

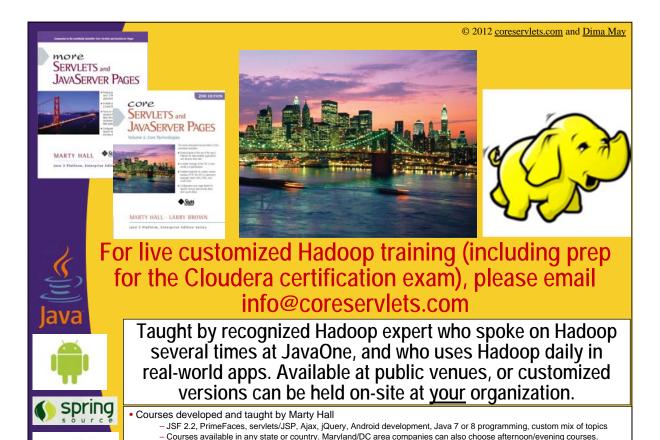
# MapReduce Running Jobs

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## **Agenda**

- Tool, ToolRunner and GenericOptionsParser
- Running MapReduce Locally
- Running MapReduce on Cluster
- Packaging MapReduce Jobs
- MapReduce CLASSPATH
- Submitting Jobs
- Logs and Web UI

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## **Tool and ToolRunner**

- Utilize Tool and ToolRunner to stage and configure MapReduce jobs
- Tool an interface designed to deal with command line arguments
  - Standard for any MapReduce application

```
public interface Tool extends Configurable {
  int run(String [] args) throws Exception;
}
```

 Configurable interface defines a getter and setter for Configuration object

```
public interface Configurable {
  void setConf(Configuration conf);
  Configuration getConf();
}
```

## **ToolRunner**

- Utility to run classes that implement Tool
- Delegates to GenericOptionsParser
  - Utility that parses command line arguments
  - Sets the arguments on Configuration object
  - Enables the command line usage we've already seen:
    - \$yarn command [genericOptions]
  - Usually NOT used directly

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## **Tool and ToolRunner Usage**

```
public class MyTool extends Configured implements Tool{
                                              Configured implements
                                              getters and setters for
                                              Configuration object
  @Override
  public int run(String[] args) throws Exception {
       Job job =
          Job.getInstance(getConf(), "MyToolJob");
                                                         Typical
                                                         creation of
                                                         Job object
       return job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 : 1;
  public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
       int exitCode = ToolRunner.run(new MyTool(), args);
       System.exit(exitCode);
                                                Execute the job
```

## **GenericOptionsParser**

#### \$ yarn command [genericOptions] [commandOptions]

| <b>Generic Option</b>                    | Description   |
|--|---|
| -conf <conf_file.xml></conf_file.xml>    | Adds the properties inside the provided file to the Configuration object  |
| -Dproperty=value                         | Set's the provided property to the provided value in the Configuration object   |
| -fs URI                                  | -fs URI Overrides the default filesystem with the provided URI; similarly you can accomplish the same via -Dfs.default.name=URI |
| -files <file,file,file></file,file,file> | Makes the provided files readily available to MapReduce jobs by copying files to DistributedCache                               |
| -libjars <f.jar, f2.jar=""></f.jar,>     | Adds the provided jars to the tasks' CLASSPATH for the MapReduce job  |

```
$ yarn jar $PLAY_AREA/HadoopSamples.jar \
    mr.wordcount.StartWithCountJob_HBase \
    -libjars $HBASE_HOME/hbase-0.92.1-cdh4.0.0-security.jar
```

## **GenericOptionsParser Format** and Example

\$ yarn command [genericOptions] [commandOptions]



\*\*Available MapReduce Options:

 $\underline{\text{http://hadoop.apache.org/docs/r2.0.0-alpha/hadoop-mapreduce-client/hadoop-mapreduce-client-core/mapred-default.xml}$ 

