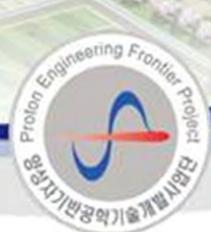


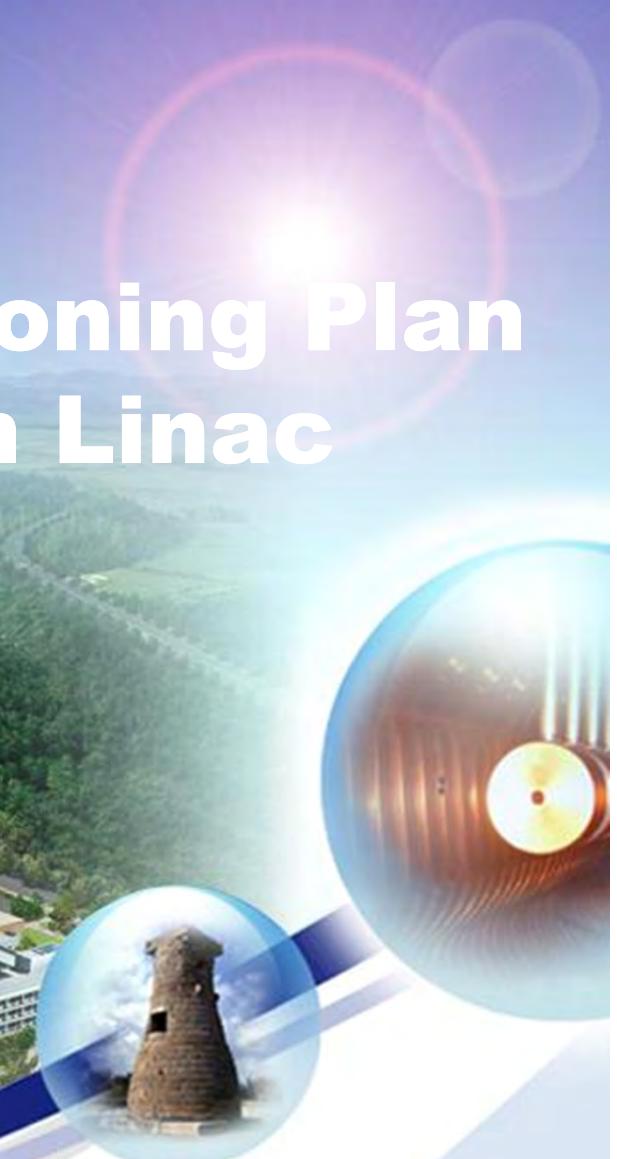
Status and Beam Commissioning Plan of PEFP 100-MeV Proton Linac

2012. 9. 20

Ji-Ho Jang,
on behalf of the project team



PEFP KAERI
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Proton Engineering Frontier Project
<http://www.komac.re.kr>



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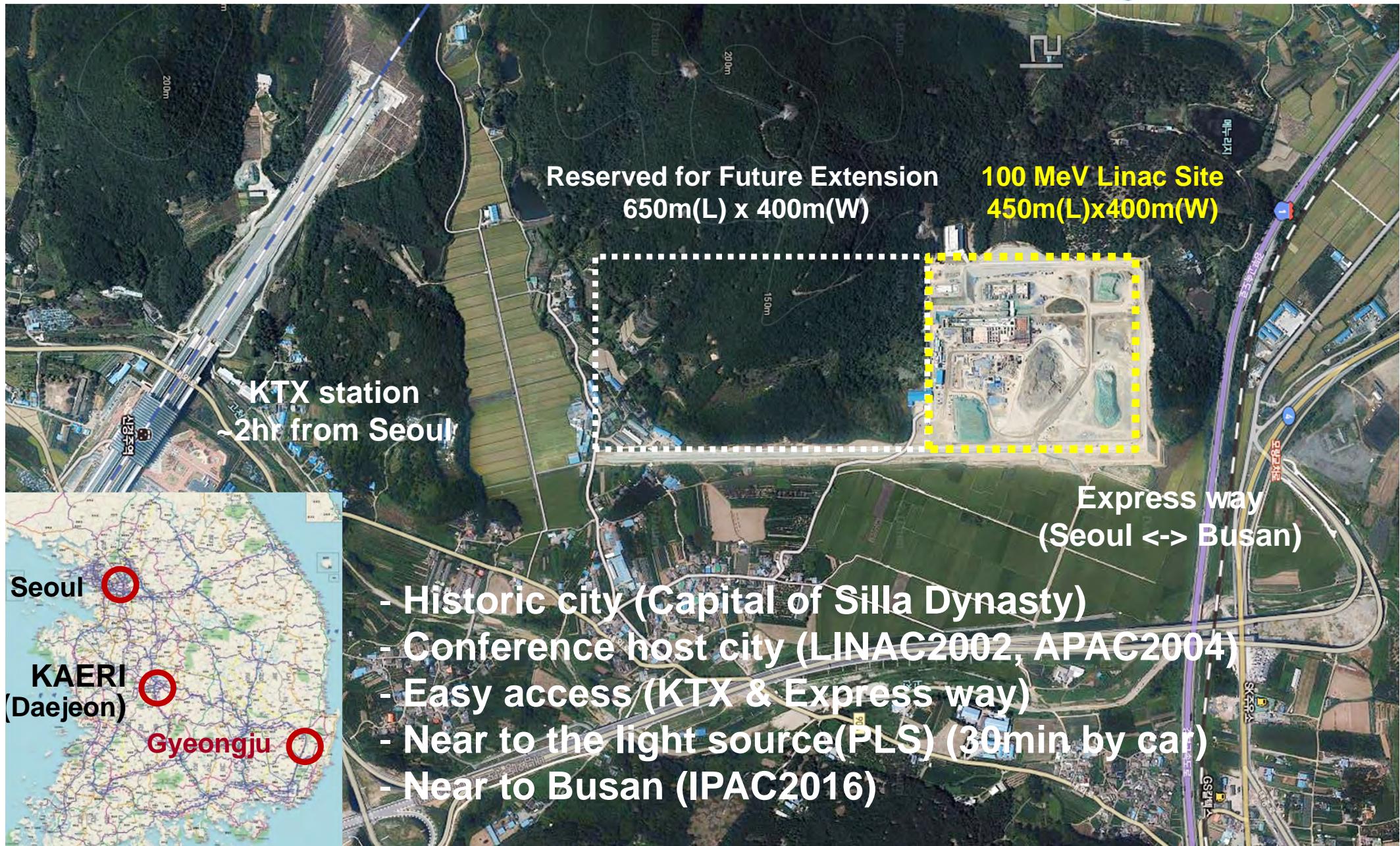
- Introduction**
- Present Status of Proton Engineering Frontier Project**
 - Accelerator Development
 - Construction and Installation Status
- Commissioning Plan**
- Summary**

Introduction



- Project: Proton Engineering Frontier Project (PEFP)**
 - 21C Frontier R&D Program, MEST, Republic of Korea
- Objectives**
 - To develop a High Power Proton Linac (100MeV, 20mA)
 - To develop Beam Utilization & Accelerator Application Technologies
 - To Industrialize Developed Technologies
- Period: July 2002 – December 2012**
- Budget: 307.4 B KRW (~275.0 M US\$)**
 - Gov.: 176.3B(57.3%), Local Gov.: 118.2B(38.5%), Industry: 12.9B(4.2%)T
 - 66B KRW to Accel. & Beamline (including R&D & personnel expenses)

