="0 0 900 700" style="position:absolute;$
    <defs>
        <linearGradient id="PSgrad_01" x1="64.279%" x2="0%" y1="76.6$
            <stop offset="0%" stop-color="rgb(1,230,248)" stop-opaci$
            <stop offset="100%" stop-color="rgb(29,62,222)" stop-opa$
        </linearGradient>
    </defs>
    <path fill-rule="evenodd" opacity="0.102" fill="url(#PSgrad_01)"
        d="M616.656,2.494 L89.351,98.948 C19.867,111.658 -16.508,1$
    </svg>
    <!-- *****-->

    <svg width="100%" viewBox="0 0 700 500">
        <clipPath id="clip-path">
            <path d="M89.479,0.180 L512.635,25.932 C568.395,29.326 603.1$
        </clipPath>
        <!-- xlink:href for modern browsers, src for IE8- -->
        <image clip-path="url(#clip-path)" xlink:href="https://ejercicio$
            height="465" class="svg__image"></image>
    </svg>
    </div>
</div>
<div class="col-md-5">
    <h2> We are a Creative Digital
        Agency & Marketing Experts </h2>
    <p> Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. In rhoncus turp$
        semper convallis. Ut sapien leo, varius ac dapibus a, cursus quis ante. $
    <p>
        <small>Nunc sodales lobortis arcu, sit amet venenatis erat placerat a. D$
        cursus impedit augue egestas id. Suspendisse dolor lectus, pellente$
        dictum id neque.
        </small>
    </p>
    <a href="#">Learn More <i class="fa fa-angle-right" aria-hidden="true"></i><$
</div>
```

-Hacemos publico mediante acl

ejercicio-raul-cli

Info

Objetos

Propiedades

Permisos

Métricas

Administración

Puntos de acceso

Objetos (1)

Los objetos son las entidades fundamentales que se almacenan en Amazon S3. Puede utilizar el [inventario de Amazon S3](#) para obtener una lista de los objetos que tiene en su almacenamiento. También puede [verificar](#) si un objeto existe o [eliminar](#) un objeto. Para obtener más información sobre los objetos, consulte [Objetos de Amazon S3](#).

tendrá que concederles permisos de forma explícita. [Más información](#)

🔄

Copiar URI de S3

Copiar URL

⬇ Descargar

📄 Abrir

Eliminar

Acciones ▴

Crear carpeta

📁 Cargar

🔍 Buscar objetos por prefijo

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Nombre	Tipo	Última modificación	Tamaño	Clase de almacenamiento
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	📄 office.jpg	jpg	5 Dec 2022 8:20:38 PM CET	537.5 KB	Estándar

Consultar con S3 Select

Editar acciones

Cambiar el nombre del objeto

Editar clase de almacenamiento

Editar cifrado del lado del servidor

Editar metadatos

Editar etiquetas

Hacer público mediante ACL

-Comprovacion ip:80

- Creamos un balanceador de carga

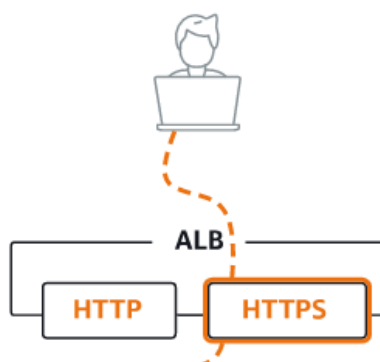
Select load balancer type

