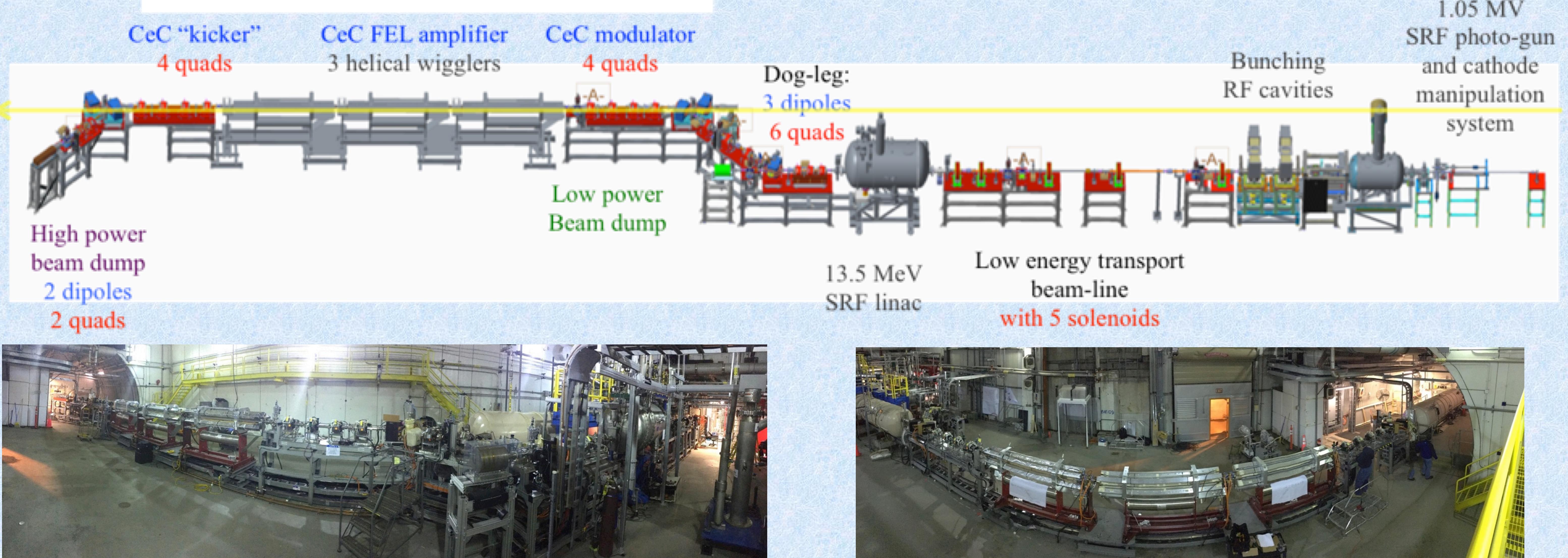
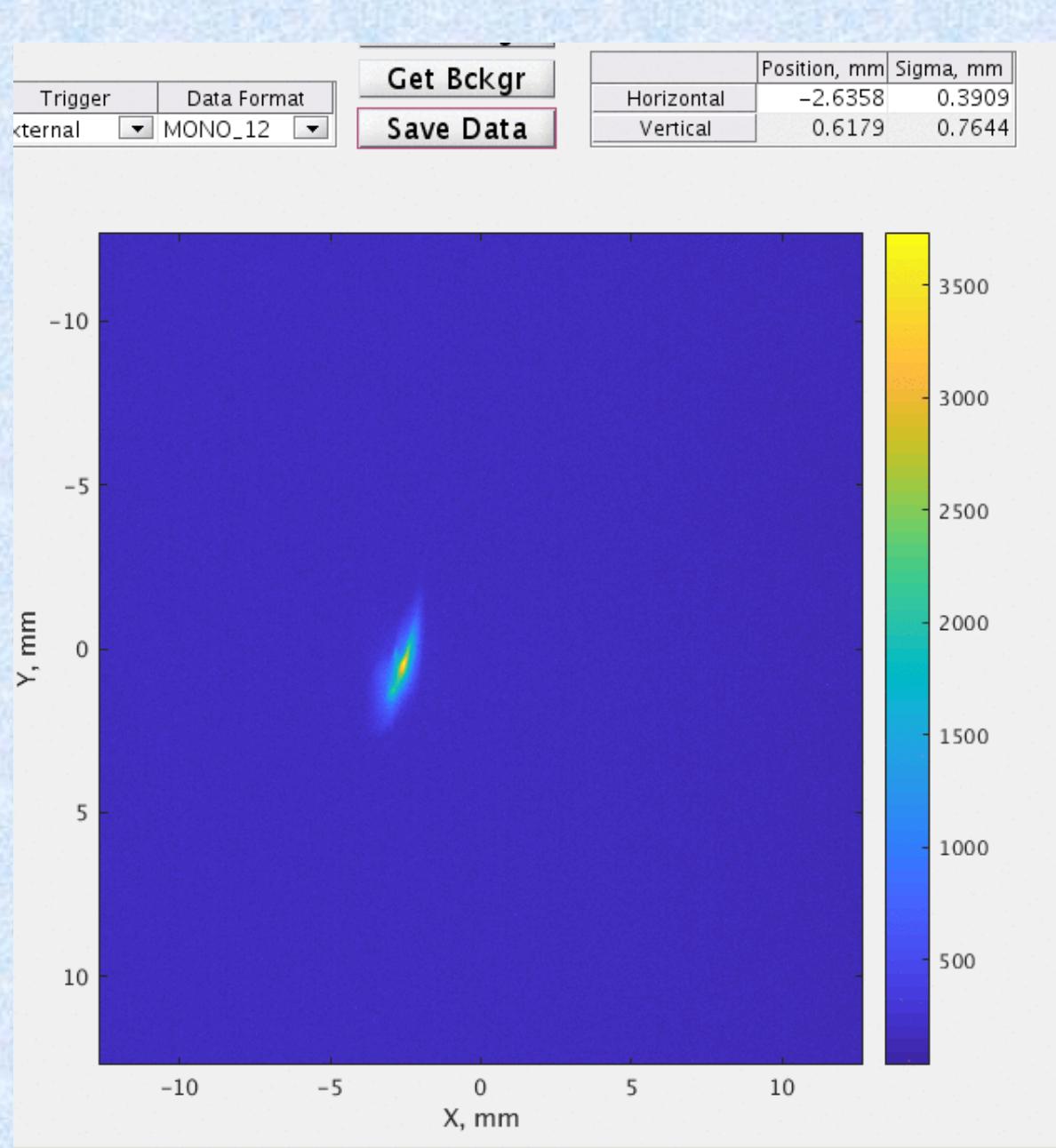


## Common section with RHIC

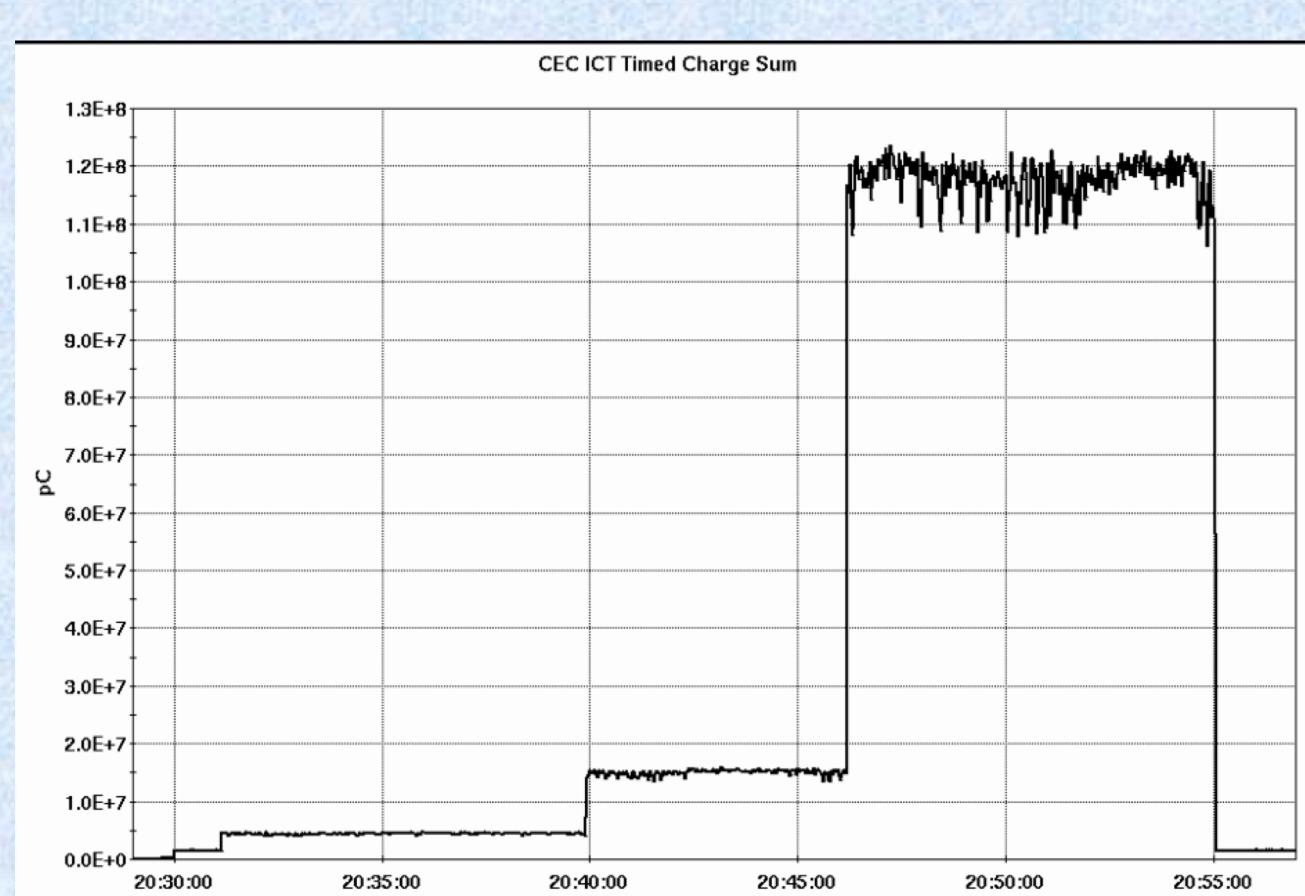


Parameter	Design	Status	Comment
Species in RHIC	Au <sup>+79</sup> , 40 GeV/u	Au <sup>+79</sup> 26.5 GeV/u	To match e-beam