Project Site : Gyeongju



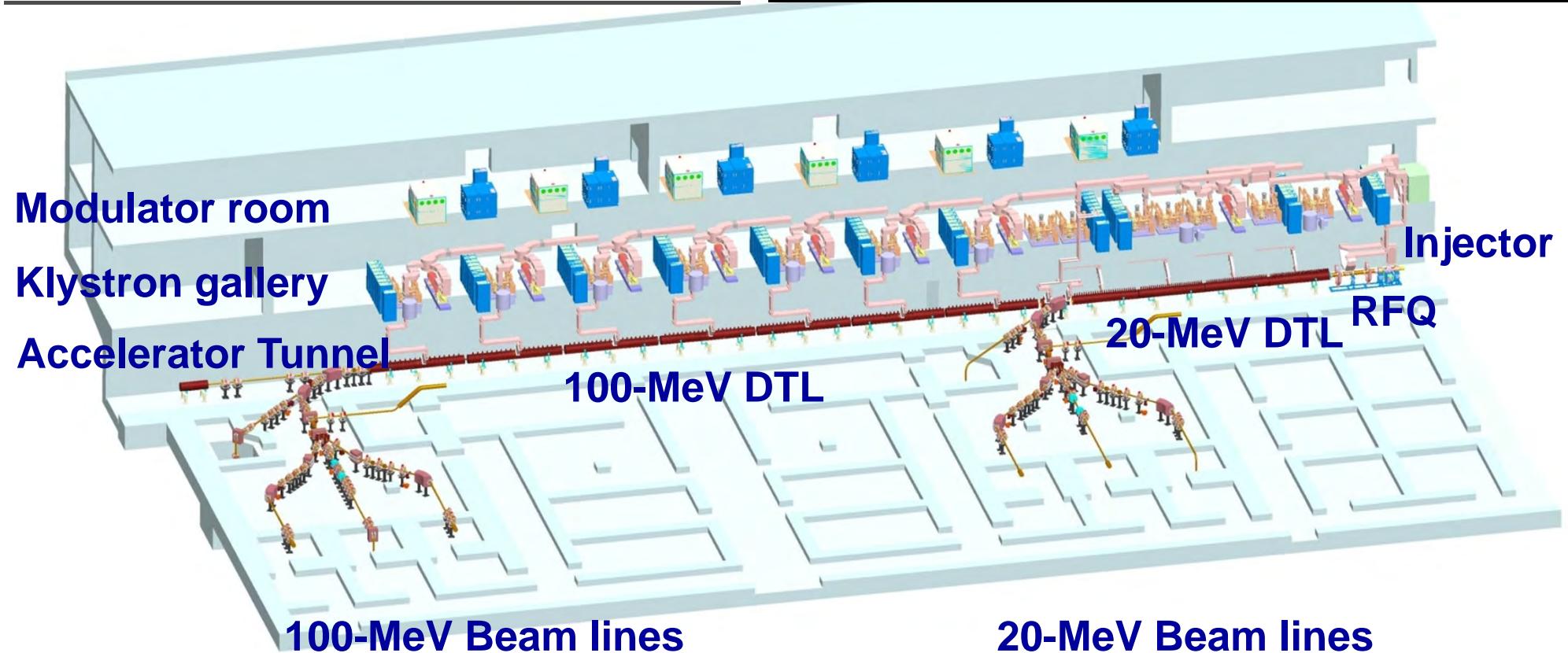
Site Plan



PEFP 100-MeV Linac

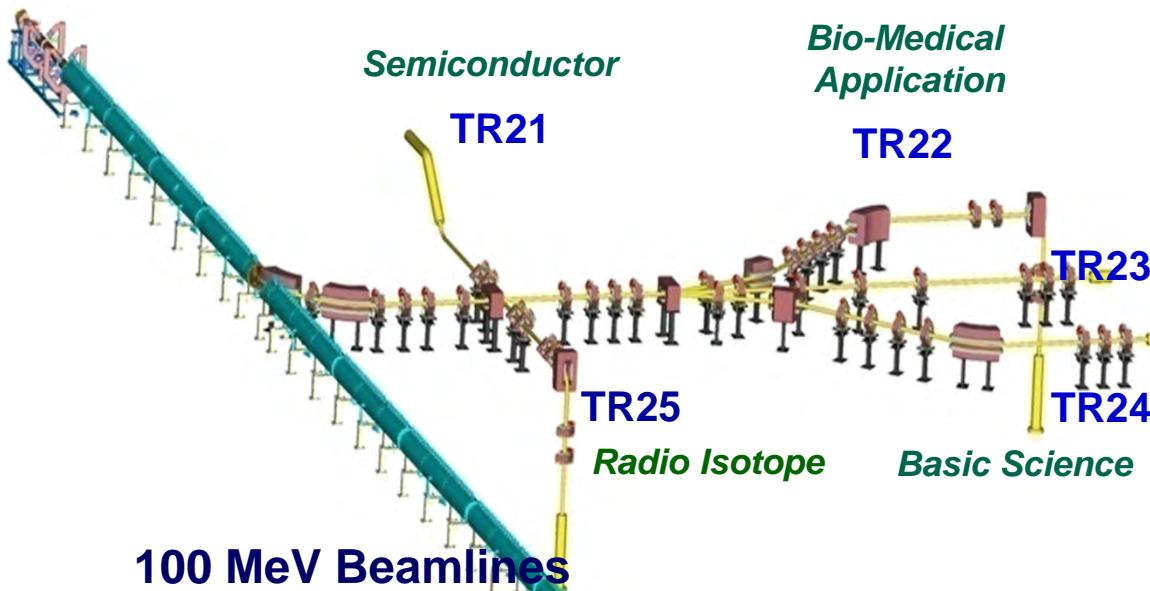
Features of the PEFP 100MeV linac
▪ 50 keV Injector (Ion source + LEBT)
▪ 3 MeV RFQ (4-vane type)
▪ 20 & 100 MeV DTL
▪ RF Frequency : 350 MHz
▪ Beam Extractions at 20 or 100 MeV
▪ 5 Beamlines for 20 MeV & 100 MeV

Output Energy (MeV)	20	100
Max. Peak Beam Current (mA)	1 ~ 20	1 ~ 20
Max. Beam Duty (%)	24	8
Avg. Beam Current (mA)	0.1 ~ 4.8	0.1 ~ 1.6
Pulse Length (ms)	0.1 ~ 2	0.1 ~ 1.33
Max. Repetition Rate (Hz)	120	60
Max. Avg. Beam Power (kW)	96	160



PEFP Beam Lines

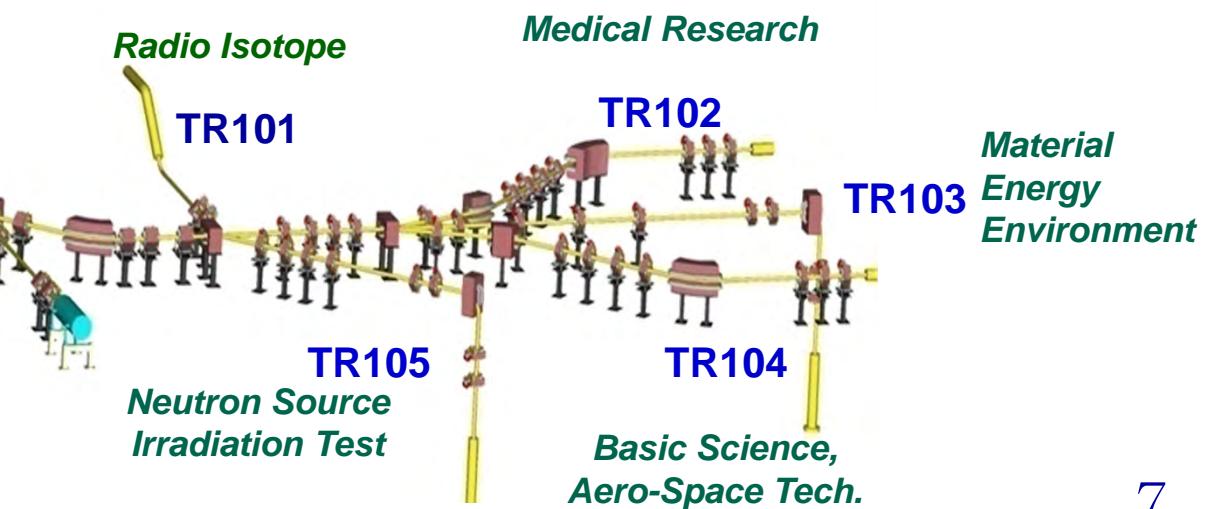
- Designed by reflecting user's requirements (through User Program)
- Developed components: QM, ACM, DM & beam instruments, Beam window



