



Elettra  
Sincrotrone  
Trieste



# Jitter-free time resolved resonant CDI experiments using two-color FEL pulses generated by the same electron bunch

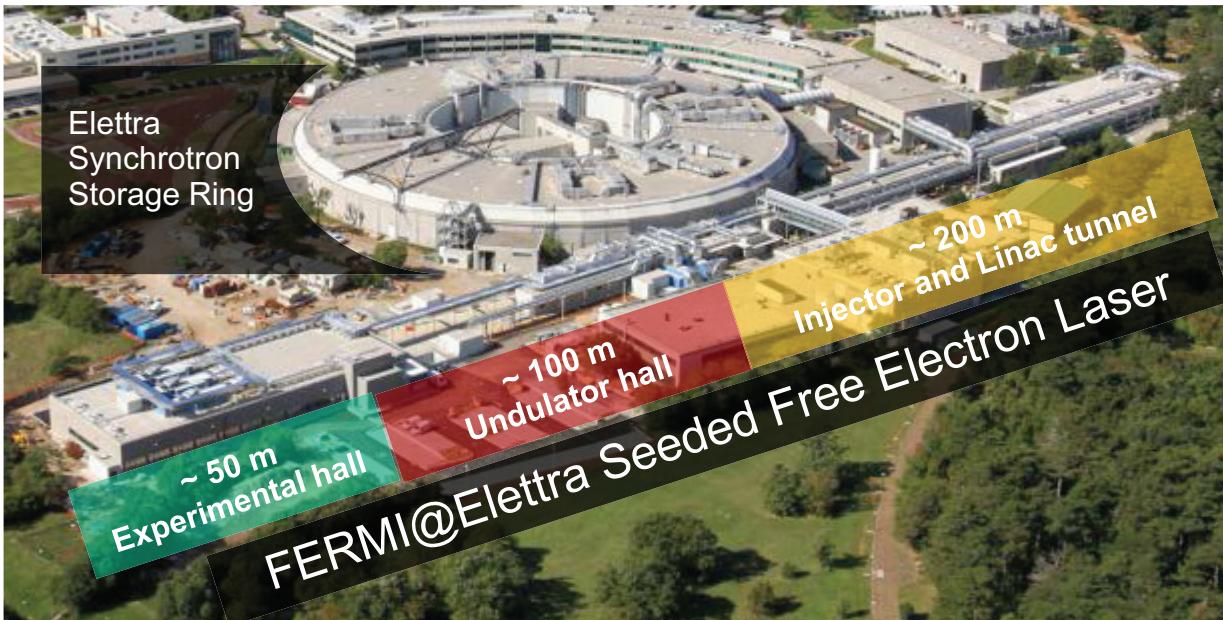
Marco Zangrando, Flavio Capotondi  
& FERMI team



- FERMI@Elettra
- Photon Beam Transport System (**PADReS**)
- DiProl endstation
- Two-color experiment: source peculiarities
  - PRESTO + KAOS contribution
  - results
- Discussion and perspectives
- Acknowledgments

# FERMI@Elettra

## Layout + Parameters

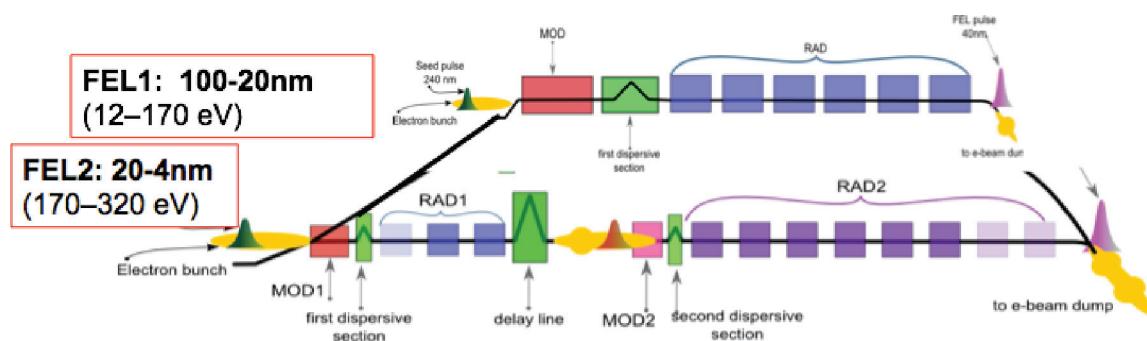


### Parameters:

- FEL-1: 86-20 nm
- FEL-2: 20-4 nm
- Pulse length: <100 fs FWHM
- Bandwidth: 20-40 meV rms
- Polarization: LH-LV-RC-LC
- $\lambda$  fluctuation: within BW

### Beamlines:

- **DiProl:** Diffraction and Projection Imaging (M. Kiskinova, F. Capotondi)
- **LDM:** Low Density Matter (C. Callegari)
- **EIS-TIMEX:** Elastic and Inelastic Scattering (C. Masciovecchio, E. Principi)



