

The BEAmline for Tomography at SESAME (BEATS) will operate an X-ray micro tomography station serving a broad user community from the Middle East and beyond

## Geology and Environment:

- Simulation of rock properties
- Fuel research
- Soil characterization

## Material science and Engineering:

- Light materials and alloys
- Materials under mechanical stress
- Energy materials research

## Archaeology and Cultural Heritage:

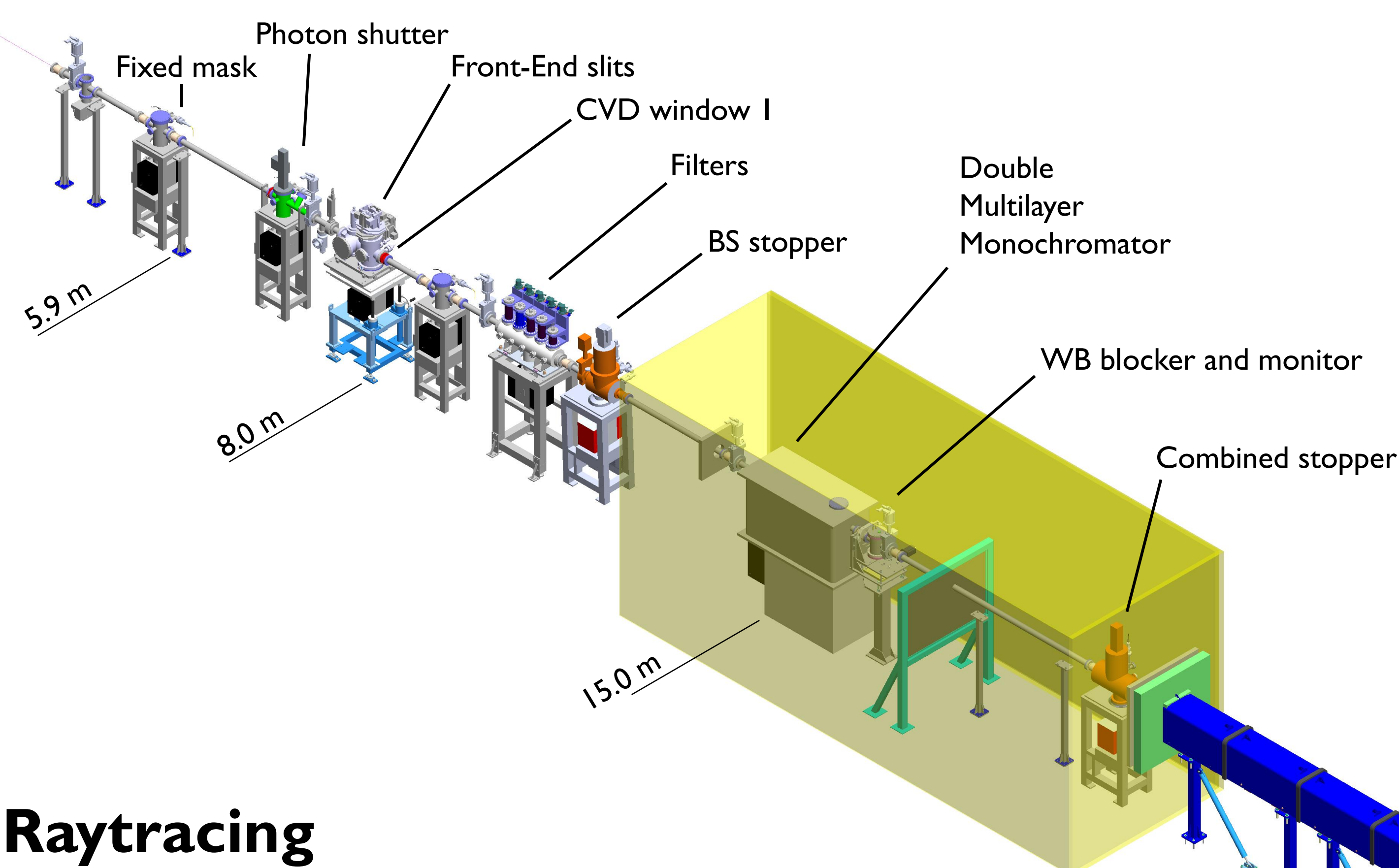
- Archaeological Materials
- Human bioarchaeology
- Plant remains
- Animal remains and artefacts