20 MeV Beamlines

Beam Line	Application Field	Rep. Rate	Avg. Current	Irradiation Condition
TR21	Semiconductor	60Hz	0.6mA	Hor. Ext. 300mmØ
TR22	Bio-Medical Application	15Hz	60µA	Hor. Ext. 300mmØ
TR23	Materials, Energy & Environment	30Hz	0.6mA	Hor. Ext. 300mmØ
TR24	Basic Science	15Hz	60µA	Hor. Ext. 100mmØ
TR25	Radio Isotopes	60Hz	1.2mA	Hor. Vac. 100mmØ

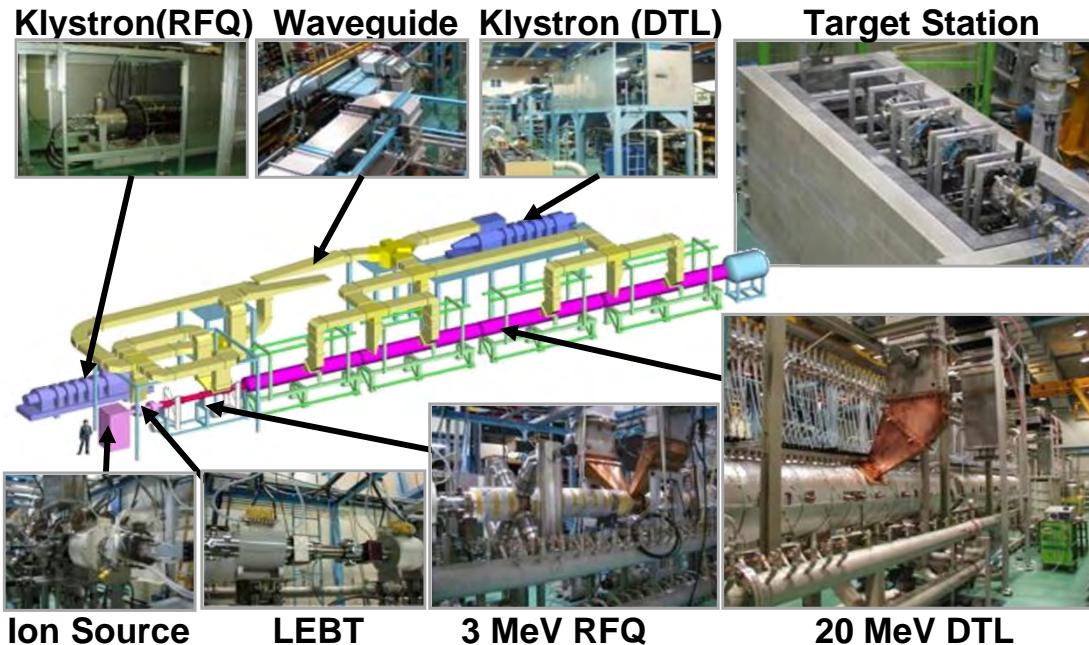
Beam Line	Application Field	Rep. Rate	Avg. Current	Irradiation Condition
TR101	Radio Isotopes	60Hz	0.6mA	Hor. Ext. 100mmØ
TR102	Medical Research (Proton therapy)	7.5Hz	10µA	Hor. Ext. 300mmØ
TR103	Materials, Energy & Environment	15Hz	0.3mA	Hor. Ext. 300mmØ
TR104	Basic Science Aero-Space tech.	7.5Hz	10µA	Hor. Ext. 100mmØ
TR105	Neutron Source Irradiation Test	60Hz	1.6mA	Hor. Vac. 100mmØ



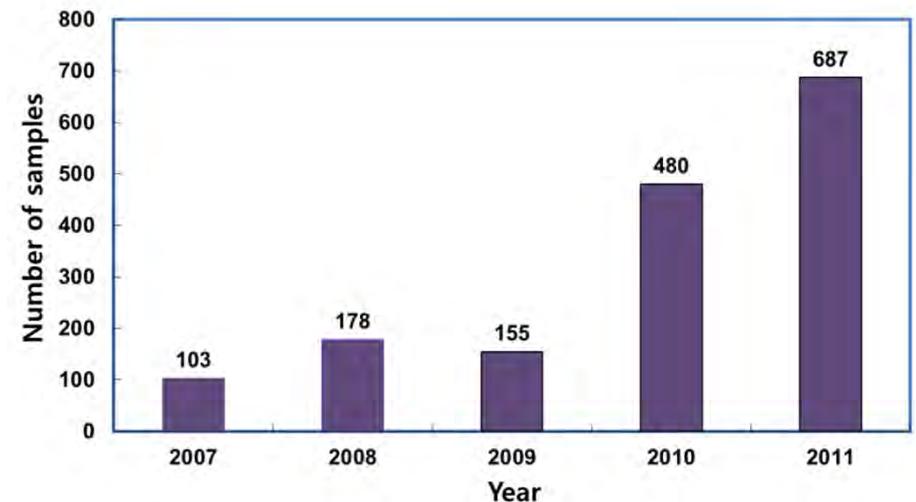
20 MeV Linac

□ Operation at KAERI in Daejeon : Linac test and Beam supply to users

- RFQ, DTL : designed (PEFP), fabricated (domestic company)
- Integrated (May 2005)
- First beam extraction (July 2005)
- Operation license (June 2007) : Avg. Current 1 μ A, 4-hour/week
- User beam service (from July 2007)
- Operation finish (Nov. 2011)
- Installation at project site in Gyeongju (Feb. 2012)

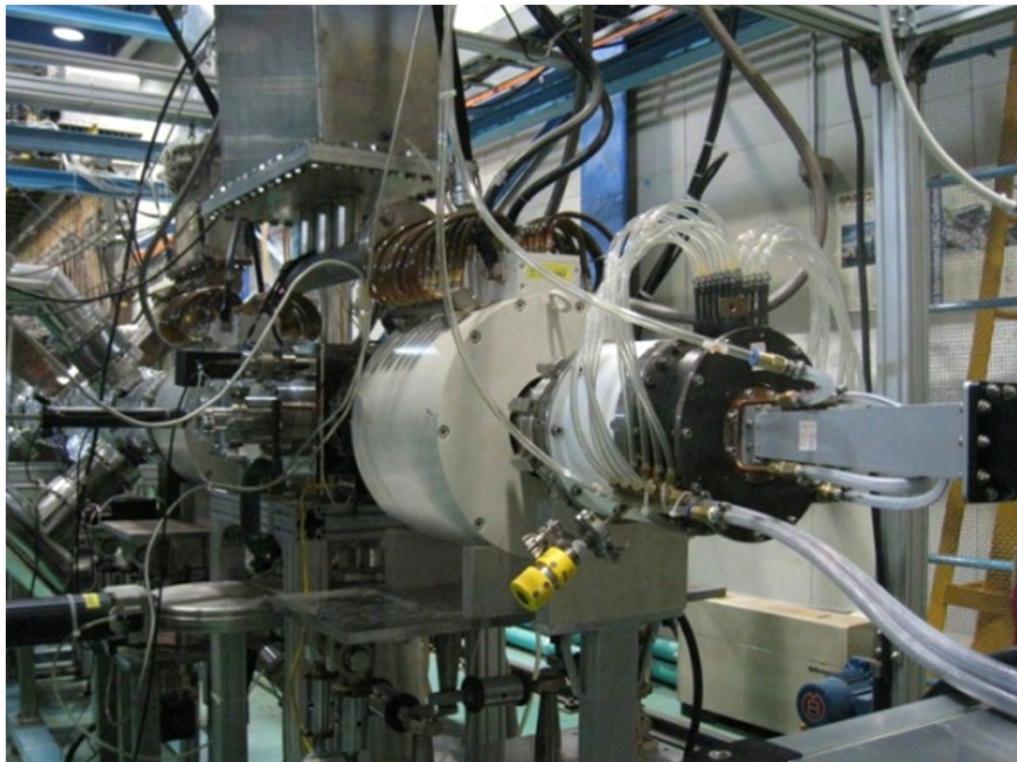


[Number of samples]

