

```
curry :: ((a, b) -> c) -> (a -> b -> c)
curry f = \x -> \y -> f (x, y)
```

```
uncurry :: (a -> b -> c) -> ((a, b) -> c)
uncurry f = \ (x, y) -> f x y
```

```
misum :: [Float] -> Float
misum s = foldr (\acc x -> acc + x) 0 s
```

```
mielem :: Eq a => a -> [a] -> Bool
mielem e s = foldr (\x acc -> acc || e==x) False s
```

```
mimasmass :: [a] -> [a] -> [a]
mimasmass s1 s2 = foldr (\x acc -> x:acc) s2 s1
```

```
mifilter :: (a -> Bool) -> [a] -> [a]
mifilter f s = foldr (\x acc -> if f x then x:acc else acc)
  [] s
```

```
data AB a = Nil | Bin (AB a) a (AB a)
```

```
recAB ::
  b -- Nil
-> (AB a -> a -> AB a -> b -> b -> b) -- Bin
-> AB a
-> b
```

```
recAB z f x = case x of
  Nil -> z
  (Bin l v r) -> f l v r (rec l) (rec r)
  where rec = recAB z f
```

```
foldAB ::
  b -- Nil
-> (b -> a -> b -> b) -- Bin
-> AB a
-> b
```

```
foldAB z f x = case x of
  Nil -> z
  (Bin l v r) -> f (rec l) v (rec r)
  where rec = foldAB z f
```

```
foldAB :: (a -> b -> b -> b) -> b -> AB a -> b
foldAB f1 f2 = recAB (\a __ -> f1 a) f2
```

```
esNil :: AB a -> Bool
esNil x = case x of
  Nil -> True
  _ -> False
```

```
cantNodos :: AB a -> Int
cantNodos = foldAB (const 1) (\ri _ rd -> 1 + ri + rd)
```

```
sumatoriaArbol :: AB Int -> Int
sumatoriaArbol = foldAB id (\left r right -> left + r + right)
```

```
mejorSegún :: (a -> a -> Bool) -> AB a -> a
mejorSegún f (Bin l v r) = foldAB v (\rl v rr -> (rl `g` v) `g` rr)
  (Bin l v r)
  where g x y = if f x y then x else y
```

```
esABB :: Ord a => AB a -> Bool
esABB = recAB True (\l v r rl rr -> (esNil l || mejorSegún (>) l
  <= v) && (esNil r || mejorSegún (<) r >= v) && rl && rr)
```

```
raíz :: AB a -> a
raíz (Bin l v r) = v
```

```
data RoseTree a = Rose a [RoseTree a]
```

```
tamaño :: RoseTree a -> Int
tamaño (Rose x hijos) = 1 + sum (map tamaño hijos)
-- tamaño = foldRT (\_ recs -> 1 + sum recs)
```

```
foldRT :: (a -> [b] -> b) -> RoseTree a -> b
foldRT f (Rose x hijos) = f x (map (foldRT f) hijos)
```

```
data Polinomio a = X
  | Cte a
  | Suma (Polinomio a) (Polinomio a)
  | Prod (Polinomio a) (Polinomio a)
```

```
evaluar n poli = case poli of
  X -> n
  Cte k -> k
  Suma p q -> evaluar n p + evaluar n q
  Prod p q -> evaluar n p * evaluar n q
```

```
-- flip
flip' :: (a -> b -> c) -> b -> a -> c
-- flip' f y x = f x y
flip' f = \y x -> f x y
```

```

truncar =
  foldNave (\ c r1 r2 -> \ i ->
    if i == 0
    then ( Base c )
    else ( M'odulo c ( r1 (i -1) ) ( r2 (i -1) ) ) )
    (\ c -> \ i -> Base c )

```

```

data Componente
= Contenedor
  | Motor
  | Escudo
  | Cañon
deriving Eq

```

```

data NaveEspacial
= Modulo Componente NaveEspacial NaveEspacial
| Base Componente
deriving Eq

```

```

recNave :: ( Componente -> NaveEspacial ->
NaveEspacial -> a -> a -> a )
-> ( Componente -> a ) -> NaveEspacial -> a

```

```

recNave f1 f2 n = case n of
  Modulo c n1 n2 -> f1 c n1 n2 ( rec n1 ) ( rec n2
)
  Base c -> f2 c
where rec = recNave f1 f2

```

```

foldNave :: ( Componente -> a -> a -> a )
-> ( Componente -> a ) -> NaveEspacial -> a

```

```

foldNave f1 f2 = recNave (\ c _ _ -> f1 c ) f2

```

```

espejo :: NaveEspacial -> NaveEspacial
espejo = foldNave (\ c r1 r2 -> Modulo c r2 r1 ) Base

```

```

esSubnavePropia :: NaveEspacial -> NaveEspacial ->
Bool
esSubnavePropia n1 =
recNave (\ _ sn1 sn2 r1 r2 -> sn1 == n1 ||
sn2 == n1 || r1 || r2 )
( const False )

```

Dada una nave y un numero natural n, devuelve una nave con los niveles 0 a n de la original, siendo el nivel 0 la raíz.

```

truncar :: NaveEspacial -> Integer -> NaveEspacial