## Running MapReduce Locally

- Hadoop is packaged with a local job runner
  - Run MapReduce code in a single JVM
  - Great for IDE usage, can even use a debugger
  - Handy for testing
  - Note: Can only support single Reducer and silently ignores when more than 1 reduce is configured
- Enable local mode by setting mapreduce.framework.name property to local

```
$ yarn jar $PLAY_AREA/HadoopSamples.jar
mr.wordcount.StartsWithCountJob
-D mapreduce.framework.name=local
/training/playArea/hamlet.txt
/training/playArea/wordCount/
```

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## **Running MapReduce Locally**

- Previous call still utilized HDFS
  - HDFS is set as the default FileSystem in core-site.xml
- You can override default file system so full MapReduce lifecycle is executed locally
  - fs generic option

```
$ yarn jar $PLAY_AREA/HadoopSamples.jar
    mr.wordcount.StartsWithCountJob
    -D mapreduce.framework.name=local
    -fs file://
    /home/hadoop/Training/exercises/sample_data
    $PLAY_AREA/wordCountOutput/
```

- Specify filesystem in each path

```
$ yarn jar $PLAY_AREA/HadoopSamples.jar
    mr.wordcount.StartsWithCountJob
    -D mapreduce.framework.name=local
    file:/home/hadoop/Training/exercises/sample_data
    file:$PLAY_AREA/wordCountOutput/
```

## LocalJobRunner in Unit Test - StartsWithCountJobTests.java

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## StartsWithCountJobTests.java

```
@Test
                                                     Configure the job to
public void testRun() throws Exception {
                                                     run locally
  Configuration conf = new Configuration(); 
  conf.set("mapreduce.framework.name", "local");
  conf.set("fs.default.name", "file:///");
                                                   Use local filesystem
  StartsWithCountJob underTest = new StartsWithCountJob();
  underTest.setConf(conf);
                                               Execute the job
  int exitCode = underTest.run( <</pre>
       new String[]{inputFile.getAbsolutePath(),
               output.getAbsolutePath()});
  assertEquals("Returned error code.", 0, exitCode);
  assertTrue(new File(output, "_SUCCESS").exists());
  Map<String,Integer> resAsMap =
       getResultAsMap(new File(output, "part-r-00000"));
  assertEquals(5, resAsMap.size());
                                                     For verification.
  assertEquals(2, resAsMap.get("t").intValue());
  assertEquals(3, resAsMap.get("i").intValue());
                                                     convert contents of
  assertEquals(1, resAsMap.get("j").intValue());
                                                     reduce output to a
  assertEquals(1, resAsMap.get("a").intValue());
                                                     map
  assertEquals(1, resAsMap.get("y").intValue());
```

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## StartsWithCountJobTests.java

## **Provide Local Configuration File**

 Another way to configure your job is to create a configuration file and provide it via -conf options

```
$ yarn jar $PLAY_AREA/HadoopSamples.jar
    mr.wordcount.StartsWithCountJob
    -conf $PLAY_AREA/local/run-local-config.xml
    /home/hadoop/Training/exercises/sample_data
    $PLAY_AREA/wordCountOutput/
```

 Each property specified in run-localconfig.xml will be set on StartsWithCountJob's Configuration object

## run-local-config.xml

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## Running Your Job on a Cluster

- 1. Package a Job
  - Set up Job's and Task's CLASSPATH
- 2. Submit a Job
- 3. Monitor a Job

## Package a Job

#### Package classes into a JAR file

- Already been doing that
- Will submit the job to the Hadoop/YARN cluster
  - \$yarn jar MyJar.jar com.jobs.JobTool
- May want to utilize a tool to create a jar file such as <u>Maven</u> or <u>Ivy</u>

#### In the implementation of Tool call Job.setJarByClass()

- Provide a class that exists in your jar
- Framework will locate the jar by scanning classpath for the provided class

#### Optionally package dependencies

- Package jar files in a lib sub-directory inside your jar
- Package resource files in the classes sub-directory inside your jar

