

$$x_0 = -1, y_0 = 1$$

$$x_1 = 1, y_1 = -1$$

$$x_2 = 2, y_2 = 13$$

$$x_3 = 3, y_3 = 69$$

$$x_4 = 4, y_4 = 221$$

$$p_0(x) = \frac{(x-x_1)(x-x_2)(x-x_3)(x-x_4)}{(x_0-x_1)(x_0-x_2)(x_0-x_3)(x_0-x_4)}$$

$$= \frac{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}{(-1-1)(-1-2)(-1-3)(-1-4)}$$

$$= \frac{(x^2-3x+2)(x^2-7x+12)}{(-2)(-3)(-4)(-5)} = \frac{x^4 - 12x^3 + 12x^2 - 3x^8 + 21x^6 - 36x^4 + 20x^2 - 14x + 24}{120}$$

$$= \frac{x^4 - 10x^3 + 35x^2 - 50x + 24}{120}$$

$$p_1(x) = \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_2)(x-x_3)(x-x_4)}{(x_1-x_0)(x_1-x_2)(x_1-x_3)(x_1-x_4)}$$

$$= \frac{(x+1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}{(1+1)(1-2)(1-3)(1-4)}$$

$$= \frac{(x^2-x-2)(x^2-7x+12)}{(-2)(-1)(-2)(-3)} = \frac{x^4 - 7x^3 + 12x^2 - x^8 + 7x^6 - 12x^4 - 2x^2 + 14x - 24}{-12}$$

$$= \frac{x^4 - 8x^3 + 17x^2 + 2x - 24}{-12}$$

$$p_2(x) = \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)(x-x_3)(x-x_4)}{(x_2-x_0)(x_2-x_1)(x_2-x_3)(x_2-x_4)}$$

$$= \frac{(x+1)(x-1)(x-3)(x-4)}{(2+1)(2-1)(2-3)(2-4)}$$

$$= \frac{(x^2-1)(x^2-7x+12)}{3 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-2)} = \frac{x^4 - 7x^3 + 12x^2 - x^8 + 7x^6 - 12}{6}$$

$$= \frac{x^4 - 7x^3 + 11x^2 + 7x - 12}{6}$$

$$p_3(x) = \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)(x-x_2)(x-x_4)}{(x_3-x_0)(x_3-x_1)(x_3-x_2)(x_3-x_4)}$$

$$= \frac{(x^2-1)(x^2-6x+8)}{4 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1)}$$

$$= \frac{(x+1)(x-1)(x-2)(x-4)}{(3+1)(3-1)(3-2)(3-4)}$$

$$= \frac{x^4 - 6x^3 + 8x^2 - x^8 + 6x - 8}{-8}$$

$$= \frac{x^4 - 6x^3 + 7x^2 + 6x - 8}{-8}$$

$$P_4(x) = \frac{(x-x_0)(x-x_1)(x-x_2)(x-x_3)}{(x_4-x_0)(x_4-x_1)(x_4-x_2)(x_4-x_3)}$$

$$P_4(x) = \frac{(x+1)(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)}{(4+1)(4-1)(4-2)(4-3)}$$

$$P_4(x) = \frac{(x^2-1)(x^2-5x+6)}{5 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = \frac{x^4 - 5x^3 + 6x^2 - x^2 + 5x - 6}{30}$$

$$P_4(x) = \frac{x^4 - 5x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - 6}{30}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_4(x) &= 1 \cdot \frac{1}{120} \cdot (x^4 - 10x^3 + 55x^2 - 50x + 24) - 1 \cdot \frac{1}{120} \cdot (x^4 - 8x^3 + 17x^2 + 2x - 24) \\ &\quad + 13 \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot (x^4 - 7x^3 + 11x^2 + 7x - 12) + 69 \cdot \frac{1}{-8} \cdot (x^4 - 6x^3 + 7x^2 + 6x - 2) \\ &\quad + 281 \cdot \frac{1}{30} \cdot (x^4 - 5x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - 6) \end{aligned}$$

$$P_4(x) = x^4 - x^3 + 2x^2 - 3$$

## II. Newtonov oblik IP

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 x_0 = -1 & y_0 = 1 \\
 x_1 = 1 & y_1 = -1 \\
 x_2 = 2 & y_2 = 13 \\
 x_3 = 3 & y_3 = 69 \\
 x_4 = 4 & y_4 = 221
 \end{array}$$

$x_k \in [-1] \cup [-1, 1] \cup [-1, 1, 2] \cup [-1, 1, 2, 3] \cup [-1, 1, 2, 3, 4]$

0	-1	1	-1	5		
1	1	-1	14		4	
2	2	13	21			1
3	3	69	56		9	
4	4	221	152	48		

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_4(x) &= 1 + (-1)(x+1) + 5(x+1)(x-1) + 4(x+1)(x-1)(x-2) + \\
 &\quad - (x+1)(x-1)(x-2)(x-3) \\
 &= 1 - x - x^2 + 5x^2 - 5 + 4(x^2 - 1)(x-2) + 1(x^2 - 1)(x^2 - 5x + 6) \\
 &= -5 + 5x^2 - x + 4(x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2) + (x^4 - 5x^3 + 6x^2 - x^2 + 5x - 6) \\
 &= -5 + 5x^2 - x + 4x^3 - 8x^2 - 4x + 8 + x^4 - 5x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - 6 \\
 &= x^4 - x^3 + 2x^2 - 3
 \end{aligned}$$