C++ za takmičare

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Online/onsite takmičenja

- Različito okruženje
- Različiti ciljevi
- Pristup internetu
- Biblioteka kodova

Razvojno okruženje

- Prilagodite okruženje sebi
- Budite otvoreni ka promenama
- Pazite se na onsite takmičenjima
- Koristite iste kompajlere

Biblioteka kodova

- Izuzetno važno za online takmičenja!
- Što više, to bolje, ali...
- Dizajn je važan!

Biblioteka kodova

```
mint invol[300005];
89
      binomial bk(300005);
93
94
          invol[0] = invol[1] = 1;
95
          for (int i : ra(2, 300001)) {
              invol[i] = invol[i-1] + invol[i-2] * (i-1);
96
 97
 QR
              int n;
102
103
              cin >> n;
              mint sol = 0;
104
              for (int k : ra(0, n/4+1)) {
105
                  mint p = bk.mix(2*k, n-4*k);
106
                  p *= bk.f[2*k] * bk.finv[k];
107
                  sol += p * invol[n-4*k];
108
109
              cout << sol() << '\n';
110
```

Biblioteka kodova

• Paziti na različite verzije C++-a

```
using namespace std;
struct pair_cpp11 {
    int x, y;
    bool operator< (const pair_cpp11& b) const {</pre>
        return tie(x, y) < tie(b.x, b.y);
struct pair_cpp20 {
   int x, y;
    strong ordering operator<=> (const pair cpp20& b) const = default;
};
void test_cpp20() {
    pair_cpp20 a[3];
    ranges::sort(a);
```

Šablonske funkcije i klase

- Svi ih koristimo, a ko ih implementira?
- Korisno onsite, nezamenljivo online

Primer - segmentno stablo

```
template<class T = int, class F = plus<T>>
struct segtree
    int maxn;
    vector<T> a;
   Te;
    F f;
    segtree(int n, T e = T(), F f = F(), T v = T()) : e(e), f(f) {...
    void add(int p, const T& v) { ...
    void set(int p, const T& v) { ...
    T get(int l, int r, int x, int xl, int xr) const { ...
    T operator() (int 1, int r) const { ···
};
void test() {
    segtree st(1000, 0, [](int x, int y) { return max(x, y); }, 1);
    st.add(1, 123);
    cout << st(0, 10) << '\n';
```

Primer - segmentno stablo

```
template<class T = int>
struct maxval 🚪
   T x:
   maxval(T x = numeric_limits<T>::min()) : x(x) {}
   T operator() () const { return x; }
    maxval operator+ (const maxval& b) const { return max(x, b.x); }
    maxval& operator+= (const maxval& b) { x = max(x, b.x); return *this; }
};
void test() {
    segtree<maxval<double>> st(1000);
    st.add(1, 12.3);
    cout << st(0, 10)() << '\n';
```

Kompresija koordinata

```
template<class T>
struct compressor {
   vector<T*> v;
    T b;
    compressor(T b = T()) : b(b) {}
    void operator+=(T& x) { v.push_back(&x); }
    int operator()() { ...
void test() {
    int a[] = \{2, 5, 11, 2\};
    compressor cx(1);
    for (int& x : a) cx += x;
    cx();
    for (int x : a) cout << x << " "; // 1 2 3 1
```

Primer - interaktivni zadaci

```
template<class I, class 0 = int>
struct cached interactive {
   map<I, 0> c;
    template<class... T>
   0 ask(T... a) {
       I i{a...};
       auto it = c.lower bound(i);
       if (it == c.end() || i < it->first) {
           cout << '?';
           ((cout << ' ' << a), ...) << endl;
           0 0;
           cin >> o;
           c.emplace_hint(it, i, o);
           return o;
         else {
           return it->second;
    template<class... T>
    void answer(T... a) {
       cout << '!';
       ((cout << ' ' << a), ...) << endl;
```

```
void test() {
    cached_interactive<tuple<string, int, int>, string> ci;
    for (int x : {0, 1, 2, 3}) {
        if (ci.ask("equal", x, x+1) == "NO") {
            ci.answer(x, x+1);
            return;
        }
    }
}
```

```
? equal 0 1
YES
? equal 1 2
YES
? equal 2 3
NO
! 2 3
```

Novine u C++20

```
std::ranges (algoritmi)std::ranges::views (transformacije)std::spanoperator<=>
```

std::ranges

- Kraći pozivi funkcija
- Postoje razlike

```
using namespace std;
namespace R = ranges;

void test(vector<int> a) {
    R::sort(a);
    do {
        run(a);
    } while (R::next_permutation(a).found);
}
```

std::ranges::views

R::views::iota, odnosno R::iota_view

```
auto ra(auto x, auto y) { return R::iota_view(x, y); }

void test() {
    for (int i : ra(0, 5)) {
        cout << i << ' ';
    }
}</pre>
```

Binarna pretraga po rešenju

```
bool moze(int x);
int resi(int n) {
    return *R::lower_bound(ra(0, n), true, {}, moze);
}
```

std::span

• Pogled na niz elemenata u memoriji

```
void stampaj(span<int> a) {
    if (a.empty()) return;
    auto n = a.size();
    cout << a[n/2] << ' ';
    stampaj(a.subspan(0, n/2));
    stampaj(a.subspan(n/2 + 1));
void test() {
    vector \mathbf{a} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\};
    stampaj(a);
```

operator <=>

• Zamenjuje <, >, <=, >=

```
struct razlomak {
    int x, y;
    auto operator<=> (razlomak b) const {
       return x*b.y <=> y*b.x;
void test() {
    if (razlomak{1, 2} <= razlomak{2, 3}) {</pre>
        cout << "Manje je!\n";</pre>
```

Pitanja?

Hvala na pažnji!

- github.com/ivan100sic/competelib-snippets
- github.com/ivan100sic/bc-15-lecture



