

Overview of Bunch-Resolved Diagnostics for the Future BESSY VSR Electron-Storage Ring

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Marten Koopmans, Markus Ries

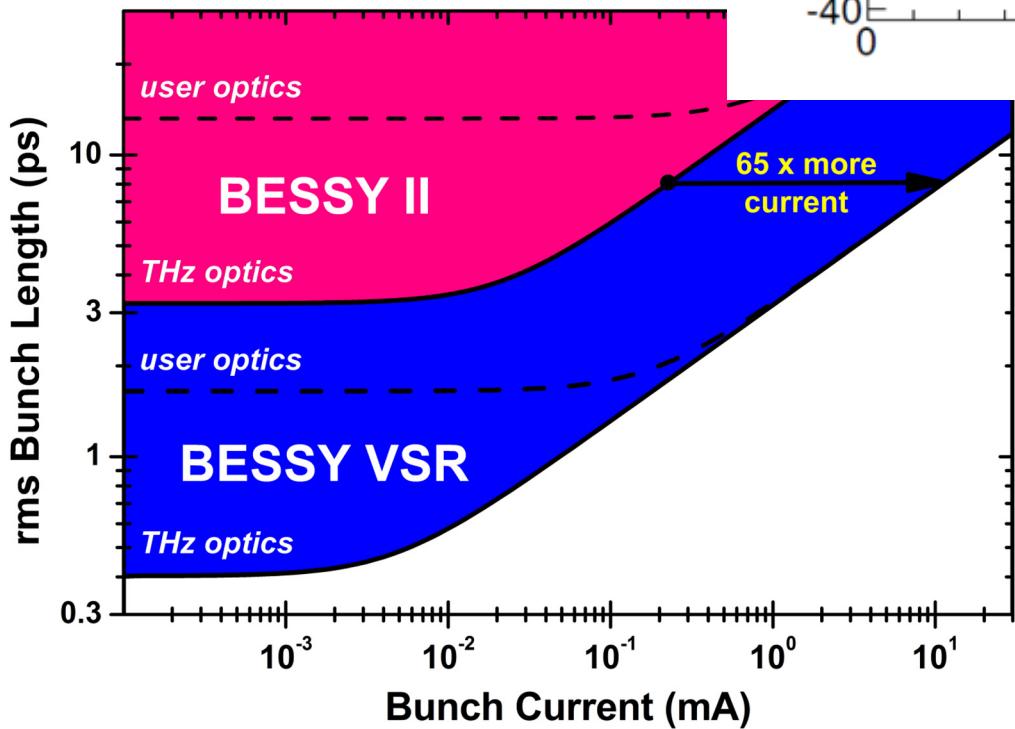
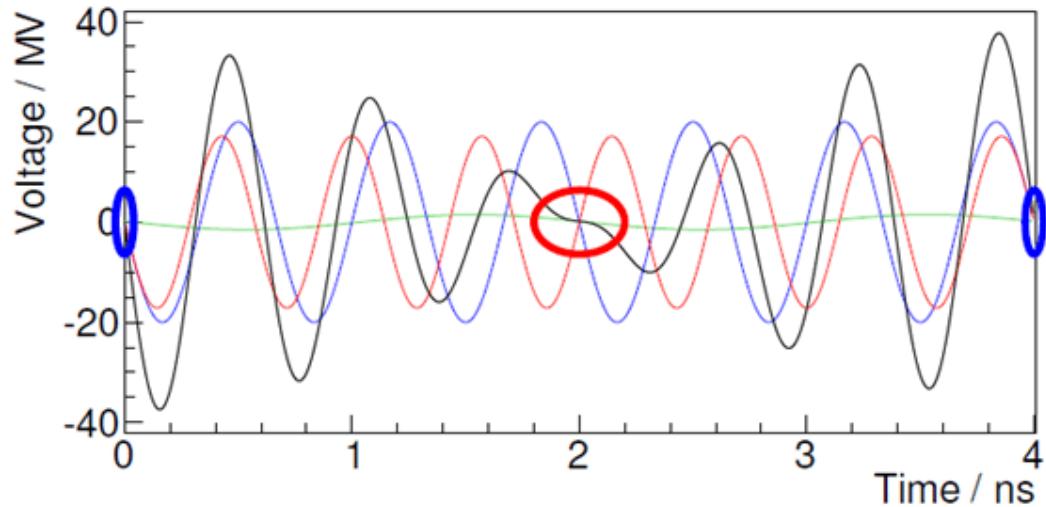
- The BESSY VSR Project
- New Beamlines for
Bunch-Resolved Optical Beam Diagnostics
- Transverse Beam Size: Interferometry
- Bunch Length: High Time Resolution and
2D Streak-Camera Modes

The BESSY VSR Project

See *Technical Design Study BESSY VSR*

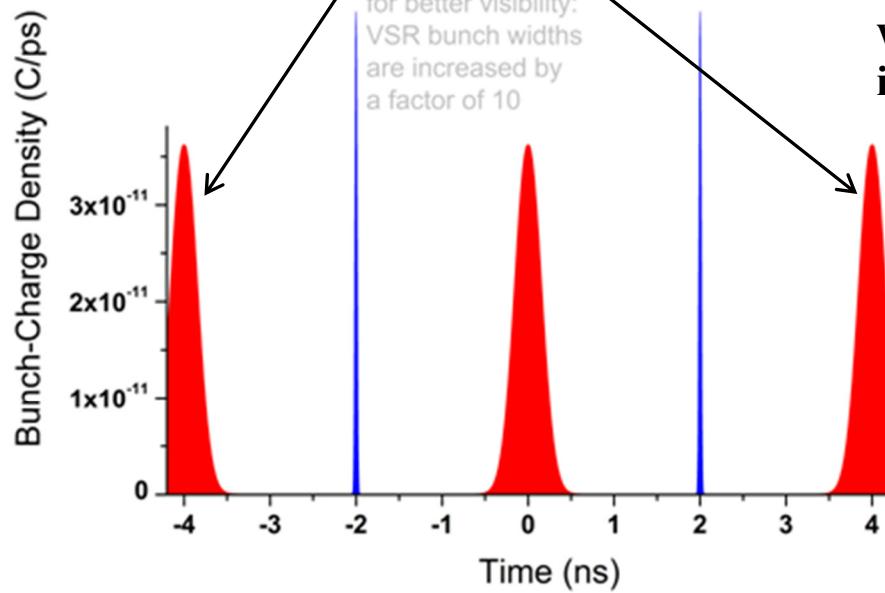
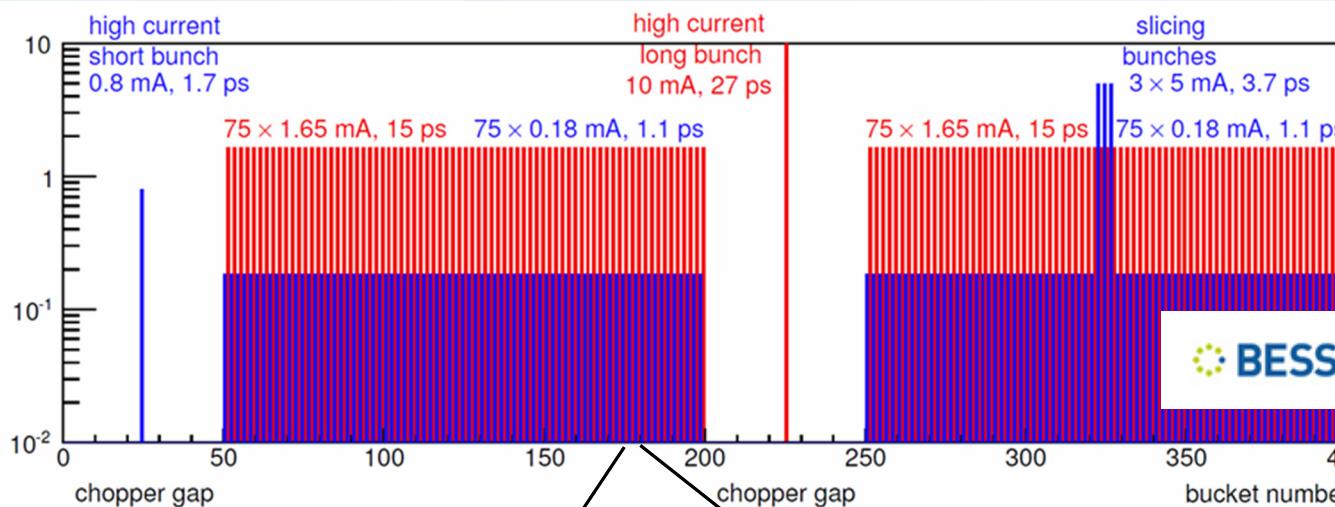
Variable pulse-length Storage Ring
by A. Jankowiak et al. (June 2015)

