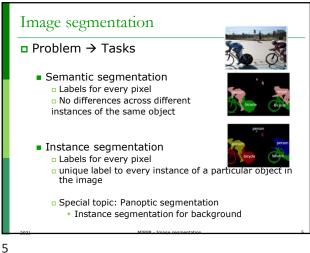
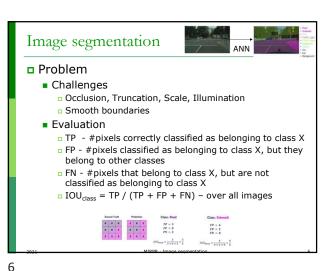


3

Image segmentation □ Problem Aim Classify each pixel Tasks How many segments? How many objects in an image?





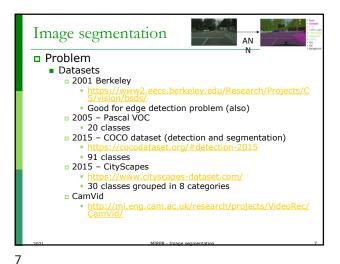


Image segmentation □ How? Before Computer VisionGestalt: whole or group Gestalt: whole or group

\* Whole is greater than sum of its parts

\* Relationships among parts can yield new properties/features

Psychologists identified series of factors that predispose set of
elements to be grouped (by human visual system)

\*"I stand at the window and see a house, trees, sky.

Theoretically I might say there were 327 brightnesses and
nuances of colour. Do I have "327"? No. I have sky, house,
and trees." Max Wertheimer (1880-1943) Computer Vision's era
 Segmentation as clustering (K-means, GAMMs and EM, Mean Shift, ...)
 Segmentation as grouping by boundaries
 Graph-based segmentation Segmentation as energy minimization Region-based segmentation (->Thresholding, Region growing) Edge detection segmentation Deep learning algorithms

8

10

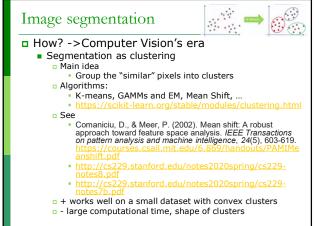
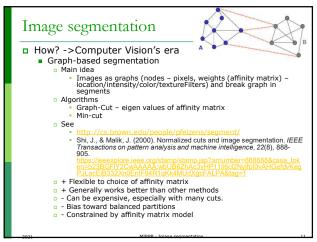


Image segmentation ■ How? ->Computer Vision's era Segmentation as grouping by boundaries □ Main idea Edge-based methods Algorithms: Watershed - good for hierarchical segmentation • the image is regarded as a topographic landscape with ridges and valleys Level-sets https://members.accu.org/index.php/journals/1469 https://hub.gke2.mybinder.org/user/scikit-image-- + Fast (apply filters) - if there are too many edges or less contrast objects

9



11

Image segmentation **(3)** □ How? ->Computer Vision's era Segmentation as energy minimization Markov Random Fields (MRFs) and Conditional Random Fields (CRFs) Rich probabilistic model for images Built in local, modular way - Get global effects from only learning/modeling local ones
 After conditioning, get a Markov Random Field (MRF) Algorithms Grab-Cut (2004) Boykov, Y., Veksler, O., & Zabih, R. (2001). Fast approximate energy minimization via graph cuts. *IEEE Transactions on pattern analysis and machine intelligence*, 23(11), 1222-1239. + Very powerful, get global results by defining local interactions Only works for sub modular energy functions (binary)
Only approximate algorithms work for multi-label case

12

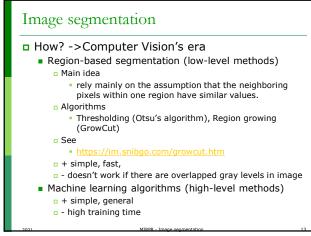


Image segmentation

How? ->Computer Vision's era

Machine learning algorithms

Before deep learning

CRF + pixels/Superpixels

Jamie Shotton
https://citeseery.ist.psu.edu/document?reid=rep18type=pdf8doi=0
3a265706269523598728314ebi1143a175072

CRFs https://pub.ist.ac.at/~chl/papers/i

Sliding window

http://yann.lecun.com/exdb/publis/pdf/farabet-pami-13.pdf
https://ronan.collobet.com/pub/matos/2014\_scene\_icml.pdf