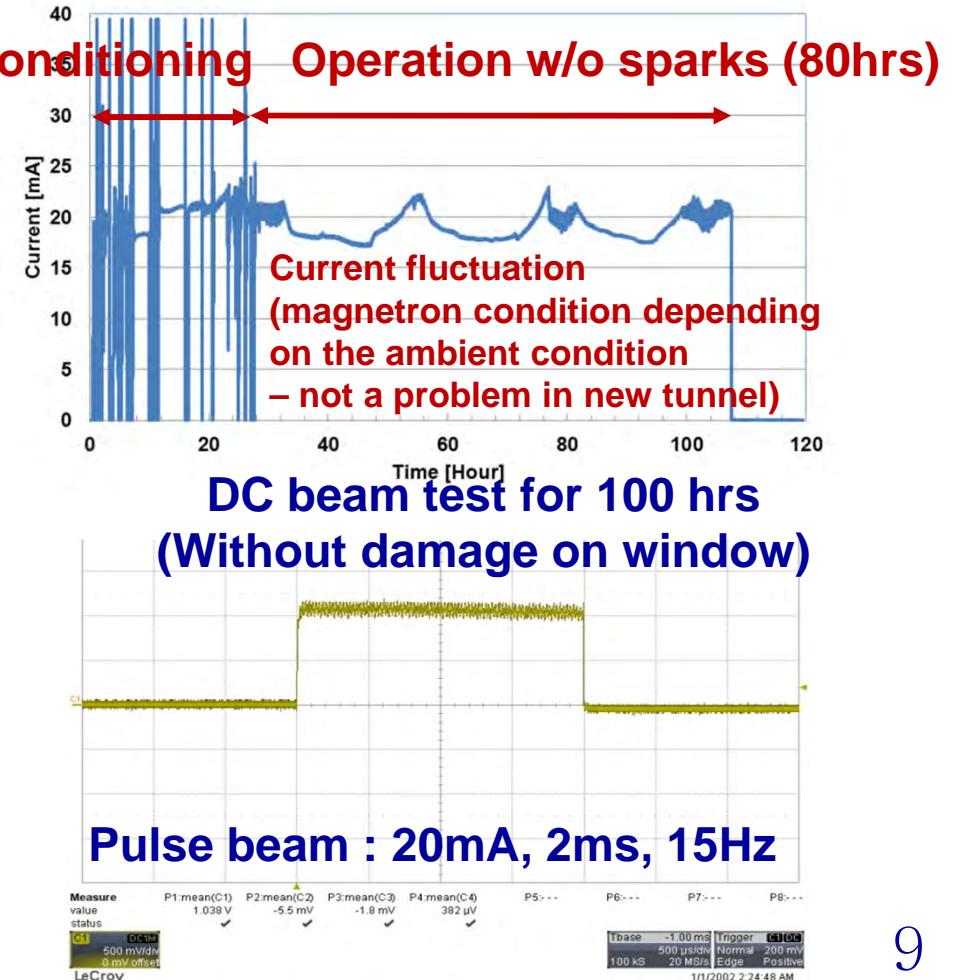


Microwave Ion Source

- Goal : 100 hrs operation without maintenance
- Proton beam with 50keV, 20mA
- DC or Pulse beam operation
- It was installed and successfully working at 20-MeV linac for 240 hrs without maintenance.

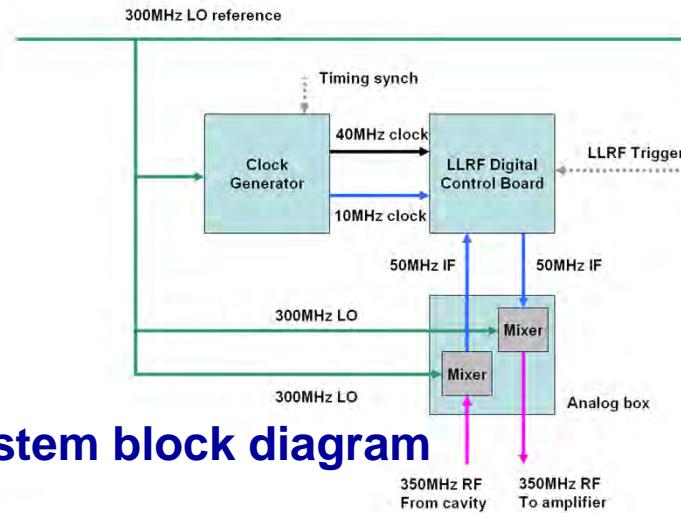


Microwave ion source installed in 20-MeV linac



Digital LLRF

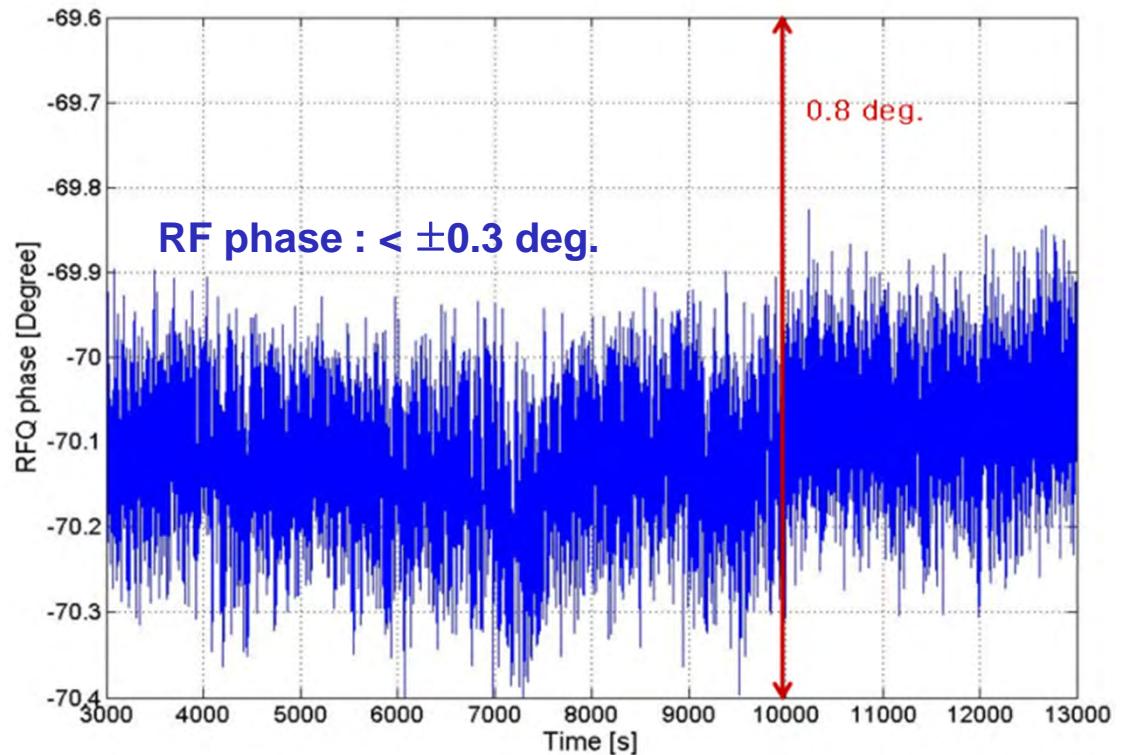
- Goal : 1% in amplitude, 1 degree in phase
- Control hardware : Commercially available control board
- Control software : PI implemented in FPGA and EPICS OPI by PEFP
- Digital LLRF was tested at the 20-MeV linac (2010)



