

Recent results of PHOENIX V2 and new prospects with PHOENIX V3

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1) IPNL, 2) LPSC, 3) GANIL, 4) GSI

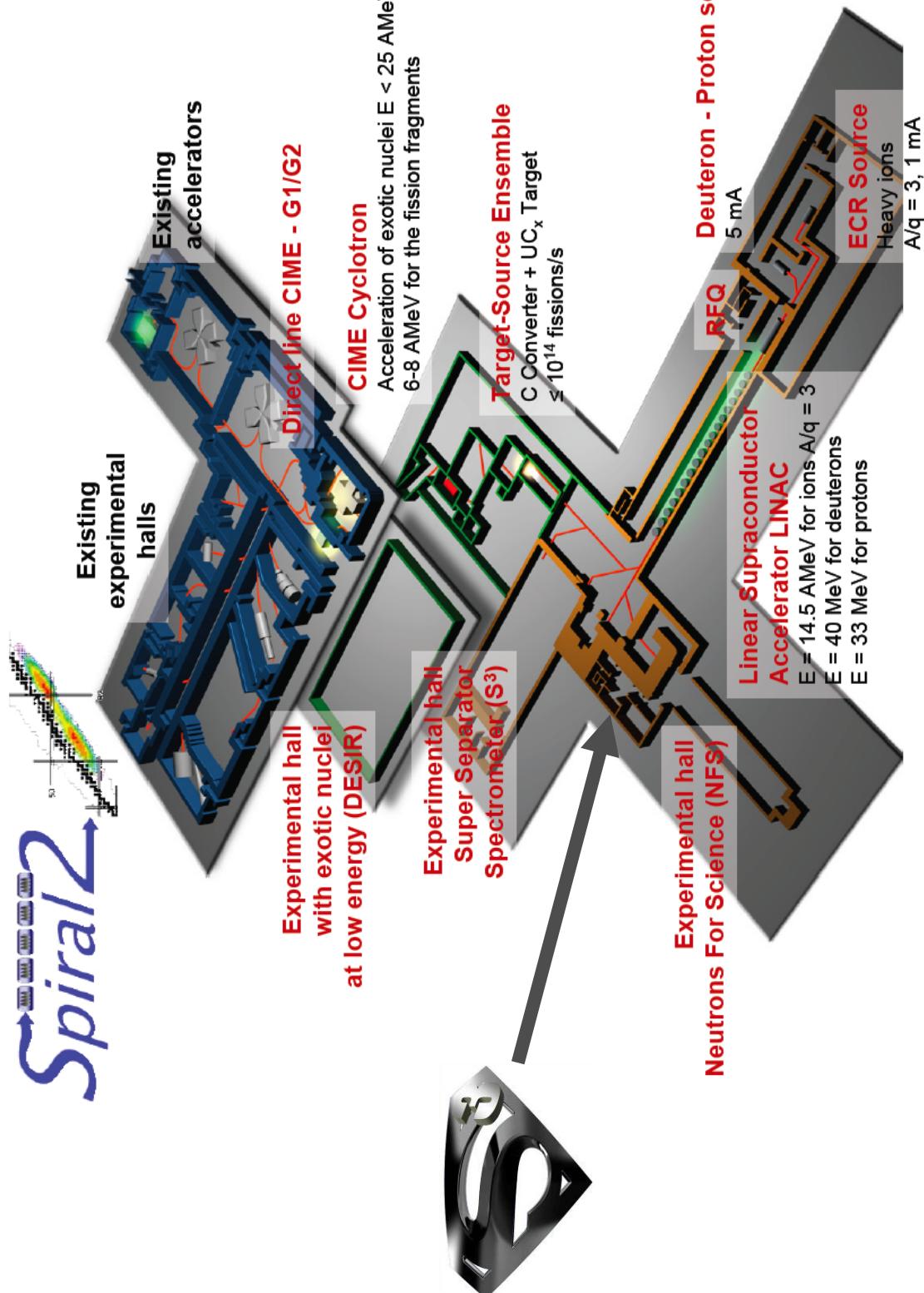
This work is partially funded by EU Grant Agreement 283745 (CRISP)

Outline

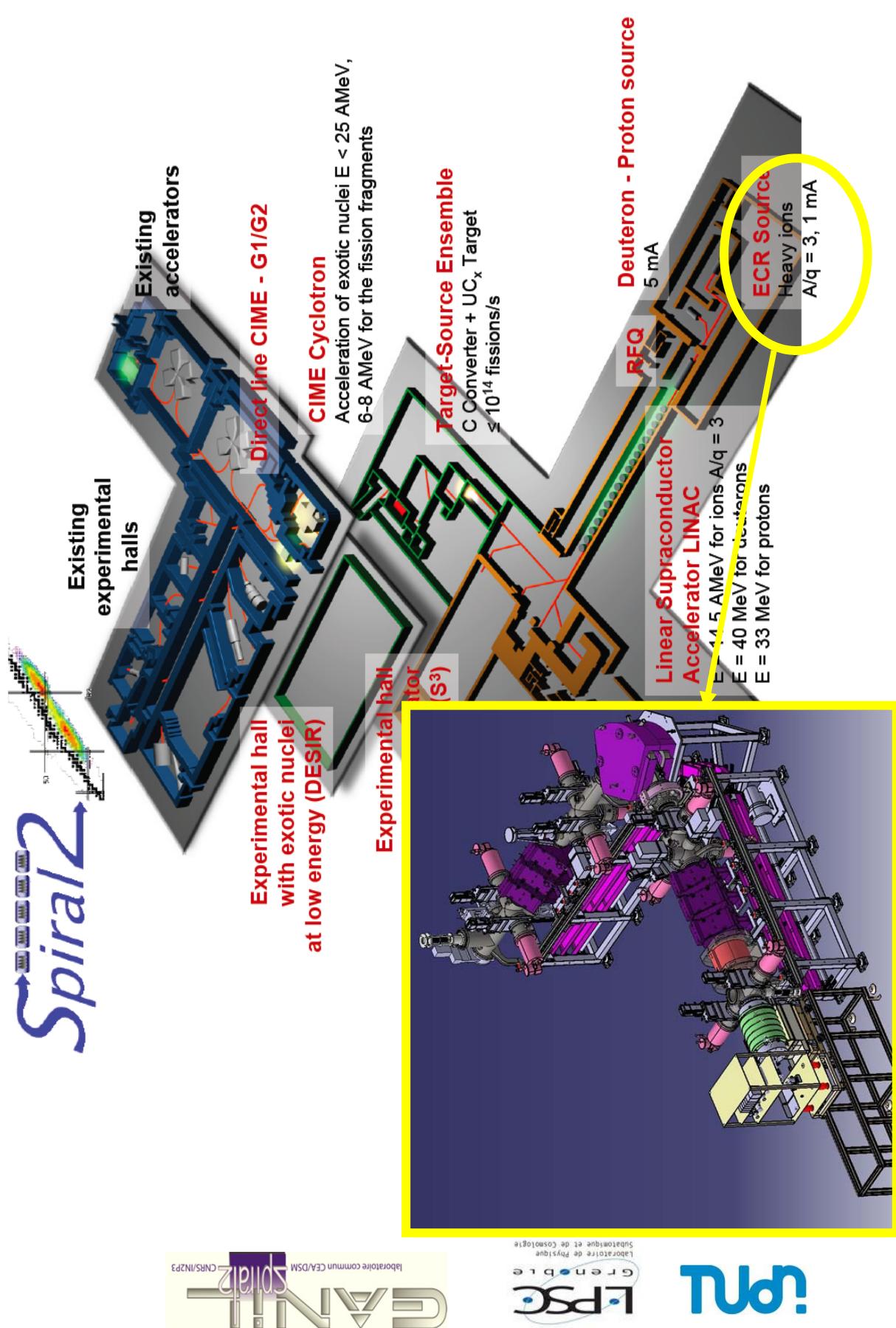
- Spiral 2 and Heavy ions Low energy beam transport line installed at Grenoble
- PHOENIX concept and extraction of PHOENIX V2
- Recent results obtained with Phoenix V2 on the LEBT
- Plasma chamber volume effect on A/Q= 3 beams
- Planned upgrade : PHOENIX V2 to V3



