## Lecture 10:

## MCQs:

## Module Leader: Suman Gupta, ICK

- 1. What mechanism is used by most inkjet printers to push ink onto the paper?
  - A. Electrostatic discharge
  - **B.** Gravity
  - C. Air pressure
  - **D.** Electroconductive plates
- 2. With a laser printer, what creates the image on the photosensitive drum?
  - A. Primary corona
  - **B.** Laser imaging unit
  - C. Transfer corona
  - D. Toner
- 3. What is the proper order of the laser printing process?
  - A. Process, clean, charge, expose, develop, transfer, and fuse
  - B. Process, charge, expose, develop, transfer, fuse, and clean
  - C. Clean, expose, develop, transfer, process, fuse, and charge
  - **D.** Clean, charge, expose, process, develop, fuse, and transfer
  - **4.** On a dot-matrix printer, what physically strikes the ribbon to form an image?
    - A. Electromagnets
    - **B.** Printwires
    - C. Character wheel
    - **D.** Print hammers
  - 5. Which of these items are considered to be dot-matrix printer consumables? (Select all that apply.)
    - A. Drive motor
    - **B.** Paper
    - C. Flywheel
    - D. Ribbon
  - **6.** What part must be vacuumed or replaced periodically to prevent damage caused by the action of the corona?
    - **A.** The rubber rollers
    - **B.** The ozone filter
    - C. The transfer filter

- **D.** The cleaning blade
- 7. Which one of the following port types do most printers support?
  - A. PS/2
  - **B.** USB
  - C. Infrared
  - **D.** RS-232
  - **8.** A standalone printer prints a test page just fine, but it makes gobbledygook out of your term paper. What's probably wrong?
    - A. Out of toner
    - **B.** Fuser error
    - C. Printer interface
    - **D.** Faulty software configuration
    - **9.** What printing process uses heat-sensitive plastic film embedded with various color dyes?
      - A. Dye-sublimation
      - **B.** Inkjet
      - C. Ink-dispersion
      - **D.** Dye-dispersion
      - 10. Which tool would help you determine why a print job didn't print?
        - A. Printer driver
        - **B.** Printer setup
        - C. Print spooler
        - **D.** System setup
      - 11. Which step in the laser printing process occur immediately after writing phase?
        - A. Charging
        - **B.** Fusing
        - C. Transfering
        - **D.** Developing
      - 12. Which step in the electrophotography (EP) print process uses a laser to discharge selected areas of the photosensitive drum, thus forming an image on the drum?
        - A. Writing
        - B. Transferring
        - C. Developing
        - D. Cleaning

## Answers

- 1. D. Most inkjet printers use electroconductive plates to push the ink onto the paper.
- 2. B. The laser imaging unit creates an image on the photosensitive drum.
- 3. B. Process, charge, expose, develop, transfer, fuse, and clean is the proper process.
- 4. B. Print wires physically strike the ribbon in dot-matrix printers.
- 5. B, D. Both paper and ribbons are considered dot-matrix printer consumables.
- 6. B. The ozone filter should be periodically vacuumed or changed.
- 7. B. You'll find almost all non-networked printers hooked up to USB ports.
- 8. D. The application (software) that is trying to print is probably configured incorrectly.
- 9. A. Dye-sublimation printers use heat-sensitive plastic film embedded with various color dyes.
- 10. C. The print spooler can help you determine why a print job didn't print.
- 11. D. Developing happens after writing.
- 12. A. Writing