LLRF system block diagram



LLRF OPI based on EPICS

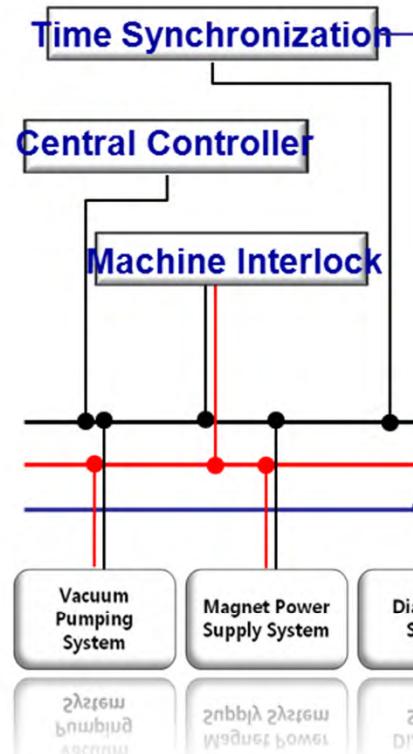


Phase variation during HPRF operation 10

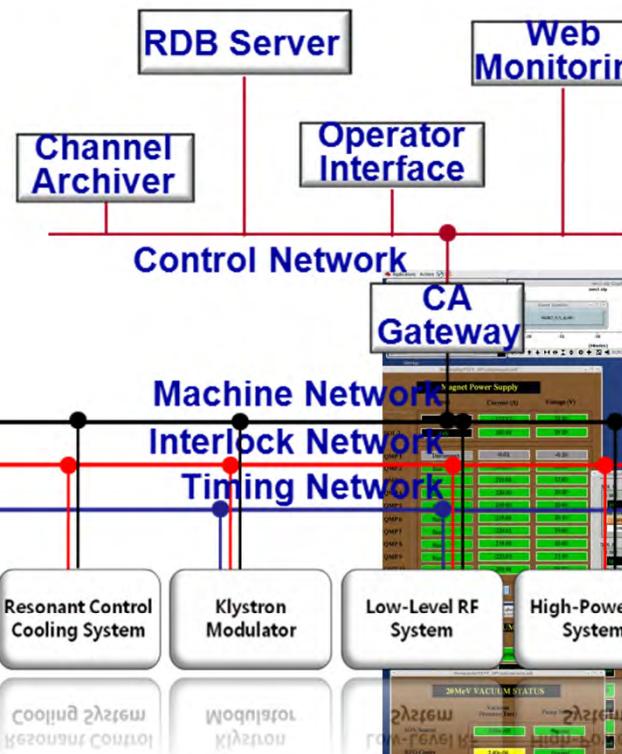
Control System

- EPCIS based system
- Timing based on the event system
- Test and operation at the 20-MeV linac