Superposition of RF at
0.5 GHz (BESSY II) and additionally
1.5 GHz plus 1.75 GHz, provided
by superconducting cavities
at high voltage,
leads to a beating pattern
of the effective electrical fields



BESSY VSR Project

bunch current / mA



Possible BESSY-VSR timing pattern
with gaps and bunches of different
intensities and lengths.

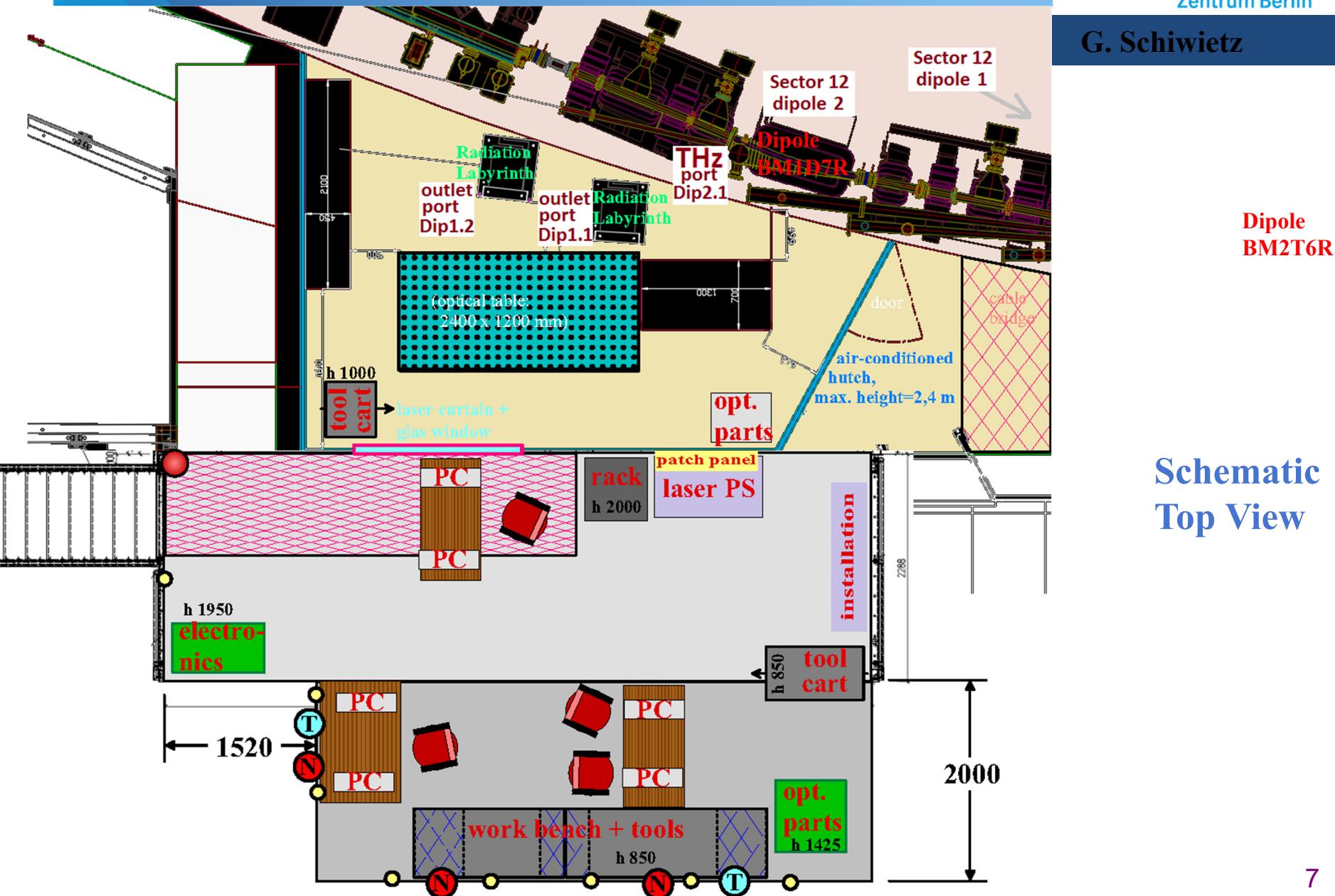
New Beamlines for Bunch-Resolved Optical Beam Diagnostics

Necessary Properties:

- Nondestructive detailed (multi-parameter) diagnostics
- Robust 24/7 availability → dipole beamlines
- Bunch resolved operation