Open to external users since 12/2012

2<sup>nd</sup> external users Run: scheduled

3<sup>rd</sup> call for users: deadline in 10/2013

FEL-2 open to users in late 2014

### Motivations

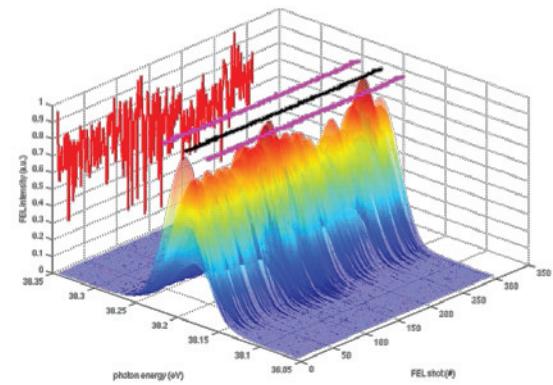
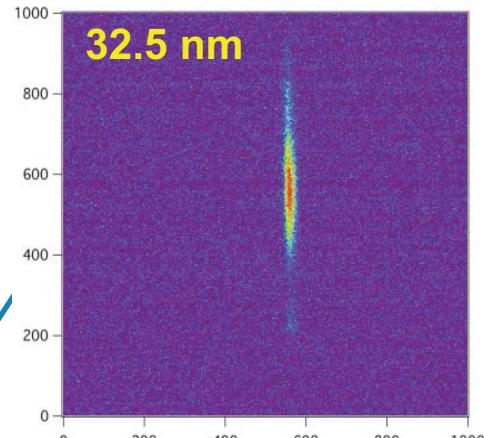
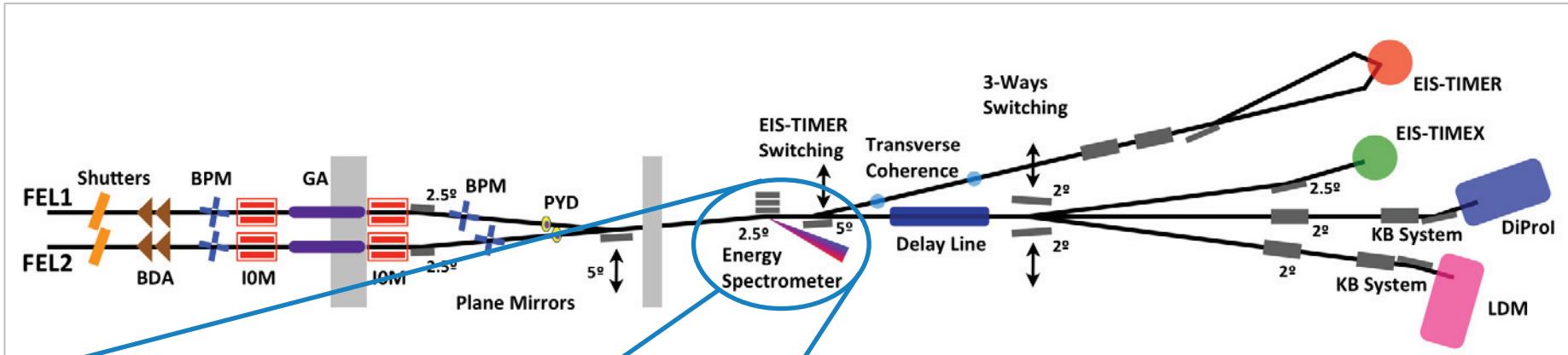
- Pump-probe techniques to study non-equilibrium transient states of matter → extended to HHG- and FEL-generated pulses (either X-ray or synchronized optical and X-ray pulses pairs)
- Advantage of XUV/X-ray photons:  
they can stimulate and probe electronic transitions from core levels, providing chemical selectivity as well
- Ultrabright FELs overcome the pulse intensity and wavelength tunability limitations of HHG sources

### Requests

- Generate two FEL pulses with precisely controlled time delay, wavelength and intensity ratio
- Perform proof-of-principle XUV-pump / XUV-probe experiment that examines the dynamics of a thin-metal layer structure exposed to high intensity XUV excitation

# PHOTON TRANSPORT SYSTEM

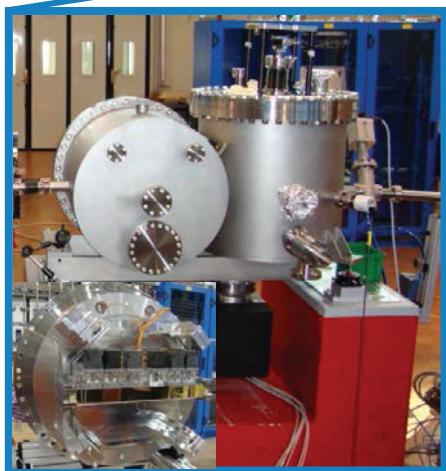
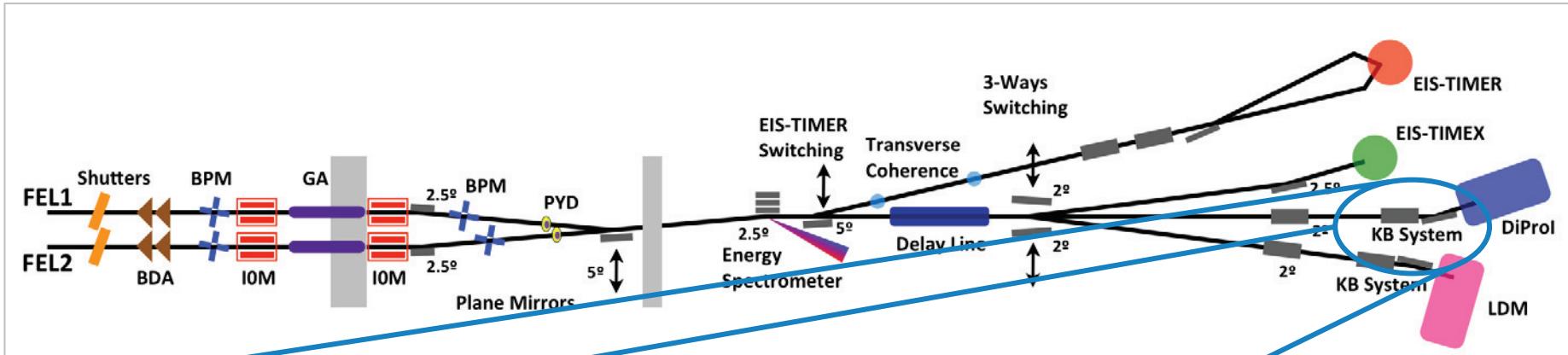
## Energy Spectrometer



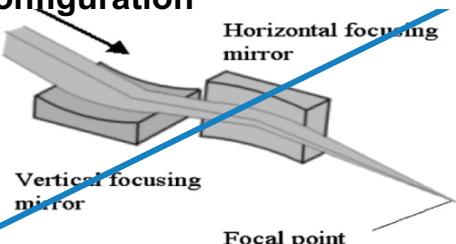
- Online (non invasive)
- Shot-to-Shot
- ~97% of FEL → beamlines
- 1% of FEL → YAG + triggered CCD
- Resolving Power ~15000 @32.5nm (2.5meV)
- Available information: wavelength, BW, spectral content

**FEL photon energy**  
 $38.19\text{eV} \pm 1.1\text{meV}$  (rms)  
**FEL bandwidth**  
 $22.5\text{meV}$   
**Spectral purity**  
 $5.9\text{e-4}$

# PHOTON TRANSPORT SYSTEM KB focusing mirrors

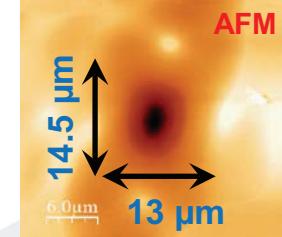
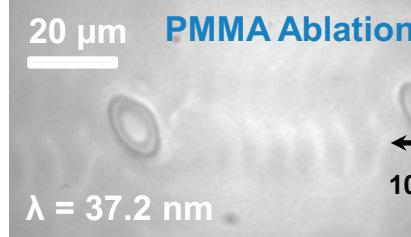
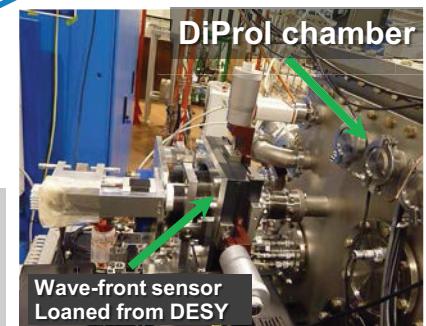