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## MapReduce CLASSPATH

#### Client's CLASSPATH

- "\$yarn jar blah.jar com.JobClass" command executes within "client" JVM
- Tool's implementation CLASSPATH

#### Task's CLASSPATH

- Map and Reduce tasks
- Executes on the cluster => remote machine(s)

## Client's CLASSPATH

#### CLASSPATH is made of

- The classes in the provided JAR which contains the job
- Jar files in the lib sub-directory of the job's Jar
- Resource files in the classes sub-directory of the job's Jar
- JARs specified on the HADOOP\_CLASSPATH environment variable
  - IMPORTANT: set in the \$HADOOP\_CONF\_DIR/hadoopenv.sh

#### To see what is on CLASSPATH

\$ yarn classpath

```
/home/hadoop/Training/CDH4/hadoop-2.0.0-cdh4.0.0/conf:/home/hadoop/Training/CDH4/hadoop-2.0.0-cdh4.0.0/conf:/home/hadoop/Training/CDH4/hadoop-2.0.0-cdh4.0.0/conf:/home/hadoop/Training/CDH4/hadoop-2.0.0-cdh4.0.0/share/hadoop/common/lib/*...
```

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## Task's CLASSPATH

#### Task's CLASSPATH is made of

- The classes in the actual JAR that contains the job
- Jar files in the lib sub-directory of the job's Jar
- Resource files in the classes sub-directory of the job's Jar
- Jars added to classpath via DistributedCache
  - \$yarn jar job.jar com.Job -libjars jar1.jar,jar2.jar
  - job.addFileToClassPath(path)

#### Does NOT use \$HADOOP\_CLASSPATH environment variable

#### Benefit vs. Fallback for DistributedCache usage

- Add them once, no need to build them into the JAR
- Reduces bandwidth usage
- NOT as flexible as other approach if you package classes into a JAR then each job can utilize their own unique dependencies

## **Dependency Conflicts**

- Hadoop's Jars are added to the CLASSPATH as well
  - User's and Framework's code runs off the same CLASSPATH
- Hadoop's internal dependencies by default take priority over the provided Jars
- User can override jar loading precedence
  - Client's CLASSPATH by setting HADOOP\_USER\_CLASSPATH\_FIRST environment variable to true
  - Task's CLASSPATH by setting mapreduce.task.classpath.first property to true.
  - WARNING: Changing will alter class loading for the Hadoop itself which may cause unexpected results. Use with caution.

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### Submit a Job

```
yarn jar ~/Training/play_area/HadoopSamples.jar \
       mr.wordcount.StartsWithCountJob \
                                                             Refer to
       /training/playArea/hamlet.txt \
                                                            this job by
       /training/playArea/wordCount/
                                                             this id
(Job.java:monitorAndPrintJob(1270)) - Running job:
job 1339291219653 0026
(Job.java:monitorAndPrintJob(1291)) - Job job_1339291219653_0026
running in uber mode : false
(Job.java:monitorAndPrintJob(1298)) - map 0% reduce 0%
(Job.java:monitorAndPrintJob(1298)) - map 100% reduce 0%
(Job.java:monitorAndPrintJob(1298)) - map 100% reduce 100%
(Job.java:monitorAndPrintJob(1309)) - Job job_1339291219653_0026
completed successfully
(Job.java:monitorAndPrintJob(1316)) - Counters: 43
  File System Counters
    FILE: Number of bytes read=798
                                              job.waitForCompletion(true)
    FILE: Number of bytes written=99384
                                              executes the job and prints
    FILE: Number of read operations=0
                                              progress to the screen
    FILE: Number of large read operations=0
```

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## Job ID

Resource Manager Start Timestamp

Counter

job\_1339803233775\_0002

- Use Job ID as a reference
  - In the logs
  - In the Web UI
  - Via \$mapred job command