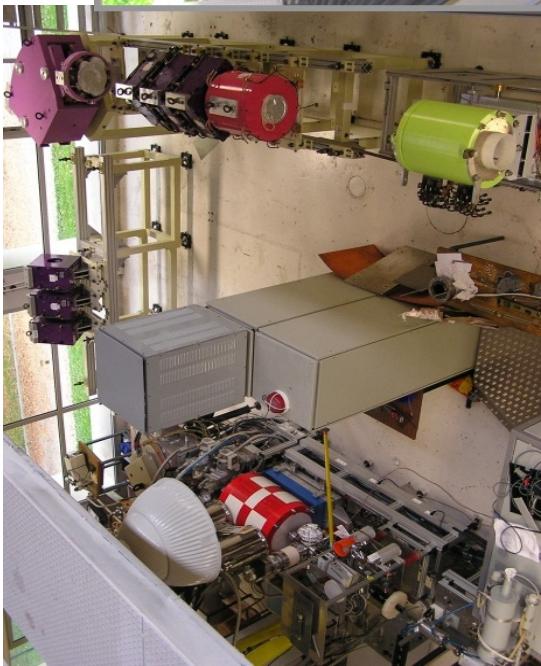
Spiral 2 project



Spiral 2 project and LEBT installed at LPSC Grenoble



Low Beam Energy Transport Line A/Q=3 at Grenoble



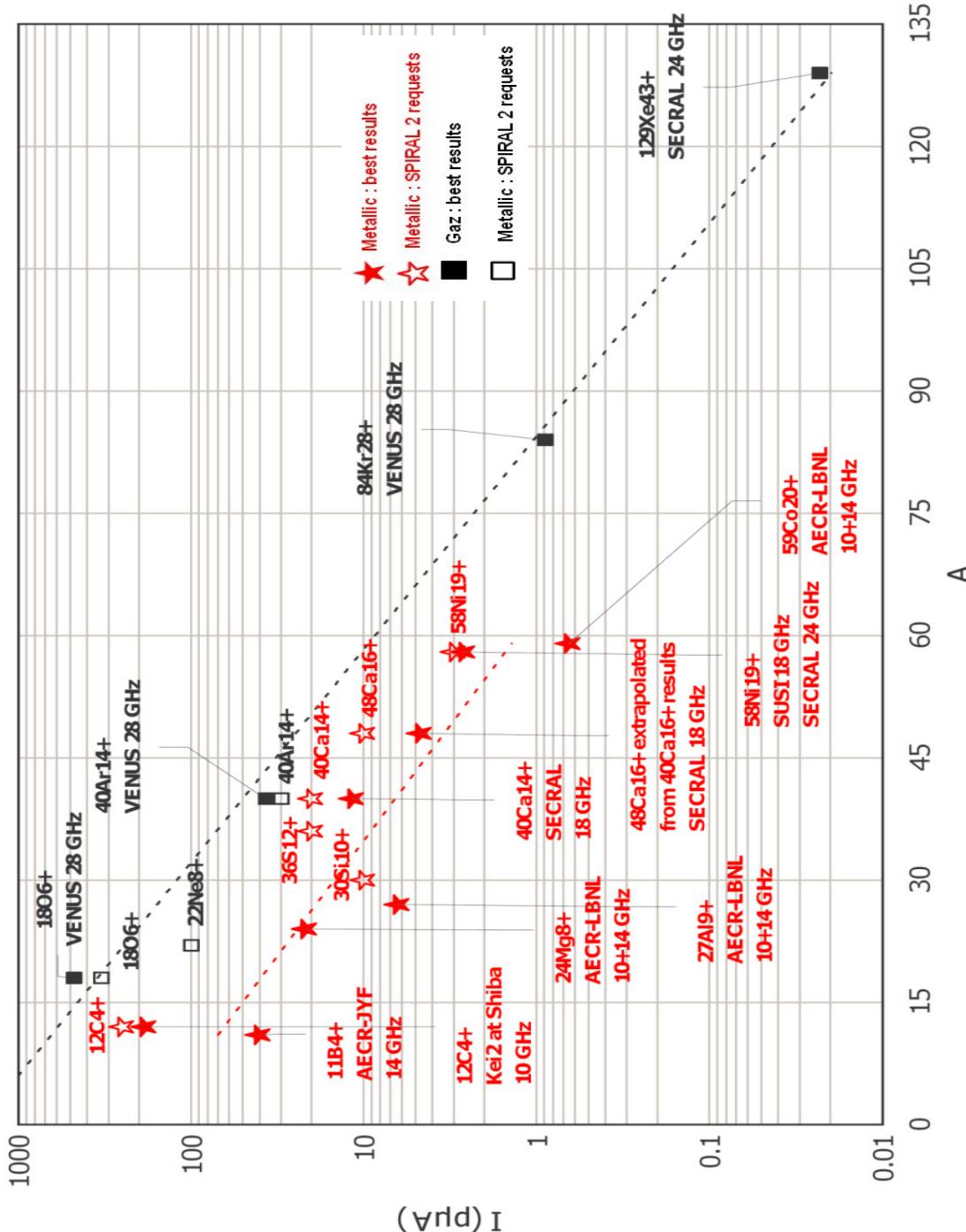
October 2008



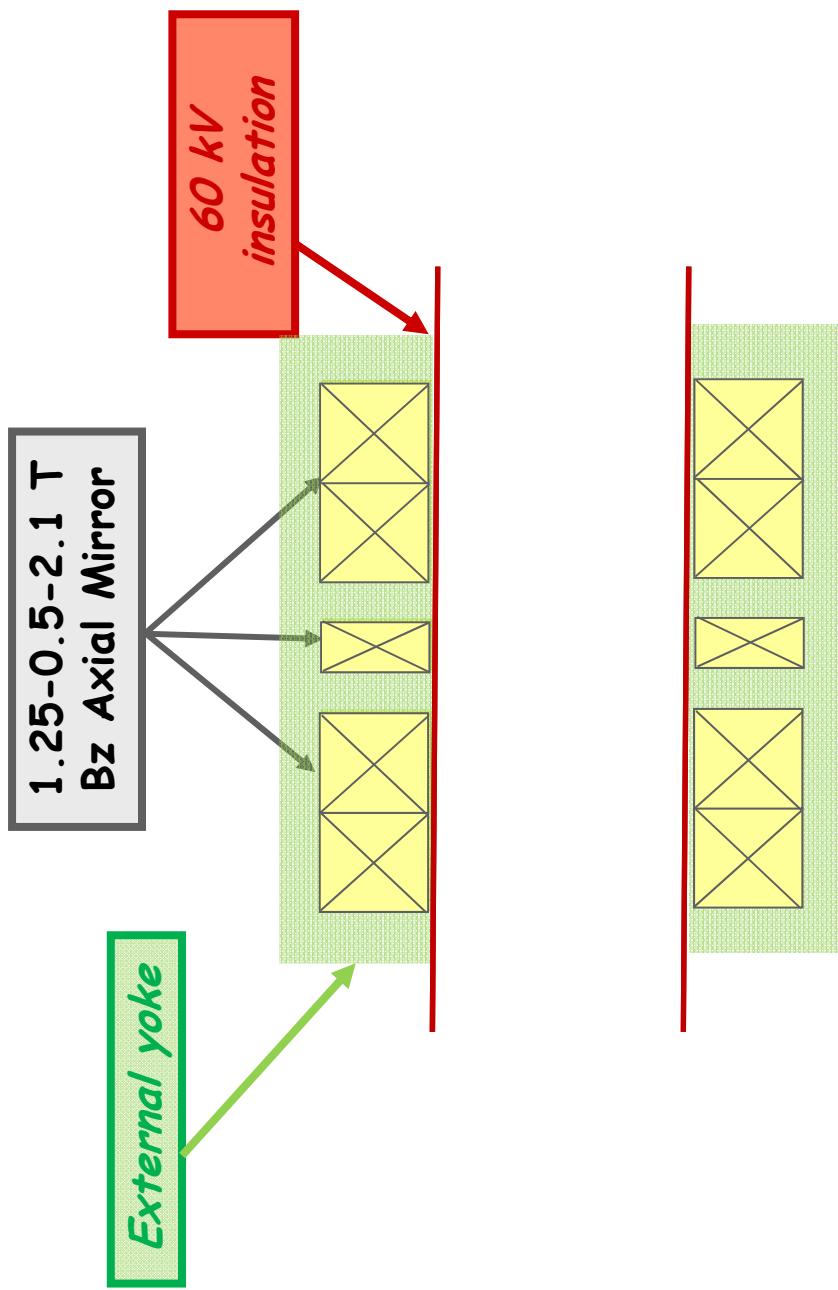