**KAOS**  
(Kirpatrick-Baez Active Optics System)  
**Bendable plane mirrors in**  
**Kirkpatrick-Baez**  
**configuration**



**Focal length:** 1.2-1.75 m  
**Incidence angle:** 2°

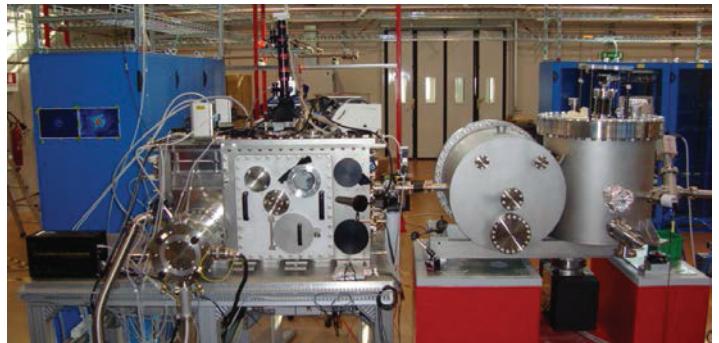
WFS measurements in collaboration with:  
L. Raimondi and PADReS  
DESY + Laser-Lab. Gottingen  
Image Optics + CEA and LOA



**Best spot 10 μm x 13.5 μm**

# DiProI ENDSTATION

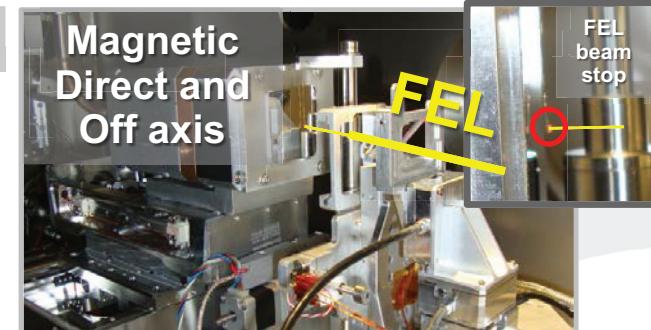
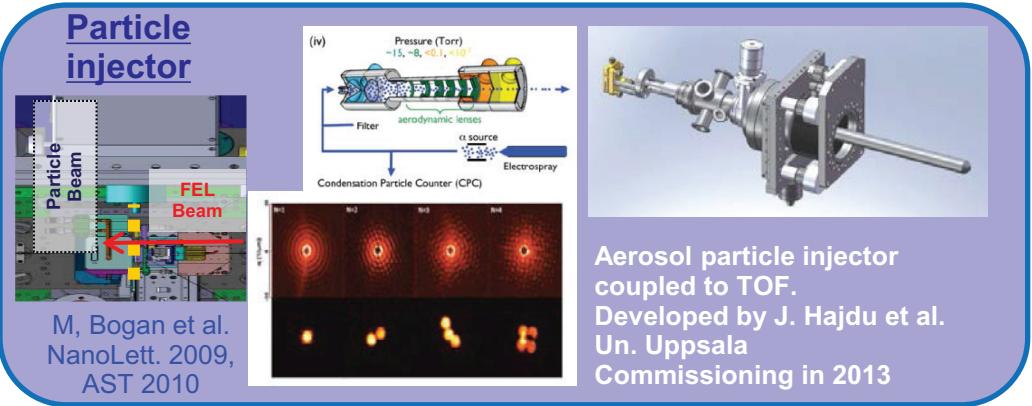
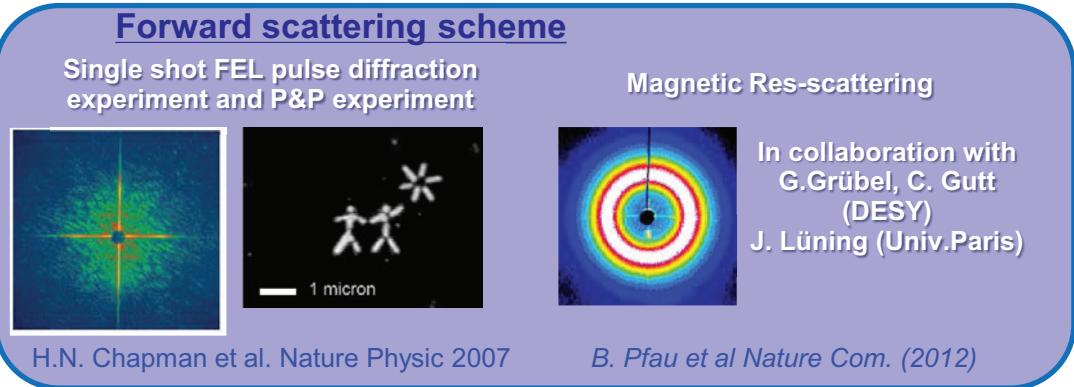
## Core capabilities

