

National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke  
Biorepository:

**BioSpecimen Exchange for Neurological Disorders, BioSEND**

**Biospecimen Collection, Processing, and Shipment Manual for  
Parkinsonism Biomarker Subtypes (PBS) Study**

## **Table of Contents**

<b>1.0</b>	<b><u>Purpose</u></b>	<b>4</b>
<b>2.0</b>	<b><u>Abbreviations</u></b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3.0</b>	<b><u>BioSEND Information</u></b>	<b>5</b>
3.1	<u>BioSEND Contacts</u>	
3.2	<u>Hours of Operation</u>	
3.3	<u>Holiday Schedules</u>	
3.4	<u>Holiday Observations</u>	
<b>4.0</b>	<b><u>BioSEND Sample Requirements</u></b>	<b>7</b>
4.1	<u>Protocol Schedule for Biospecimen Submission – PBS</u>	
<b>5.0</b>	<b><u>Specimen Collection Kits, Shipping and Supplies</u></b>	<b>9</b>
5.1	<u>Kit Supply to Study Sites</u>	
5.2	<u>Specimen Collection Kit General Contents</u>	
5.3	<u>Specimen Collection Kit Contents – PBS</u>	
5.4	<u>Site Required Equipment</u>	
<b>6.0</b>	<b><u>Specimen Labels</u></b>	<b>14</b>
6.1	<u>Types of Labels</u>	
6.2	<u>Affixing Labels</u>	
<b>7.0</b>	<b><u>Specimen Collection and Processing Procedures</u></b>	<b>16</b>
7.1	<u>Order of Specimen Collection</u>	
7.2	<u>Blood Collection Protocols</u>	
7.3	<u>Lumbar Puncture Protocol</u>	
7.4	<u>Filling Aliquot Tubes (Plasma, Serum, and CSF)</u>	
<b>8.0</b>	<b><u>Packaging and Shipping Instructions</u></b>	<b>18</b>
8.1	<u>Sample Record and Shipment Notification Form</u>	
8.2	<u>Shipping Instructions</u>	
8.3	<u>Shipping Address</u>	
<b>9.0</b>	<b><u>Data Queries and Reconciliation</u></b>	<b>20</b>

<b>10.0</b>	<b><a href="#">Appendices</a></b>	<b>21</b>
	Appendix A: Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of RNA	
	Appendix B: Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of Plasma	
	Appendix D: Whole Blood Collection	
	Appendix E: Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of DNA	
	Appendix F: Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of Serum	
	Appendix G: Cerebrospinal Fluid Collection	
	Appendix I: Sample Record and Shipment Notification Form	
	Appendix K: Frozen Shipping Instructions	
	Appendix L: Ambient Shipping Instructions	
	Appendix O: Low Fat Diet Menu Suggestions	

## 1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this manual is to provide collection site staff (PIs, study coordinators, and the sample collection and processing teams) at various study sites with instructions for collection and submission of biological samples. It includes instructions for biospecimen submission to the BioSpecimen Exchange for Neurological Disorders (BioSEND) located at Indiana University.

This manual includes instructions for the collection, processing, aliquoting and shipping of the following samples:

- Serum
- PAXgene® (for RNA extraction)
- Plasma
- Whole Blood, ambient (for DNA extraction)
- Whole Blood, frozen (for banking)
- CSF

These procedures are relevant to all study personnel responsible for processing blood specimens to be submitted to BioSEND.

## 2.0 ABBREVIATIONS

BioSEND	BioSpecimen Exchange for Neurological Disorders
CSF	Cerebrospinal Fluid
EDTA	Ethylene Diamine Tetra-acetic Acid
IATA	International Air Transport Association
PBS	Parkinsonism Biomarker Subtypes
RBC	Red Blood Cells
RCF	Relative Centrifugal Force
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute
PBS	Parkinsonism Biomarker Subtypes

### 3.0 BioSEND INFORMATION

#### 3.1 BioSEND Contacts

**Tatiana Foroud, PhD, Principal Investigator**

Phone: 317-274-2218

Email: [tforoud@iu.edu](mailto:tforoud@iu.edu)**Claire Wegel, Project Manager**

Phone: 317-278-6158

Email: [cwegel@iu.edu](mailto:cwegel@iu.edu)**General BioSEND Contact Information**

Fax: 317-278-1100

Email: [biosend@iu.edu](mailto:biosend@iu.edu)Website: [www.BioSEND.org](http://www.BioSEND.org)**Sample Shipment Mailing Address**

BioSEND

Indiana University School of Medicine

351 W. 10<sup>th</sup> Street. TK-217

Indianapolis, IN 46202-5188

#### 3.2 Hours of Operation

Indiana University business hours are from 8 AM to 5 PM Eastern Time, Monday through Friday.

**Frozen samples must be shipped Monday- Wednesday only. Ambient samples must be shipped Monday-Thursday only.**

For packaging and shipment details, please refer to Appendix K (Frozen Shipping Instructions) and Appendix L (Ambient Shipping Instructions).

Check the weather reports and the FedEx.com website to make sure impending weather events (blizzards, hurricanes, etc.) will not impact the shipping or delivery of the samples. FedEx® often reports anticipated weather delays on their website.

### 3.3 Holiday Schedules

- Please note that courier services may observe a different set of holidays. Please be sure to verify shipping dates with your courier prior to any holiday.
- **Weekend/holiday deliveries will not be accepted.**

### 3.4 Holiday Observations

Date	Holiday
January 1	New Year's Day
3 <sup>rd</sup> Monday in January	Martin Luther King, Jr Day
4 <sup>th</sup> Monday in May	Memorial Day
July 4	Independence Day (observed)
1 <sup>st</sup> Monday in September	Labor Day
4 <sup>th</sup> Thursday in November	Thanksgiving
4 <sup>th</sup> Friday in November	Friday after Thanksgiving
December 25	Christmas Day

Please note that between December 24<sup>th</sup> and January 2<sup>nd</sup> (or the first business day after New Year's Day) Indiana University will be open Monday through Friday for essential operations **ONLY** and will re-open for normal operations on January 2<sup>nd</sup>. If at all possible, biological specimens for submission to Indiana University should **NOT** be collected and shipped to Indiana University between December 24<sup>th</sup> and January 2<sup>nd</sup>. Should it be necessary to ship blood samples for DNA extraction to Indiana University during this period, please contact the Indiana University staff before December 24<sup>th</sup> by e-mailing [biosend@iu.edu](mailto:biosend@iu.edu), so that arrangements can be made to have staff available to process incoming samples. Frozen specimens collected during this period should be held at your site to ship after the first business day in January.

Please see [https://www.biosend.org/holiday\\_closures.html](https://www.biosend.org/holiday_closures.html) for additional information.

## 4.0 BioSEND SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS

NINDS approves each study for a specific biospecimen collection protocol. Studies and study sites should make every effort to meet their approved biospecimen collection requirements. The expected number of samples from each site that should be returned to BioSEND are listed in [section 4.1](#)

If a sample is not obtained at a particular visit, this should be recorded in the notes section of the **Sample Record and Shipment Notification Form (see Appendix I)**. This form is submitted with your sample shipment to BioSEND.

#### 4.1 Protocol Schedule for Biospecimen Submission to BioSEND - PBS

Visit (month)	BL	12
Whole Blood for DNA, ambient (EDTA tube, 6ml collection tube)	1	1
Whole Blood, Frozen (EDTA tube, 6ml collection tube)	1	1
Whole blood for RNA (PAXGene® tube, 2.5ml collection tube)	2	2
Plasma aliquots, 1ml	6	6
Serum aliquots, 1ml	6	6
CSF aliquots, 1ml (Optional)	10	10



## 5.0 SPECIMEN COLLECTION KITS, SHIPPING KITS AND SUPPLIES

Research specimen collection kits as well as clinical lab supplies (except dry ice and equipment listed in Section 5.4) will be provided by BioSEND. These materials include blood tubes, LP trays (when applicable), boxes for plasma/serum/CSF aliquots, as well as partially completed shipping labels to send materials to BioSEND. Barcoded kit labels, collection tube labels, and aliquot tube labels will all be provided by BioSEND. For sites collecting CSF, labels will also be included for the CSF aliquots to be returned to BioSEND. Collection tube labels and aliquot tube labels will be pre-printed with study information specific to the type of sample being drawn. BioSEND will provide a sufficient number of labels only for those specimens that are to be shipped back to the BioSEND repository (See the Protocol Schedule for Biospecimen Submission to BioSEND for your site in [Sections 4.1](#)); any tubes that will remain at the collection site should be labeled accordingly. Ensure that all tubes are properly labeled during processing and at the time of shipment according to [Section 6.2](#).