## Health, Biology and Food:

- Musculoskeletal research
- Bone and dental implants
- Soft tissue imaging
- Animal and plant characterization
- Food science

Services to Industry and Private sector

 **BEATS\_eu**  
@BEATSeu1

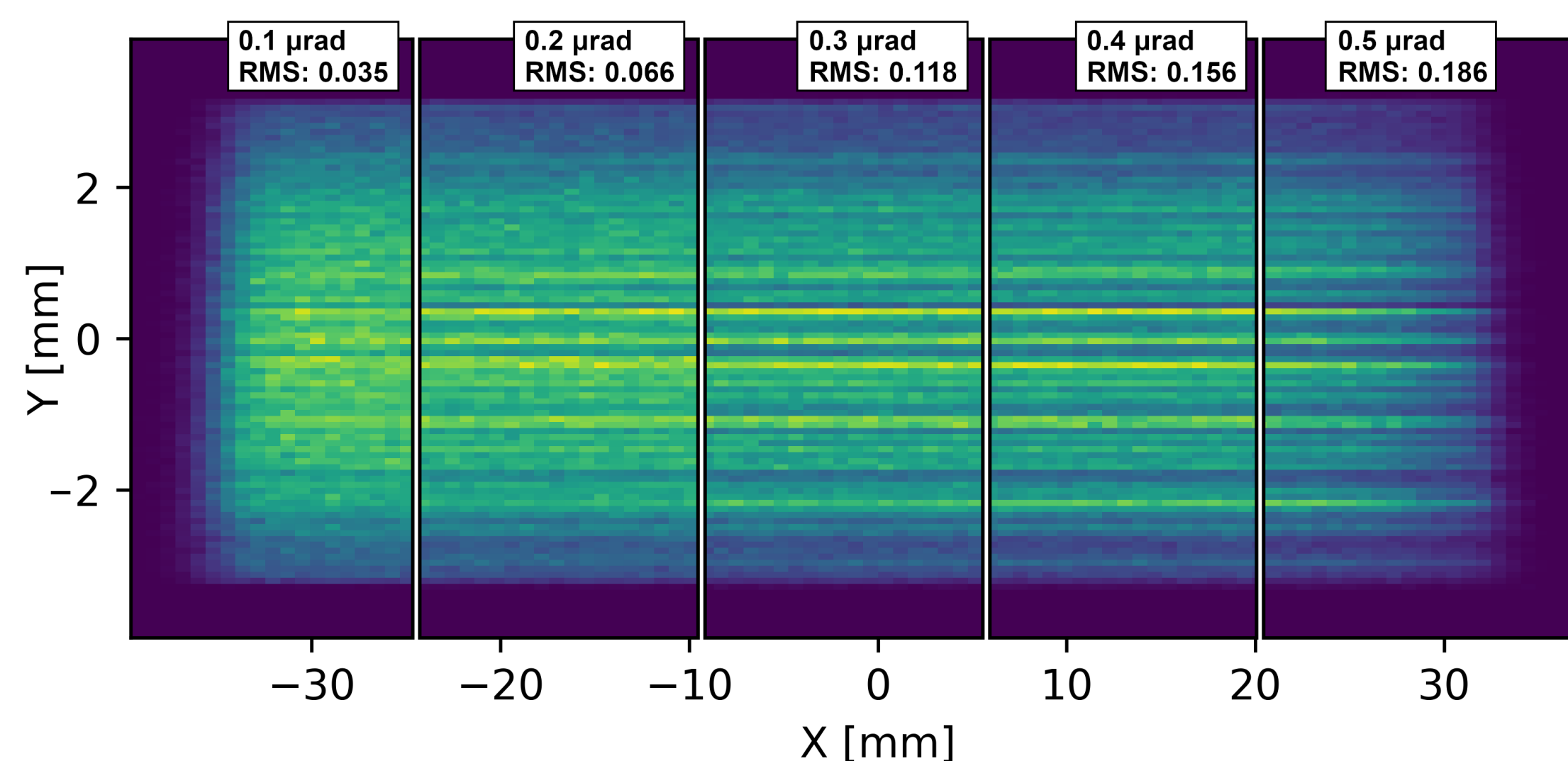


## The BEATS beamline at a glance

Photon source	Wavelength shifter (3 T @ 11 mm gap; $E_c = 12.5$ keV)
Length	45 m
Energy range	8 – 50 keV
Divergence	1.8 mrad (H) $\times$ 0.4 mrad (V)
Double Multilayer Monochromator	Stripe 1: $[\text{Ru}/\text{B}_4\text{C}]_{65}$ ; $d = 4$ nm; $dE/E \approx 3\%$ Stripe 2: $[\text{W}/\text{B}_4\text{C}]_{100}$ ; $d = 3$ nm; $dE/E \approx 3\%$
Detectors	1 $\times$ – 10 $\times$ optics; 2560 $\times$ 2160 sCMOS camera
Voxel size	6.5 – 0.65 $\mu\text{m}$
Modalities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Filtered white beam</li> <li>• Monochromatic (with DMM)</li> </ul>