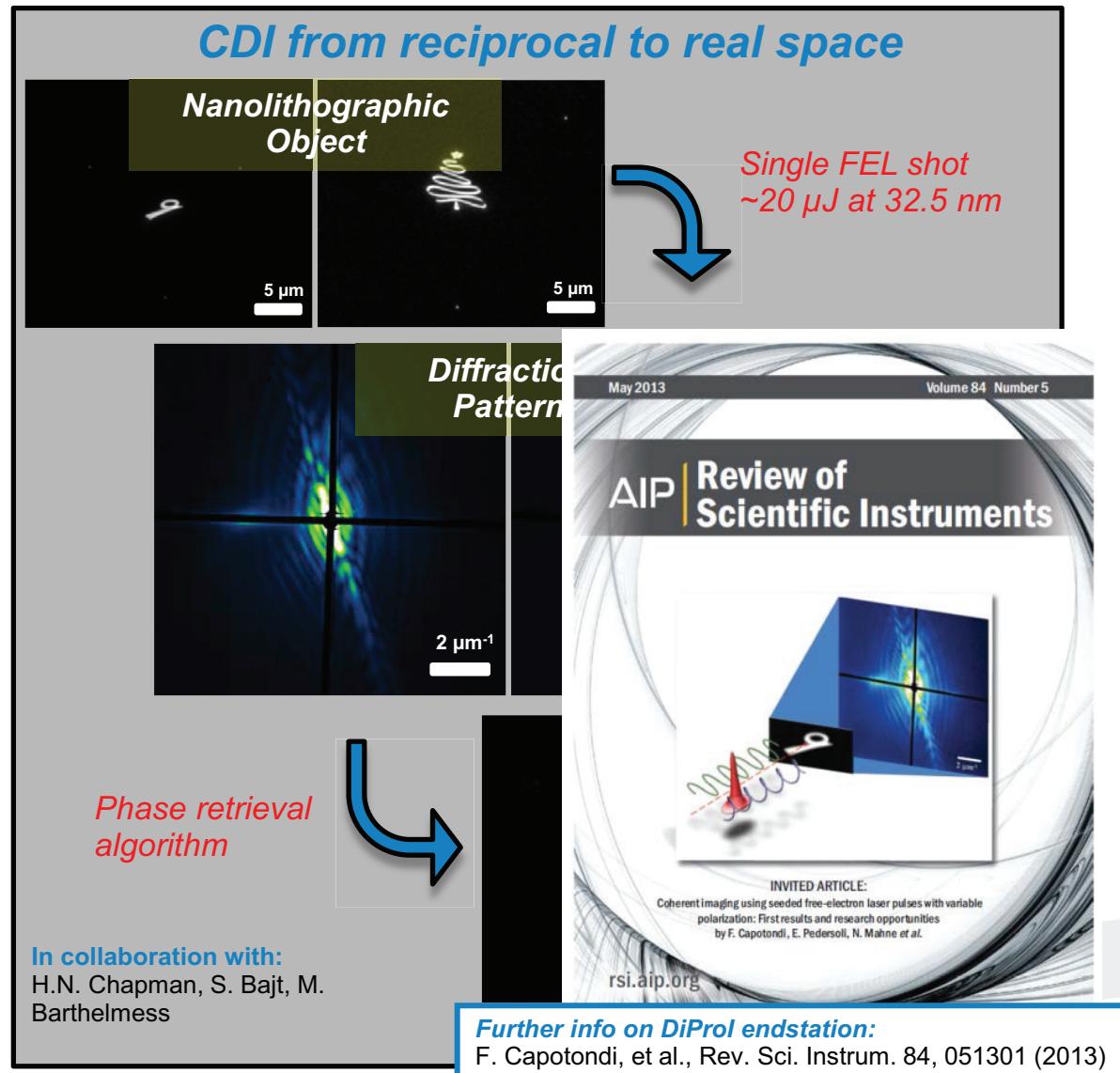
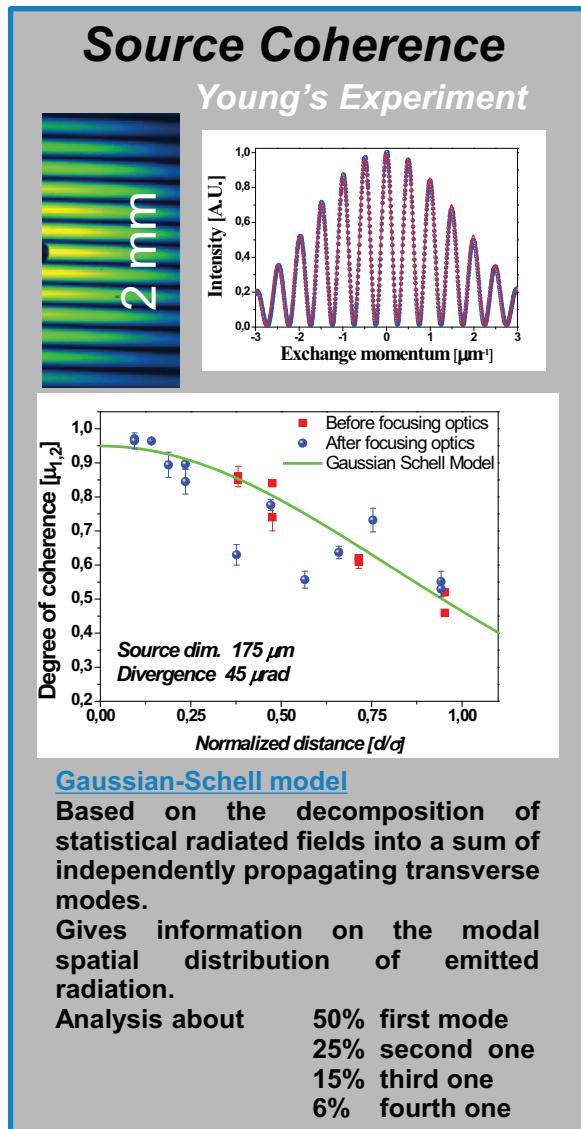


Installed on dedicated FERMI beamline: June 2011  
Open to User Experiments: December 2012

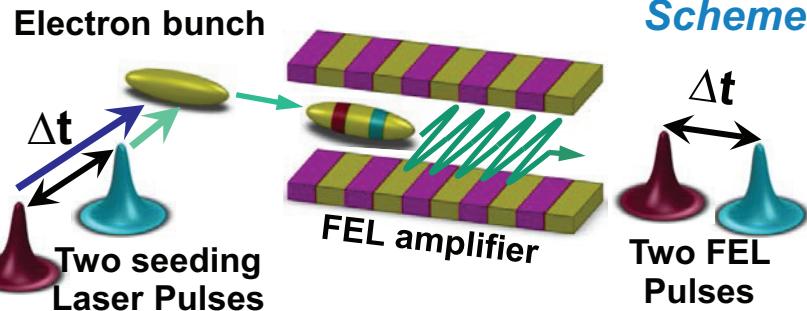
**Versatile modular construction  
allowing exchange and/or adding  
new components**

Indirect



DiProI ENDSTATION  
Commissioning results

## Pulses Generation Scheme



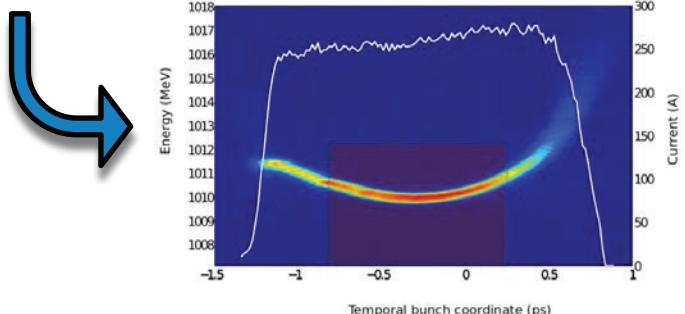
Achievable delay: 300 – 700 fs (December 2012)

### Seed pulses:

independently tunable in 260-262 nm  
180 fs-long (FWHM)  
variable time separation and intensity ratio  
splitting introduced in the seed fundamental

