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**Status** Finished**Started** Monday, 5 May 2025, 10:17 AM**Completed** Monday, 5 May 2025, 10:22 AM**Duration** 4 mins 41 secs**Grade** 6.00 out of 10.00 (60%)**Question 1**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

Greedy choice property refers to

- ☐ a. a globally optimal solution can be arrived at by making a fixed number of locally optimal (greedy) choices
- ☒ b. a globally optimal solution can be arrived at by making locally optimal (greedy) choices. ✓
- ☐ c. a globally optimal solution can be arrived at by making only one locally optimal (greedy) choice.
- ☐ d. a globally optimal solution can be arrived at by making a locally (greedy) choices.



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

a globally optimal solution can be arrived at by making locally optimal (greedy) choices.



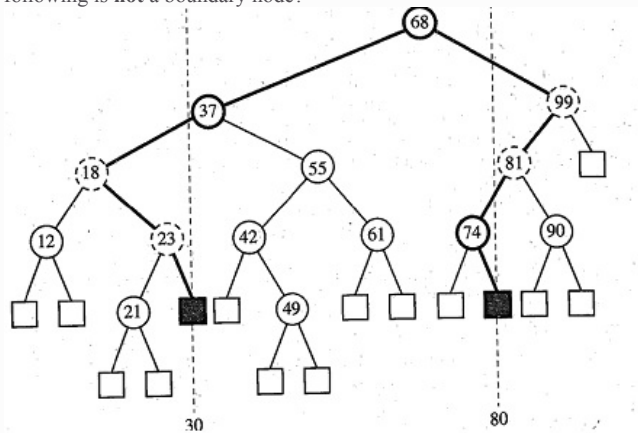
## Question 2

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00



Consider the following tree structure for one-dimensional range search where a search is made with range  $[30, 80]$ . Which of the following is **not** a boundary node?



- ☐ a. 49
- ☒ b. 18
- ☐ c. 68
- ☐ d. 74

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: 49



## Question 3

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Consider a graph with  $n$  vertices and  $e$  edges. How many spanning trees are possible irrespective when all edges have same weight?

- ☐ a.  $V_{C_V}$
- ☐ b.  $e_{C_e}$
- ☐ c.  $e_{C_{V-1}}$
- ☒ d. Cannot be determined

Your answer is incorrect.

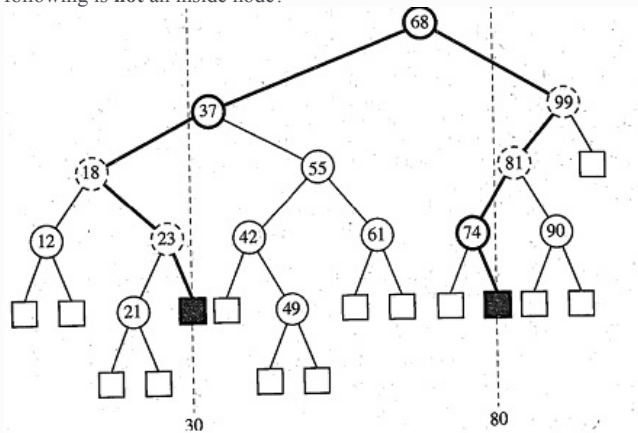
The correct answer is:  $e_{C_{V-1}}$

## Question 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider the following tree structure for one-dimensional range search where a search is made with range  $[30, 80]$ . Which of the following is **not** an inside node?



- ☐ a. 49
- ☐ b. Null
- ☐ c. 55
- ☒ d. 37 ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 37



## Question 5

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Consider the problem of making change where coins have values as 30 cents, 20 cents, 5 cents and 1 cent. Do you think the greedy method can produce optimal solution?

- ☐ a. YES
- ☒ b. Sometime no ✗
- ☐ c. No
- ☐ d. Cannot be determined.

Your answer is incorrect.

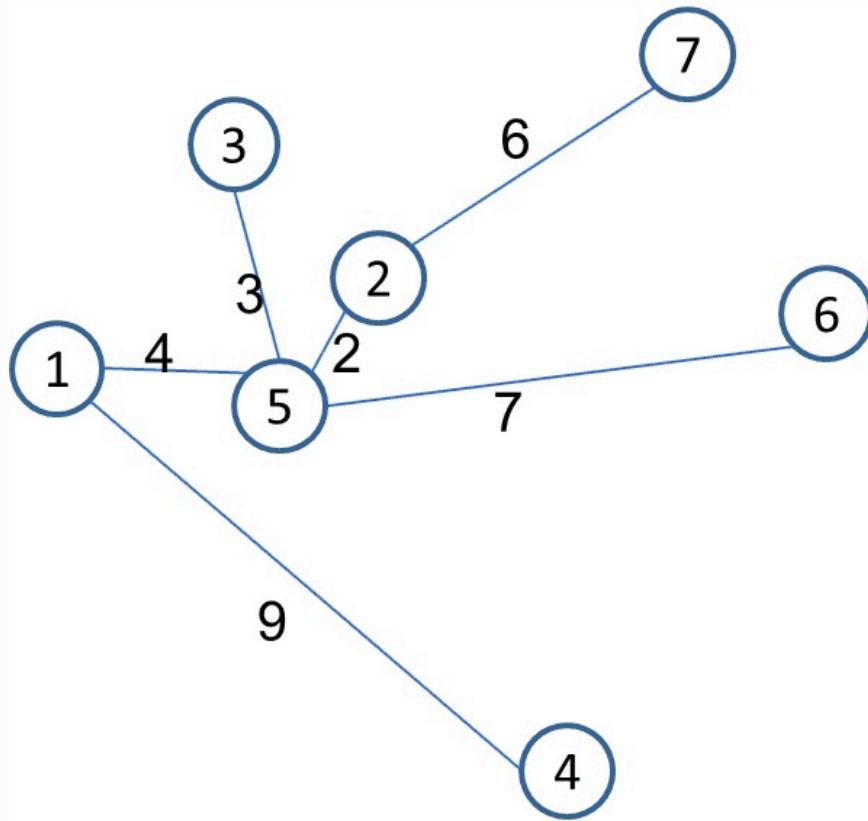
The correct answer is:  
No

## Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

Assume that the following is the final minimum spanning tree resulted by using Kruskal's algorithm. Which pair of nodes have been chosen at first?