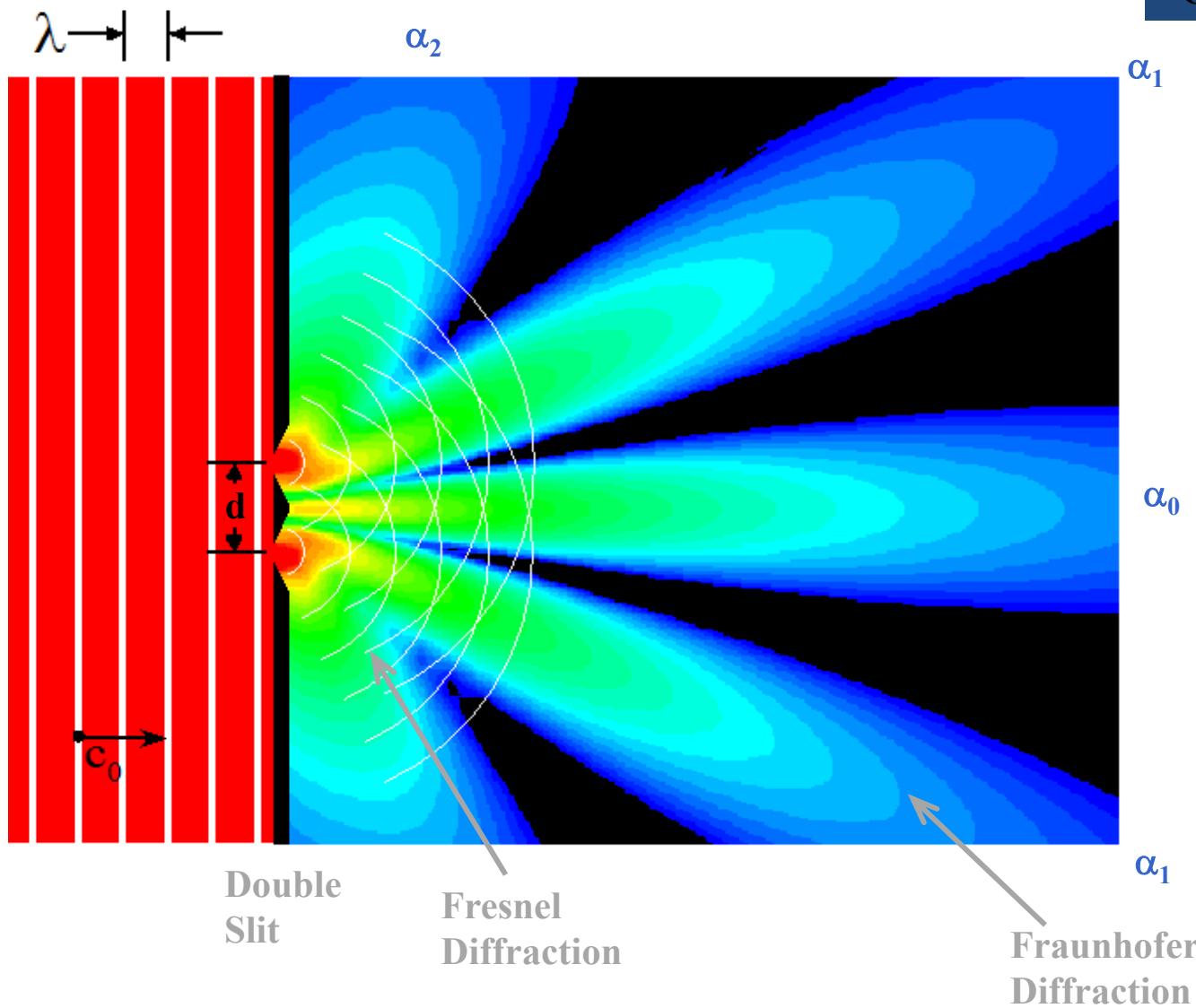
Beamlines

G. Schiwietz



Transverse Beam Size: Interferometry (vs. geometrical Optics)