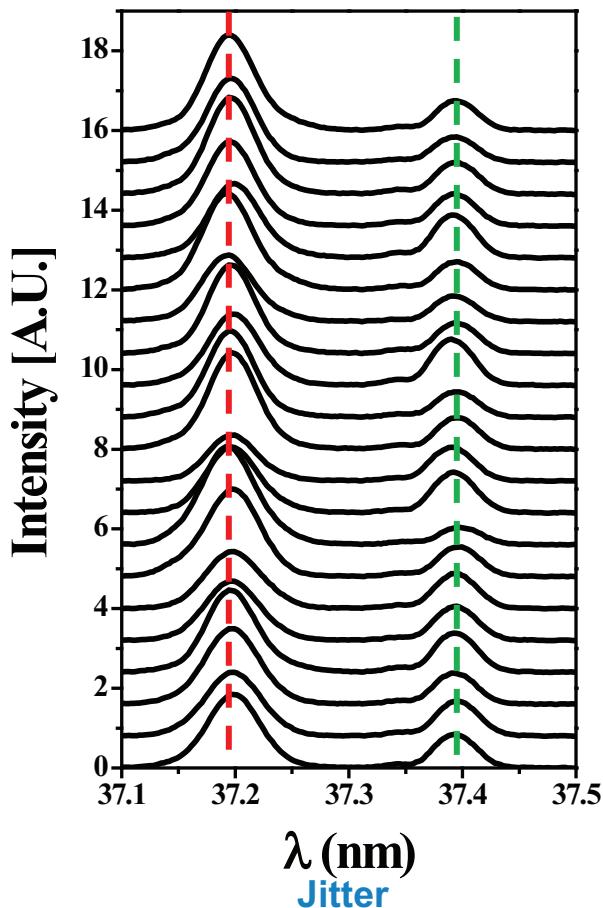
### e<sup>-</sup> bunch:

mildly compressed 750 fs-long  
preserve the temporal uniformity of current and energy



## TWO-COLOR EXPERIMENT

### Scheme + Source features

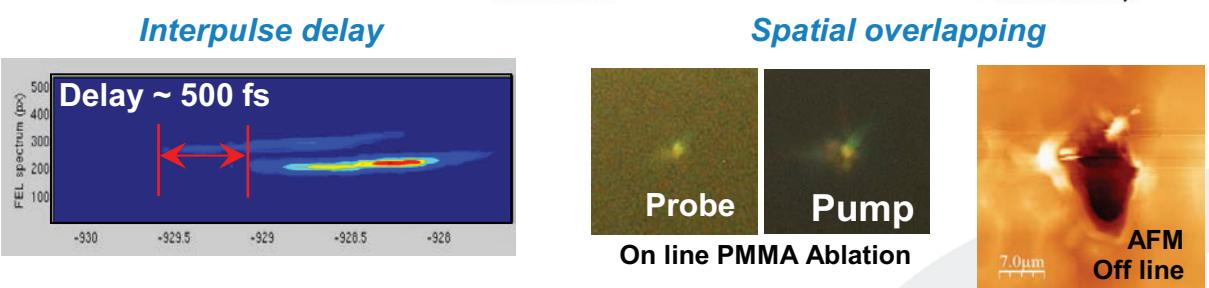
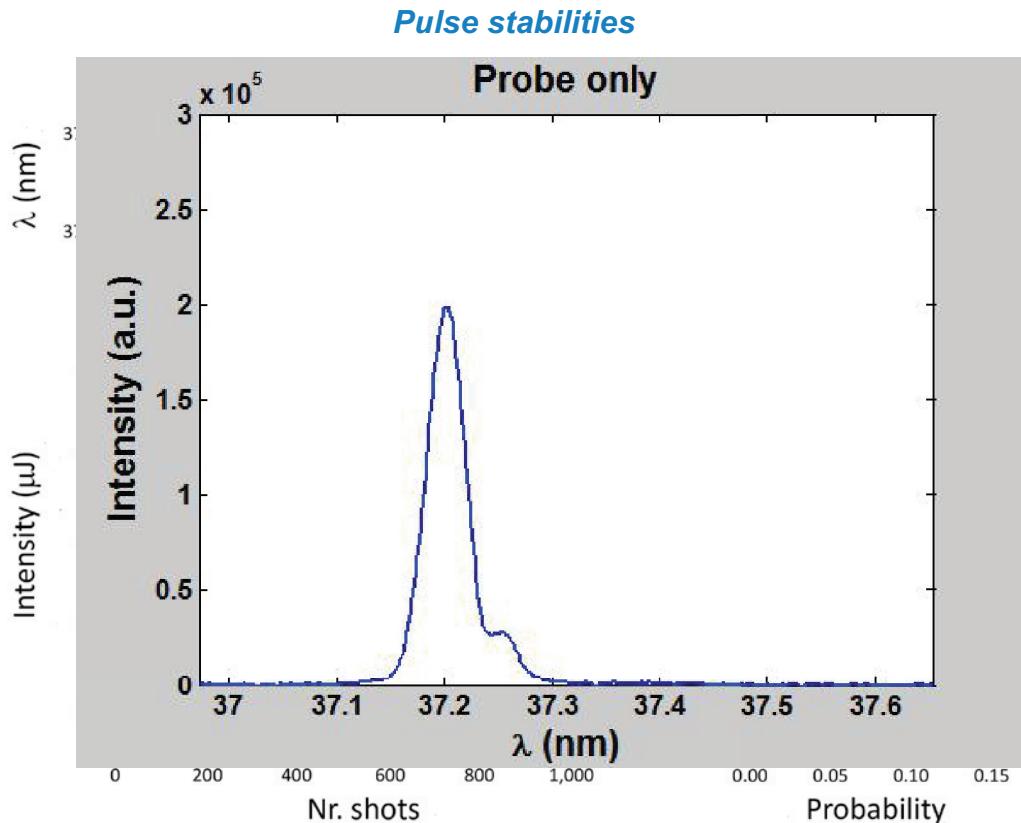
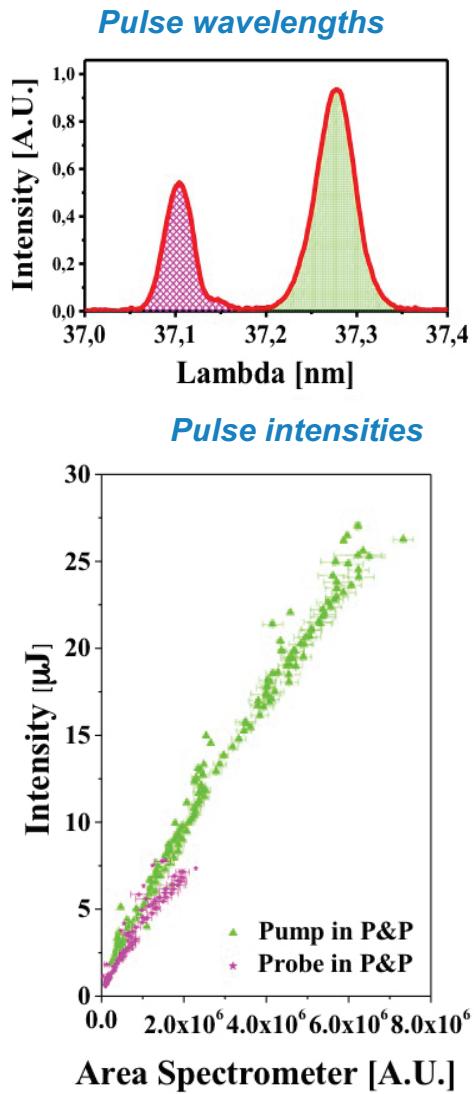


0,005 % Shot-to-Shot spectral  
~15% Shot-to-Shot intensity

### In collaboration with:

F. Bencivenga, D. Fausti, Fermi Commissioning Team (L. Giannessi, E. Allaria, et al.)  
Lasers Team (M. Danailov, et al.), PADReS Team (L. Raimondi, M. Zangrandi, et al.)