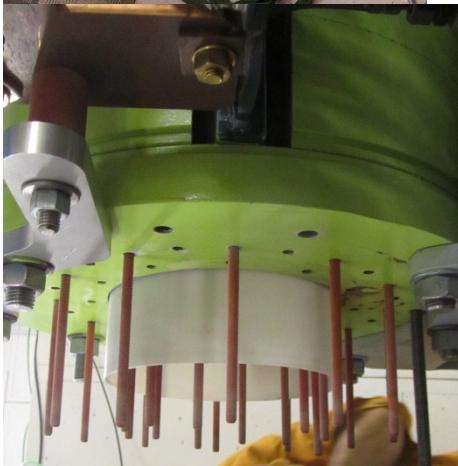
From april 2009 to june 2012

- Move to Spiral2 in end of September 2012
- Rebuild from beginning of 2013 at GANIL

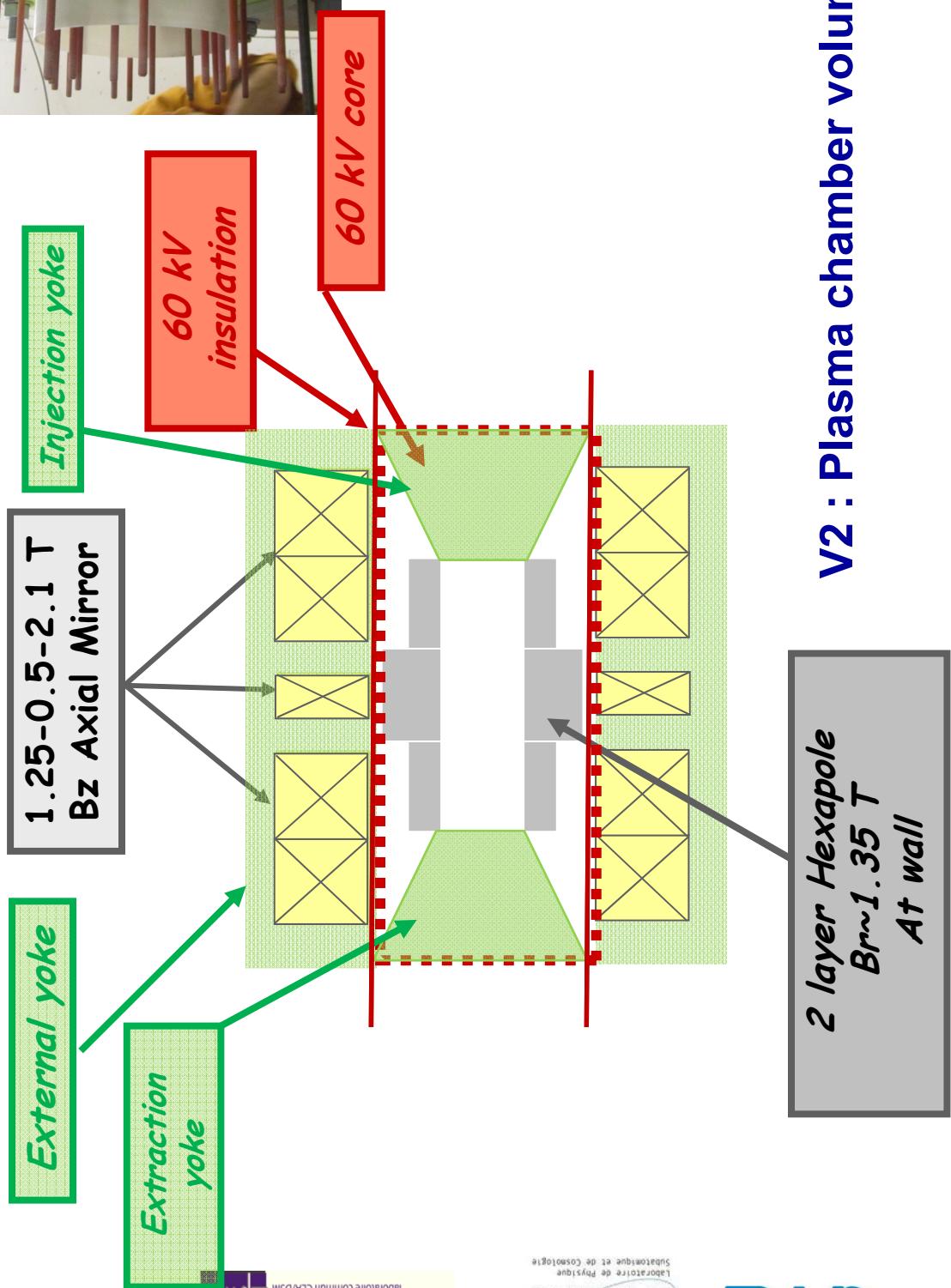
Best intensities obtained for A/Q=3 ions



