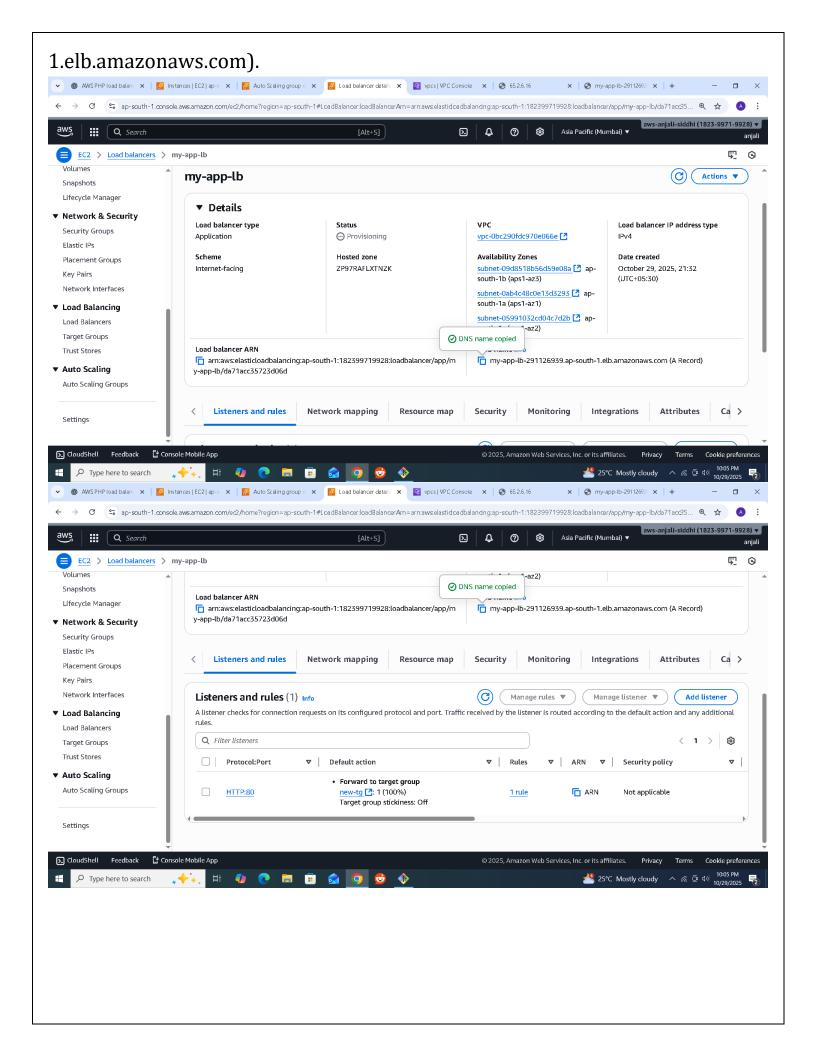
AWS Auto Scaling with Application Load Balancer (ALB)

Step 1: Host a Simple PHP Application in EC2

- 1. Launch an EC2 instance (Amazon Linux 2 preferred).
- 2. Connect via SSH: ssh -i test.pem ec2-user@65.2.6.16
- 3. Install Apache and PHP: sudo yum install -y httpd php
- 4. Start and enable Apache: sudo systemctl start httpd sudo systemctl enable httpd
- 5. Create a PHP test page:
 echo "<?php phpinfo(); ?>" | sudo tee /var/www/html/index.php
- 6. Open HTTP (port 80) in the instance's Security Group.
- 7. Test by visiting http://65.2.6.16/ in a browser.

Step 2: Configure an Application Load Balancer (ALB)

- 1. Go to EC2 → Load Balancers → Create Load Balancer → Application Load Balancer.
- 2. Select scheme: Internet-facing, and IP type: IPv4.
- 3. Choose at least two subnets from different Availability Zones.
- 4. Select a Security Group allowing inbound HTTP (port 80).
- 5. Create a Target Group:
 - Target type: Instance
 - Protocol: HTTP
 - Port: 80
 - Health check path: /
- 6. Register your running EC2 instance with the target group.
- 7. Finish ALB setup and note the DNS name (e.g., my-alb-12345.ap-south-



Step 3: Create Launch Template for Auto Scaling

1. Go to EC2 \rightarrow Launch Templates \rightarrow Create Launch Template.

2. Configure:

- Name: auto-scale

- AMI: same as your instance

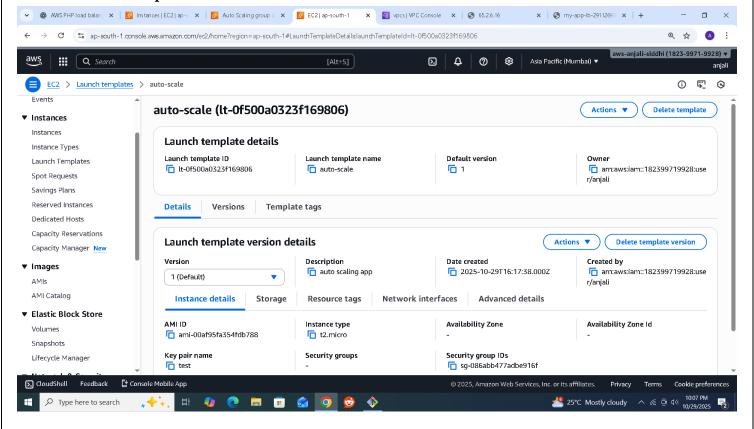
- Instance type: t2.micro

- Key pair: test

- Security Group: same as your instance (allow port 80)