# TWO-COLOR EXPERIMENT PRESTO + KAOS

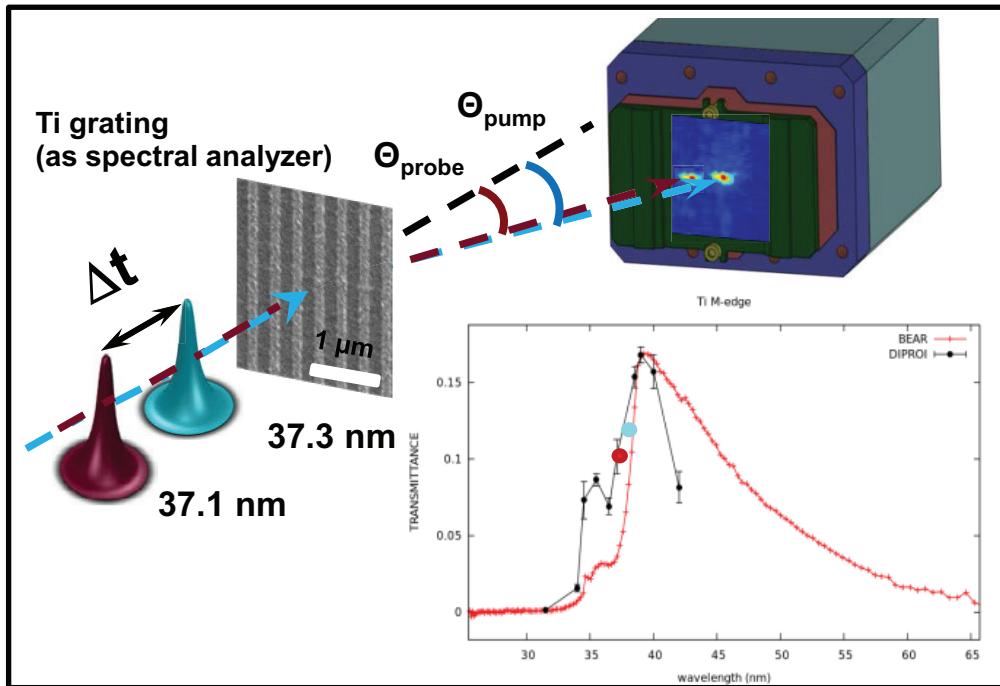


E. Allaria, et al., Nature Comm., to be published (2013)

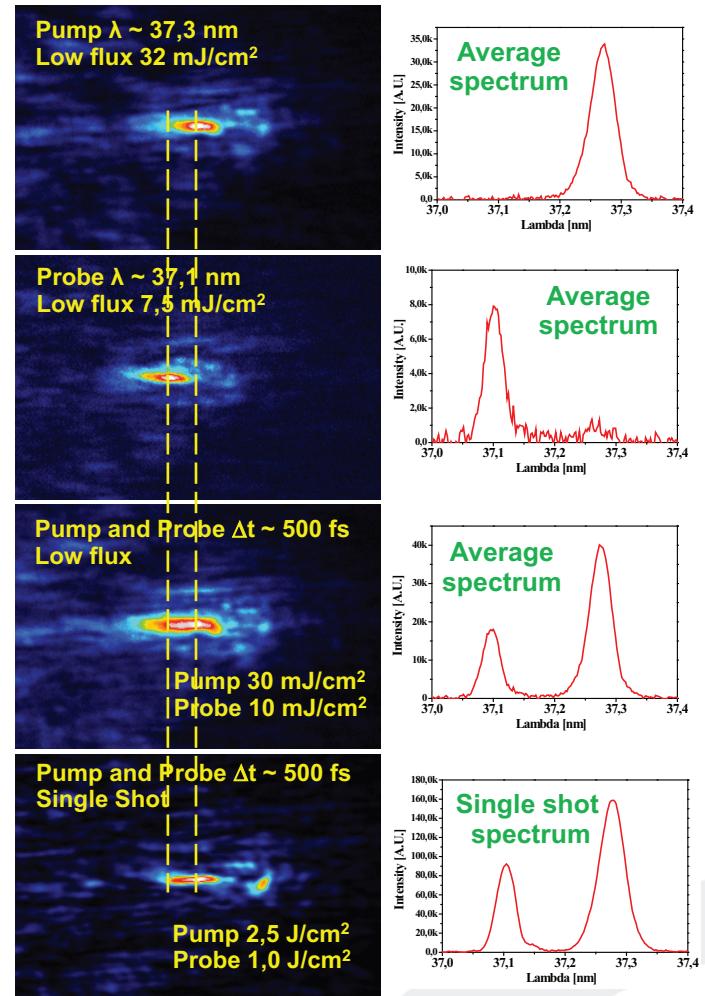
# TWO-COLOR EXPERIMENT

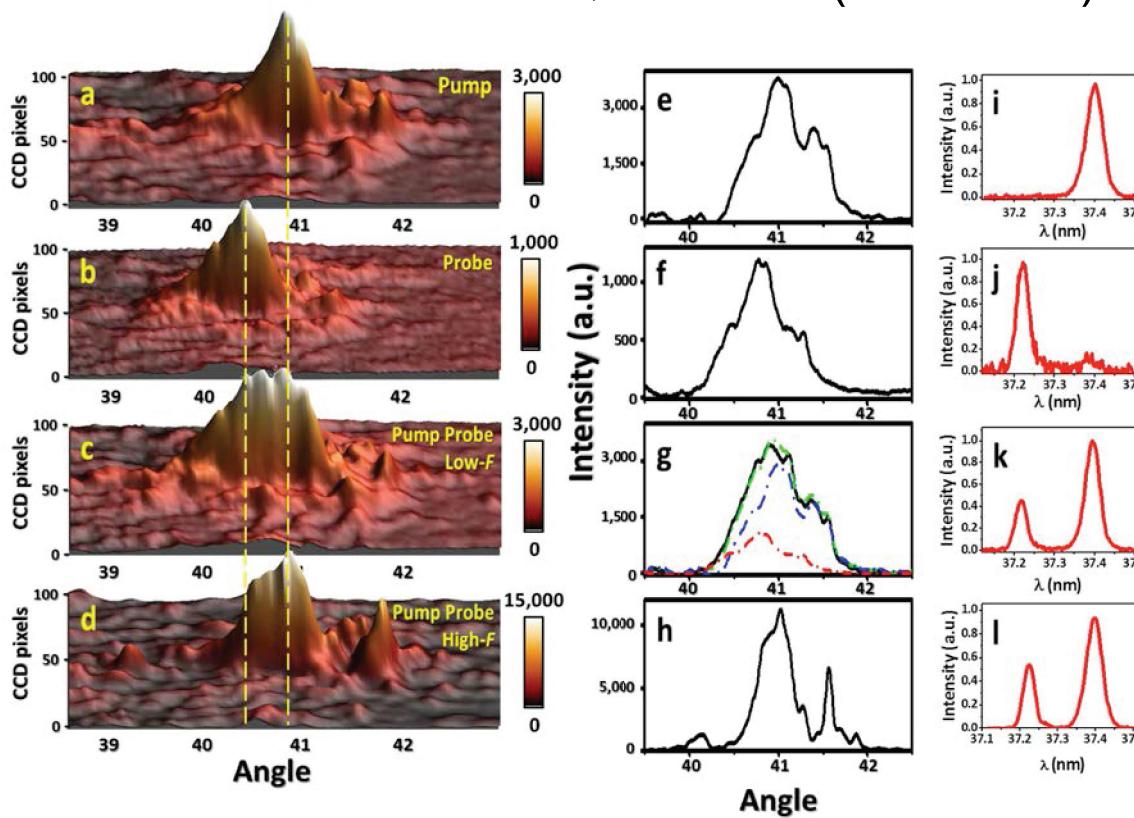
## Experimental setup + Results

### Two pulses tuned to wavelengths across the Ti- M edge



The two pulses have different wavelengths so to be diffracted at different angles → detected at different positions on the CCD



TWO-COLOR EXPERIMENT  
Results (continued)

At high fluence → evidence for dramatic changes in the Ti electronic structure: high degree of ionization that shifts the Ti edge to