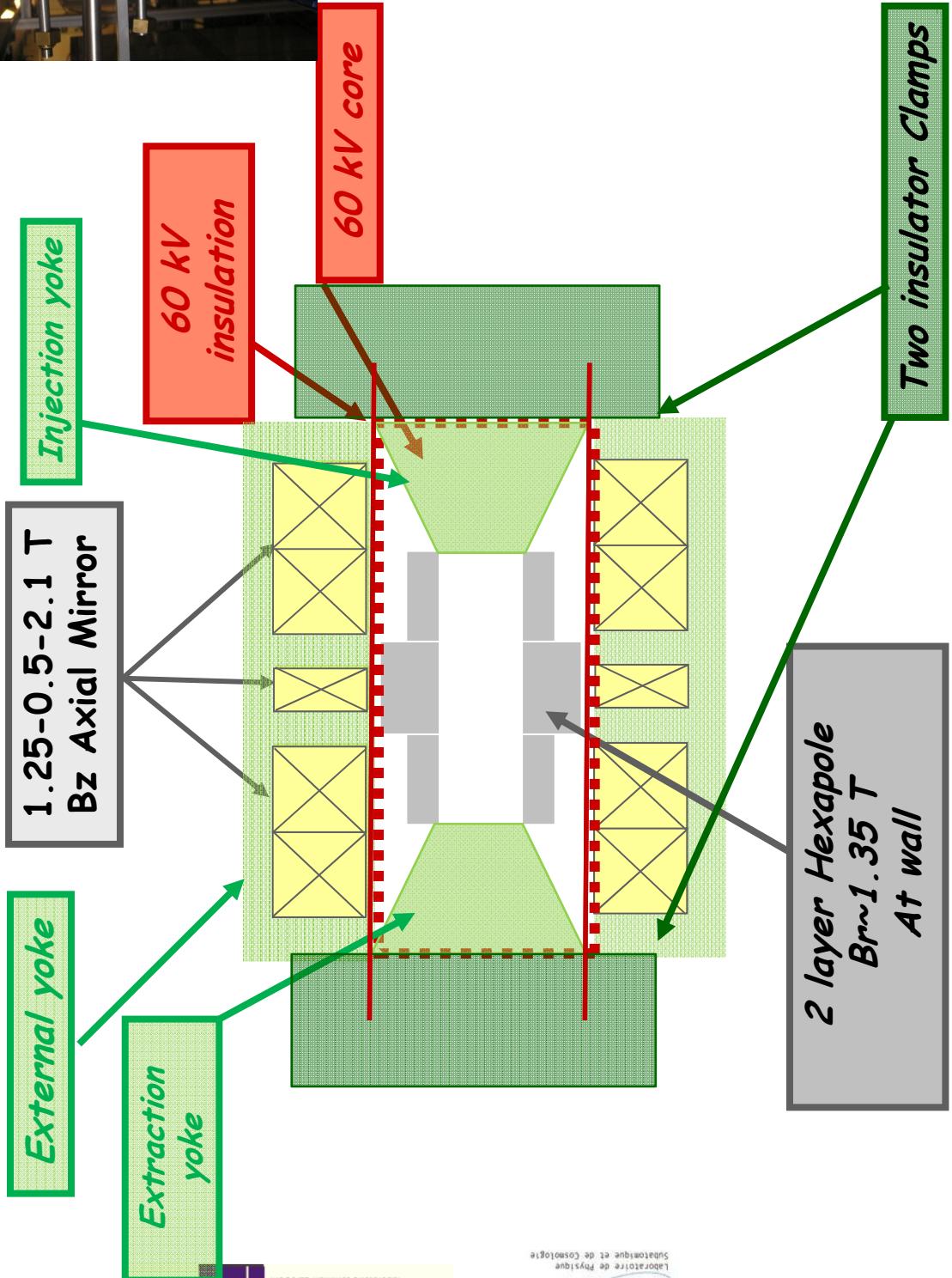
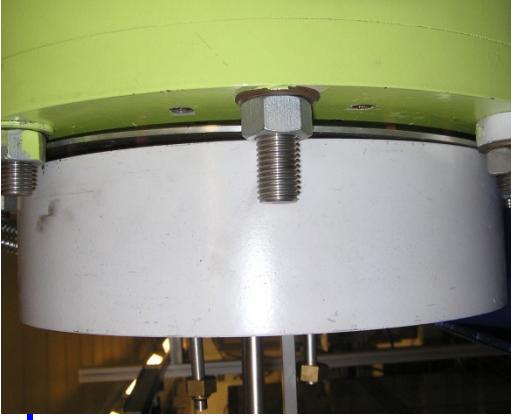
PHOENIX concept and V2 configuration