Particles/bucket	$10^8 - 10^9$	$10^8 - 10^9$	
Electron energy	21.95 MeV	15 MeV	SRF linac quench
Charge per e-bunch	0.5-5 nC	0.1-9 nC	
Peak current	100 A	50 A	Sufficient for this energy
Pulse duration, psec	10-50	12	
Beam emittance, norm	<5 mm mrad	3 - 4 mm mrad	
FEL wavelength	13 μm	30 μm	Required new IR diagnostics
Rep-rate	78.17 kHz	78 kHz	
e-beam current	up to 400 μA	120 μA	
Electron beam power	< 10 kW	1800 W	

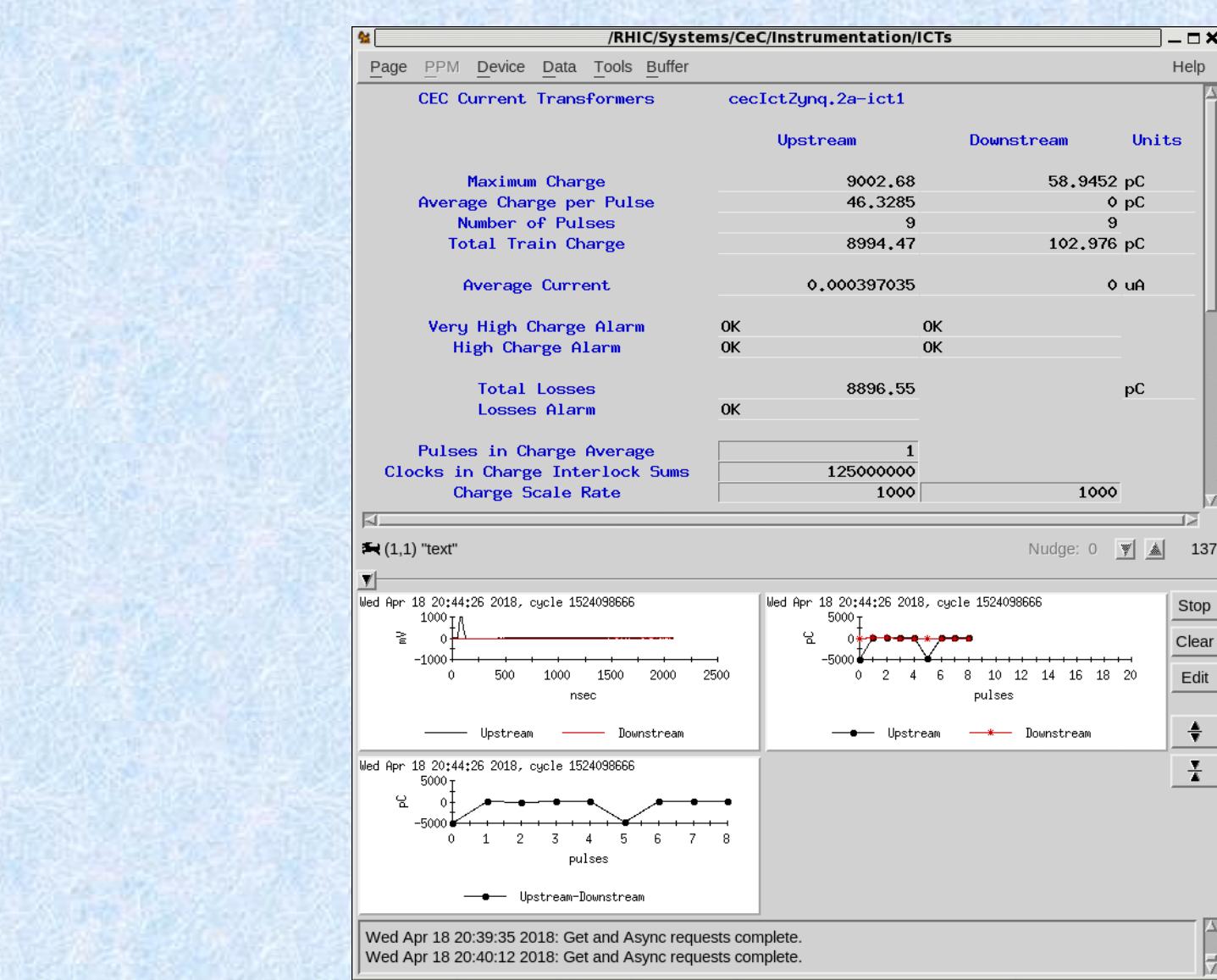
Electron beam is generated by 113 MHz SRF gun with CsK<sub>2</sub>Sb photocathode driven by a 532 nm laser. Two 500 MHz copper cavities provide energy chirp and beam is compressed to desired peak current. After compression beam is accelerated by a 704 MHz SRF cavity and merged into CeC PoP structure having three helical undulators.