3. Leave subnet blank (ASG will handle multi-AZ placement).

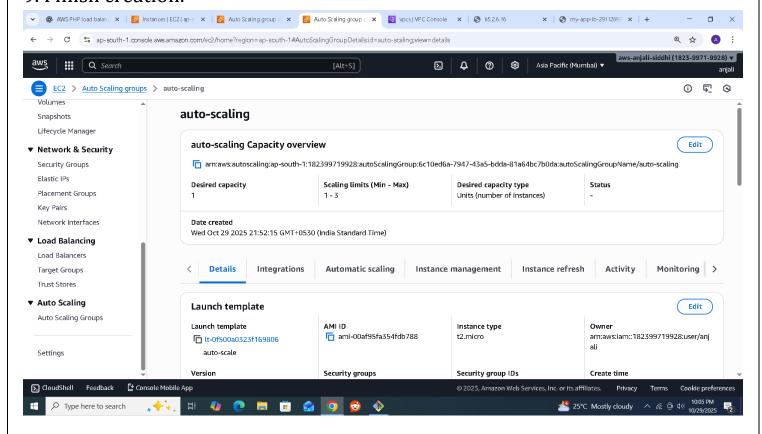
4. Save the template.



Step 4: Create an Auto Scaling Group (ASG)

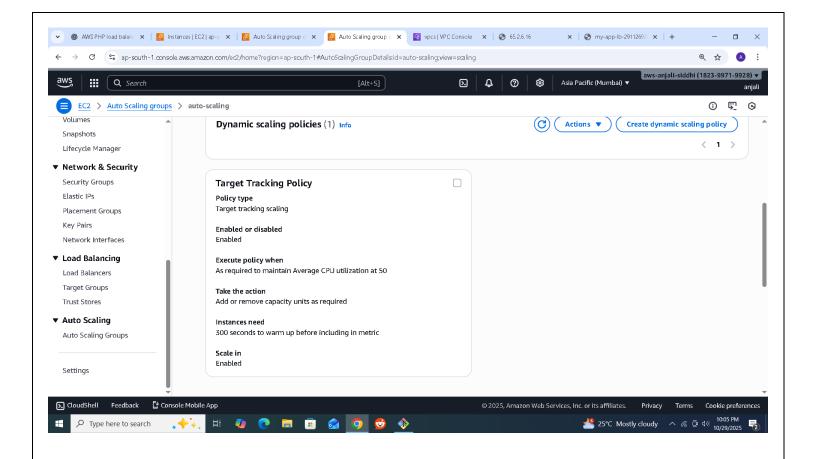
- 1. Go to EC2 \rightarrow Auto Scaling Groups \rightarrow Create Auto Scaling Group.
- 2. Select the Launch Template created earlier.
- 3. Set:
 - Desired capacity: 1
 - Minimum capacity: 1

- Maximum capacity: 3
- 4. Choose the same VPC and subnets as the ALB.
- 5. Attach the previously created Target Group.
- 6. Enable EC2 and ELB health checks (recommended).
- 7. Set Health check grace period: 300 seconds.
- 8. Skip or disable VPC Lattice integration unless required.
- 9. Finish creation.



Step 5: Configure Scaling Policy (CPU-based)

- 1. Go to your Auto Scaling Group \rightarrow Automatic Scaling tab.
- 2. Click "Add policy" → Choose "Target tracking scaling policy."
- 3. Configure as:
 - Policy name: CPU50-TargetTracking
 - Metric type: Average CPU utilization
 - Target value: 50%
 - Cooldown period: 300 seconds (default)
- 4. Save the policy.



Step 6: Test Scaling Behavior

- 1. SSH into your instance:
 - ssh -i test.pem ec2-user@<instance-public-ip>
- 2. Install the stress tool:
 - sudo yum install -y stress
- 3. Run the load test:
 - stress --cpu 2 --timeout 300
- 4. Monitor scaling:
- In EC2 → Auto Scaling Group → Activity tab, watch for new instance launches.
 - In EC2 \rightarrow Instances, new instances will appear.
 - In Load Balancer → Target Groups, all instances will show as healthy.
- 5. Once CPU usage drops below 50%, the ASG will terminate extra instances.

Step 7: Verification and Monitoring

- 1. Verify in CloudWatch:
 - Go to CloudWatch \rightarrow Metrics \rightarrow EC2 \rightarrow CPUUtilization.
 - Observe the spike during the stress test and the automatic scaling response.
- 2. Visit your ALB DNS URL and ensure the load is distributed across instances.

✓Successfully configured AWS Auto Scaling with an Application Load Balancer for a PHP web application.