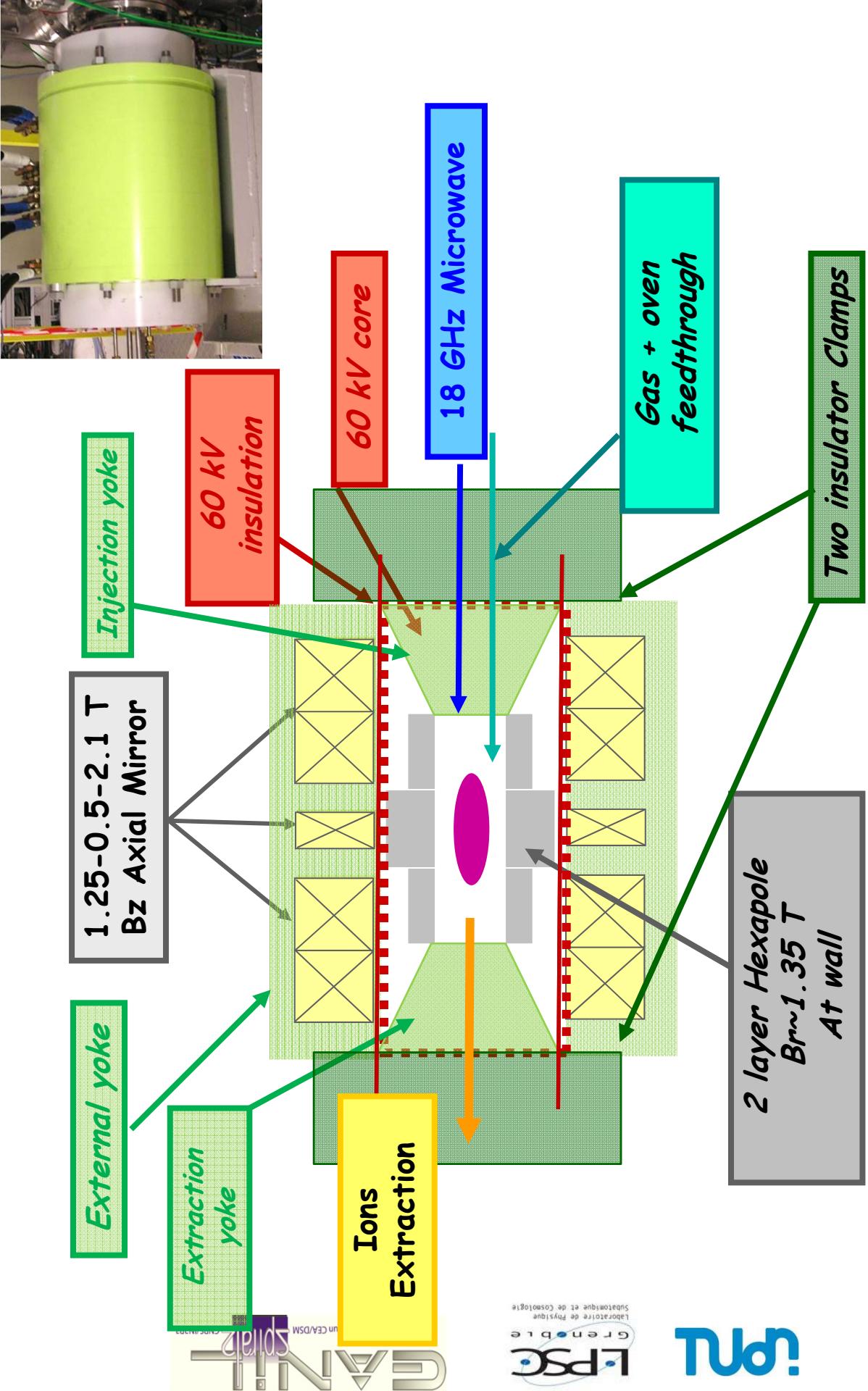
PHOENIX concept and V2 configuration



PHOENIX concept and V2 configuration



PHOENIX concept and V2 configuration

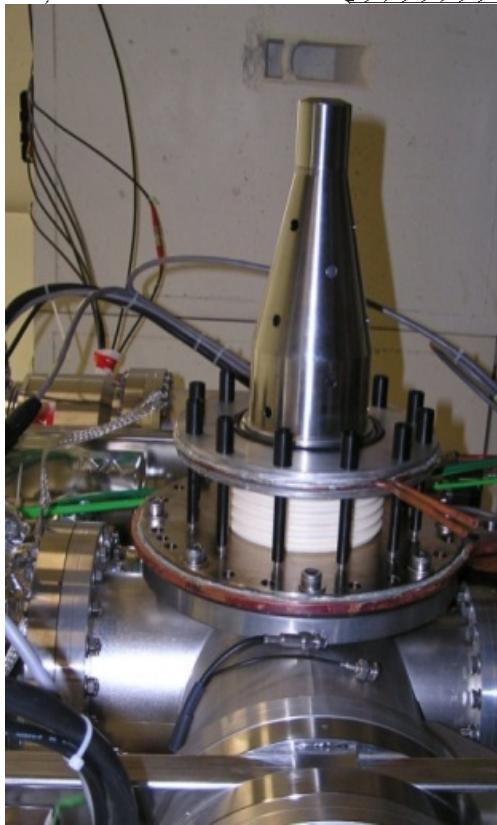
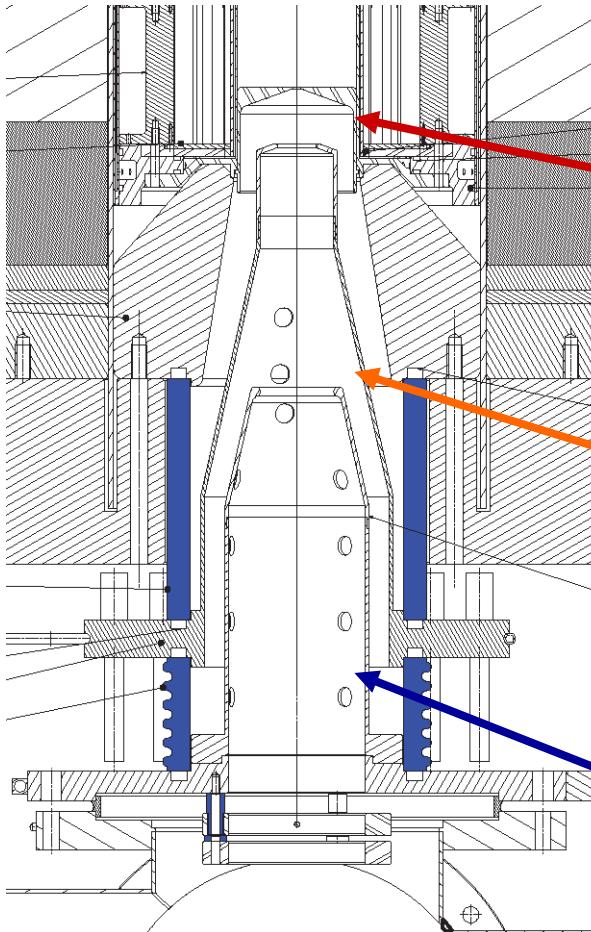


C. Peaucelle

ECRIS'12, Sydney, Australia, 25-28 September 2012

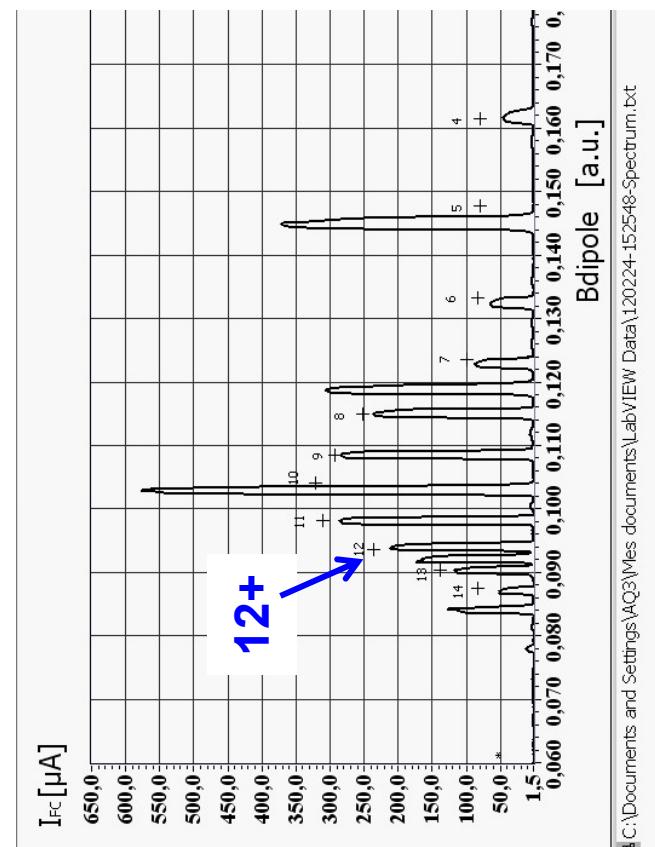
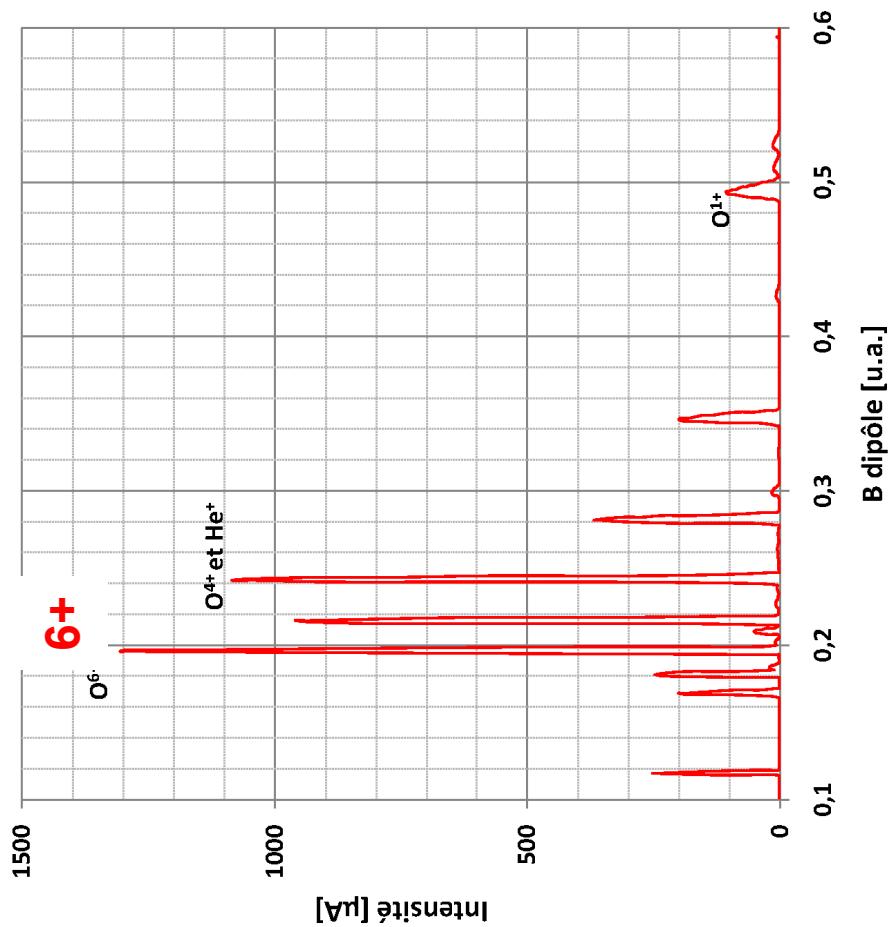
PHOENIX V2 : new extraction system at 60 kV