### 5.1 Kit Supply to Study Sites

Each individual site will be responsible for ordering the kits from BioSEND. We advise sites to proactively confirm kits are on hand ahead of study visits.

Within the kit request module, there is a drop down menu to request kits based on the Principal Investigator at that site. Kits and individual items can be ordered as required through the kit request module.

The link to the kit request module is shown below:

-  <http://kits.iu.edu/biosend/PBS>

Please allow **TWO weeks** for kit orders to be processed and delivered.

## 5.2 Specimen Collection Kit General Contents

Collection kits contain the following (for each subject) as designated per your protocol and/or NINDS resource development agreement. Kits provide the necessary supplies to collect samples from a given subject. Do not replace or supplement any of the tubes or kit components provided with your own supplies unless you have received approval from the NINDS/BioSEND Study team to do so. Please store all kits at room temperature until use. Note that “supplemental” kits will be provided should you require additional supplies from those contained in the visit specific kits. See the next page for LP Kit contents.

### BioSEND Supplies

Available upon request from the online kit request module ([Section 5.1](#))

<b>General Items</b>
Disposable pipettes (1ml)
Ambient shipping kits
25 cell cryobox
Cryovial tube (2 ml) with clear cap
FedEx® return airbill
Shipping container for dry ice shipment (shipping and Styrofoam box)
Plastic biohazard bag
Warning label packet
<b>CSF Items</b>
Needle - Spinal Needle Introducer 20G, 0.90 x 32mm
Needle - Whitacre Needle 22G, 0.55 x 90mm
1 Individually Packaged Sterile 50 ml Conical Tube
1 unwrapped 50 ml Conical Tube
Conical centrifuge tubes (15 ml)
Lumbar puncture tray (Sprotte® 22G) (see Lumbar Puncture Tray Components)
<b>Blood Collection Items</b>
PAXgene® tube (2.5 ml)
Lavender-top EDTA blood collection tube (10 ml)
Purple-top EDTA blood collection tube (6 ml)
Serum (red top) blood collection tube (10 ml)

We realize there may be instances where additional supplies are needed; therefore, one supplemental kit will be provided with the initial kit shipment for new studies. Replacement supplemental kits can be requested on the kit request website. In addition, individual supplies can be requested as well.

Quantity	Lumbar Puncture Tray Components
1	Sprotte® needle, 22G x 90mm Sprotte® needle,
1	Introducer needle, 1 mm x 30 mm
1	Hypodermic needle, 22G x 1.5"
1	Plastic syringe, (3 ml, luer lock) with 25G x 5/8" needle attached
4	Polypropylene syringe (6 ml, luer lock)
1	Needle stick pad
1	Adhesive bandage
1	Drape, fenestrated, 2 tabs, paper, 18" x 26"
2	Towel, 13.5" x 18"
6	Gauze pad, 2" x 2"
3	Sponge stick applicator
1	Lidocaine 1%, 5 ml
1	Povidone-Iodine Topical Solution, 0.75 oz

### 5.3 Specimen Collection Kit Contents - PBS

Specimen Collection Supplies	PAXgene® (2.5ml)	EDTA (10mL)	Serum (10ml)	EDTA (6mL)	Cryovial (2ml)	LP Tray (22 gauge)	Conical Tube (15ml)	Conical Tube (50ml, wrapped)	Conical Tube (50ml, unwrapped)	Ambient Shipping Kit	Frozen Shipping Kit
Baseline/12 Month	2	2	2	2	15					1	1
CSF					13	1	2	1	1		

#### 5.4 Site Required Equipment

The following materials and equipment are necessary for the processing of specimens at the collection site and are to be **supplied by the local site**:

- Personal Protective Equipment: lab coat, nitrile/latex gloves, safety glasses
- Tourniquets
- Alcohol Prep Pads
- Gauze Pads
- Bandages
- Butterfly needles and hubs
- Microcentrifuge tube rack
- Test tube rack
- Sharps bin and lid
- Wet ice bucket (for CSF only)
- Wet ice (for CSF only)

In order to process samples consistently across all projects and ensure the highest quality samples possible, project sites must have access to the following equipment:

- Centrifuge capable of  $\geq 1500$  rcf ( $1500 \times g$ ) with refrigeration to  $4^{\circ}\text{C}$
- $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  Freezer

In order to ship specimens, you must provide:

- Dry ice (approximately 30-40 pounds per shipment)

## 6.0 SPECIMEN LABELS

Labels must be affixed on all collection and aliquot tubes to ensure unique specimen identity. BioSEND provides labels for all samples being collected and returned to BioSEND. The site is responsible for providing labels for biospecimens that will be retained at the site.

### 6.1 Types of Labels

#### **\*\*Label Type Summary\*\***

1. Case Label
2. Collection and Aliquot Tube Label for Blood
3. Collection and Aliquot Tube Label for CSF

Each kit contains all labels required for the return of biospecimens to BioSEND.

ST-10012345:  
PBS:PI:BL




BioSend

The **Case Labels** do not indicate a specimen type, but are affixed on BioSEND forms and on specific packing materials. See Appendices I-L for further instructions.

0002331070  
 BioSEND  
ST-00012345  
12M  
SERUM

The **Collection and Aliquot Tube Labels for Blood** are placed on all blood collection and aliquot tubes. See [Appendices A-F](#) for further instructions.

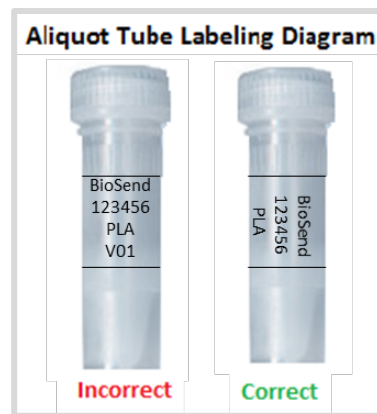
0001234571  
 BioSEND  
ST-00012345  
BL  
CSF

The **Collection and Aliquot Tube Labels for CSF** are placed on all CSF collection and aliquot tubes. See [Appendix G](#) for further instructions.

## 6.2 Affixing Labels

In order to ensure the label adheres properly and remains on the tube, follow these instructions:

- Place blood collection and aliquot labels on **ALL** collection and aliquot tubes **BEFORE** sample collection, sample processing, or freezing. This will help to ensure the label properly adheres to the tube before exposure to moisture or different temperatures.
- The blood collection and aliquot tube labels contain a 2D barcode on the left hand side of the label. When turned horizontally, the barcode should be closer to the top (cap end) of the tube.
- Place label **horizontally** on the tube (wrapped around sideways if the tube is upright) and **just below the ridges** of the aliquot tubes (see below labeling diagram).



- Take a moment to ensure the label is **completely affixed** to each tube. It may be helpful to roll the tube between your fingers after applying the label.

## 7.0 SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Consistency in sample collection and processing is essential for biomarker studies. All samples are drawn in the same order and then processed in a uniform fashion. Blood should be collected from subjects who have fasted for at least 8 hours. If fasting is not feasible, please reference Appendix O for a low-fat diet guidelines. **Please read the instructions before collecting any specimens. Have all your supplies and equipment out and prepared prior to drawing blood.**

### 7.1 Order of Specimen Collection

Blood collection should be performed in the following order:

1. Serum (red top) blood collection for serum
2. PAXgene® tubes for RNA
3. EDTA (purple top) ambient whole blood collection for DNA
4. EDTA (purple top) frozen whole blood collection for banking
5. EDTA (lavender top) blood collection for plasma

### 7.2 Blood Collection Protocols

1. Serum (red top) blood collection for serum (**Appendix F**)
2. PAXgene® tube for RNA (**Appendix A**)
3. EDTA (purple top) ambient whole blood collection for DNA (**Appendix E**)
4. EDTA (lavender top) frozen whole blood collection for banking (**Appendix D**)
5. EDTA (lavender top) blood collection for plasma (**Appendix B**)