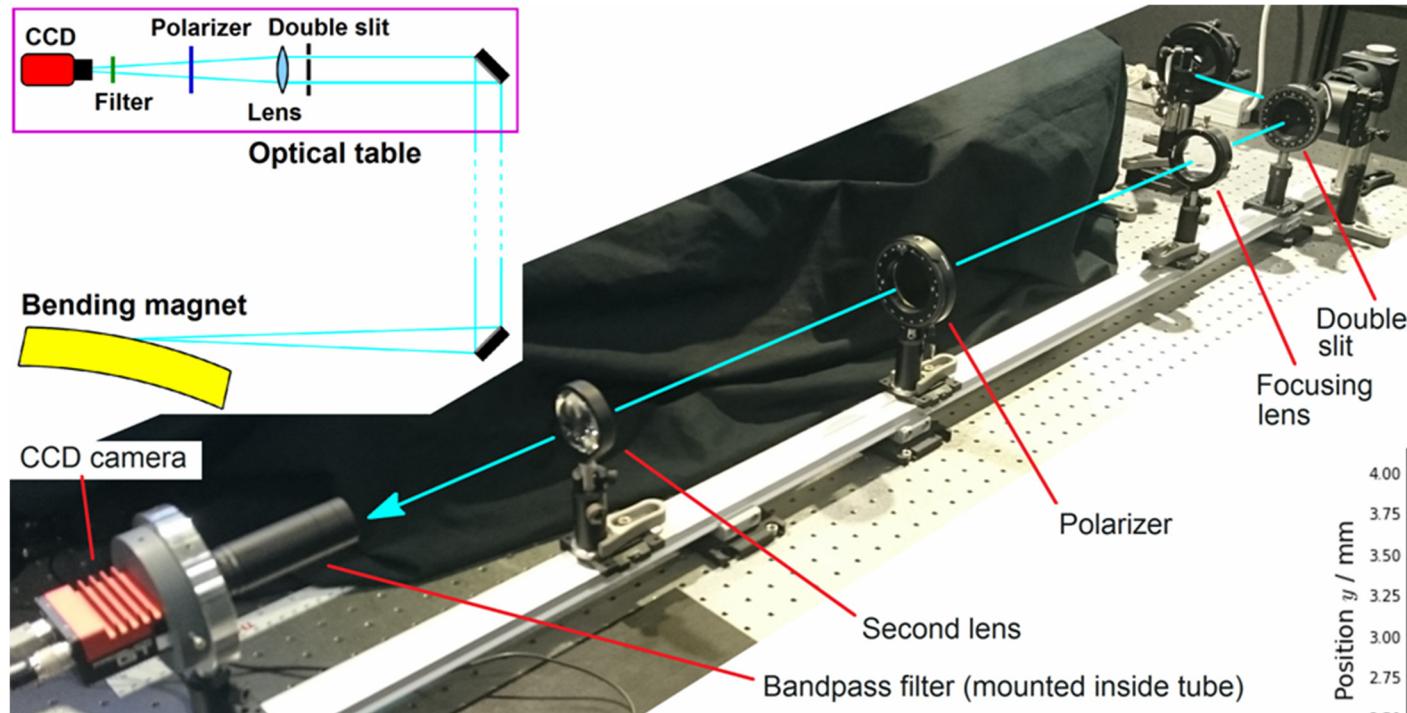
Interferometry



$$\sin \alpha_n = n \cdot \lambda / d$$

Interferometry

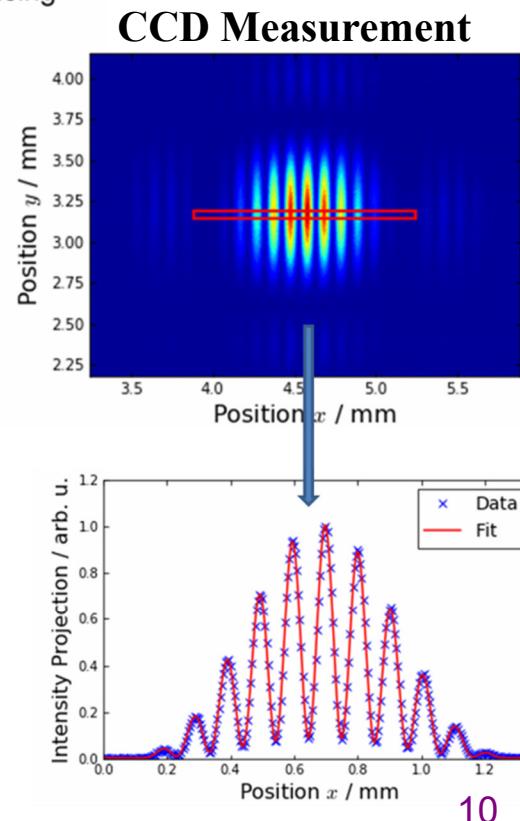
G. Schiwietz



Master Thesis Marten Koopmans:
successful tests of double-slit method

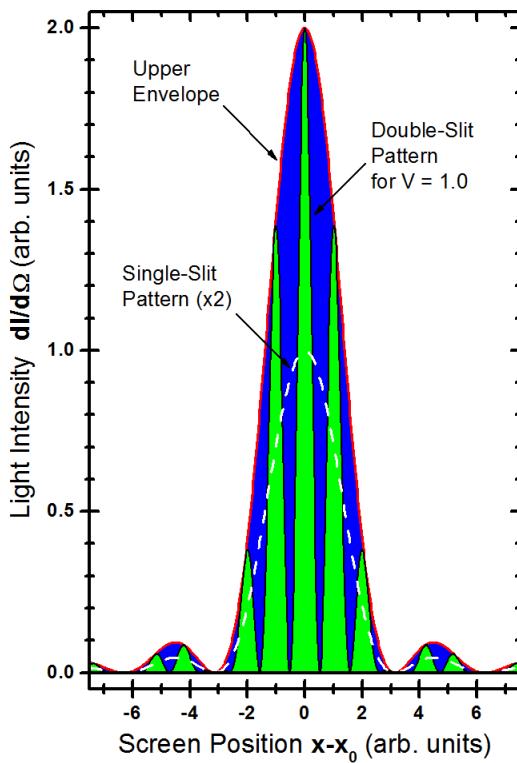
see also T. Mitsuhashi in: Beam measurement
(ed. by S. Kurokawa et al., pp. 399–427, World Scientific 1999).

Scheme and photo of the optical
Interferometric Beam-Size Monitor (IBSM)



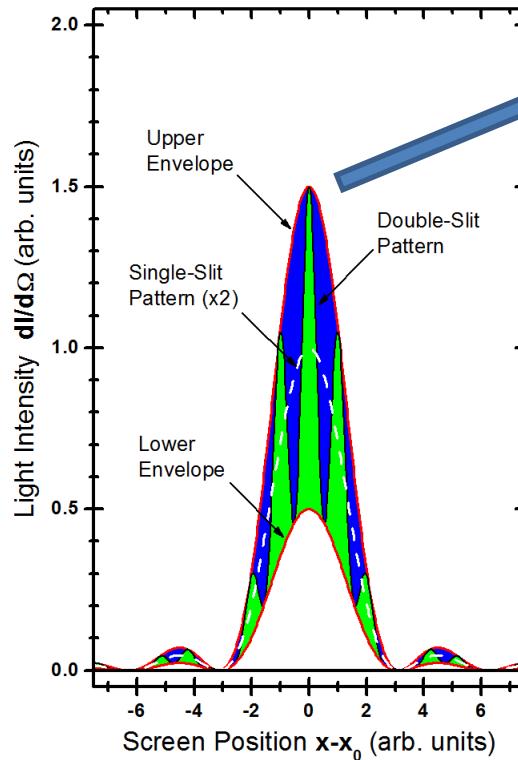
Interferometry

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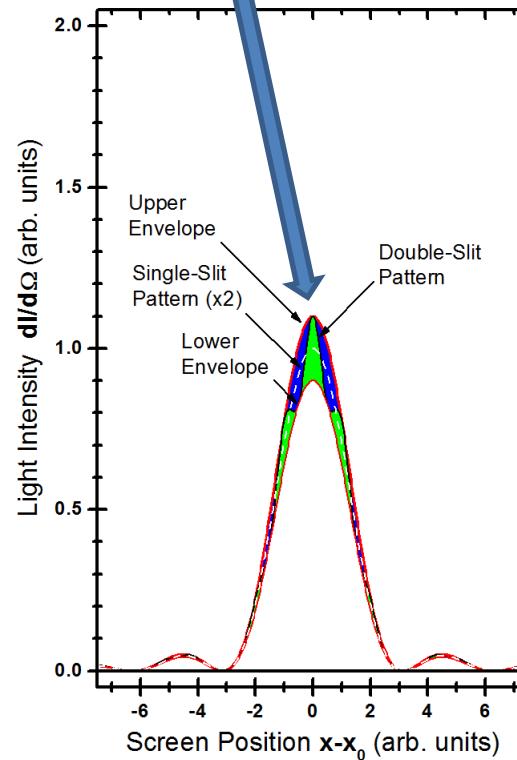
Full spatial coherence:
Point source visibility
 $V = 1.0$

$$V \cong (I_{max} - I_{min})/(I_{max} + I_{min})$$



Reduced spatial coherence:
Visibility $V = 0.5$

Increase by a
factor of 1.8 in σ

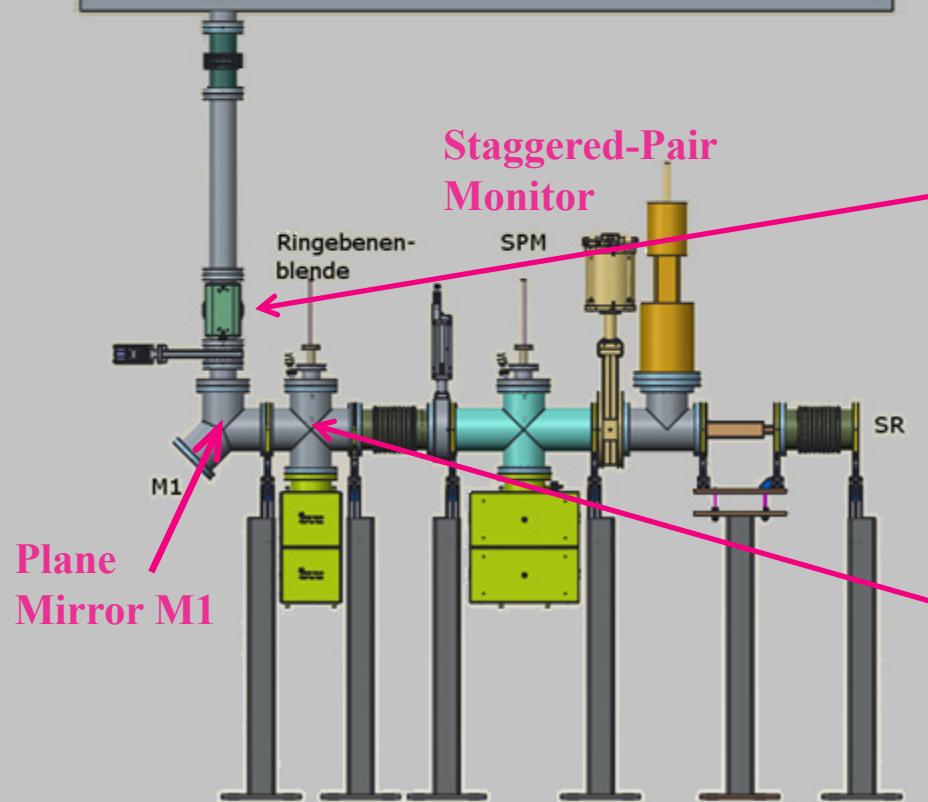
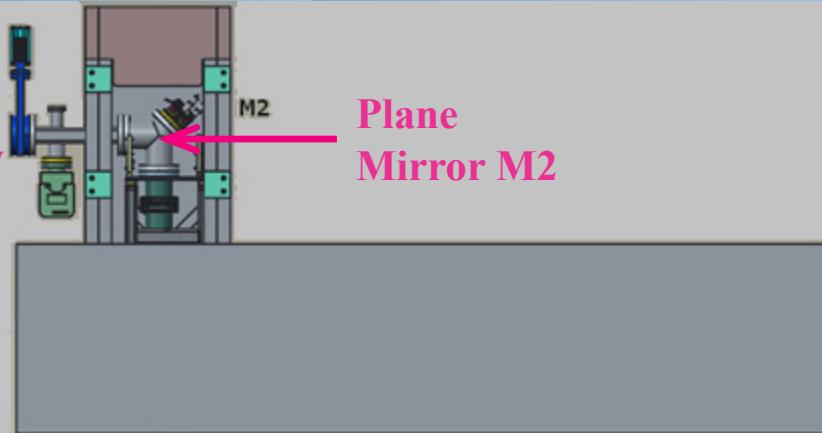