- New 60 kV ion extraction system with double electrode
- Gap : 44 mm
- Ø plasma electrode : 10 mm
- Ø extraction electrode : 18 mm



Recent results with Oxygen and Argon beams at 60 kV

RF power at emitter : 1.6 kW
Reliable and stable beam

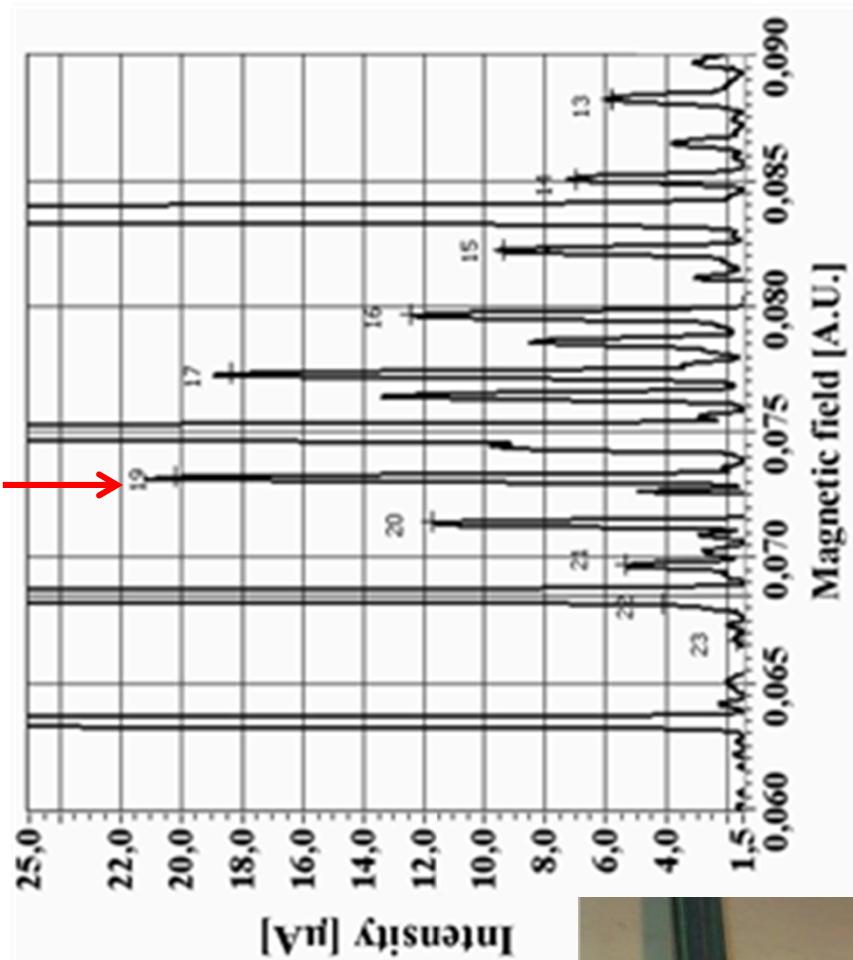


200 μ A Argon 12+ at 60 kV Beam Produced with PHOENIX V2

First Results with metallic ion beam : Nickel

- With Large capacity Oven developed by GANIL
- Ni consumption : 0.2 mg/h
- Intensity limited by max. temperature of oven
- Very stable beam

