## Islington College Module Code: MA4001NI Logic and Problem Solving Graphical solution to Linear Programming

1. Solve the following LPP graphically , Maximize Z = 5x + 7y Subjected to the constraints,  $3x + 2y \le 12$ ,  $2x + 3y \le 13$ ,  $x, y \ge 0$  (2,3)

- 2. A watch dealer wishes to buy new watches and has two models M1 and M2 to choose from. Model M1 costs \$100 and M2 costs \$200.In view of the showcase of the dealer, he wants to buy watches not more than 30 and can spend up to \$4000. The watch dealer can make a profit of \$20 in M1 and \$50 in M2.Formulate the mathematical model and find graphically how many of each model should he buy to obtain maximum profit? (20,10)
- 3. A baker has 90, 80 and 50 units of ingredients A, B and C respectively. A leaf of bread requires 2,1 and 1 units of A,B and C respectively and a cake requires 1,2 and 1 units of A,B and C respectively. If a loaf of bread sells for a profit of \$ 0.3 and a cake for \$ 0.4, how many of each should be baked so that his profit is maximize. Use graphical method. (20,30)
- 4. Solve the following LPP graphically,
- a. Maximize Z = 2x + 3ySubjected to constraints,  $x + y \le 1$   $-3x + y \ge 3$   $x, y \ge 0$ (0,1) b. Minimize Z = 5x + 3ySubjected to constraints,  $2x + y \le 6$   $x \le 2$  $x, y \ge 0$  (2,0)
- 5. Consider two different types of food stuffs F1 and F2 .Assume that these food stuffs contain vitamins A, B and C. Minimum daily requirements of these vitamins are 1 mg of A, 50 mg of B and 10 mg of C. Suppose that food F1 contains 1 mg of A, 100 mg of B and 10 mg of C where food F2 contains 1 mg of A, 10 mg of B and 100 mg of C .Cost of one unit of food F1 is \$1 and that of F2 is \$1.5. Use graphical method to find the minimum cost that would supply the minimum requirements of each vitamin.

(0,1)