Reduced spatial coherence:
Visibility $V = 0.1$

Interferometry

Wedged Window

Plane Mirror M2



BM2T6R

G. Schiwetz

Sector 12 Dip1.2:

Lateral Bunch-Size:
Interferometry with ICCD

Problems and Solutions

Fast gated Intensified CCD (ICCD), 4 channels

Exposure time: **200 ps to 80 s**

Low jitter : **< 10 ps rms**

Multiple-gate repetition frequency: **< 2.0 MHz**

High dynamic Range: **14 bit**

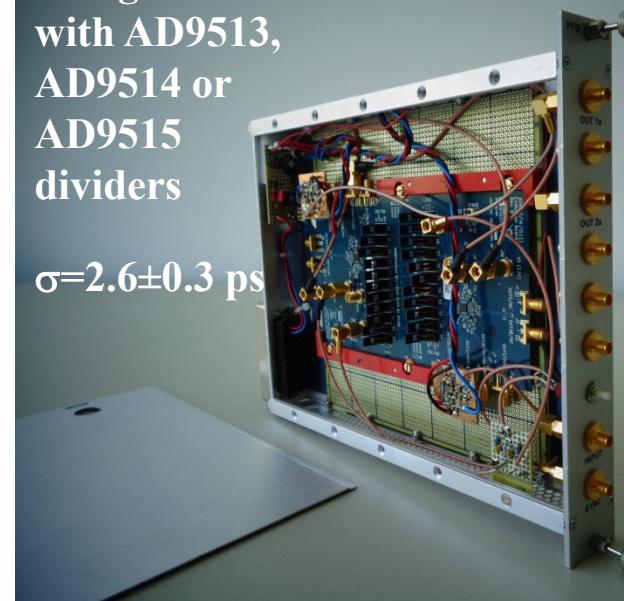


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Needed: **improved revolution trigger**

Using two Evaluation Boards
with AD9513,
AD9514 or
AD9515
dividers

$$\sigma = 2.6 \pm 0.3 \text{ ps}$$



OPTRONIS divider chain
 $\sigma = 2.2 \pm 0.2 \text{ ps}$



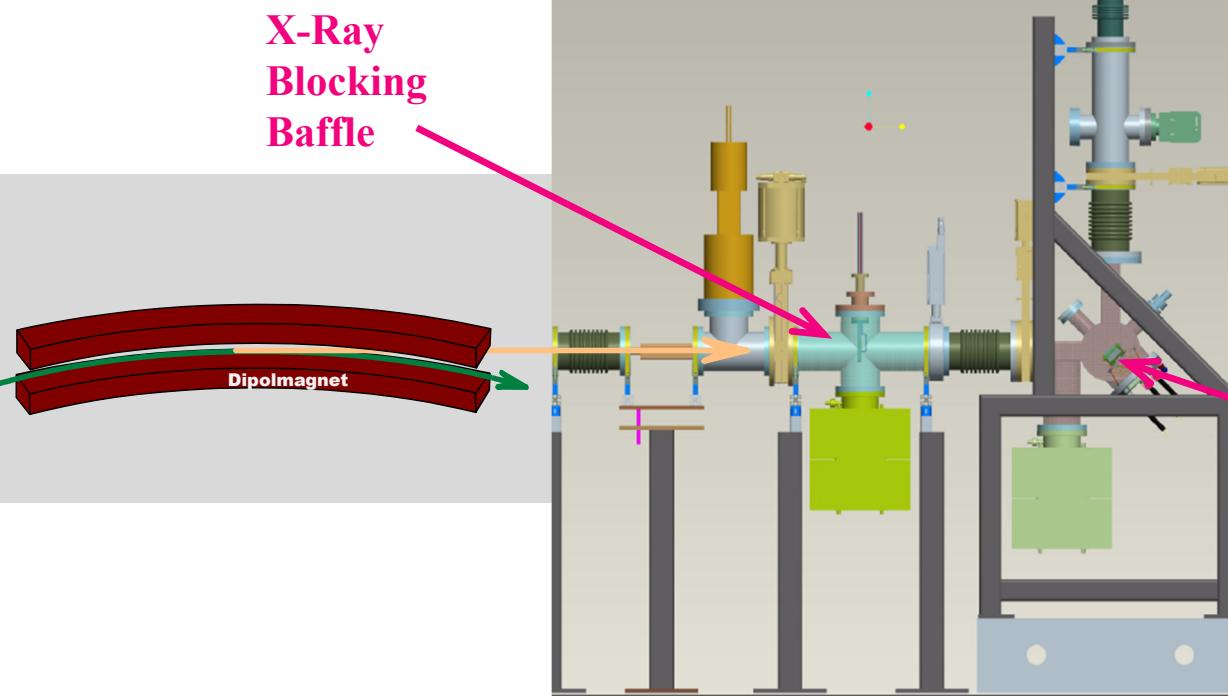
Bunch Length: High Time Resolution and 2D Streak-Camera Modes

Beamlines

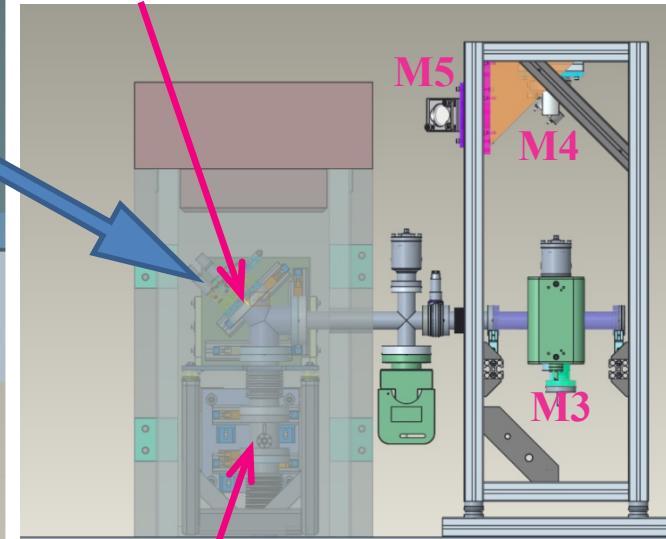
Sector 12 Dip1.1 - BM2T6R

Longitudinal Bunch Size

(timing:
streak Camera
etc.)