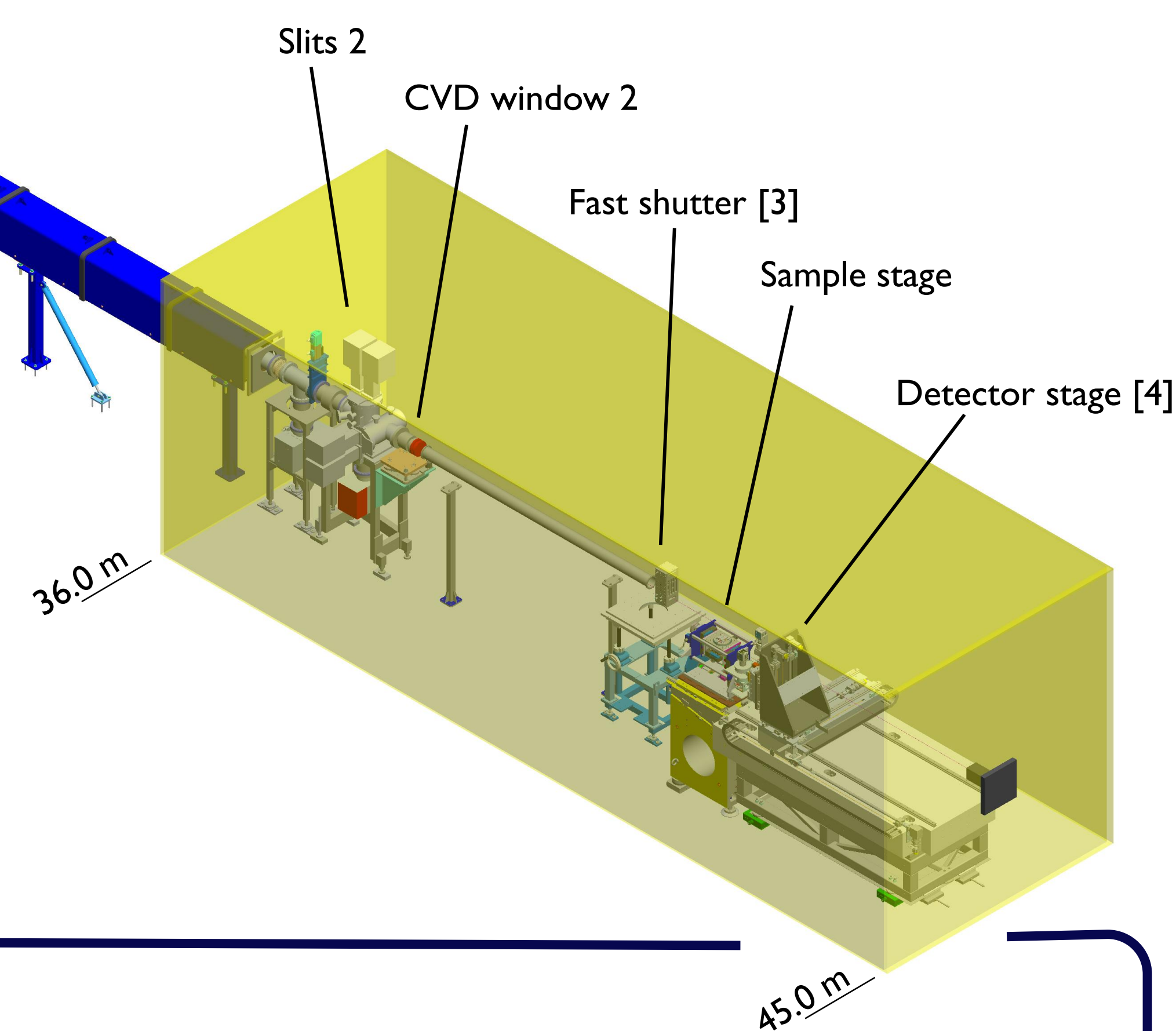
## Raytracing

- Repository of the beamline raytracing [1] using OASYS toolsuite [2] and Jupyter
  - Design and verification of beamline optics
  - Characterization of heat load on critical components
  - Beamline performance
  - DMM operation and multilayers specs



- Flat field @ 43 m
- $[\text{W}/\text{B}_4\text{C}]_{100}$  DMM stripe @ 45 keV
  - Meridional slope error: 0.1 – 0.5  $\mu\text{rad}$

The quality of the flat field deteriorates for mirror slope errors  $> 0.2$   $\mu\text{rad}$ !