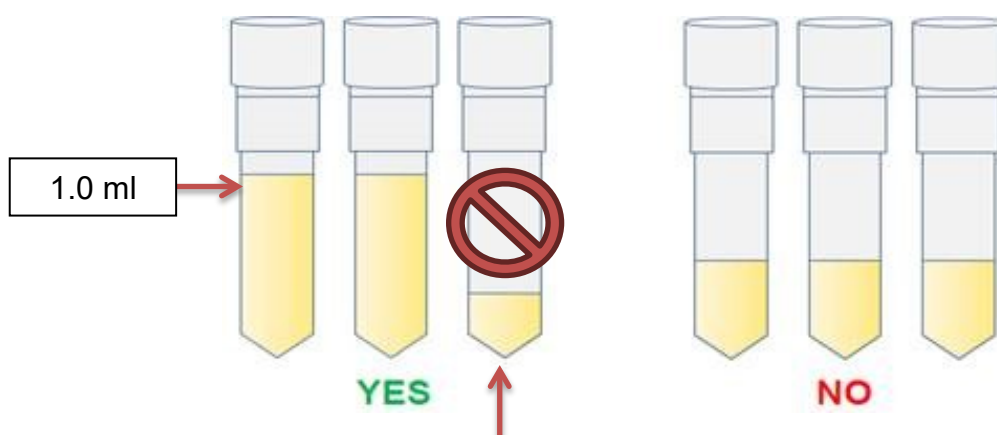
### 7.3 Lumbar Puncture Protocol

1. Cerebrospinal Fluid Collection (**Appendix G**)



## 7.4 Filling Aliquot Tubes (Plasma, Serum, and CSF)

In order to ensure that BioSEND receives a sufficient amount of sample for processing and storage, and to avoid cracking of the tubes prior to shipment, each aliquot tube should be filled to the assigned volume (refer to detailed processing instructions for average yield per sample). Over-filled tubes may burst once placed in the freezer, resulting in a loss of that sample. Each site is supplied with sufficient collection tubes to provide the specimen volume described in the Protocol Schedules for Biospecimen Submission ([see Section 4.1](#)). Specimens collected in addition to those described in Section 4 are collected at the site's discretion and are not returned to BioSEND.



**Please note:** It is critical for the integrity of future studies using these samples that study staff **not submit** residual aliquot tubes (anything under 1.0 ml) to BioSEND.

## 8.0 Packaging and Shipping Instructions

**ALL** study personnel responsible for shipping should be certified in biospecimen shipping. If not available at your University, training and certification is available through the CITI training site (Course titled “Shipping and Transport of Regulated Biological Materials” at <https://www.citiprogram.org/>).

### 8.1 Sample Record and Shipment Notification Form

All sample shipments to BioSEND must include Appendix I – Sample record and Shipment notification form. The completed forms are:

- Emailed to [BioSEND@iu.edu](mailto:BioSEND@iu.edu) at the time the samples are being shipped
- A copy should be Included in the shipment with the samples

### 8.2 Shipping Instructions

There are two types of shipments (ambient and frozen) that are used to send samples back to BioSEND.

Ambient (room temperature) Shipment. Reference Appendix L for ambient shipping instructions.

- Blood sample for DNA (EDTA tube, 6 ml)

Frozen Shipment (baseline and follow-up). Reference Appendix K for frozen shipping instructions.

- Frozen PAXgene® Tubes
- Frozen blood for banking (EDTA tube, 6 ml)
- Frozen 1 ml aliquots of plasma
- Frozen 1 ml aliquots of serum
- Frozen 1 ml aliquots of CSF

#### \*\*\*Important Note\*\*\*

**Include samples for only one subject per shipping container.**

**Ambient shipments (purple top EDTA tube) must be received at BioSEND within five days of collection. Up to three purple top EDTA tubes can be shipped in one ambient shipping container.**

**For frozen shipments, include no more than two packing envelopes per shipping container in order to have room for a sufficient amount of dry ice to keep samples frozen up to 24 hours.**

### **8.3 Shipping Address**

All samples are shipped to the BioSEND laboratory:

BioSEND  
Indiana University School of Medicine  
351 W. 10<sup>th</sup> Street. TK-217  
Indianapolis, IN 46202-5188

## 9.0 Data Queries and Reconciliation

Appendix I must be completed the day that samples are collected to capture information related to sample collection and processing. This form includes information that will be used to reconcile sample collection and receipt, as well as information essential to future analyses.

The NINDS DMR data collection team will be collaborating with BioSEND to reconcile information captured in the database compared to samples received and logged at BioSEND. Information that appears incorrect in the NINDS DMR database will be queried through the standard system. Additional discrepancies that may be unrelated to data entry will be resolved with the Principal Investigator in a separate follow up communication. If applicable, a non-conformance report will be provided to sites.

Data discrepancies with samples shipped and received at BioSEND may result from:

- Missing samples
- Incorrect samples collected and shipped
- Damaged or incorrectly prepared samples
- Unlabeled or mislabeled samples
- Samples frozen and stored longer than three months at the site
- Samples received in poor condition

## **10.0 APPENDICES**

- Appendix A: Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of RNA
- Appendix B: Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of Plasma
- Appendix D: Whole Blood Collection
- Appendix E: Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of DNA
- Appendix F: Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of Serum
- Appendix G: Cerebrospinal Fluid Collection
- Appendix I: Sample Record and Shipment Notification Form
- Appendix K: Frozen Shipping Instructions
- Appendix L: Ambient Shipping Instructions
- Appendix O: Low Fat Diet Menu Suggestions



## Appendix A – Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of RNA

Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of RNA: 2.5 ml PAXgene® tubes are provided by BioSEND for the collection of blood for RNA isolation.



See training video for blood collection for RNA: (<http://www.preanalytix.com/videos/rna-tube-collection-video/>)

1. **CRITICAL STEP:** Store PAXgene® tube(s) at room temperature 64°F - 77°F (18°C to 25°C) before use.
2. Place pre-printed Collection and Aliquot “RNA” label on the PAXgene® tube(s) prior to blood draw. **Please refer to the protocol collection schedule to determine how many of the PAXgene® tube(s) are to be shipped to BioSEND from your site.**
3. Using a blood collection set and a holder, collect blood into the PAXgene® tube(s) using your institution's recommended procedure for standard venipuncture technique.



**The following techniques shall be used to prevent possible backflow:**

- a. Place donor's arm in a downward position.
  - b. Hold tube in a vertical position, below the donor's arm during blood collection.
  - c. Release tourniquet as soon as blood starts to flow into tube.
  - d. Make sure tube additives do not touch stopper or end of the needle during venipuncture.
4. Allow at least 10 seconds for a complete blood draw to take place in each tube. **Ensure that the blood has stopped flowing into the tube before removing the tube from the holder.** The PAXgene® tube with its vacuum is designed to draw 2.5 ml of blood into the tube.
  5. **Immediately after blood collection, gently invert/mix (180 degree turns) the PAXgene® tube(s) 8 – 10 times. Do not shake the tube!**
  6. Place the PAXgene® tube(s) upright in a **WIRE** or **PLASTIC** rack. Do **NOT** use a Styrofoam rack. This will cause the PAXgene® tube(s) to crack when frozen. **Allow the filled PAXgene® tube(s) to incubate upright at room temperature for 24 hours.**
  7. Complete the **Sample Record and Shipment Notification** form (Appendix I).

8. After samples have incubated at room temperature for 24 hours, transfer the WIRE or PLASTIC rack with the PAXgene® tubes to **-80°C freezer**. Store all samples at **-80°C until shipped** to BioSEND on dry ice.
9. Ship the PAXgene® tubes to BioSEND according to **Appendix K - Frozen Shipping Instructions**.



## PAXgene® Preparation (2.5ml Tube)



### Step One



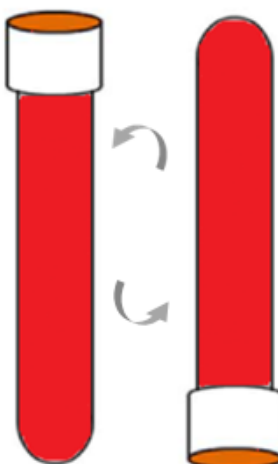
- Store tubes at room temperature.
- Label tubes with pre-printed subject labels prior to blood draw.

### Step Two



- Collect blood in PAXgene® Tube, allowing blood to flow for 10 seconds and ensuring blood flow has stopped.

### Step Three



- Immediately after blood draw, invert tubes 8-10 times to mix samples.
- Repeat steps two and three for additional tubes, per protocol.

### Step Four



- Incubate tubes upright at room temperature for 24 hours before freezing samples.

### Step Five



- After 24 hour incubation at room temperature, store tube(s) at -80°C in a wire rack until shipment.

## Appendix B – Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of Plasma

Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of Plasma: 10 ml Lavender-Top EDTA tube(s) and cryovials are provided by BioSEND for the collection of plasma.



1. **CRITICAL STEP:** Store empty Lavender-Top EDTA tubes at room temperature 64°F – 77°F (18°C to 25°C) prior to use.
2. Place pre-printed Collection and Aliquot “**PLASMA**” label on 10 ml lavender-top EDTA tube(s) and on six of the 2 ml cryovial tubes. The six labeled cryovials will be shipped to BioSEND. Any remaining cryovials can be retained by the site and labeled per site standards. Labels for aliquots kept by the site are not provided by BioSEND.
3. Please ensure that aliquots for BioSEND are kept in numerical order (by specimen barcode) throughout the aliquoting and shipping process.