Toroidal Mirror M2



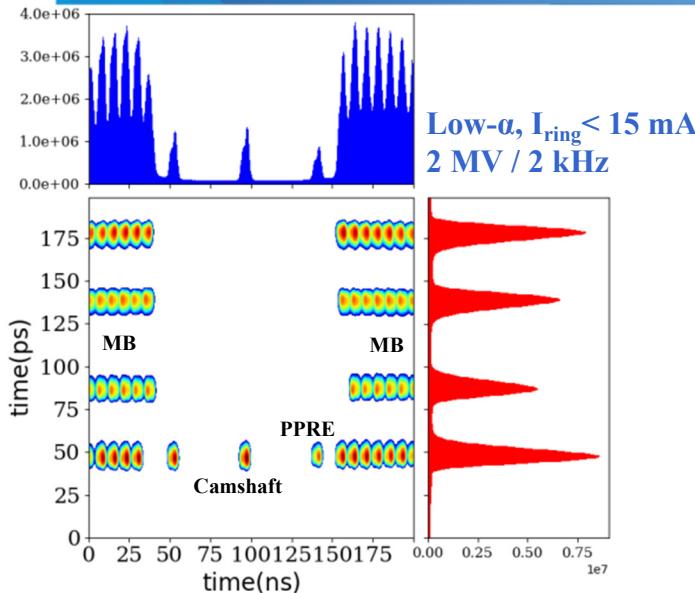
Planar
Mirrors
M4&M5:
Select
transverse
direction

Intermediate
Focal Point
and Slit

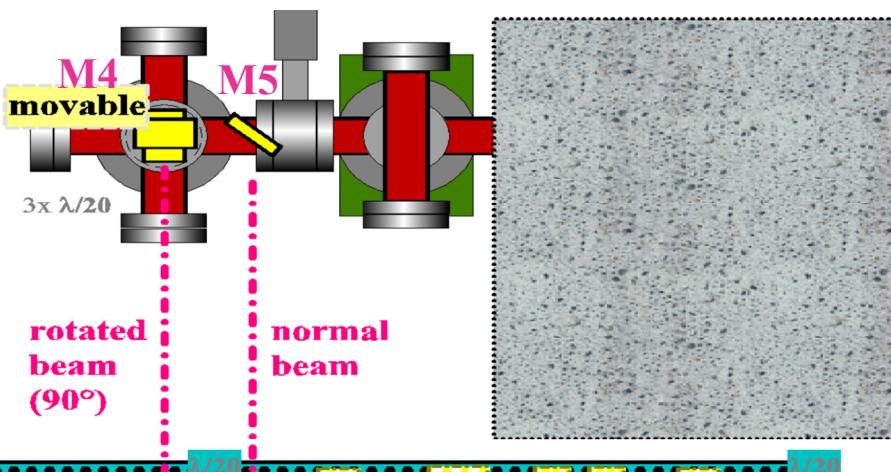
Ellipsoidal
Mirror M1

Beamlines

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Select orientation of collimated light-beam