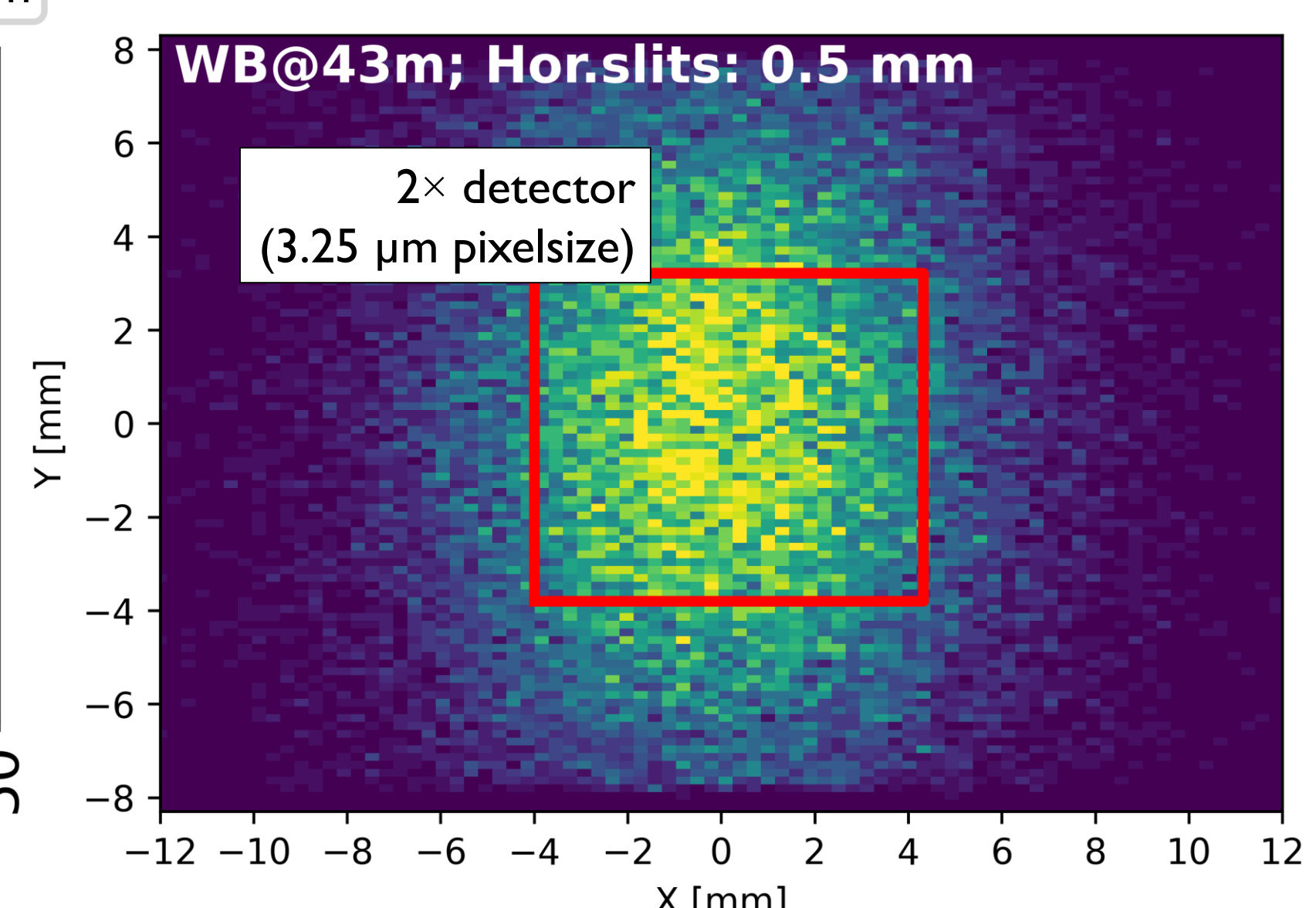