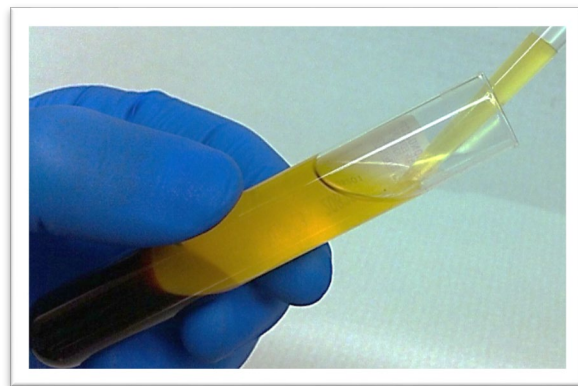
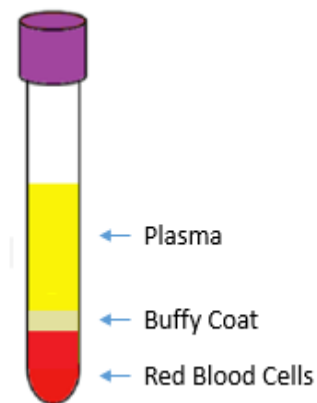
← Specimen Barcode

4. Pre-chill the labeled cryovials on wet ice for at least 5 minutes.
5. Set centrifuge to 4°C to pre-chill before use. Time needed to pre-chill the centrifuge to 4°C will depend on your centrifuge model.
6. Using a blood collection set and a holder, collect blood into the **lavender top 10 ml EDTA tube(s)** using your institution's recommended procedure for standard venipuncture technique.

**The following techniques shall be used to prevent possible backflow:**

- a. Place donor's arm in a downward position.
- b. Hold tube in a vertical position, below the donor's arm during blood collection.
- c. Release tourniquet as soon as blood starts to flow into the tube.
- d. Make sure tube additives do not touch stopper or end of the needle during venipuncture.

7. Allow at least 10 seconds for a complete blood draw to take place in each tube. **Ensure that the blood has stopped flowing into the tube before removing the tube from the holder.** The tube vacuum is designed to draw 10 ml of blood into the tube.
8. **CRITICAL STEP:** Immediately after blood collection, gently invert/mix (180 degree turns) the Lavender-Top EDTA tube(s) 8 – 10 times. Do not shake the tubes!
9. Within 30 minutes of blood collection, centrifuge balanced tubes for 15 minutes at 1500 RCF (x g) at 4°C. **It is critical that the tubes be centrifuged at the appropriate speed and temperature to ensure proper plasma separation (see worksheet in Appendix H to calculate RPM in your particular rotor).**
10. Remove the plasma by tilting the tube and placing the pipette tip along the lower side of the wall. **Use caution not to touch the buffy coat or packed red blood cells at the bottom of the tube so that the plasma is not contaminated** (see below). Using a disposable tipped micropipette, transfer plasma into the pre-labeled cryovials. Aliquot 1.0 ml per cryovial. Send 6 1.0 ml aliquots to BioSEND. If you cannot obtain the requested number of aliquots, please note “low volume draw” on the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form (Appendix I) under “Notification of Problems”. Each 10 ml EDTA tube should yield, on average, 4 ml of plasma.



11. Complete the **Sample Record and Shipment Notification form (Appendix I)**.
12. Place the labeled cryovials in the 25 slot cryobox. Place the cryobox UPRIGHT on dry ice. Transfer to **-80°C freezer as soon as possible, within 2 hours of blood draw**. Store all samples at **-80°C until shipped** to BioSEND on dry ice.
13. Ship the frozen plasma aliquots to BioSEND according to **Appendix K – Frozen Shipping Instructions**.

## Plasma Preparation (10ml Lavender Top Tube)

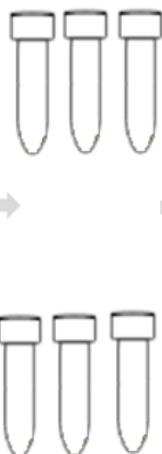


### Step One



- Store tube at room temperature.
- Label tube with pre-printed subject labels prior to blood draw.

### Step Two



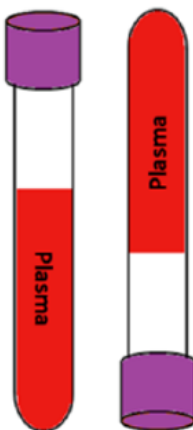
- Label 6 cryovials for plasma with pre-printed subject labels prior to blood draw.
- Pre-chill cryovials on wet ice for 5 minutes or longer.

### Step Three



- Collect blood in Plasma Tube allowing blood to flow for 10 seconds and ensuring blood flow has stopped.

### Step Four



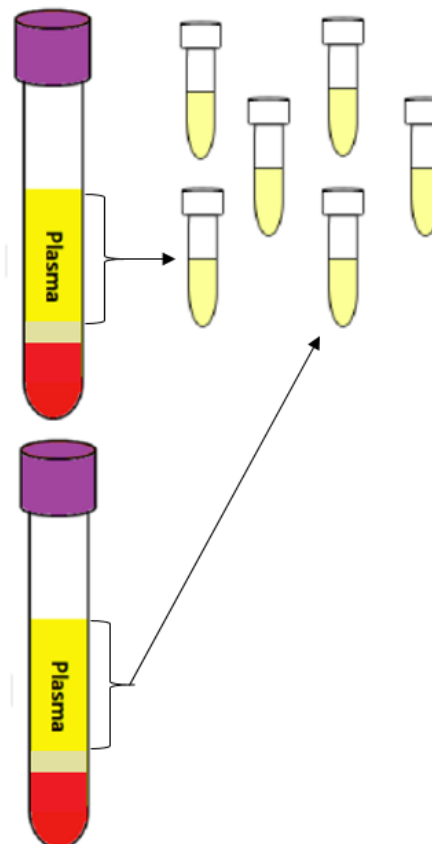
- Immediately after blood draw, invert tubes 8-10 times to mix samples.
- Repeat Steps 3 and 4 for second tube.

### Step Five



- Within 30 minutes of blood draw, centrifuge samples at 1500 x g for 15 minutes at 4°C.

### Step Six and Seven



- Aliquot 1.0mL of plasma into 6 cryovial tubes.
- Store plasma aliquots at -80°C until shipment.
- Return 6 X 1.0 mL plasma aliquots to BioSend

## Appendix D – Whole Blood Collection (No Processing)

One 6 ml Purple-Top EDTA Tube is provided by BioSEND for Whole Blood collection (to be shipped to BioSEND FROZEN; no processing required).



1. **CRITICAL STEP:** Store empty Whole Blood EDTA tubes at room temperature, 64°F - 77°F (18°C to 25°C) before use.
2. Place pre-printed Collection and Aliquot “WB” label on the **6 ml purple top EDTA tube** prior to blood draw.
3. Using a blood collection set and a holder, collect whole blood into the 6 ml purple-top whole blood tube using your institution’s recommended procedure for standard venipuncture technique.

0003456128  
BioSEND  
ST-10001234  
BL  
WB

**The following techniques shall be used to prevent possible backflow:**

- a. Place donor's arm in a downward position.
  - b. Hold tube in a vertical position, below the donor’s arm during blood collection.
  - c. Release tourniquet as soon as blood starts to flow into tube.
  - d. Make sure tube additives do not touch stopper or end of the needle during venipuncture.
4. **CRITICAL STEP:** Immediately after blood collection, gently invert/mix (180 degree turns) the EDTA tube 8-10 times. Do not shake the tube!
  5. Complete the **Sample Record and Shipment Notification form (Appendix I)**.
  6. Place the Purple-Top EDTA in a **WIRE** or **PLASTIC** rack. Do **NOT** use a Styrofoam rack. This will cause the Purple-Top EDTA tube to crack when frozen. Place the Purple-Top EDTA tube immediately to a **-80°C Freezer**.
  7. Ship the whole blood tube to BioSEND according to **Appendix K - Frozen Shipping Instructions**.

## Whole Blood (6 ml Lavender Top Tube)



### Step One



- Store tube at room temperature.
- Label tube with pre-printed labels prior to blood draw.

### Step Two



- Collect blood in tube, allowing blood to flow for 10 seconds and ensuring blood flow has stopped.

### Step Three



- Immediately after blood draw, invert tubes three times to mix samples.