Alignment Laser

Test Area

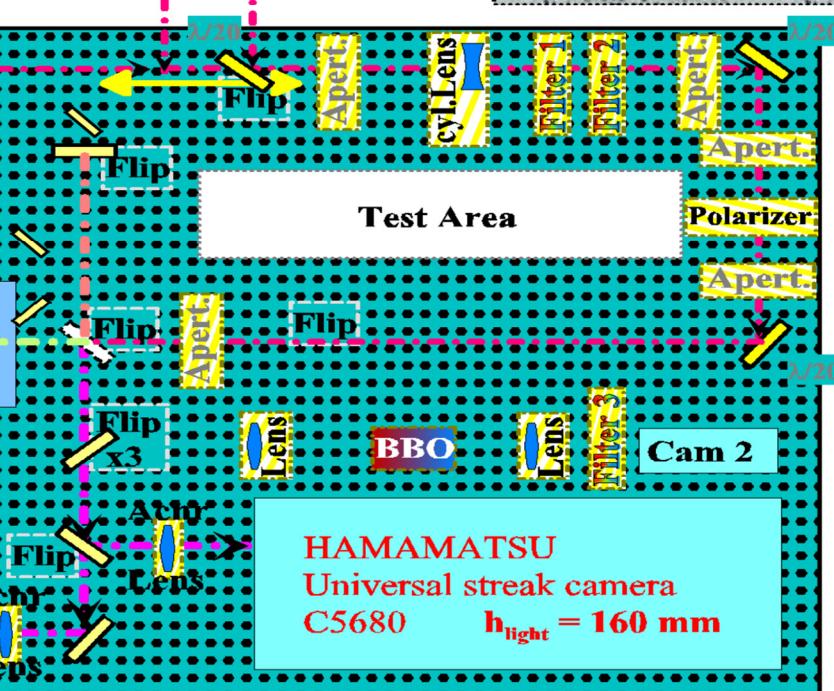
NEWPORT delay table

M-IMS800LM

Cam 1

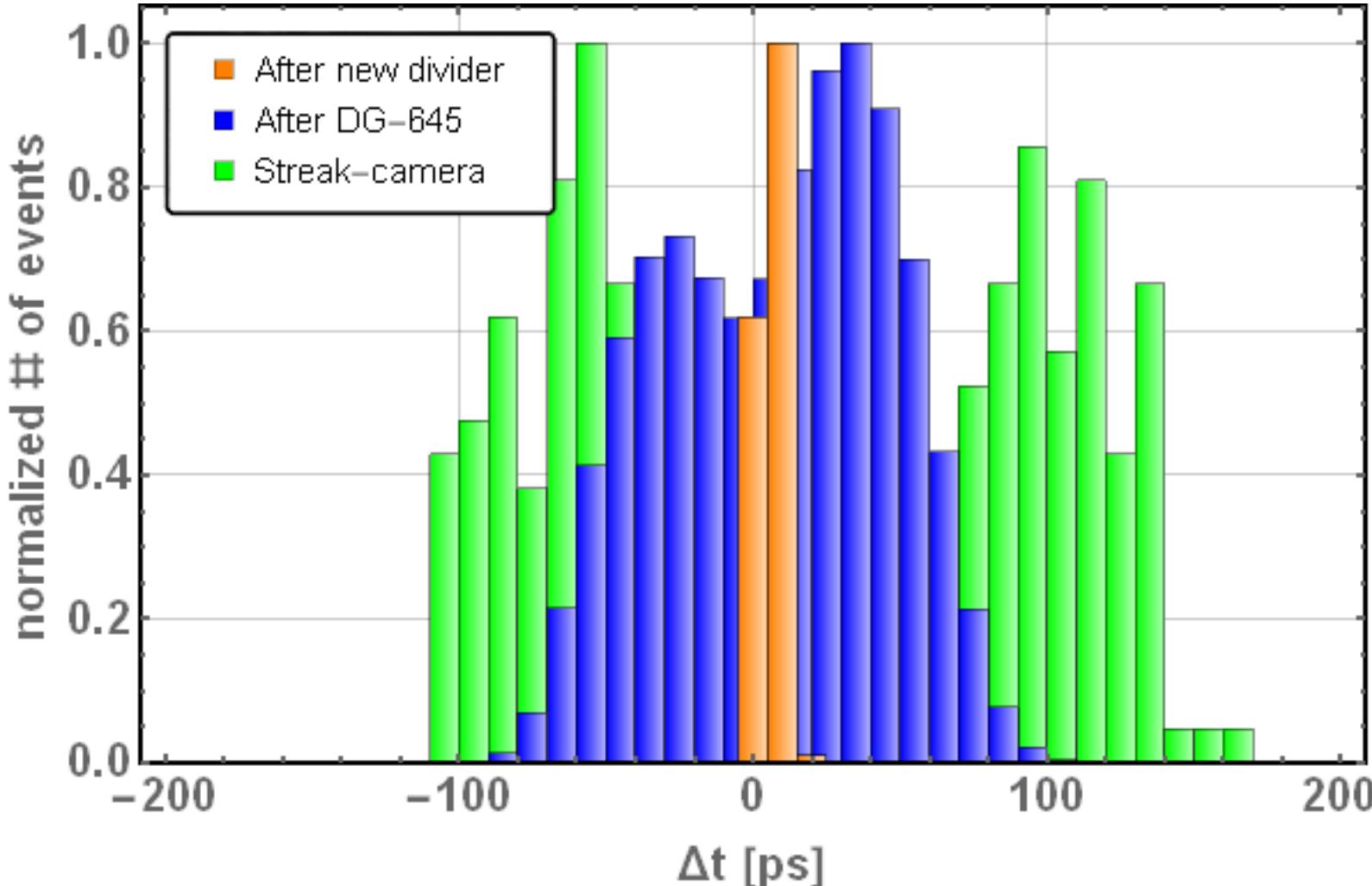
Test Area

HAMAMATSU
Universal streak camera
C10910 $h_{\text{light}} = 160 \text{ mm}$



Select wavelength, bandwidth and polarization

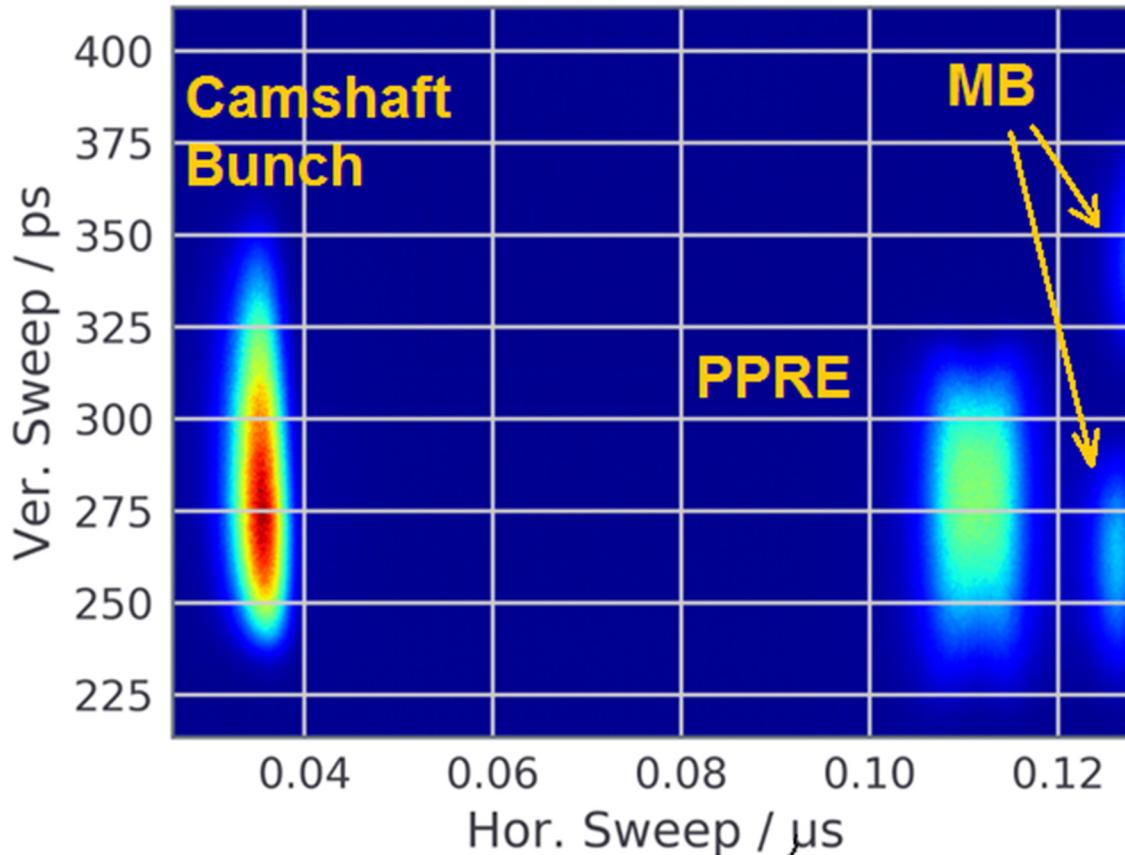
Temperature Stability of the Slow (Horizontal) Time Axis: Average over 40 hours



2D: time versus horizontal axis

Standard BESSY-II user fill-pattern at top-up conditions
near the center of the pseudo-single-bunch gap.

G. Schiawietz



1 x Camshaft bunch
(with 4mA partial ring current)