A complete feature-by-feature comparison along with detailed highlights is also available.

[Learn more](#) 

Load balancer types

Application Load Balancer [Info](#)



Choose an Application Load Balancer when you need a flexible feature set for your applications with HTTP and HTTPS traffic. Operating at the request level, Application Load Balancers provide advanced routing and visibility features targeted at application architectures, including microservices and containers.

Mappings [Info](#)

Select at least two Availability Zones and one subnet per zone. The load balancer routes traffic to targets in these Availability Zones only. Availability Zones that are not supported by the load balancer or the VPC are not available for selection.

☒ **us-east-1a**

Subnet

subnet-052ea51521fc27236 ▼

IPv4 settings

Assigned by AWS

☒ **us-east-1b**

Subnet

subnet-001aa512b8a6da97a ▼

-Creamos un target group

▼ Listener **HTTP:80**

[Remove](#)

Protocol

Port

Default action [Info](#)

HTTP ▼

:

80

1-65535

Forward to

my-target-grup HTTP ▼

Target type: Instance, IPv4



[Create target group](#)

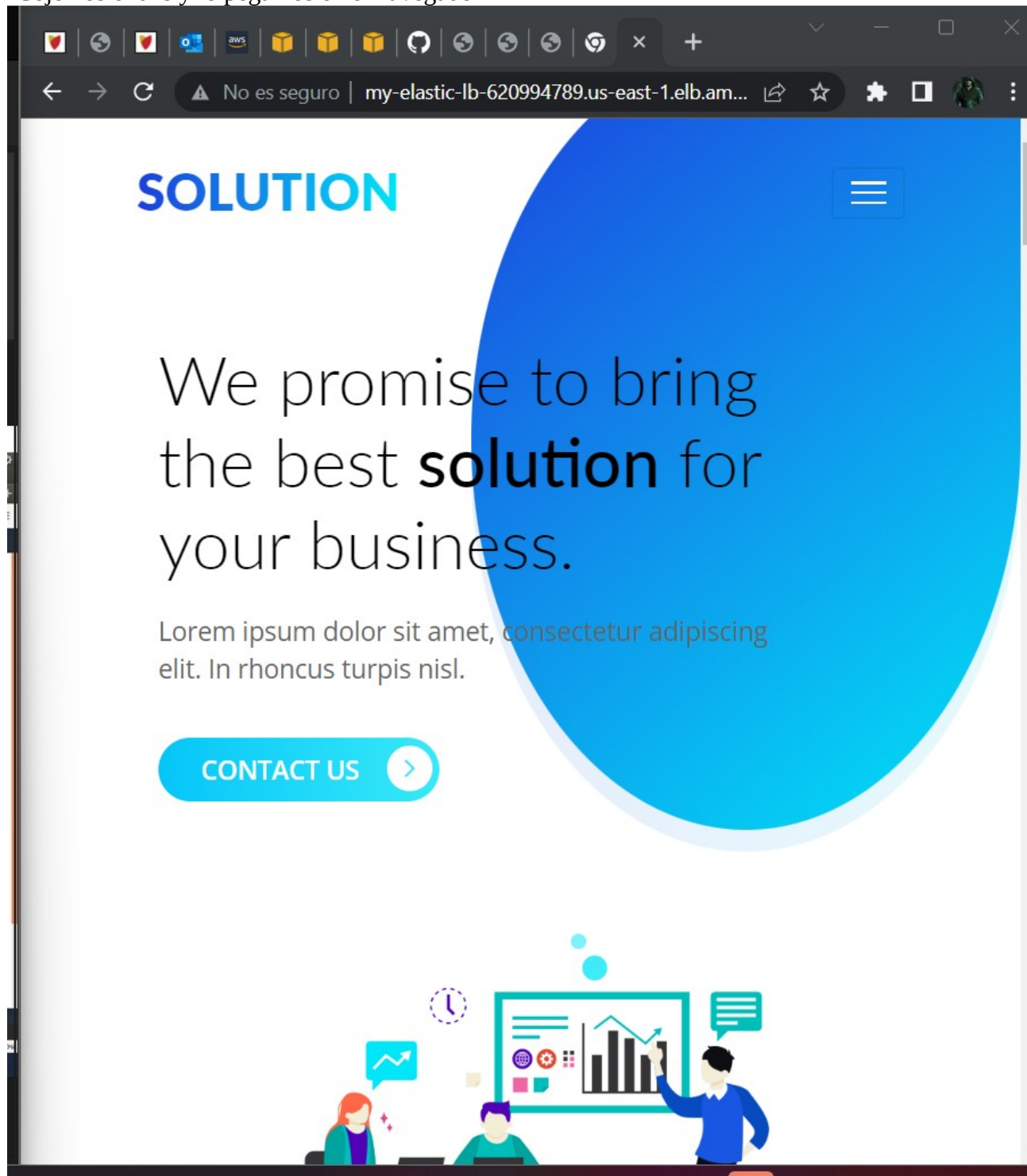
Listener tags - *optional*

Consider adding tags to your listener. Tags enable you to categorize your AWS resources so you can more easily manage them.

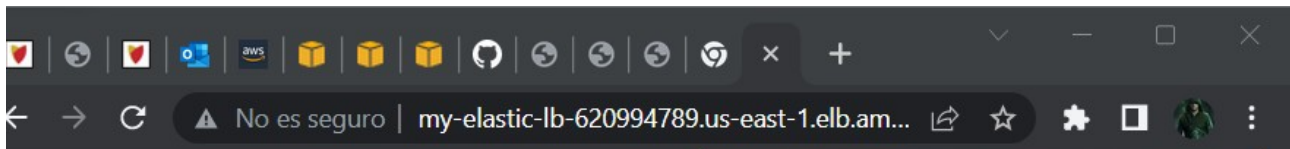
[Add listener tag](#)

You can add up to 50 more tags.

-Cojemos el dns y lo pegamos en el navegador



```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-88-24 html]$ sudo service httpd stop
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl stop httpd.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-88-24 html]$
```



SOLUTION



We promise to bring
the best **solution** for
your business.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing
elit. In rhoncus turpis nisl.

CONTACT US



```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-88-24 html]$ sudo service httpd restart  
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl restart httpd.service  
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-88-24 html]$ sudo service httpd restart
```

We promise to bring
the best **solution** for
your business.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing
elit. In rhoncus turpis nisl.

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We are a Creative Digital Agency & Marketing Experts

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. In
rhoncus turpis nisl, vitae dictum mi semper convallis. Ut
sapien leo, varius ac dapibus a, cursus quis ante.

Nunc sodales lobortis arcu, sit amet venenatis erat placerat a.
Donec lacinia magna nulla, cursus impedit augue egestas id.
Suspendisse dolor lectus, pellentesque quis tincidunt ac, dictum
id neque.