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## \$mapred job Commandx

- Get the status of a job
  - \$ mapred job -status <job\_id>
- Kill a Job
  - \$ mapred job -kill <job\_id>
- View logs of a task attempt
  - \$ mapred job -logs <job\_id> <attempt\_id>
    - Can not view logs of a running job use management Web UI
- Learn about other options
  - \$ mapred job

## Task ID and Attempt ID

Switch job With task

m = map

task\_1339291219653\_0020\_m\_000000

Switch job With attempt

Timestamp and counter from Job ID

Task Counter

attempt 1339291219653 0020 m 000000 0

Attempt Counter

- Job is made of tasks
- Tasks are made of attempts

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## Logs

- Hadoop uses Log4j for logging, to learn more about log4j please visit <a href="http://logging.apache.org/log4j/1.2/">http://logging.apache.org/log4j/1.2/</a>
- Hadoop maintains several log types
  - System Daemon Logs
  - Audit Logs
  - MapReduce Job and Task History Logs

## **System Daemon Logs**

Logs' format

product + username + daemon + machine hostname . out

- HDFS Logs located under \$HADOOP\_LOG\_DIR
  - set hadoop-env.sh.
    - hadoop-dima-namenode-host.out
    - hadoop-dima-datanode-host.out
    - hadoop-dima-secondarynamenode-host.out
- MapReduce and Yarn Logs located under \$YARN\_LOG\_DIR
  - Set in yarn-env.sh
    - yarn-dima-resourcemanager-host.out
    - yarn-dima-nodemanager-host.out
    - · yarn-dima-historyserver-host.out

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## **System Daemon Logs**

- Daemon Logs are configured by editing log4j configuration
  - \$HADOOP\_CONF\_DIR/log4j.properties

## Audit Log(s)

- Hadoop is capable of logging audit events
  - HDFS Audit
  - MapReduce Audit
- Implemented via log4j
- Modify \$HADOOP\_CONF\_DIR/log4j.properties
  - For example:
     log4j.logger.org.apache.hadoop.hdfs.server.namenode.FS
     Namesystem.audit = INFO
- Full instructions can be found at
  - http://wiki.apache.org/hadoop/HowToConfigure

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## MapReduce Job's Logs

- Job and task information and their logs are archived to the history server
  - View Job and Tasks Logs
  - History Server Hosts Web UI
    - http://localhost:19888/jobhistory
- Can also use \$mapred job command
  - \$ mapred job -logs job\_1339817050993\_0001 | more
    - Get logs for the job
  - \$ mapred job -logs job\_1339817050993\_0001 attempt\_1339817050993\_0001\_m\_000000\_0 | more
    - Get logs for the task's attempt

## MapReduce Job's Logs

- By default history logs are archived to HDFS
  - /tmp/logs
  - /tmp/hadoop-yarn
- The location of the log can be affected by several properties
  - mapred-site.xml
    - mapreduce.jobhistory.intermediate-done-dir: MapReduce jobs write their history files here
    - mapreduce.jobhistory.done-dir: History Server achives job files here
  - yarn-site.xml
    - yarn.nodemanager.remote-app-log-dir: Application logs are moved here after completion, yarn.log-aggregation-enable property needs to be set to true

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## MapReduce Job's Logs

- By default Map and Reduce tasks will log at INFO level
- Modify logging level by setting Hadoop Job properties
  - Map Tasks: mapred.map.child.log.level
  - Reduce Tasks: mapred.reduce.child.log.level
- You can also modify logging level at the command line

```
$ yarn jar $PLAY_AREA/Solutions.jar \
    mapRed.inputAndOutput.UniqueCounterTool \
    -Dmapred.map.child.log.level=DEBUG
```

## **History Server - Web UI**



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Wrap-Up

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## **Summary**

#### We learned how to

- Utilize Tool, ToolRunner and GenericOptionsParser
- Run MapReduce Locally
- Run MapReduce on Cluster
- Package MapReduce Jobs
- Control MapReduce CLASSPATH
- Submit Jobs
- View logs via script and Web UI

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## **Questions?**

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