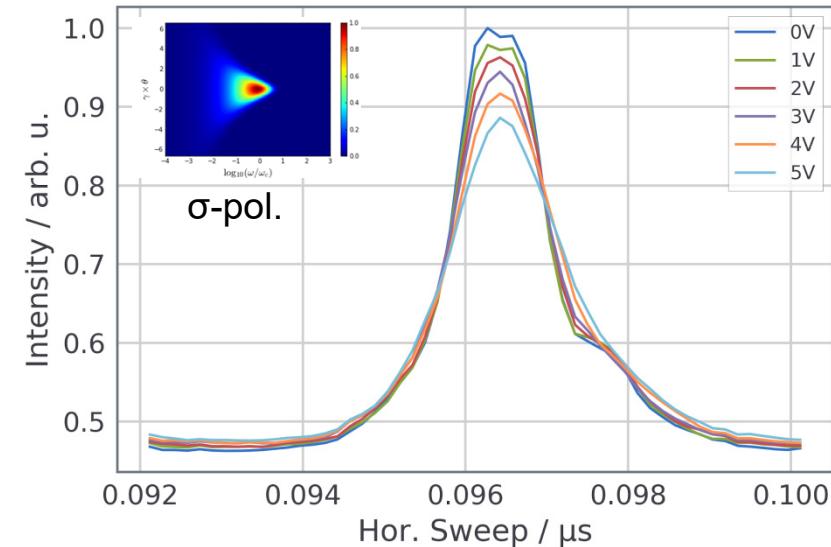
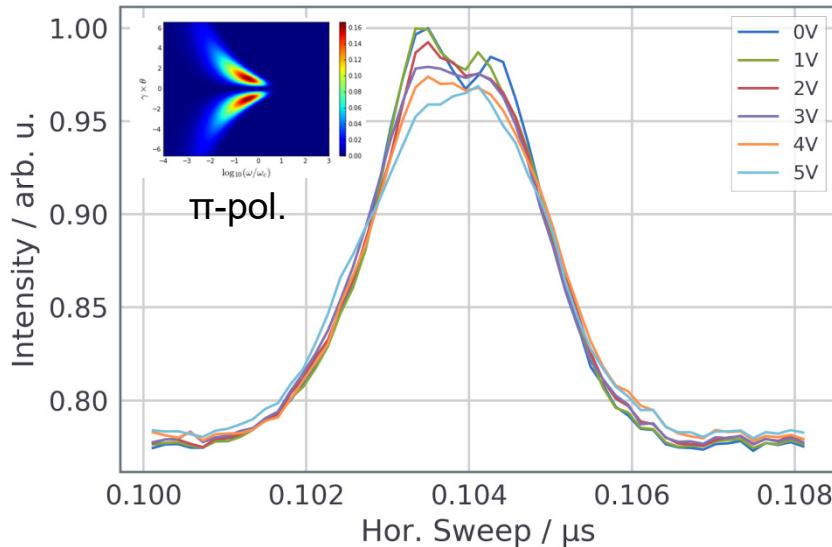
1 x PPRE bunch
(3mA) for pulse picking by
resonant excitation *

2 x MB bunch of the multi-bunch
train (0.8 mA per bunch)

* K. Holldack et al.,
Nature Communications Vol. 5, 4010 (2014)

2D: time versus vertical axis

➤ Profile of a single bunch for both polarizations
as function of white-noise excitation

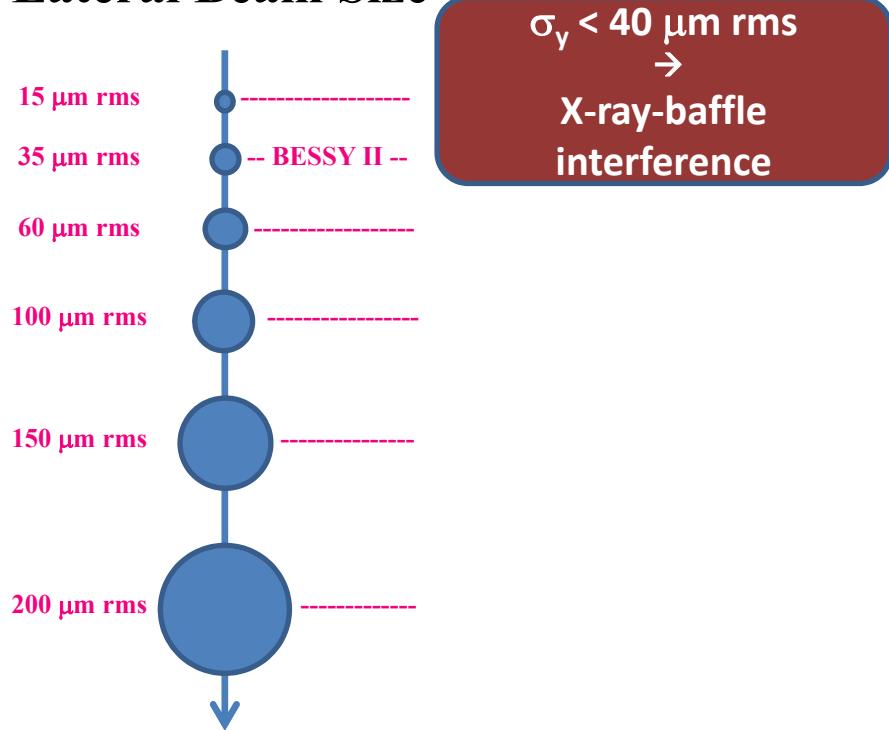


M. Koopmans et al., “Vertical Beam Size Measurement Methods at the BESSY II Storage Ring and their Resolution Limits”,
in IPAC'19 proceedings , Melbourne, Australia, May 2019,
pp. 2491-2494. doi:10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-WEPGW012

For the X-ray-baffle method, see, e.g.,
J. Breunlin, Å. Andersson, N. Milas, Á. Saá Hernández, V. Schlott,
NIM-A803, 55–64 (2015) and refs. therein.

Conclusions

Lateral Beam Size



New beamline

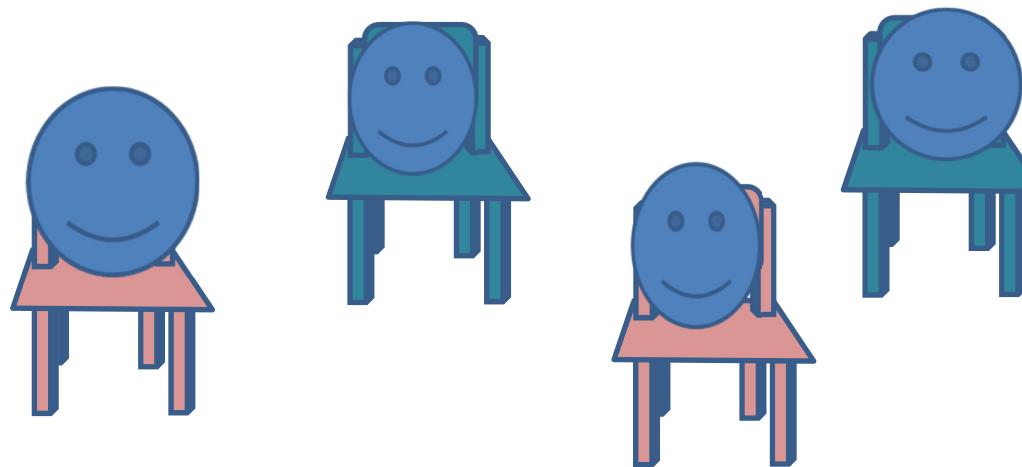
$25 \mu\text{m rms} < \sigma_x, \sigma_y < 200 \mu\text{m rms}$
→
Double-slit interference

$\sigma_x > 50 \mu\text{m rms}$
 $\sigma_y > 70 \mu\text{m rms}$
→
Geometrical imaging
(follows from Rayleigh's diffract. criterion or Abbe limit)

Longitudinal Beam Size (Bunch Length)

- Time resolution $\Delta t = 0.9 \pm 0.2 \text{ ps FWHM}$
@ 1000 synchro-scan sweeps per second
- 2D measurements with high longitudinal and lateral resolution for *time vs. x* and *time vs. y* have been demonstrated
- 2D measurements in combination with interferometry (X-ray-baffle method) have been demonstrated for *time vs. y*

***Thank you
for your attention !***



For more information on BESSY II and BESSY VSR
developments, please visit IBIC posters
MOPP026 (on a *new longitudinal kicker cavity ...*) and
WEPP003 (on a *new button-type BPM ...*)