shorter wavelengths making the grating ‘transparent’ for the second pulse [low-F → <1% of Ti atoms ionized – high-F → ~100% of Ti atoms ionized (in some tens of fs)]

The pulse length (~90 fs) and the delay (max 500 fs) are shorter than the time scales of hydrodynamic expansion 1 - 10 ps

E. Allaria, et al., Nature Comm., to be published (2013)

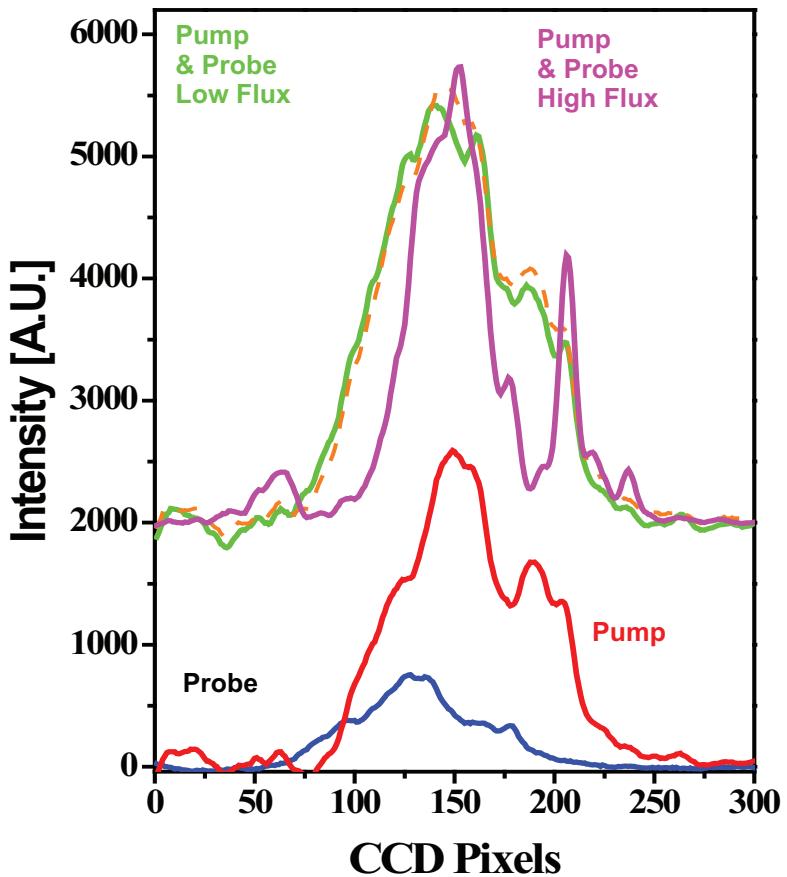
# TWO-COLOR EXPERIMENT

## Comparison with theory

PRL 107, 218102 (2011)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
18 NOVEMBER 2011



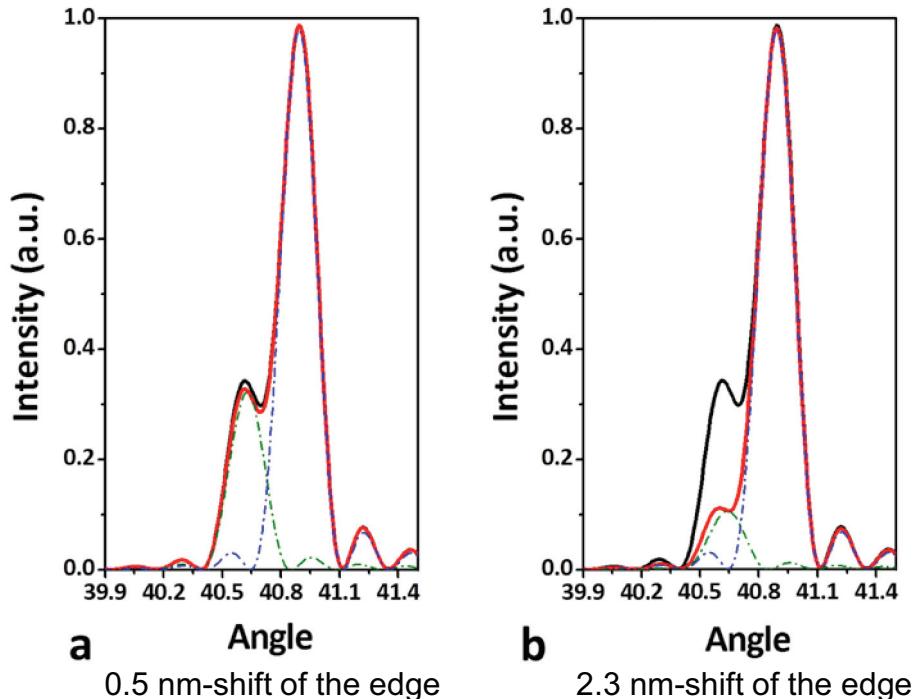
### Multiwavelength Anomalous Diffraction at High X-Ray Intensity