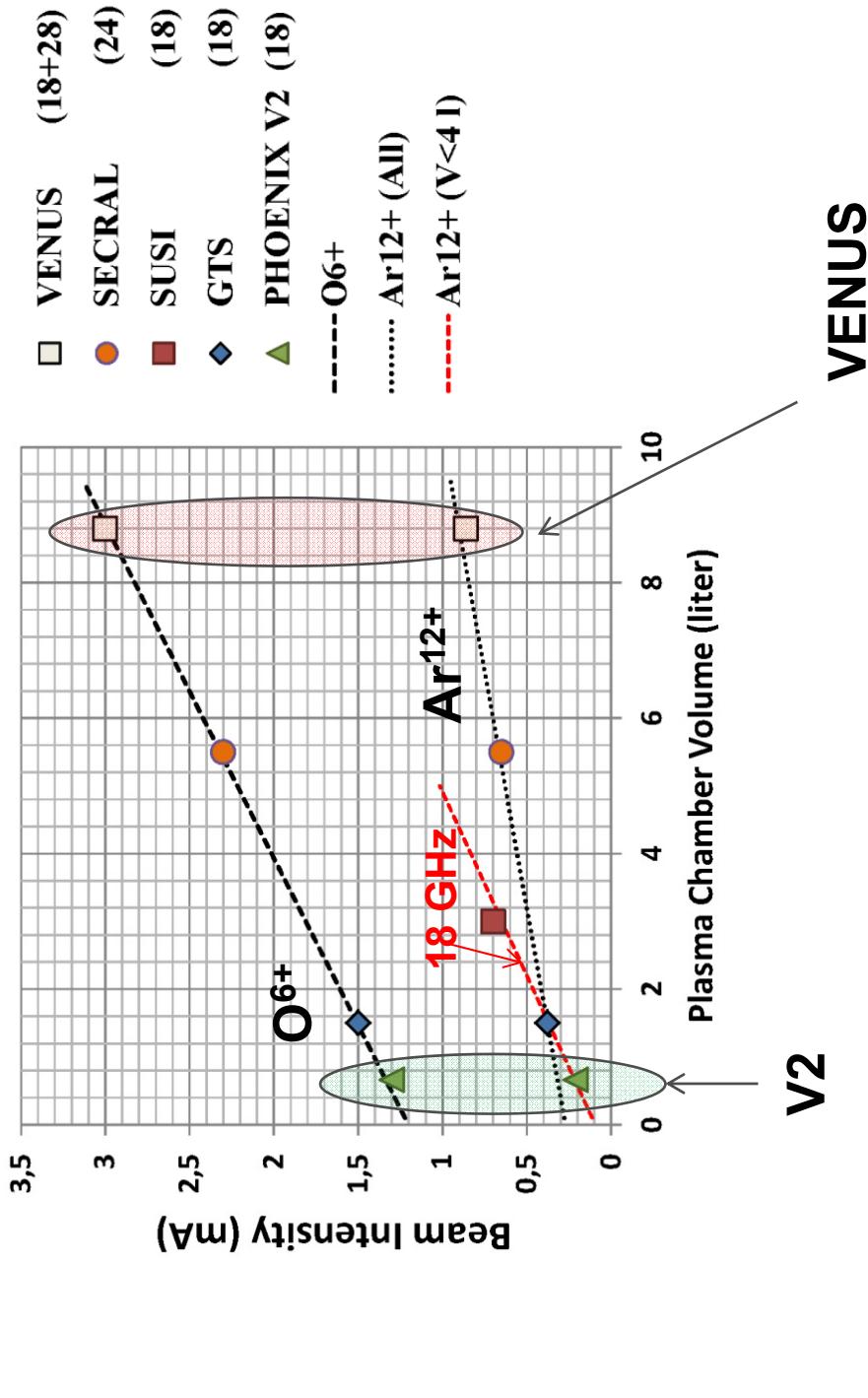
20 μ A Ni¹⁹⁺



■ High charge state thanks to :

- ◆ Very low pressure in LEBT : $2 \cdot 10^{-8}$ mbar
- ◆ Pressure lowered by Getter effect (dominant effect in compact source)
- ◆ Buffer gas flux should be carefully adapted to compensate Getter effect

Plasma chamber volume effect on A/Q= 3 beams



- Need to build a large volume to increase beams of multicharged ions
 - ◆ Larger ECR surface enhances ion production rate
 - ◆ Higher confinement time

Planned upgrade : Phoenix V2 → V3

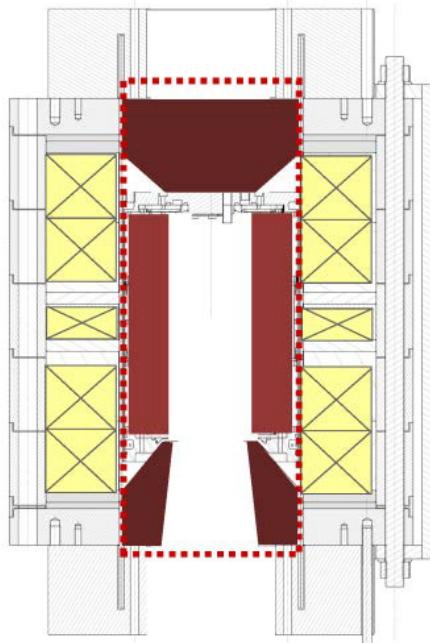
- Goal : Increase beam intensity by increasing plasma chamber volume from 0.6 to 1.3 liter
- expected M/Q=3 beam intensity increased by 50 to 100 %

Magnetic confinement kept

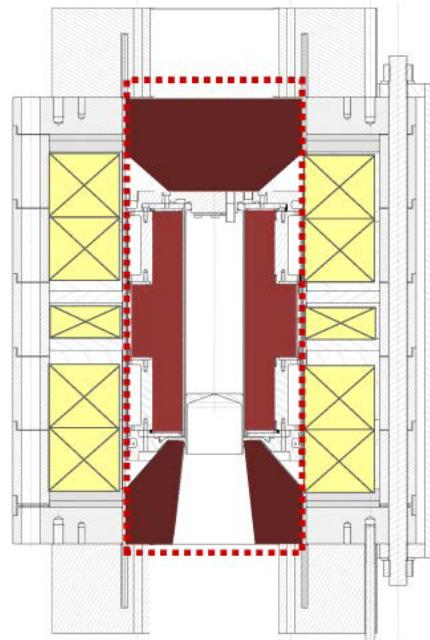
- ◆ Axial magnetic structure identical to PHOENIX V2
- ◆ Radial magnetic intensity at wall almost unchanged

Reversible design, easy to implement thanks to PHOENIX concept :

- ◆ Only the central High Voltage core is changed
- ◆ Allows short switching between V2 and V3 configuration during operation



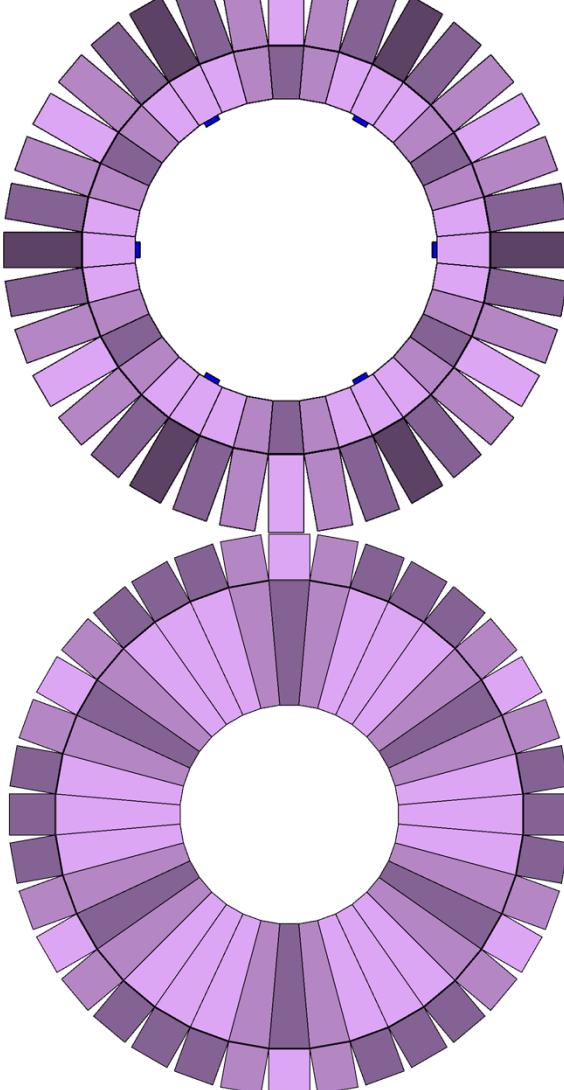
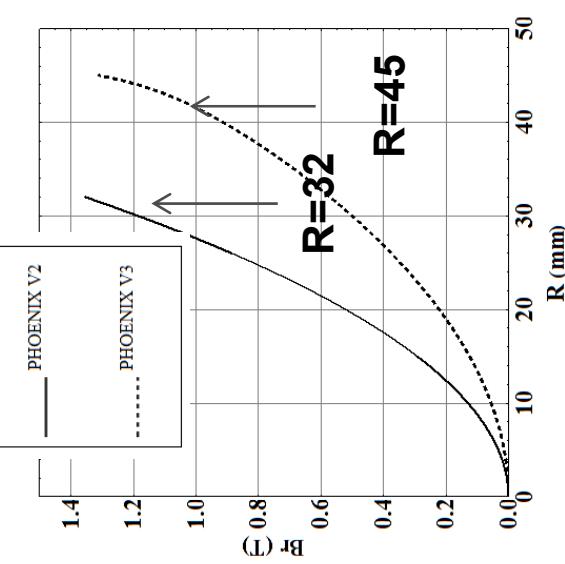
V3