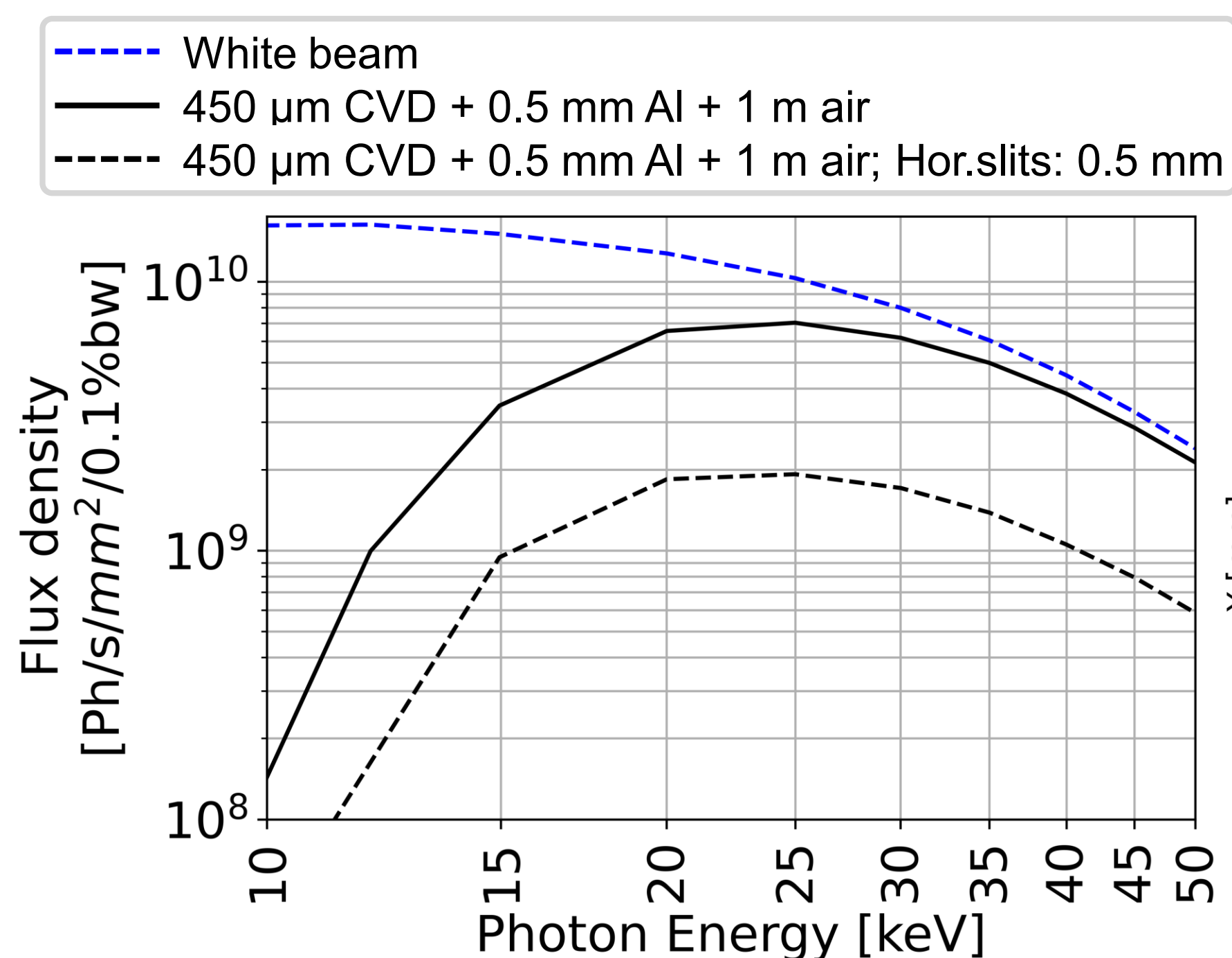