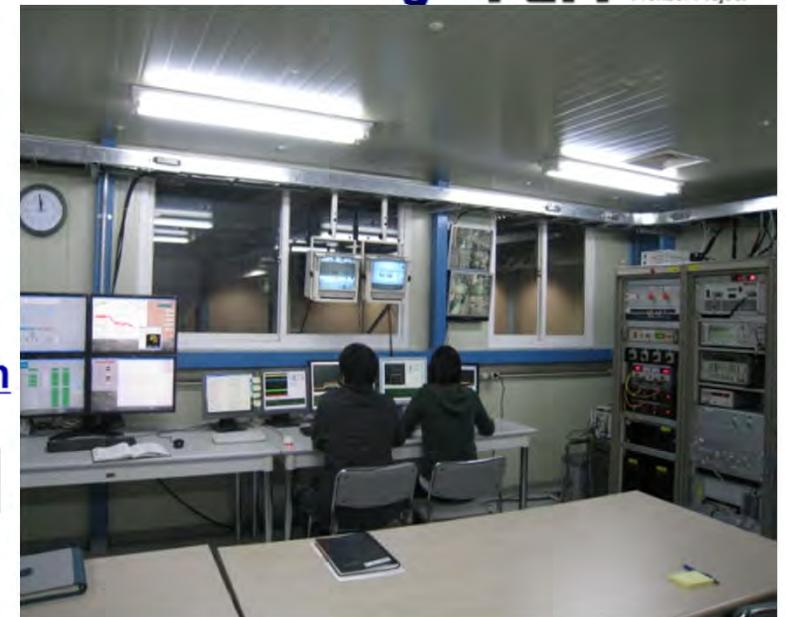
Time & Central Controller



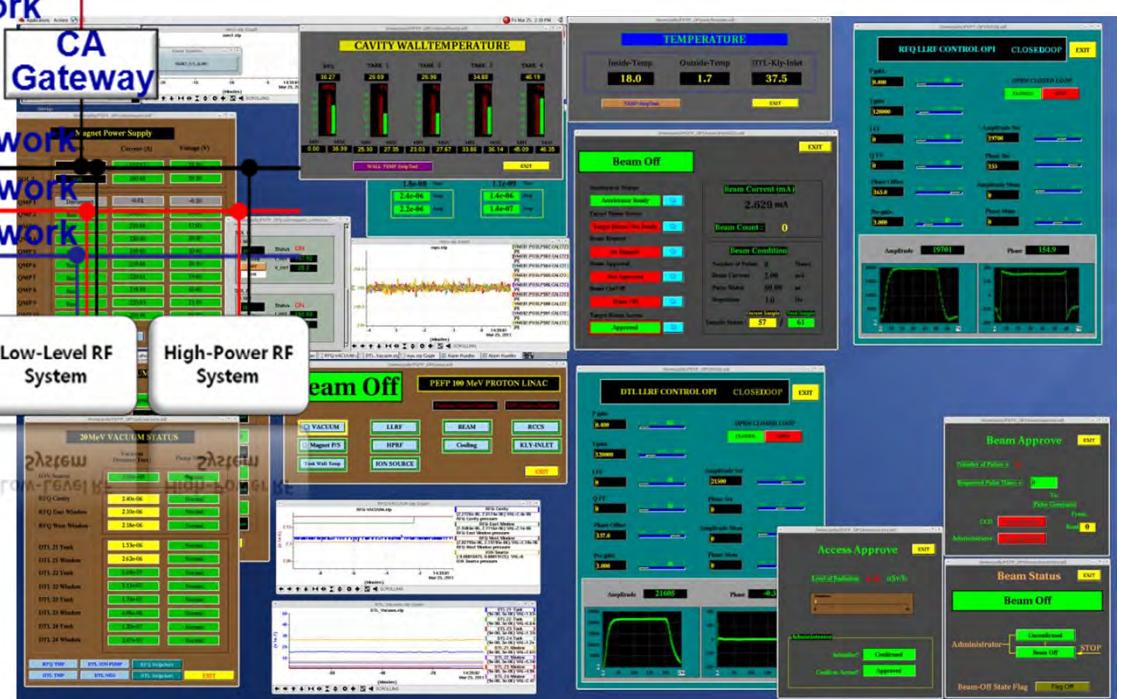
Data Management & Visualization



EPICS based OPI

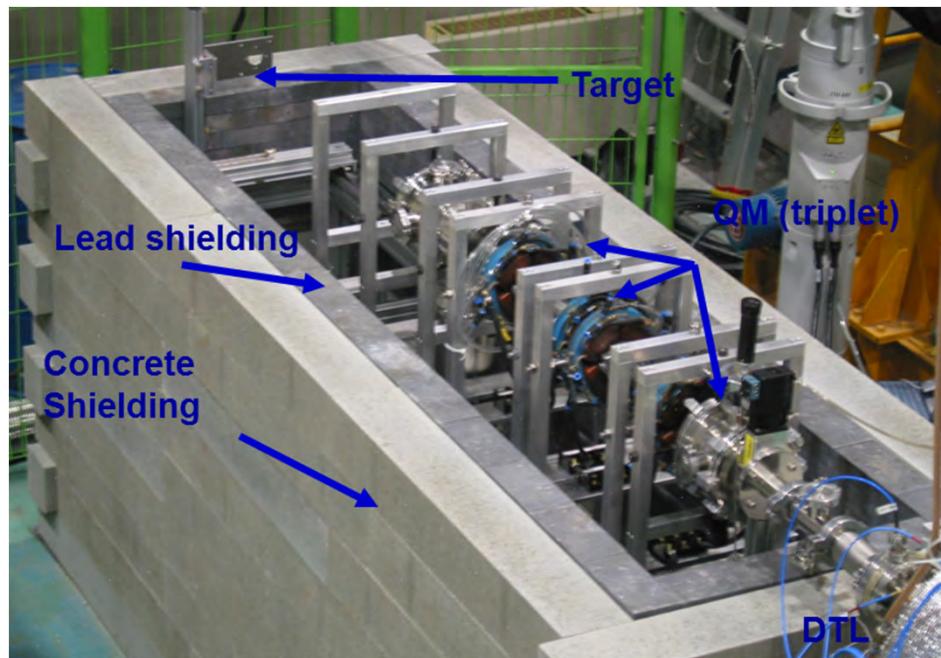


20MeV control room at Daejeon

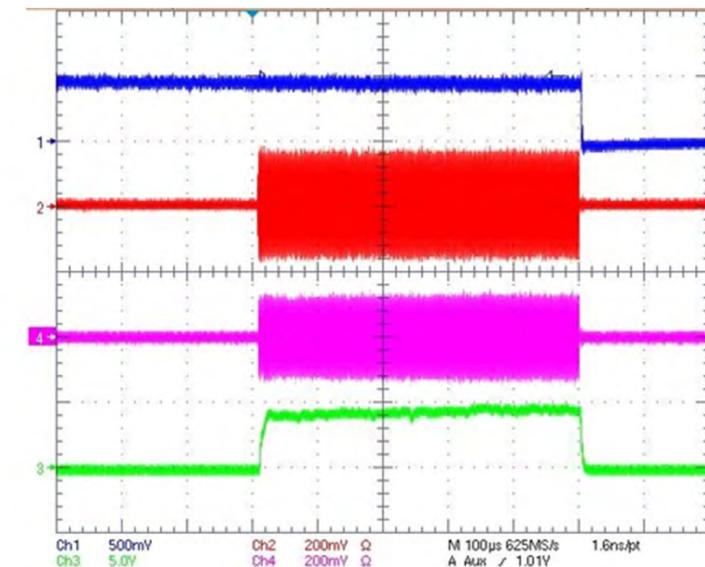


Linac Integrated Test : 20-MeV

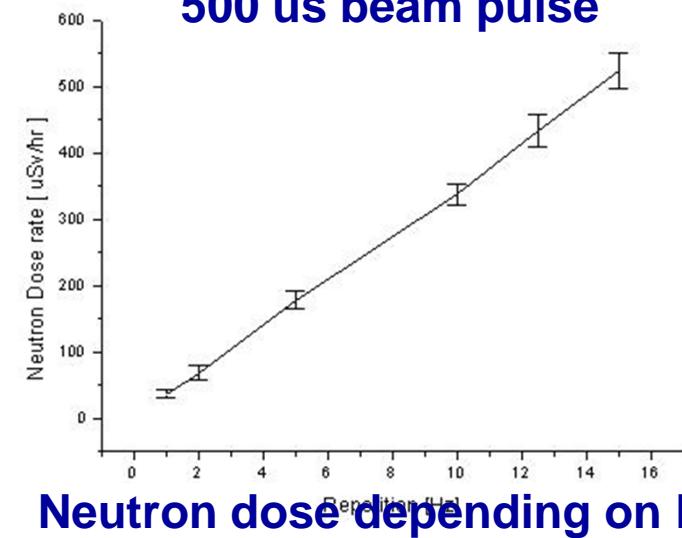
- Ion Source, HPRF, LLRF control, overall control system performance check
- 500 us pulse operation, 15Hz repetition rate operation
- Test limited by the radiation shielding at Daejeon
- Beam service : typically 20-MeV, 5mA, 1Hz



20-MeV beam target room
during installation at Daejeon



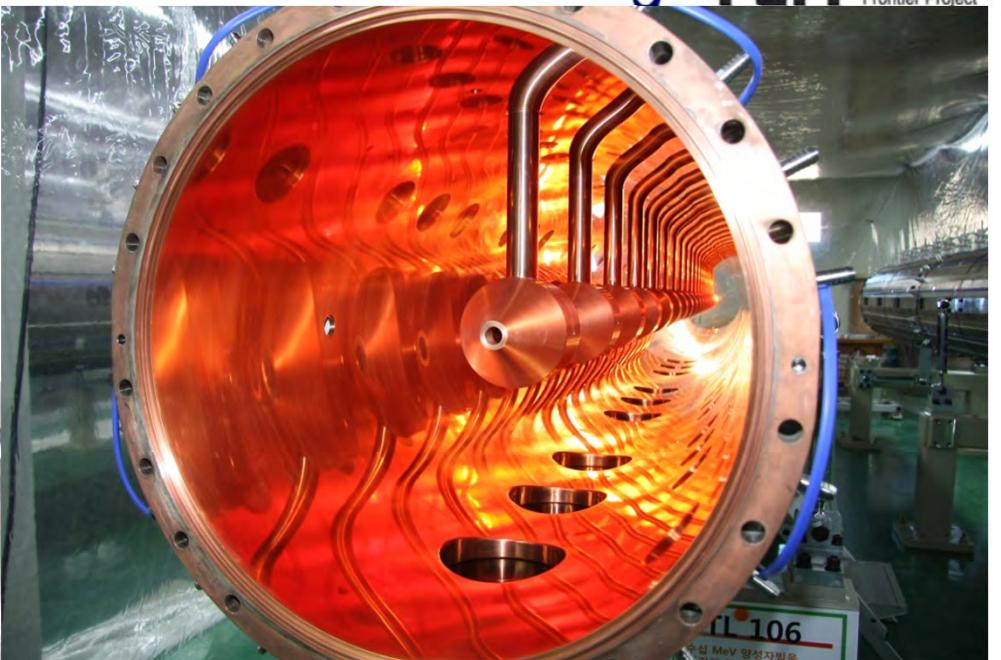
500 us beam pulse



Neutron dose depending on RR

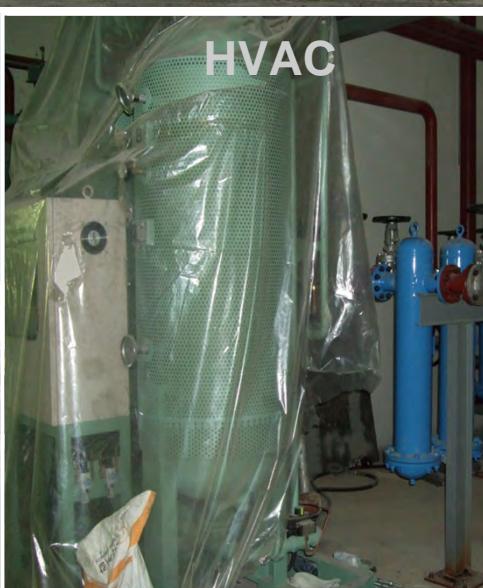
20~100MeV DTL Development

- Total 7 DTL Tanks (20~100MeV)
- Development Complete (Dec, 2010)
- DT aligned (< 50 μm)
- Installed in tunnel (Feb. 2012)



Tank inside after DT alignment

Building Construction



20-MeV Linac Disassembly and Movement

- Disassembly of the 20-MeV linac from Dec. 2011
- Movement from Daejeon to Gyeongju (~200km apart)
- DTL and klystron was transported by using the vibration free truck through express way.
- No notable field distortions in DTL before and after (~ 3%) (Daejeon)
- Special supporter with oil jack and caster was used in the tunnel.