Sang-Kil Son (손상길)<sup>1,\*</sup>, Henry N. Chapman,<sup>1,2,\*</sup> and Robin Santra<sup>1,2,†</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Center for Free-Electron Laser Science, DESY, Hamburg, Germany

<sup>2</sup>Department of Physics, University of Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany

(Received 23 May 2011; published 14 November 2011)



The experimental results can be reproduced using a 2.3 nm-long edge shift  
i.e., when the probe  $\lambda$  is not anymore in the absorption edge window



# TWO-COLOR EXPERIMENT

## Reducing the interpulse delay

The present scheme (2 seeding pulses) can generate interpulse delays down to 150-200 fs. To decrease further the delay (to values comparable to the FEL pulse length) a different approach should be followed:  
**seeding with a single, frequency-chirped pulse → spectro-temporal splitting in FEL deep saturation regime**

PRL 110, 064801 (2013)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending  
8 FEBRUARY 2013

### Chirped Seeded Free-Electron Lasers: Self-Standing Light Sources for Two-Color Pump-Probe Experiments

Giovanni De Ninno,<sup>1,2</sup> Benoît Mahieu,<sup>1,2,3</sup> Enrico Allaria,<sup>2</sup> Luca Giannessi,<sup>2,4</sup> and Simone Spampinati<sup>2</sup>

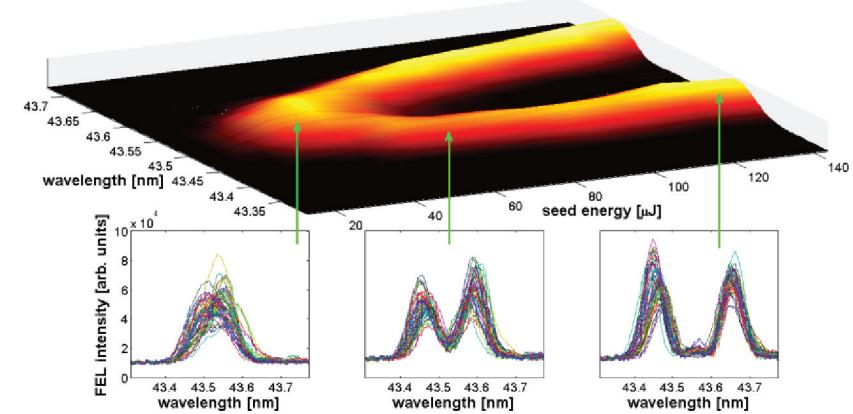
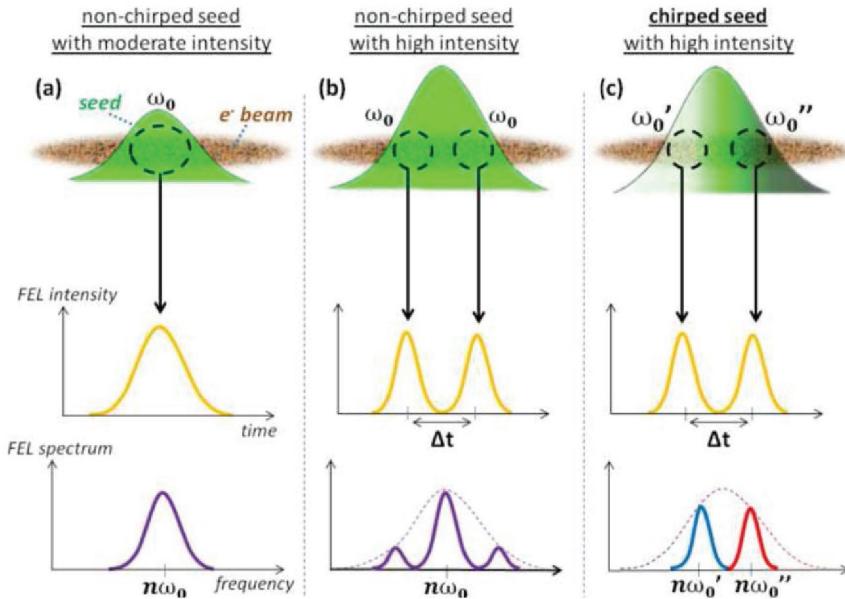
<sup>1</sup>Laboratory of Quantum Optics, University of Nova Gorica, Nova Gorica 5001, Slovenia

<sup>2</sup>Sincrotrone Trieste, Trieste 34149, Italy

<sup>3</sup>Service des Photons Atomes et Molécules, Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique,  
Centre d'Etudes de Saclay, Gif-sur-Yvette 91191, France

<sup>4</sup>ENEA C.R. Frascati, Frascati 00044, Italy

(Received 9 August 2012; revised manuscript received 16 December 2012; published 4 February 2013)



- FERMI and DiProL: operative and versatile
  - Successful generation of two FEL pulses with precisely controlled wavelengths, time delay and intensity ratio
  - Test experiment on Ti-grating: successful
- 
- Further investigations with different delays (50-300fs → 1ps)
  - Investigation of magnetic phenomena varying the interpulse delay and intensity ratio

# COLLABORATORS

## Internal and external



Elettra Sincrotrone Trieste

**DiProl:** M. Kiskinova (coordinator), F. Capotondi (BL scientist), E. Pedersoli (post-doc)  
**Lasers:** M. Danailov, A. Demidovich, I. Nikolov (pump&probe laser)  
**Others:** R. Godnig (technician), R. Menk (consulting for detectors), R. Borges (software),  
C. Spezzani, F. Bencivenga, C. Masciovecchio, D. Fausti, and all the FERMI

### TEAM

(collaboration for instrumentation and experiments)



**PADReS:** M. Zangrando, N. Mahne, L. Raimondi, C. Svetina (beamlines, optics)



H. Chapman  
S. Bajt  
A. Barty et al.



M. Bogan et al.



Lawrence Livermore  
National Laboratory

A. Nelson  
M. Frank et al.



J. Hajdu et al.



B. Keitel  
K. Tiedtke  
E. Plönjes-Palm et al.



K. Mann  
T. Mey  
B. Schäfer et al.

THANK YOU!