### Step Four



- Transfer to -80°C freezer. Store upright and keep frozen until shipment BioSend.

## Appendix E – Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of DNA (No Processing)

One 6 ml Purple-Top EDTA Tube is provided by BioSEND for the collection of Whole Blood from which DNA will be extracted. This tube should be shipped to BioSEND FROZEN; no processing required).



1. **CRITICAL STEP:** Store empty Whole Blood EDTA tubes at room temperature, 64°F - 77°F (18°C to 25°C) before use.
2. Place pre-printed Collection and Aliquot “DNA” label on the 6 ml EDTA tube prior to blood draw.
3. Using a blood collection set and a holder, collect whole blood into the 6 ml purple top whole blood tube using your institution’s recommended procedure for standard venipuncture technique.

0003456123  
BioSEND  
ST-10001234  
BL  
DNA

**The following techniques shall be used to prevent possible backflow:**

- a. Place donor's arm in a downward position.
  - b. Hold tube in a vertical position, below the donor’s arm during blood collection.
  - c. Release tourniquet as soon as blood starts to flow into tube.
  - d. Make sure tube additives do not touch stopper or end of the needle during venipuncture.
4. **CRITICAL STEP:** Immediately after blood collection, gently invert/mix (180 degree turns) the EDTA tube 8-10 times.
  5. Complete the **Sample Record and Shipment Notification form Appendix I).**
  6. Place the Purple-Top EDTA in a **WIRE** or **PLASTIC** rack. Do **NOT** use a Styrofoam rack. This will cause the Purple-Top EDTA tube to crack when frozen. Place the Purple-Top EDTA tube immediately to a **-80°C Freezer**.
  7. Ship the whole blood tube to BioSEND according to **Appendix K - Frozen Shipping Instructions**.



## DNA Preparation (6 ml Lavender Top Tube)



### Step One



- Store tube at room temperature.
- Label tube with pre-printed labels prior to blood draw.

### Step Two



- Collect blood in tube, allowing blood to flow for 10 seconds and ensuring blood flow has stopped.

### Step Three



- Immediately after blood draw, invert tubes three times to mix samples.

### Step Four



- Transfer to -80°C freezer. Store upright and keep frozen until shipment BioSend.

## Appendix F – Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of Serum

Whole Blood Collection for Isolation of Serum: 10 ml red-top serum determination tube(s) and cryovials are provided by BioSEND for the collection of serum.



1. **CRITICAL STEP:** Store empty serum determination (red-top) tubes at room temperature 64°F – 77°F (18°C to 25°C) prior to use.
2. Place pre-printed Collection and Aliquot label “SERUM” on the serum determination red-top tubes and on six of the 2 ml cryovials prior to blood draw. Four to six cryovials will be shipped to BioSEND, according to your site’s agreement with NINDS. The remaining cryovials will be retained by the site and labeled accordingly.
3. Please ensure that aliquots for BioSEND are kept in numerical order (by specimen barcode) throughout the aliquoting and shipping process.



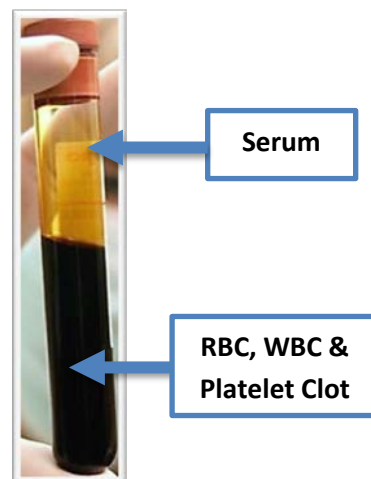
← Specimen Barcode

4. Pre-chill labeled cryovials on wet ice for at least 5 minutes or longer.
5. Set centrifuge to 4°C to pre-chill before use. Time needed to pre-chill the centrifuge to 4°C will depend on your centrifuge model.
6. Using a blood collection set and a holder, collect blood into the **serum determination 10 ml (red top) tube(s)** using your institution’s recommended procedure for standard venipuncture technique.

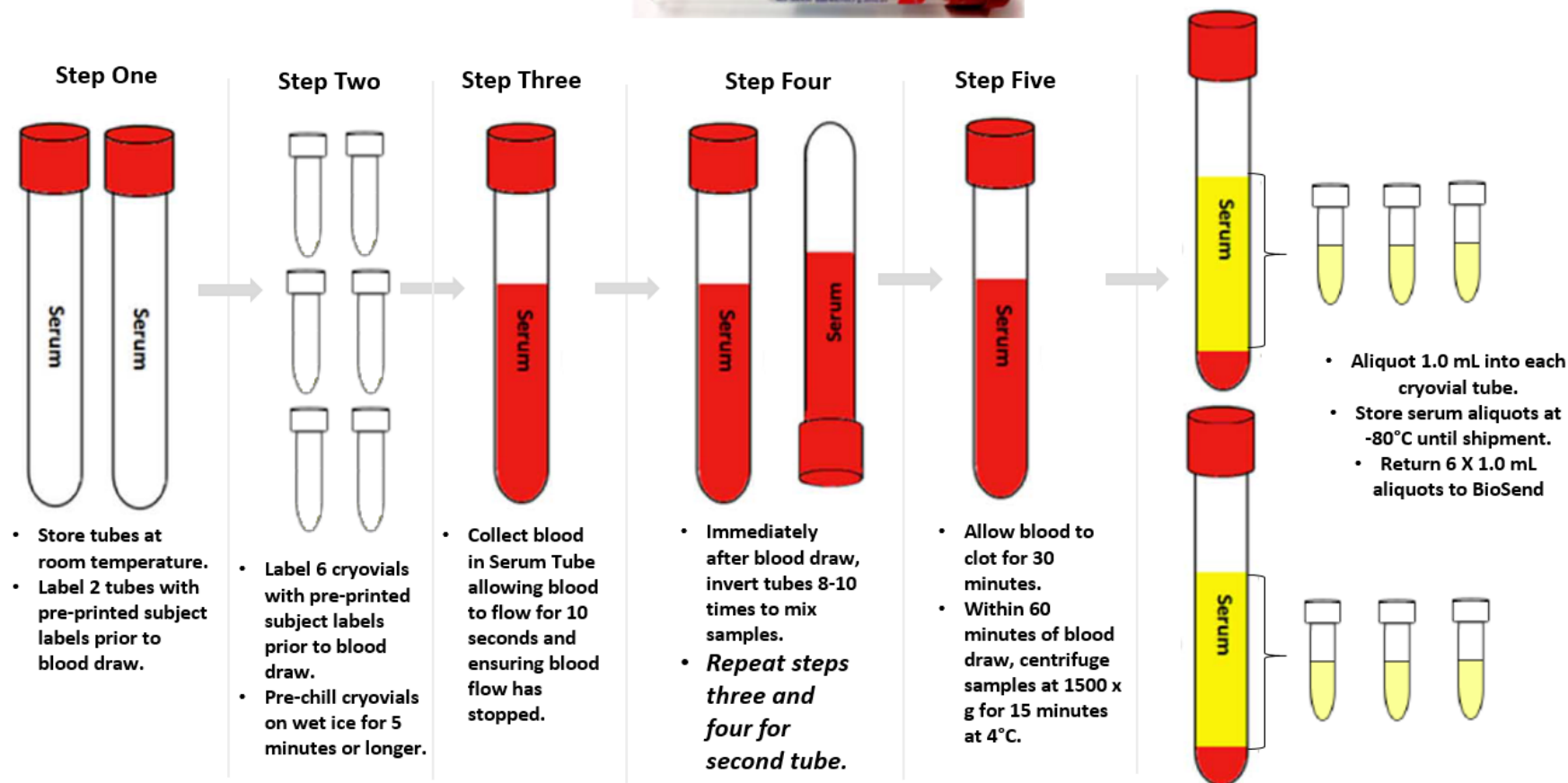
**The following techniques shall be used to prevent possible backflow:**

- a. Place donor’s arm in a downward position
  - b. Hold tube in a vertical position, below the donor’s arm during blood collection
  - c. Release tourniquet as soon as blood starts to flow into tube.
  - d. Make sure tube additives do not touch stopper or end of the needle during venipuncture.
7. Allow at least 10 seconds for a complete blood draw to take place in each tube. **Ensure that the blood has stopped flowing into the tube before removing the tube from the holder.** The tube with its vacuum is designed to draw 10 ml of blood into the tube.