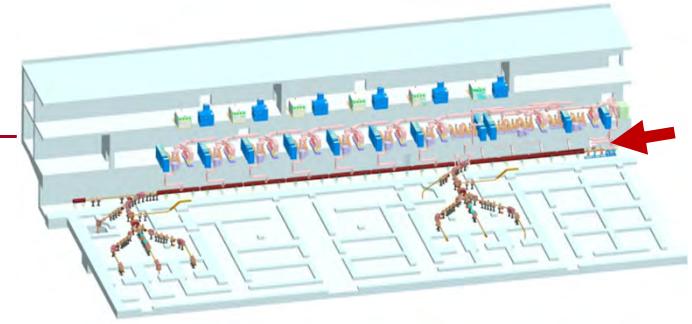
DTL tanks inside vibration free truck



Special supporter inside tunnel

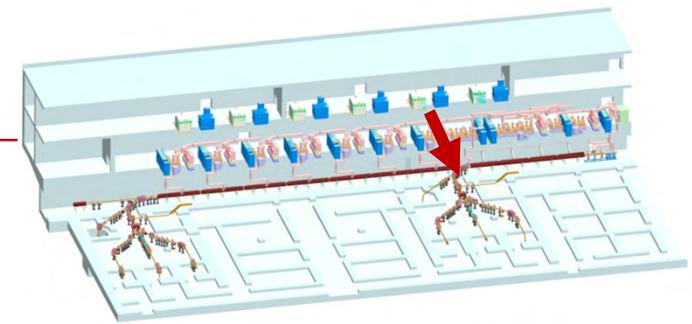
Accelerator Installation

□ Installed inside tunnel at March, 2012



Beam Line Installation

- Magnet Installed inside experimental hall at May, 2012



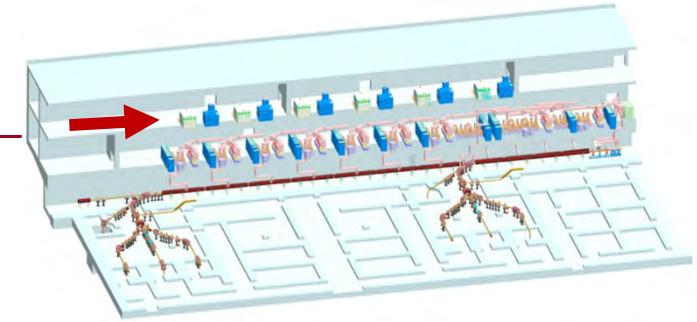
Klystron Gallery: 2nd Floor

□ Installation starts at September, 2012



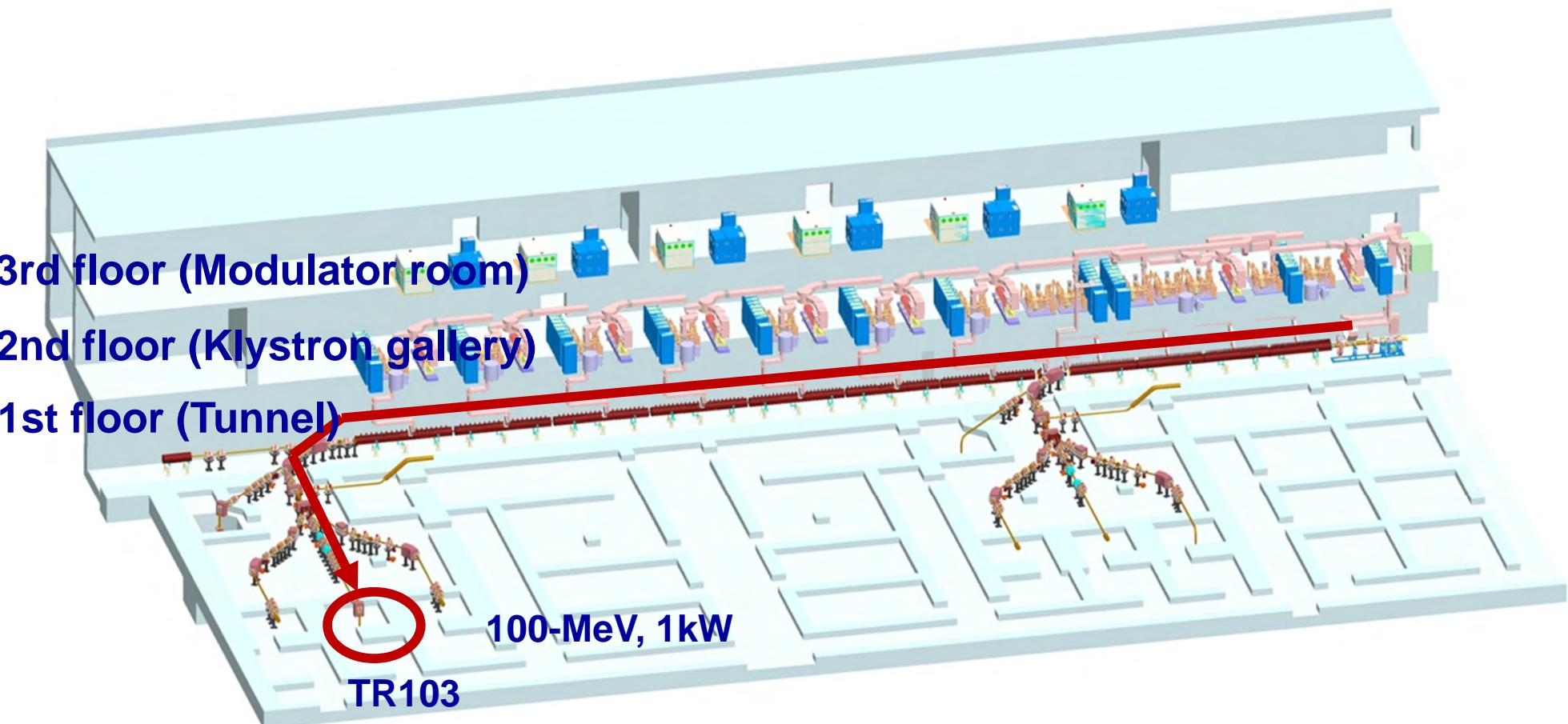
Modulator Installation: 3rd Floor

- Installation starts at September, 2012



Commissioning Plan

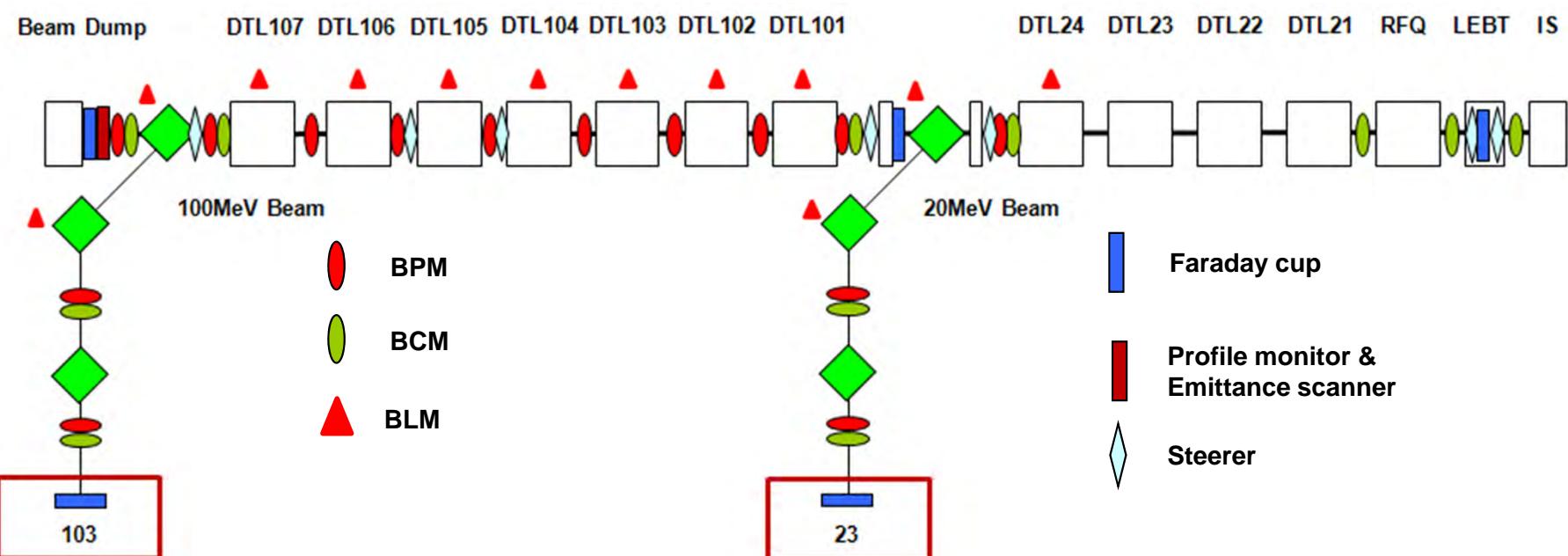
- Goal : 100-MeV, 1kW proton beam at 103 target room beam dump
- Both on-line conditioning and commissioning
- High power conditioning sequence : 3rd floor -> 2nd floor -> Tunnel (1st floor)
- 20-MeV experience is helpful for 100-MeV commissioning
- Accelerator commissioning starts in this winter
- Power increase in parallel with beam service after commissioning