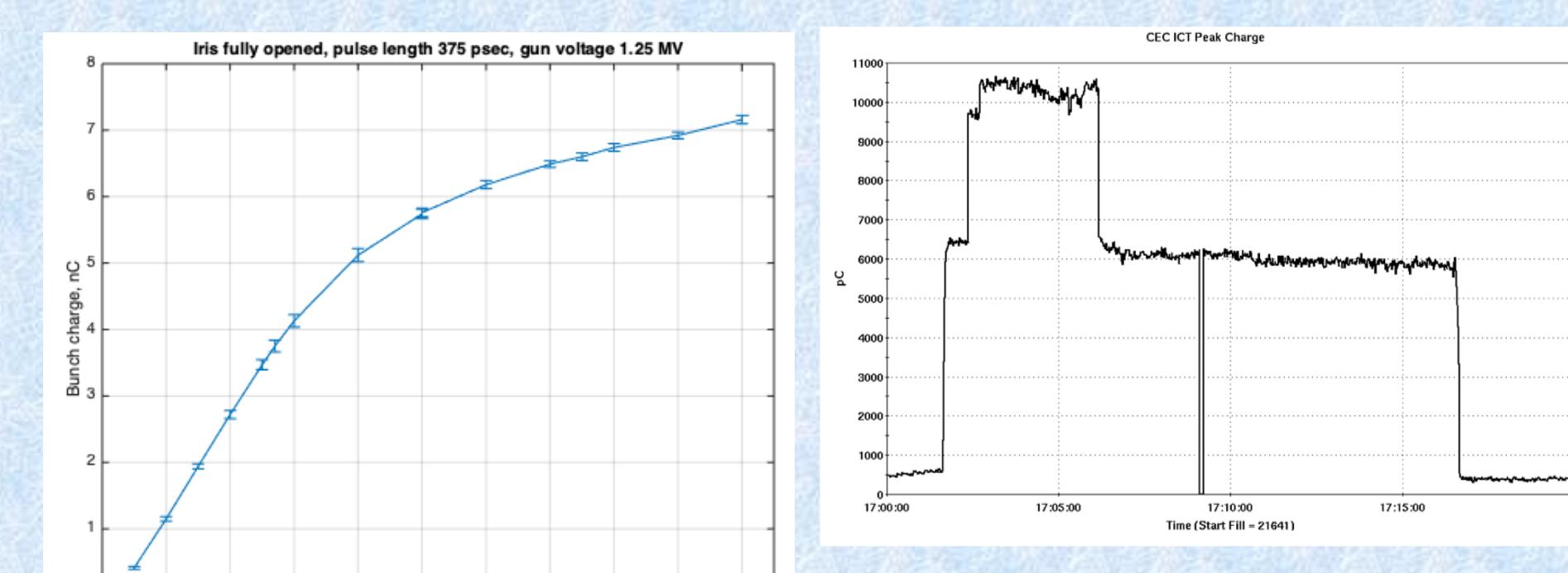
Horizontal beam size of 0.39 mm and dispersion of 1.2 m gives energy spread below  $3 \times 10^{-4}$



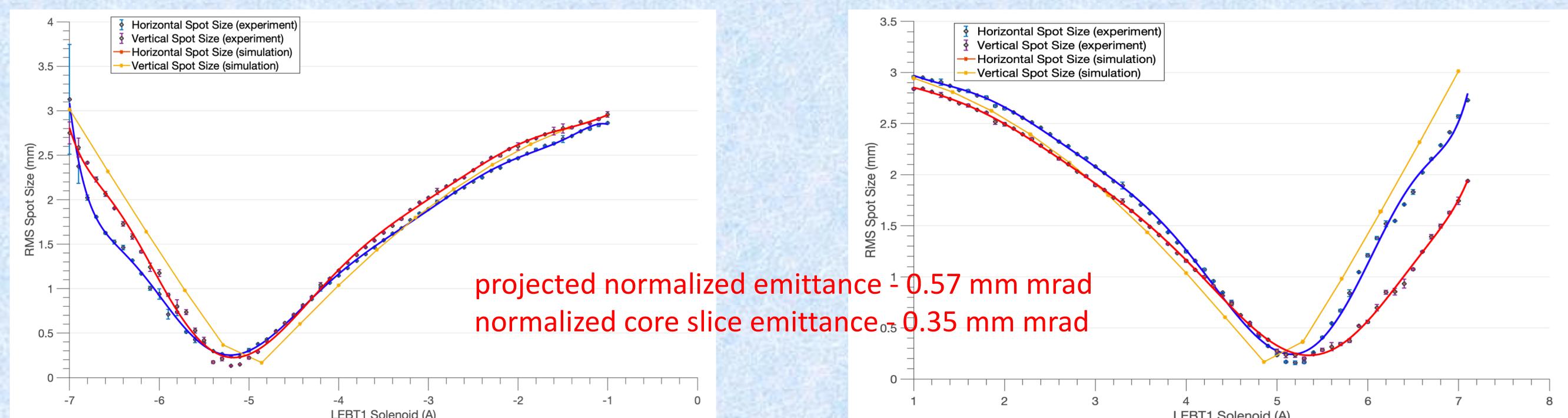
Average current during experiment



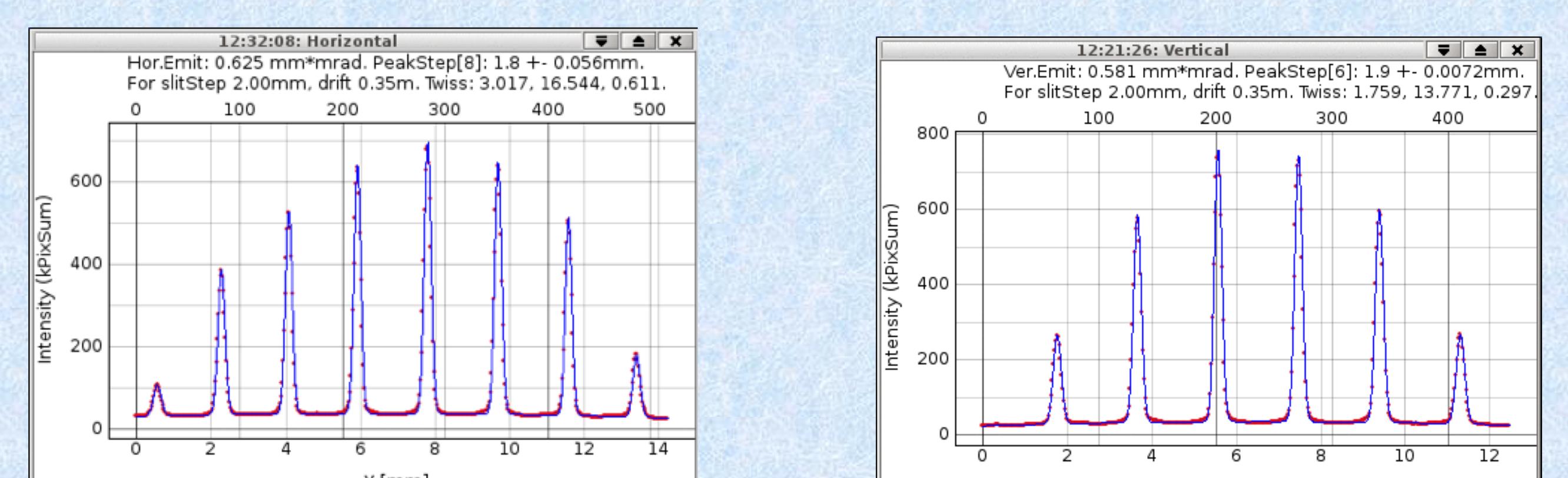
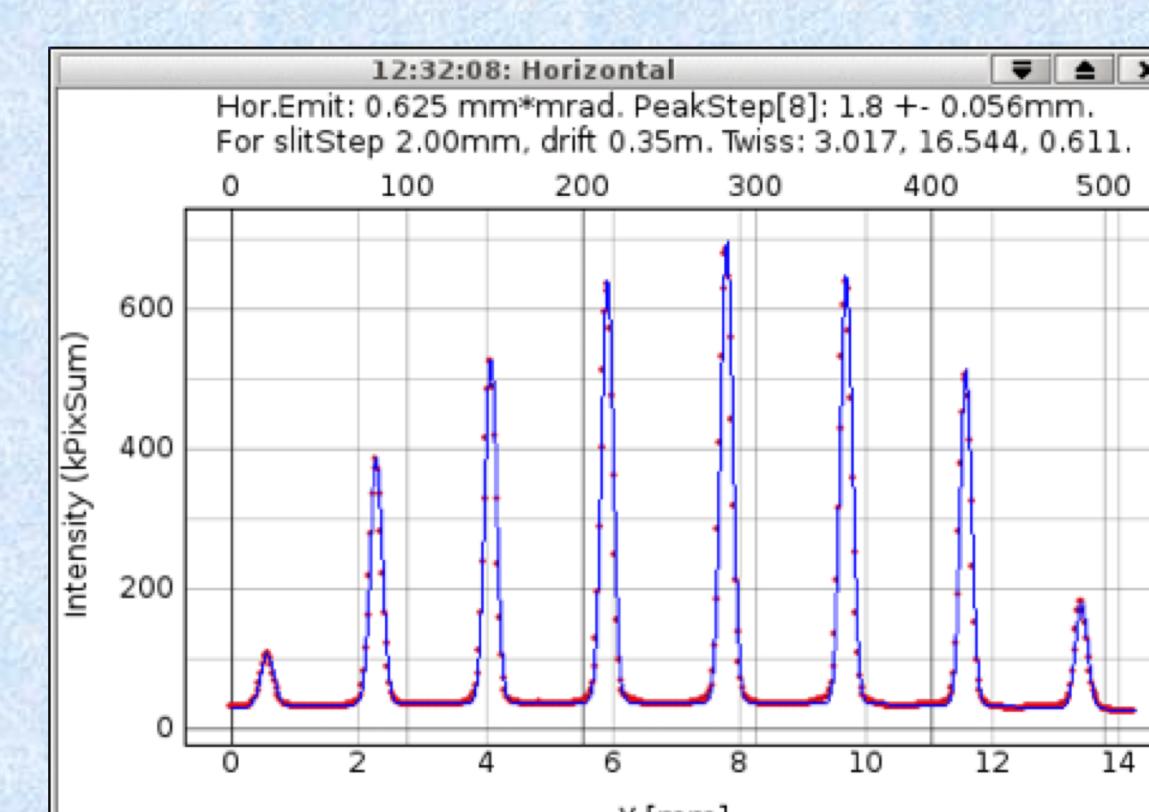
Maximal bunch charge reported by control system



Study of bunch charge dependence on laser power. On Y axis charge in picoCoulombs, on X axes laser power control (% of maximal). Laser spot diameter is 6 mm, gun voltage 1.25 MV (cathode field 10 MV/m), pulse duration 375 picoseconds.



projected normalized emittance 0.57 mm mrad  
normalized core slice emittance 0.35 mm mrad



Low operational frequency of the electron gun (quarter wave design) allow generate beam on the peak of the cathode electrical field. It allows to obtain low emittance with substantial bunch charge. We shall continue on the more detailed study of the gun performance.

