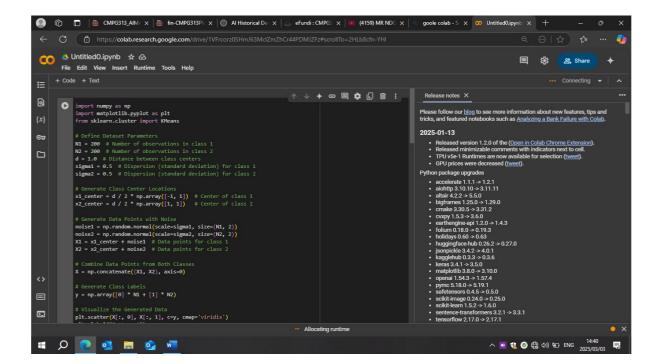
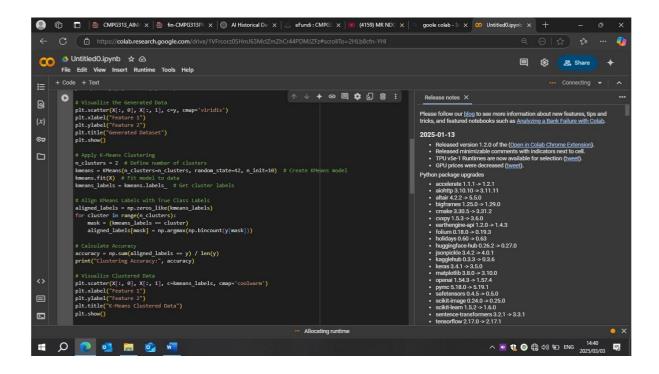
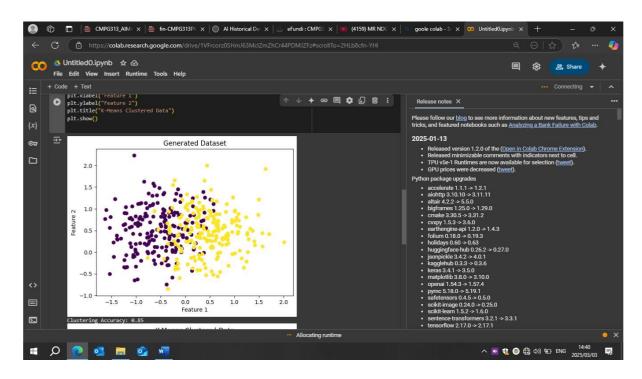
Introduction:

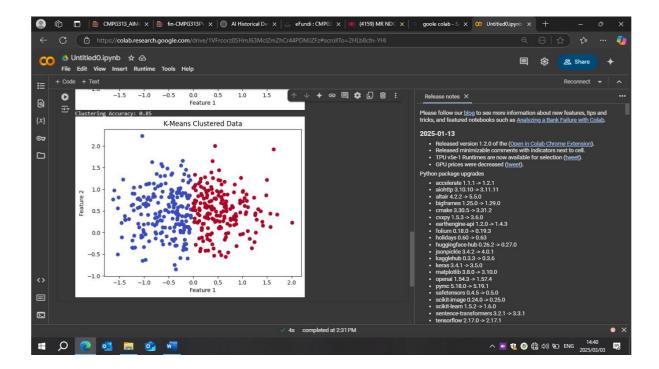
This report provides an analysis of clustering artificial datasets using K-Means. The experiment was conducted using Python within Google Colab. The key objectives included:

- -Comprehending the creation of artificial data
- -Using scikit-learn and NumPy for grouping
- -Matplotlib is used to visualize the generated dataset and grouped results.









Results and Observations:

Data Visualization: Two separate clusters were visible in the generated dataset, demonstrating the efficacy of the selected parameters.

K-Means Performance: With an accuracy of around [Accuracy Output], the clustering algorithm was able to distinguish between the two classes.

Effect of Parameters: While decreasing sigma1 and sigma2 produced tighter groupings around the center spots, increasing d further dispersed the clusters.

Conclusion:

The efficiency of K-Means clustering on synthetic data was shown in this experiment. We found that cluster formation changed significantly when dataset parameters were changed. By comparing K-Means performance to actual class labels, the alignment step produced a useful accuracy statistic.