Beam Commissioning

□ Beam commissioning plan

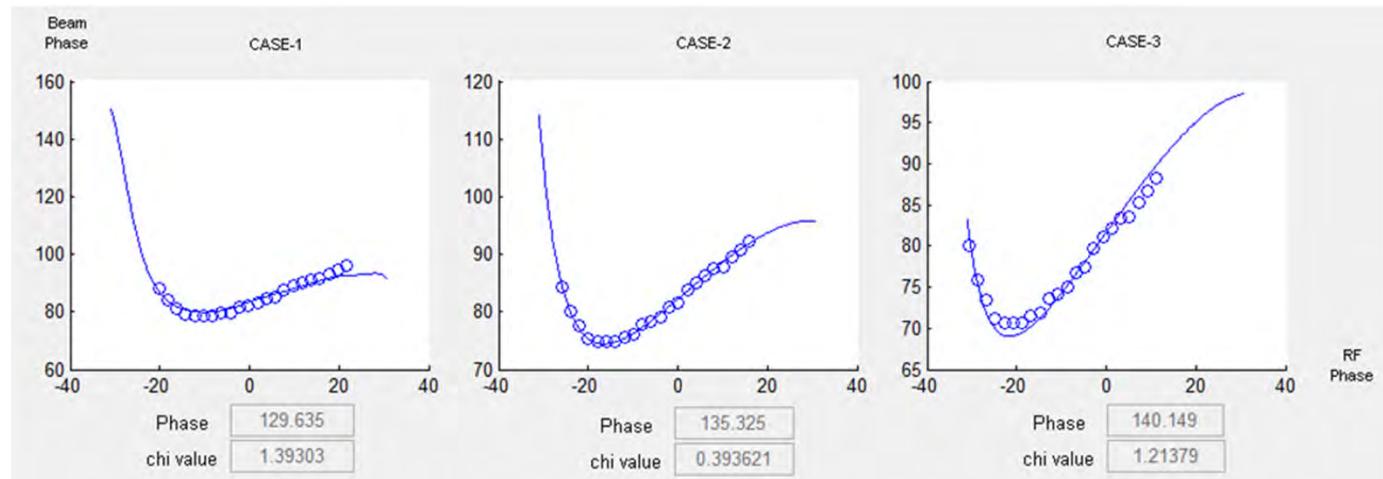
- Beam energy: 100 MeV
- Peak beam current: 20 mA
- Average Beam power: 1 kW
- Commissioning steps:
 - 20 MeV acceleration (experienced)
 - 100 MeV acceleration (1 kW beam dump)
 - Delivery to a 100-MeV target room
 - Phase scan method (BPM)
- RF set point:
- Diagnostics:



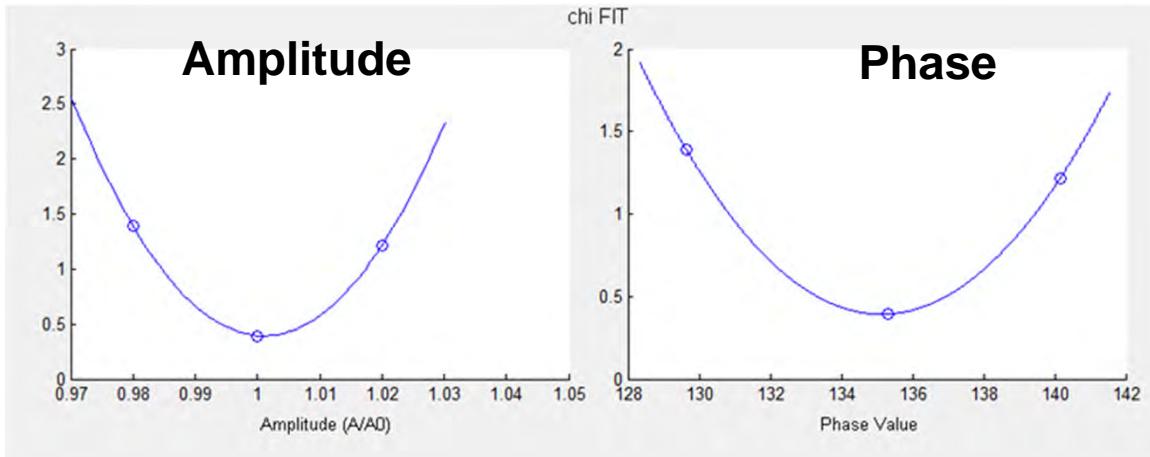
RF set point of DTL tank

□ We plan to use the phase scan method to determine the RF operation point.

- A RF set-point program was tested by using artificial experimental data.
- χ -values were calculated for different relative amplitude A/A_0
 $A/A_0 = 0.98$ $A/A_0 = 1.00$ $A/A_0 = 1.02$



- RF set-point can be determined at the minimum points in quadratic fitting of χ -values



	Artificial Exp.	Program
Amplitude	1.0	1.001
Phase	135.4	135.2

Artificial Experimental data includes gaussian error of $\sigma = 0.5^\circ$ in beam phase.

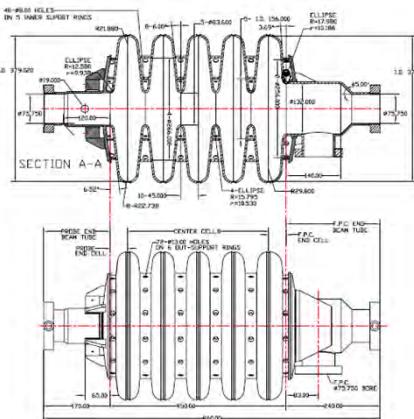
Future Plan

- GeV, MW-class Accelerator suggested by planning studies
 - Long-term Planning for PEFP (STEPI, 2009)
 - Efficient Management and Development Scheme for PAR (MEST, 2010)
- 1GeV, 2MW SRF Proton Linac + Spallation Sources (LP + SP)
 - Included in National Large Research Facility Road Map (2010)



Started SRF R&D from the beginning of the PEFP

- ❑ Prototyping of the 700MHz, 5cell elliptical cavity with domestic company
 - ❑ Design, fabrication and test experience



Design



Forming



E-beam welding



Tuning



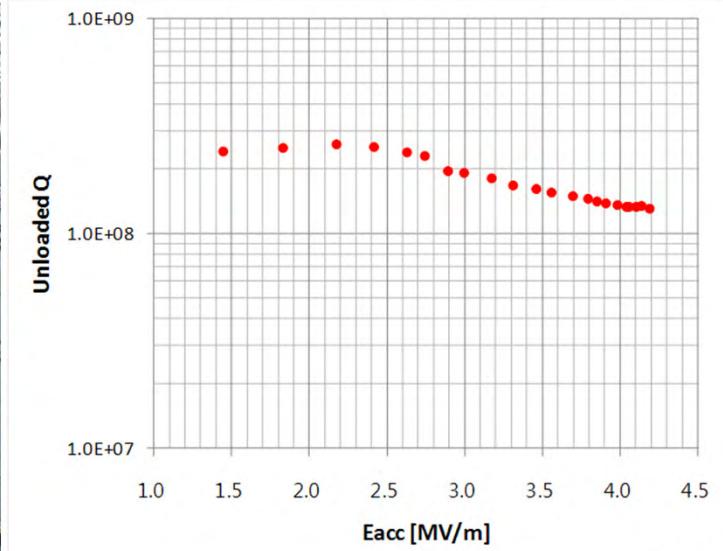
Cleaning



Test preparation



Test



First result

Summary

□ PEFP Linac and beam lines

- **Injector, 3 MeV RFQ, 100 MeV DTL, 10 beam lines**
- **Developed the linac technologies through this project.**

□ 20 MeV linac

- **5 year operation gives us experience on installation, commissioning, and operation of the proton linac.**
- **Test beam line: supplying proton beams to users**

□ Linac and beam line magnet installation: completed

- **20 MeV part: disintegrated, moved and installed at project site in Gyeongju**
- **20 ~ 100 MeV part, beam line magnet: fabrication, tested and installed**

□ Commissioning

- **HPRF installation started in September 2012**
- **Commissioning will start in this winter**
- **Beam service will start in spring 2013**

Thank you for your attention