Deep learning era

Unet, Unet++, U2net &co
see https://causiayer.o
SegNet
Deeplab
FCN
DenseNet

Please check
https://github.com/mrgloom/awesome-semantic-segmentation

13 14

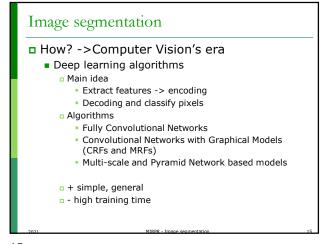


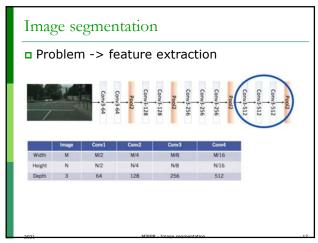
Image segmentation

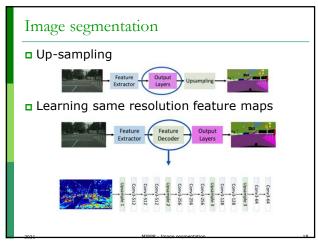
Problem (modern formulation)

Road
Sidewalk
Pule
Pule
Viraft Sign
Vira

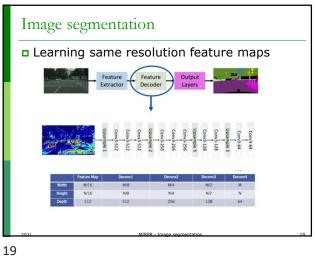
16

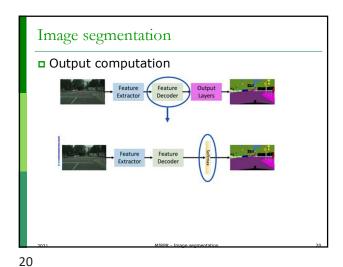
15

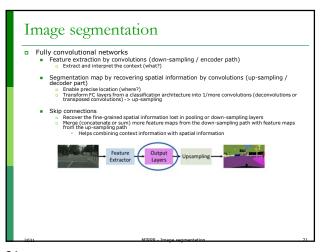


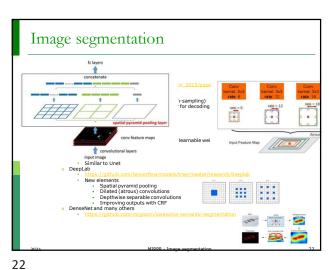


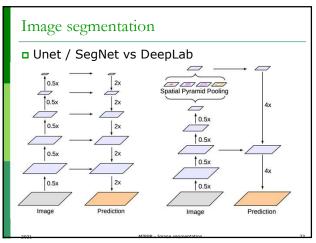
17 18

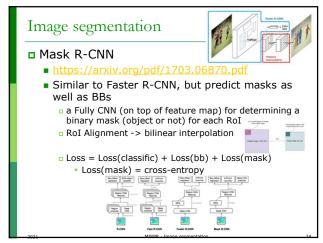












## Image segmentation Detectron Feature extraction Feature pyramid network Different backbones (ResNet) Proposal generator Target tasks BB prediction BB classification BB classification Pixel-level classification inside a BB (segmentation) Loss = Loss(classific) + Loss(bb) + Loss(mask) Loss(mask) = cross-entropy Focal loss Non-local NN https://arxiv.org/pdf/1711.07971.pdf n-local NN https://arxiv.org/por/TTTLUT971.pdf Long-range dependencies Recurrent operations (repeated convolutions = local neighbourhood) Non-local operations Mean of all positions of an input =a very large receptive field Self-attention (machine translation) CRF (graphical models)

Image segmentation □ YOLACT (You Only Look At CoefficienTs) https://github.com/dbolya/yolact https://arxiv.org/pdf/1904.02689.pdf

25 26

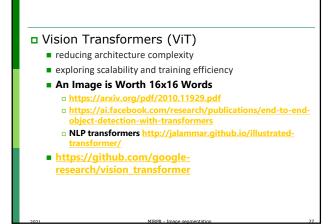


Image segmentation ■ More details https://arxiv.org/pdf/2001.05566.pdf https://heartbeat.fritz.ai/a-2019-guide-to-semantic-segmentation-ca8242f5a7fc https://paperswithcode.com/sota/instancehttps://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s13735-

27 28