- ☐ a. 5 and 3
- ☒ b. 2 and 5 ✓
- ☐ c. 1 and 4
- ☐ d. 5 and 1

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 2 and 5

## Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

In problem of “making change”, the aim is to

- ☐ a. Maximize the number of coins.
- ☐ b. None of these.
- ☐ c. Minimize the time complexity of the algorithm.
- ☒ d. Minimize the number of coins. ✓

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Minimize the number of coins.

## Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

Optimal Substructure property in greedy method refers to

- ☐ a. None of these.
- ☐ b. A non-optimal solution to the problem contains non-optimal solutions to the sub problems.
- ☐ c. An optimal solution to the sub-problems indicates an optimal solution to the problem.
- ☒ d. An optimal solution to the problem contains optimal solutions to the sub problems. ✓



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

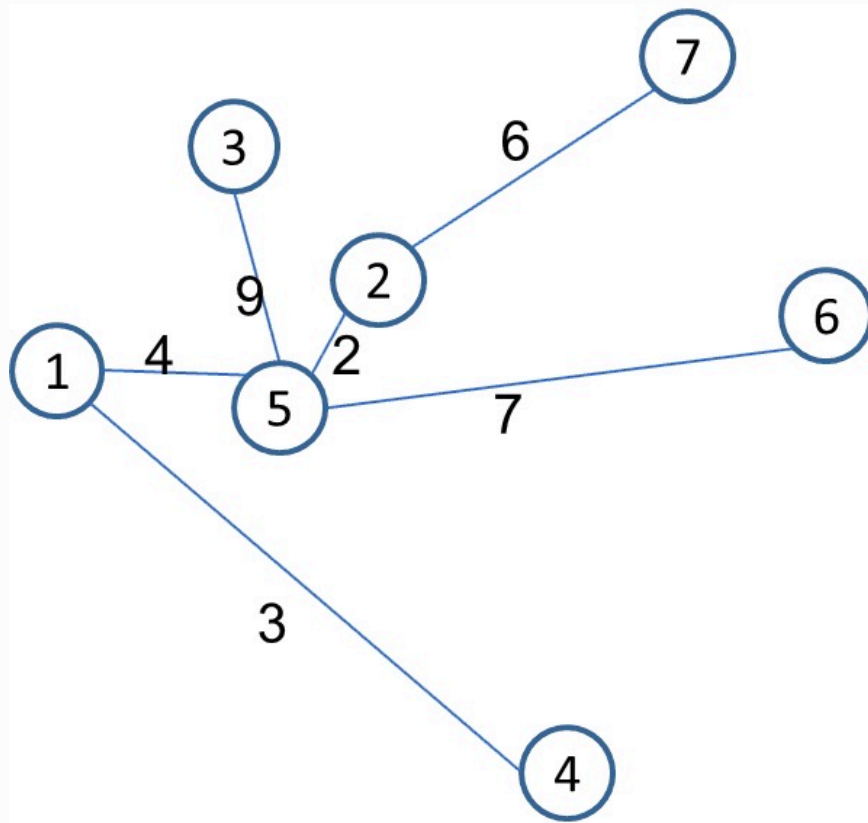
An optimal solution to the problem contains optimal solutions to the sub problems.

## Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of  
1.00

Consider that the following is the minimum spanning tree resulted using Kruskal's algorithms. Which pair of nodes are added second to the tree?



- ☐ a. Cannot be determined
- ☐ b. 1 and 5
- ☒ c. 1 and 4 ✓
- ☐ d. 2 and 5

Your answer is correct.

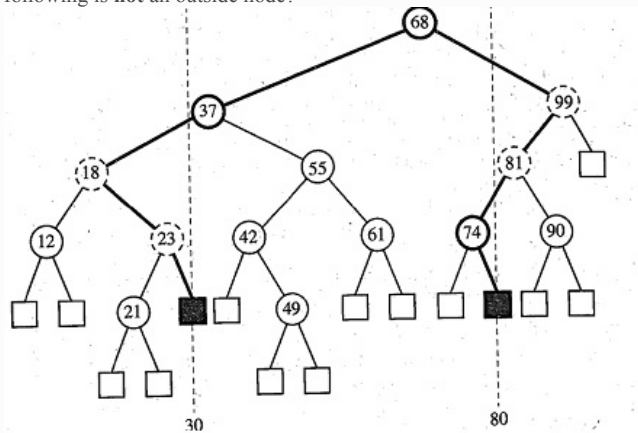
The correct answer is:  
1 and 4

## Question 10

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of  
1.00

Consider the following tree structure for one-dimensional range search where a search is made with range  $[30, 80]$ . Which of the following is **not** an outside node?



- ☐ a. 12
- ☐ b. 90
- ☐ c. 18
- ☒ d. 21 ✗

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: 18



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