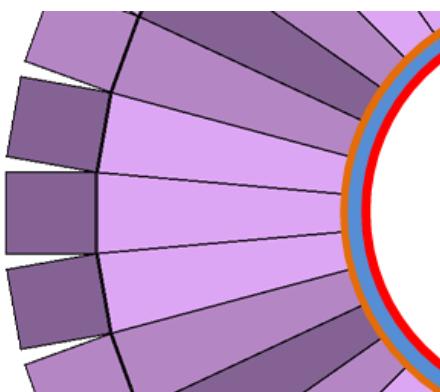
V2

PHOENIX V2 and V3 Hexapole

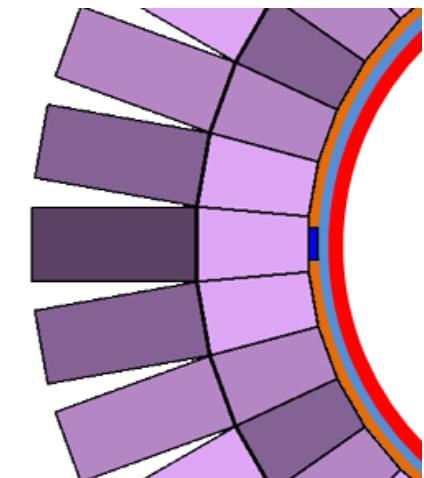
Radial confinement at wall almost unchanged



V3



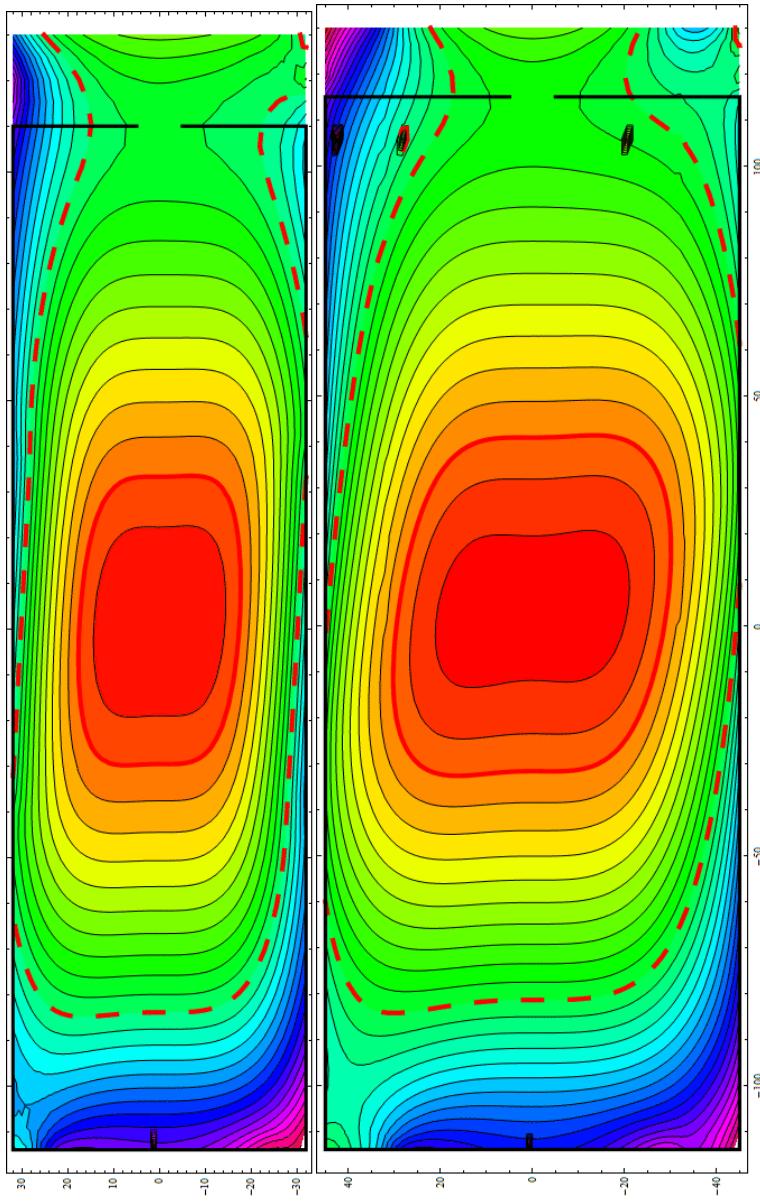
V2



Stainless steel
—
Water flow
—
Aluminum
—
Pure Iron
—

PHOENIX V2 et V3 min-B structure

- Volume doubled (0.66->1.3 l.)
- Same axial magnetic mirror
- Same distance of ECR zone to the wall
- ECR Zone doubled

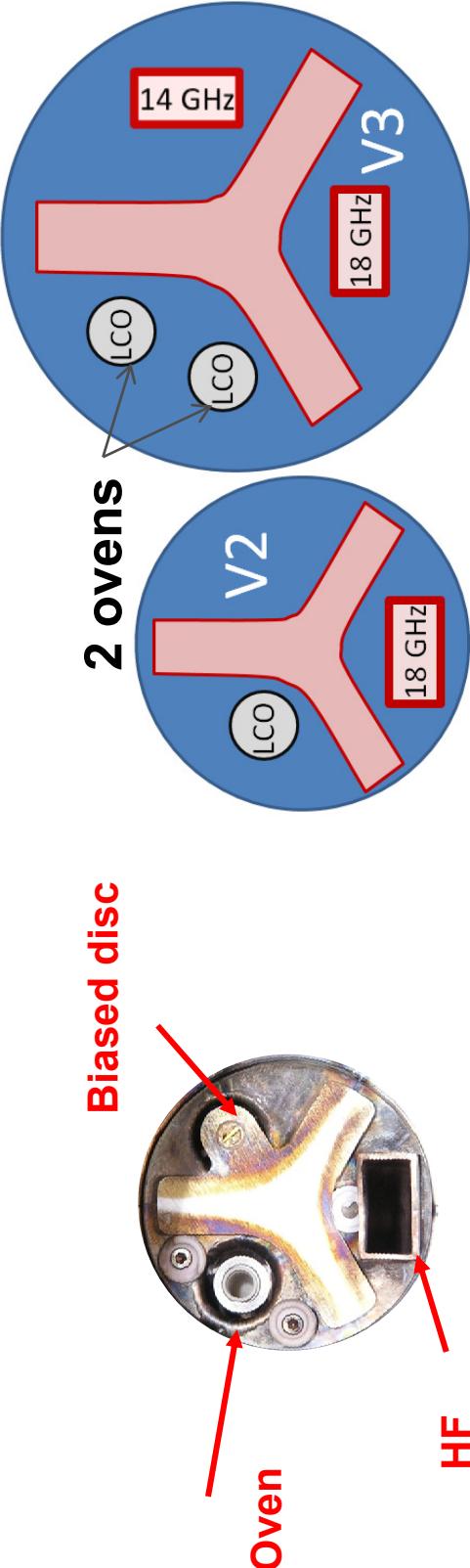


Bz(Z) solid

Br(Z) at wall dash

PHOENIX V3

- Ion extraction study collaboration with GSI
 - ◆ experimental/simulation comparison between V2 and V3
- Double RF frequency to be considered (14+ 18 GHz)
- Two oven can be used simultaneously to enhance A/Q=3 current



injection flanges for V2 and V3

- Preliminary Magnetic structure of hexapole done
- Detailed design to be started soon
- Commissioning scheduled for mid 2013
- First beam with PHOENIX V3 expected in September 2013