8. **CRITICAL STEP:** Immediately after blood collection, gently invert/mix (180 degree turns) the serum determination tube 8-10 times. Do not shake the tubes!
9. **CRITICAL STEP:** Allow blood to clot at room temperature for at least 30 minutes.
  - ❖ Within 30 to 60 minutes from blood collection, centrifuge balanced tubes for 15 minutes at 1500 RCF (x g) at 4°C. **It is critical that the tubes be centrifuged at the appropriate speed and temperature to ensure proper serum separation (see worksheet in Appendix H to calculate RPM in your particular rotor).**
10. Remove the serum by tilting the tube and placing the pipette tip along the lower side of the tube wall. **Use caution to pipet only the serum layer and not the red blood cell layer.** Using a disposable tipped micropipette, transfer serum into the pre-labeled cryovials. Aliquot 1.0 ml per cryovial. Send 6 1.0 ml aliquots to BioSEND. If you cannot obtain the requested number of aliquots, please note “low volume draw” on the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form (Appendix I) under “Notification of Problems”. Each 10 ml Serum tube should yield, on average, 4.5 ml of serum.
11. Complete the **Sample Record and Shipment Notification form (Appendix I)**.
12. Place the labeled cryovials in the 25 slot cryovial box. Place the cryobox UPRIGHT on dry ice. Transfer to **-80°C Freezer as soon as possible**. Store all samples UPRIGHT at **-80°C until shipped** to BioSEND on dry ice.
13. Ship the frozen serum aliquots to BioSEND according to **Appendix K – Frozen Shipping Instructions**.



## Serum Preparation (10ml Red Top Tube)



## Appendix G — Cerebrospinal Fluid Collection

### Important Note

CSF should be collected in the morning between 8am – 10am, preferably fasted.

### 1. Lumbar Puncture Supplies

The lumbar puncture tray contains the following items, which will be used to perform the lumbar puncture. Check the dates of expiration: these reflect the expiration date of the lidocaine and sterile seal. Supplies for shipment of CSF are sent with the blood collection kit.

#### a. Lumbar Puncture Tray Components

Quantity	Lumbar Puncture Tray Kit Components
1	Sprotte® needle, 24G x 90mm*
1	Introducer needle, 1 mm x 30 mm
1	Hypodermic needle, 22G x 1.5"
1	Plastic syringe, (3 ml, luer lock) with 25G x 5/8" needle attached
4	Polypropylene syringe (6 ml, luer lock)
1	Needle stick pad
1	Adhesive bandage
1	Drape, fenestrated, 2 tabs, paper, 18" x 26"
2	Towel, 13.5" x 18"
6	Gauze pad, 2" x 2"
3	Sponge stick applicator
1	Lidocaine 1%, 5 ml
1	Povidone-Iodine Topical Solution, 0.75 oz

\*Trays with 22G x 90mm Sprotte® needle and introducer available upon request.

Sterile, individually packaged 50 ml conical tubes are provided for sites who are completing the Lumbar Puncture through the use of the gravitational method. Please ensure that all supplies necessary for a participant draw are available at your site at least two weeks prior to the appointment.

## 2. Setting Up the LP

- a. On an overbed table, remove the contents of the LP kit from the outer plastic packaging, leaving the contents wrapped in their sterile drape. Leave everything wrapped until the person performing the LP is seated and begins examining the subject.
- b. Feel the outside of the LP kit (still wrapped) to determine which end contains the spongy swabs. Turn this end toward the person performing the LP and begin unwrapping the kit.
- c. Touch only the outside of the paper wrapper. When you grab an edge to unfold it, touch only the folded under portions of the outside of the wrapper. Also, don't let the outside of the wrapper touch any part of the inside. If you touch any part of the paper wrapper, or if any non-sterile object outside of the wrapper touches any part of the inside of the wrapper, discard the kit and start over. If you are in doubt as to whether something touched the inside of the paper wrapper, throw the kit away and start over.

## 3. Maintaining the sterile field

- a. Keep in mind that there are usually many staff in the room during an LP, and a big part of assisting with the LP is keeping the field sterile—keeping people away from it, and reminding them to be careful around it. If anyone touches the inside of the paper wrapper or any part of the contents of the kit, throw the kit away and start over. If you are in doubt as to whether someone touched the kit, throw it away and start over. Also, you are the monitor for whether the person performing the LP has broken sterility usually by touching something not sterile with a sterile gloved hand. Feel free to speak up and inform people if need be. Be assertive.

## 4. Tips for Clinicians Performing Lumbar Puncture: Optimizing patient comfort and minimizing the risk of adverse events.

- a. Talk the patient through the procedure so that there are no surprises.
- b. Use of a Sprotte® 24g or 22g atraumatic spinal needle and careful technique are optimal for reducing post-LP headache risk. This Sprotte® 24g or 22g atraumatic spinal needle is included in the BioSEND LP Tray; additional needles may be ordered upon request. A pencil point spinal needle such as Whitacre® 24g, Spinocan® 22g, or other 24g may also be used.
- c. Use adequate local anesthesia. Use the 25g 1/2" needle and inject lidocaine to raise a skin wheal. Then, inject lidocaine using the pattern of a square— first the center,

and then to all 4 corners. If the subject is thin, do not insert the deep infiltration needle OR the spinal introducer all the way. Use only about 2/3 of their length (to prevent entering the subarachnoid space with anything other than the 24g pencil point spinal needle).

- d. Encourage fluid intake immediately after LP is helpful.
- e. Be sure to give post-LP care instructions verbally to the subject (see below).

## **5. Post-LP Care Instructions**

- Advise the subject to refrain from exertion (e.g., exercise, housework, gardening, lifting, sexual activity, or any other strenuous activities) for 24 hours after the LP.
- Advise the subject to continue with increased fluid intake.

### **a. Mild to Moderate headache after a lumbar puncture**

- Mild to Moderate headache following lumbar puncture usually resolves within 3-4 days.
- Treatment of Mild to Moderate headache:
  - Limit physical activity as much as possible.
  - Oral fluids and caffeine are helpful. Drinking a soft drink (for example) is preferable to coffee, which has some diuretic activity.
  - Acetaminophen should be used for symptomatic relief. If a subject cannot tolerate acetaminophen, ibuprofen should be used. Avoid aspirin. If these do not relieve the headache, acetaminophen with codeine or an equivalent could be considered.

### **b. Severe headache after a lumbar puncture**

If the headache becomes severe, posturally sensitive (relieved by supine posture), or is accompanied by nausea, vomiting, tinnitus, and/or visual disturbances, the subject should contact the site study staff for further instruction per standard clinical care.

## 6. Detailed Lumbar Puncture Procedure

- a. Place the preprinted Collection and Aliquot “CSF” labels on the collection and ten 2 ml aliquot tubes. These 10 tubes will be shipped to BioSEND. Prepare the remaining 2 ml aliquot tubes and label per your site’s CSF protocols. The remaining tubes will be retained by the site.
- b. **Unlike the plasma and serum aliquot tubes, the CSF tubes should remain at room temperature; do not pre-chill these tubes.**