## Expected beam properties at sample

- White beam:
- Flux density:  $8 \times 10^9$  Ph/s/mm<sup>2</sup>/0.1%BW
  - beam size @ 43m:  $75 \times 15$  mm<sup>2</sup>
- With DMM stripe 2 @ 25 keV
- Flux density:  $1 \times 10^{11}$  Ph/s/mm<sup>2</sup>
  - Beam size @ 43 m:  $68 \times 8$  mm<sup>2</sup>

## Transverse coherence length is improved closing the F-E slits:

Beamline	Length	Source size FWHM	Coh. length
ID19, ESRF	145 m	25 $\mu\text{m}$	720.0 $\mu\text{m}$
TOMCAT, SLS	34 m	140 $\mu\text{m}$	30.2 $\mu\text{m}$
SYRMEP, Elettra	23 m	197 $\mu\text{m}$	14.5 $\mu\text{m}$
BEATS	43 m	1978 $\mu\text{m}$	2.7 $\mu\text{m}$
BEATS, F-E slits: 0.5 mm (H)	35 m	500 $\mu\text{m}$	8.5 $\mu\text{m}$



## References

- [1] BEATS Technical Design Report - raytracing, doi:10.5281/zenodo.3988604.
- [2] L. Rebuffi and M. Sanchez del Rio, "OASYS (OrANGE SYnchrotron Suite): an open-source graphical environment for x-ray virtual experiments," Proc.SPIE 10388: 130080S (2017).
- [3] C. Muñoz Pequeño et al., "Development of a Linear Fast Shutter for BM05 at ESRF and BEATS at SESAME", presented at MEDSI'20, Chicago, USA, July 2021.
- [4] F. Mokoena et al., "An FEA Investigation of the Vibration Response of the BEATS Detector Stage", presented at MEDSI'20, Chicago, USA, July 2021.