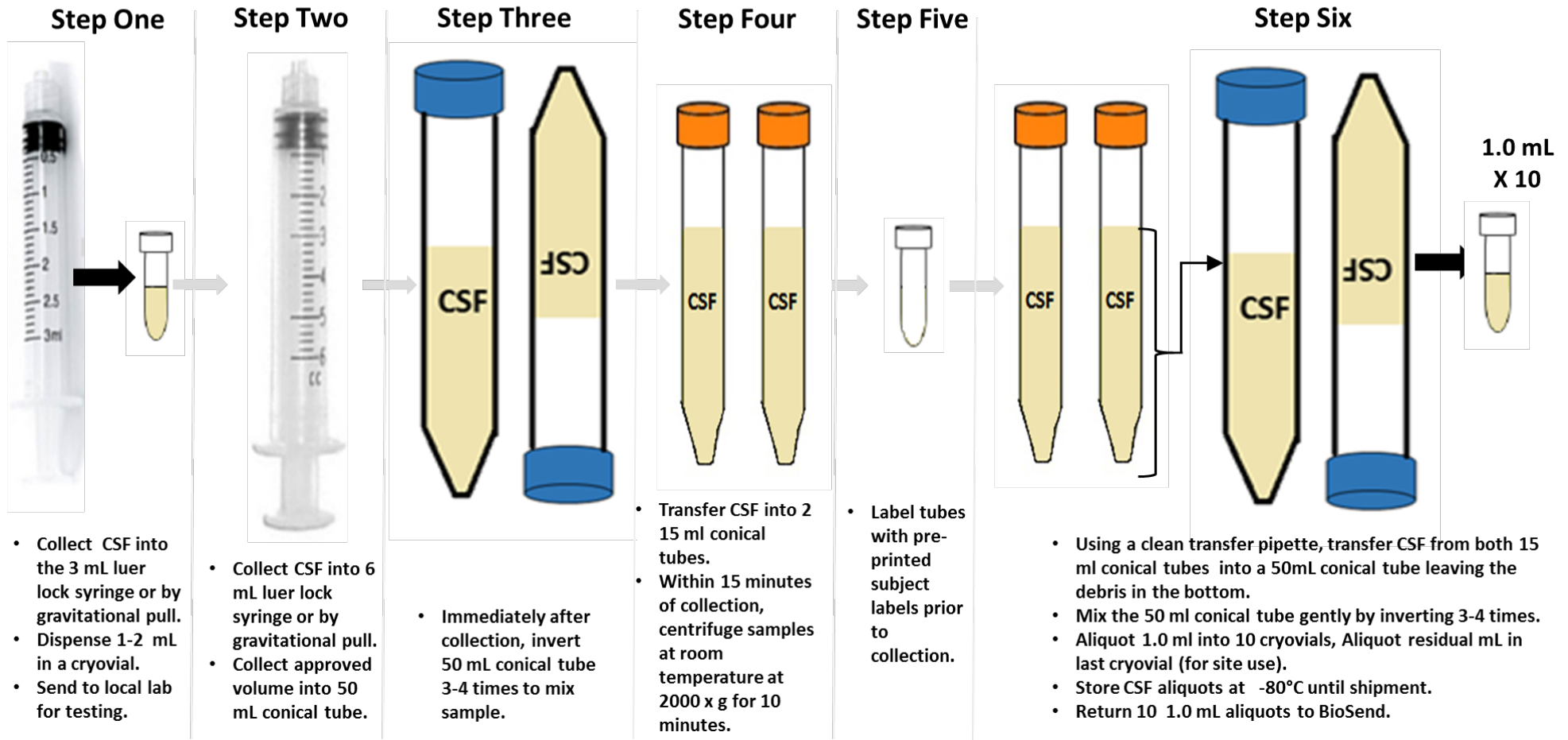


- c. Perform lumbar puncture using the atraumatic technique.
- d. Collect CSF into syringes or sterile conical tube (if a noticeably bloody tap, discard the first 1-2 mls). After the LP has begun and fluid is being collected, aliquot the first 1-2 mls of CSF from the first syringe into one of the additional cryovials provided by BioSEND, and send it to the local lab for routine diagnostic tests:
  1. Cell count
  2. Total protein
  3. Glucose
  - **Sample must be analyzed within 4 hours of collection.**
  - **Do not freeze this sample.**
- e. Collect additional CSF per your site’s protocol and transfer to 50 ml conical polypropylene tube at room temperature. Firmly cap and mix gently by inverting 3-4 times. Record the time of draw (once collection is complete) on the DMR CSF Processing Form. Also ensure that the time of last meal consumed by participant has been documented.
- f. Within 15 minutes of collection, transfer the CSF from the 50 ml conical tube to two 15 ml conical tubes ensuring that there is equal volume in each. Spin the CSF samples down at 2000 x g for 10 minutes at **room temperature**, 64°F – 77°F (18°C to 25°C).



- g. After centrifugation, pipette the supernatant from both 15 ml conical tubes and transfer to a new 50 ml conical tube. Ensure that debris at the bottom of the 15 ml conical tubes are not disturbed. Firmly cap the 50 ml conical tube and mix gently by inverting 3-4 times.
- h. Pipette (micropipette preferred) 1.0 ml of supernatant directly into each of the pre-labeled aliquot tubes to be sent to BioSEND.
  - Remaining CSF should be aliquoted according to your site's protocols. If there is no local repository, BioSEND will accept all aliquots.
- i. Place the labeled cryovials in the 25-slot cryobox and place UPRIGHT on dry ice. Transfer to **-80°C Freezer**. Store all samples at **-80°C until shipped** to BioSEND on dry ice.
- j. Ship the CSF aliquots to BioSEND according to **Appendix K – Frozen Shipping Instructions** along with **Appendix I – Sample Shipment Notification Form**

## CSF Preparation Processing



## Sample Record and Shipment Notification

Study:

Site Name:

Principal Investigator:

Coordinator:

Telephone:

Email:

**Please list only ONE subject per Sample Record Summary and Shipment Notification Form**

GUID:

Subject ID (ST# from pre-printed labels):

Gender:

Visit Type:

Age in Years:

Plus Months:

**Instructions: Ship Frozen Shipments Monday- Wednesday ONLY! Ambient Shipments (purple-top EDTA tube) may be shipped Monday- Thursday (preferably Monday- Wednesday) provided they are received at Indiana University within five days of collection.** This form must be completed for shipment of all research samples. Notify Indiana University (email preferred) and the DMR in advance of shipment using contact information below. Place a copy in the shipment box and file a copy of the completed form in the study binder. **Ensure all frozen shipments are completely filled with dry ice.**

Date Sample(s) Shipped:

FedEx Tracking Number:

**In the table below, please indicate the date of specimen collection and number of tubes/aliquots submitted.**

Completed by Submitter/Site			
Dates of Draw	Specimen Type	Number of Tubes/ Aliquots sent to BioSEND	Notation of Problems
	DNA		
	RNA		
	Buffy Coat		
	Plasma		
	Serum		
	CSF		
	Whole Blood		

**Contact Information: Indiana University; Email: biosend@iu.edu Ph: 317-278-0594  
Data Management Resource (DMR); Email: PDBP-OPS@mail.nih.gov**

## Appendix K – Frozen Shipping Instructions

### IMPORTANT!

**FROZEN SAMPLES MUST BE SHIPPED MONDAY THROUGH WEDNESDAY ONLY  
USING PRIORITY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY**

**Please be aware of holidays and inclement weather, and plan your shipments accordingly.**

**All samples are shipped frozen EXCEPT whole blood for DNA.**

Specimens being shipped to BioSEND are Category B UN3373 specimens and as such must be triple packaged and compliant with IATA Packing Instructions. *See the latest eEdition of the IATA regulations for complete documentation.*

Triple packaging consists of a primary receptacle(s), a secondary packaging, and a rigid outer packaging. The primary receptacles must be packed in secondary packaging in such a way that, under normal conditions of transport, they cannot break, be punctured, or leak their contents into the secondary packaging. Secondary packaging must be secured in outer packaging with suitable cushioning material. Any leakage of the contents must not compromise the integrity of the cushioning material or of the outer packaging.

### IATA Packing and Labeling Guidelines

- The primary receptacle (cryovials or blood collection tubes) must be leak proof and must not contain more than 1 L total.
- The secondary packaging (plastic canister or biohazard bag) must be leak proof and if multiple blood tubes are placed in a single secondary packaging, they must be either individually wrapped or separated to prevent direct contact with adjacent blood tubes.
- Absorbent material must be placed between the primary receptacle (cryovials or blood collection tubes) and the secondary packaging. The absorbent material must be of sufficient quantity to absorb the entire contents of the specimens being shipped. Examples of absorbent material are paper towels, absorbent pads, cotton balls, or cellulose wadding.
- A shipping manifest listing the specimens being shipped must be included between the secondary and outer packaging.
- The outer shipping container must display the following labels:
  - ✓ Sender's name and address
  - ✓ Recipient's name and address
  - ✓ Responsible persons (shipper and recipient)
  - ✓ The words "Biological Substance, Category B"
  - ✓ UN3373
  - ✓ Class 9 label including UN 1845, and net weight of dry ice contained

## BioSEND Packaging and Shipment Instructions – Frozen Shipments

1. Contact FedEx® to confirm service is available and schedule package to be picked up.
2. Record the FedEx® tracking number (found at the top of the FedEx® airbill) onto the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form (Appendix I).



3. Make a copy of the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form.

4. Place all frozen labeled 1 ml aliquots of plasma, serum, and CSF in the cryobox.

- Each cryobox holds 25 aliquots. Only include specimens from one subject in each cryobox.
- If a CSF draw was also completed at the visit, include the CSF aliquoted specimens (10 cryovials). These should be included in the same cryobox as the plasma and serum aliquots.
- Cryoboxes should contain specimens from only one subject.



5. Place the cryobox in the clear plastic biohazard bag (do NOT remove the absorbent material found in the bag), and seal the biohazard bag according to the instructions on the bag. Affix a Case Label to the outside of the biohazard bag.



6. Insert PAXgene™ tubes and/or 6ml EDTA whole blood tube into the bubble wrap tube shuttle, and place the tube shuttle in the 2<sup>nd</sup> clear plastic biohazard bag. Seal the biohazard bag according to the instructions on the bag. Affix a Case Label to the outside of the biohazard bag.

7. Place approximately 2-3 inches of dry ice in the bottom of the Styrofoam® shipping container.



8. Place the biohazard bag containing the cryobox into the provided Styrofoam® shipping container on top of the dry ice. Please ensure that the cryobox is placed so that the cryovials are upright in the shipping container (as pictured).
9. Fully cover the cryobox with approximately 2 inches of dry ice.
10. Place the biohazard bag containing the PAXgene™ tubes and/or 6ml EDTA whole blood tube on top of the 2<sup>nd</sup> layer of dry ice and cover with another 2-3 inches of dry ice.

11. The inner Styrofoam® shipping container must contain approximately 10 lbs (or 4.5 kg) of dry ice. The dry ice should entirely fill the inner box and be placed on top of the canisters to ensure the frozen state of the specimens.



12. Replace the lid on the Styrofoam® container. Place the completed Sample Record and Shipment Notification form in the package on top of the Styrofoam lid for each patient specimen, and close and seal the outer cardboard shipping carton with packing tape.

13. Complete the FedEx return airbill with the following information:

- Section 1, “From”: fill in your name, address, phone number.
- Section 6, “Special Handling and Delivery Signature Options”: under “Does this shipment contain dangerous goods?” check the boxes for “Yes, Shipper’s Declaration not required” and “Dry Ice”. Enter the number of packages (1) x the net weight of dry ice in kg.

14. Complete the Class 9 UN 1845 Dry Ice Label (black and white diamond) with the following information:

- Your name and return address
- Net weight of dry ice in kg (this amount must match the amount recorded on the airbill)
- Consignee name and address:

Shipper's Declaration not Required. Dry ice amount must be in kilograms. Note: 2 lbs. = 1 kg.		Airwaybills/airbills must have the following shown in the "Nature and Quantity of Dangerous Goods" area: 1. Dry Ice; 9; UN1845; 2. _____ x _____ Kg III	
DRY ICE, kg.		UN1845	
Shipper's Name and Address		Consignee Name and Address	
_____		_____	
_____		_____	
<small>IML-DI-ICE LABEL PASTER® (800) 821-0808 www.labelmaster.com</small>			

BioSEND  
IU School of Medicine  
351 W. 10<sup>th</sup> Street  
TK-217  
Indianapolis, IN  
46202

- Do not cover any part of this label with other stickers, including pre-printed address labels.

**IMPORTANT!**

**Complete the required fields on the FedEx® return airbill and Class 9 Dry Ice labels, or FedEx® may reject or return your package.**

15. Apply all provided warning labels (UN3373, Dry Ice Label and Fragile Label) as well as the completed FedEx® return airbill to the outside of package, taking care not to overlap labels.
16. Hold packaged samples in -80°C freezer until time of FedEx pick-up/drop-off.
17. Specimens should be sent to the address below via **FedEx® Priority Overnight**. Frozen shipments should be sent Monday through Wednesday only to avoid shipping delays on Thursday or Friday. FedEx does not replenish dry ice if shipments are delayed or held over during the weekend.

BioSEND  
IU School of Medicine  
351 W. 10<sup>th</sup> Street  
TK-217  
Indianapolis, IN  
46202

18. **Notify BioSEND by email ([biosend@iu.edu](mailto:biosend@iu.edu)) that a shipment has been sent and attach the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form to your email. If email is unavailable please call BioSEND. Do not ship until you've contacted and notified BioSEND staff about the shipment in advance.**
19. Use FedEx® tracking to ensure the delivery occurs as scheduled and is received by BioSEND.

In addition to tracking and reconciliation of samples, the condition and amount of samples received are tracked by BioSEND for each sample type. Investigators and clinical coordinators for each project are responsible for ensuring that the requested amounts of each fluid are collected to the best of their ability and that samples are packed with sufficient amounts of dry ice to avoid thawing in the shipment process.



## Appendix L – Ambient Shipping Instructions

### **IMPORTANT!**

**AMBIENT SAMPLES MUST BE SHIPPED MONDAY THROUGH THURSDAY ONLY!**

**Please do NOT draw blood for ambient shipments on Fridays.**

**Please be aware of holidays and inclement weather, and plan your shipments accordingly.**

Ambient whole blood tube shipments are Category B UN3373 and as such must be triple packaged and compliant with IATA Packing Instructions. *See the latest edition of the IATA regulations for complete documentation.*

Triple packaging consists of a primary receptacle(s), a secondary packaging, and a rigid outer packaging. The primary receptacles must be packed in secondary packaging in such a way that, under normal conditions of transport, they cannot break, be punctured or leak their contents into the secondary packaging. Secondary packaging must be secured in outer packaging with suitable cushioning material. Any leakage of the contents must not compromise the integrity of the cushioning material or of the outer packaging.

### **IATA Packing and Labeling Guidelines**

- The primary receptacle (cryovials or blood collection tubes) must be leak proof and must not contain more than 1 L total.
- The secondary packaging (plastic canister or biohazard bag) must be leak proof and if multiple blood tubes are placed in a single secondary packaging, they must be either individually wrapped or separated to prevent direct contact with adjacent blood tubes.
- Absorbent material must be placed between the primary receptacle (cryovials or blood collection tubes) and the secondary packaging. The absorbent material should be of sufficient quantity to absorb the entire contents of the specimens being shipped. Examples of absorbent material are paper towels, absorbent pads, cotton balls, or cellulose wadding.
- A shipping manifest listing the specimens being shipped must be included between the secondary and outer packaging.
- The outer shipping container must display the following labels:
  - ✓ Sender's name and address
  - ✓ Recipient's name and address
  - ✓ Responsible persons (shipper and recipient)
  - ✓ The words "Biological Substance, Category B"
  - ✓ UN3373



## BioSEND Packaging and Shipment Instructions – Ambient Shipments

1. Contact FedEx® to confirm service is available and schedule package to be picked up.
2. **Record the FedEx® tracking number (found at the top of the FedEx® airbill) onto the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form (Appendix I).**
3. Make a copy of the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form.
4. Place filled and labeled EDTA tube within a slot in the absorbent tube shuttle provided. This tube and absorbent material is then placed within an IATA compliant plastic shipping canister. Replace canister lid and tighten.
5. Place Case Label on top of the tightened canister lid.



6. Wrap plastic canister in the provided bubble wrap.
7. Place the bubble wrapped canister in the provided small Shipping Box.
8. Place a copy of the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form within the shipping box.



9. Close shipping box and place within a FedEx® Clinical Pak. **Seal the FedEx® Clinical Pak.**
10. Affix prefilled FedEx® return airbill to the sealed FedEx® Clinical Pak. Be sure to complete the FedEx return airbill with the following information: Section 1, "From": fill in the date, shipper's name, and phone number.



11. Specimens should be sent to the address below via **FedEx® Priority Overnight**. Ambient FedEx® shipments should be sent Monday through Thursday.

BioSEND  
IU School of Medicine 351  
W. 10<sup>th</sup> Street, TK-217  
Indianapolis, IN 46202

12. **Notify BioSEND by email ([biosend@iu.edu](mailto:biosend@iu.edu)) that a shipment has been sent and attach the Sample Record and Shipment Notification form to your email. If email is unavailable please call BioSEND. Do not ship until you've contacted and notified BioSEND staff about the shipment in advance.**
13. Use FedEx® tracking to ensure the delivery occurs as scheduled and is received by BioSEND.

In addition to tracking and reconciliation of samples, the condition and amount of samples received are tracked by BioSEND for each sample type. Investigators and clinical coordinators for each project are responsible for ensuring that the requested amounts of each fluid are collected to the best of their ability.

## Appendix O – Low Fat Diet Menu Suggestions

### Foods to avoid prior to blood collection:

**Avoid:** *All fats and nuts such as:*

- Butter
- Cream
- Bacon fat
- Lard
- All oils
- All margarine
- All nuts
- Peanut butter
- Coconut
- Whole seeds such as pumpkin and sunflower

**Avoid:** *All milk and dairy products such as:*

- All whole milk products
- All cheese
- All products containing cheese
- Sour cream
- All ice cream
- Milk chocolate

**Avoid:** *High fat prepared foods and foods naturally high in fat:*

All red meats or meats containing fat  
such as pork and:

- Fatty meats such as:
  - Luncheon meats
  - Organ meats
  - Bacon
- Fatty fish such as:
  - Salmon
  - Mackerel

• Salad dressing and mayonnaise	• Buttered, au gratin, creamed, or fried vegetables
• Fried foods	• Gravies and sauces
• Fried snacks such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➢ Chips</li> <li>➢ Crackers</li> <li>➢ French Fries</li> </ul>	• Baked goods and frosting