```



$$V ::= \dots | \langle \rangle_{\sigma} | V \cdot V$$

$$\text{Prox}(\langle \rangle_{\sigma}, V_1) \rightarrow V_1$$

$$\text{Prox}((V_1 \cdot V_2) \cdot V_3) \rightarrow \text{Prox}(V_1, V_3)$$

$$\text{desencolun}(\langle \rangle_{\sigma} \cdot V_1) \rightarrow \langle \rangle_{\sigma}$$

$$\text{desencolun}(V_1 \cdot V_2 \cdot V_3) \rightarrow \text{desencolun}(V_1 \cdot V_2) \cdot V_3$$

$$\text{case } \langle \rangle_{\sigma} \text{ of } \langle \rangle \rightsquigarrow M; C \cdot x \rightsquigarrow N \rightarrow M$$

$$\text{case } V_1 \cdot V_2 \text{ of } \langle \rangle \rightsquigarrow M; C \cdot x \rightsquigarrow N \xrightarrow{\text{case } M} N \{c := V_1; x := V_2\}$$

CBV

$$V ::= \dots | \text{left}(V) | \text{right}(V)$$

$$\Gamma \vdash M \hookrightarrow V$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{left}(M) \hookrightarrow \text{left}(V)$$

$$\Gamma \vdash M \hookrightarrow V$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{right}(M) \hookrightarrow \text{right}(V)$$

$$\Gamma \vdash M \hookrightarrow \text{left}(V)$$

$$\Gamma, x = V \vdash N \hookrightarrow V'$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{case } M \text{ of } \text{left}(x) \rightsquigarrow N \parallel \text{right}(y) \rightsquigarrow O \hookrightarrow V'$$

$$\Gamma \vdash M \hookrightarrow \text{right}(V)$$

$$\Gamma, y = V \vdash O \hookrightarrow V'$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{case } M \text{ of } \text{left}(x) \rightsquigarrow N \parallel \text{right}(y) \rightsquigarrow O \hookrightarrow V'$$

$$\vdash \text{zero} \hookrightarrow \text{zero}$$

$$\vdash \text{succ}(\text{zero}) \hookrightarrow \text{succ}(\text{zero})$$

$$\vdash \text{succ}(\text{succ}(\text{zero})) \hookrightarrow \text{succ}(\text{succ}(\text{zero}))$$

$$\vdash \text{pred}(2) \hookrightarrow \text{succ}(\text{zero})$$

$$\vdash \text{left}(\text{pred}(2)) \hookrightarrow \text{left}(\perp)$$

$$x = \perp \vdash x \hookrightarrow \perp$$

$$x = \perp \vdash \text{isZero}(x) \hookrightarrow \text{false}$$

$$\vdash \text{case } \text{left}(\text{pred}(2)) \text{ of } \text{left } x \rightsquigarrow \text{isZero}(x) \parallel \text{right } y \rightsquigarrow \text{true} \hookrightarrow \text{false}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{case } \text{isZero}} \text{isZero}() \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$\text{Ultimate} := \lambda q : \text{Colun} . \text{case } q \text{ of } \langle \rangle \rightsquigarrow \text{Prox}(K_1) \text{ c.v. } \rightsquigarrow V$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{Ultimate} : \text{Colun} \rightarrow \tau$$

Extender los intérpretes CBN y CBV para tipos suma. Luego, evaluar la siguiente expresión:

$$\text{case pred}(2) \text{ of } \text{left}(x) \rightsquigarrow \text{isZero}(x) \parallel \text{right}(y) \rightsquigarrow \text{True}$$

CBN

$$V ::= \dots | \langle \text{left}(M), \Gamma \rangle | \langle \text{right}(M), \Gamma \rangle$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{left}(M) \hookrightarrow \langle \text{left}(M), \Gamma \rangle$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{right}(M) \hookrightarrow \langle \text{right}(M), \Gamma \rangle$$

$$\Gamma \vdash M \hookrightarrow \langle \text{left}(M'), \Gamma' \rangle$$

$$\Gamma, x = \langle M', \Gamma' \rangle \vdash N \hookrightarrow V$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{case } M \text{ of } \text{left } x \rightsquigarrow N \parallel \text{right } y \rightsquigarrow O \hookrightarrow V$$

$$\Gamma \vdash M \hookrightarrow \langle \text{right}(M'), \Gamma' \rangle$$

$$\Gamma, y = \langle M', \Gamma' \rangle \vdash O \hookrightarrow V$$

$$\Gamma \vdash \text{case } M \text{ of } \text{left } x \rightsquigarrow N \parallel \text{right } y \rightsquigarrow O \hookrightarrow V$$

$$\vdash \text{zero} \hookrightarrow \text{zero}$$

$$\vdash \text{succ}(\text{zero}) \hookrightarrow \text{succ}(\text{zero})$$

$$\vdash \text{succ}(\text{succ}(\text{zero})) \hookrightarrow \text{succ}(\text{succ}(\text{zero}))$$

$$\vdash \text{pred}(2) \hookrightarrow \text{succ}(\text{zero})$$

$$x = \langle \text{pred}(2), \phi \rangle \vdash x \hookrightarrow \perp$$

$$\otimes x = \langle \text{pred}(2), \phi \rangle \vdash \text{isZero}(x) \hookrightarrow \text{false}$$

$$\vdash \text{left}(\text{pred}(2)) \hookrightarrow \langle \text{left}(\text{pred}(2)), \phi \rangle$$

$\otimes$

$$\vdash \text{case } \text{left}(\text{pred}(2)) \text{ of } \text{left } x \rightsquigarrow \text{isZero}(x) \parallel \text{right } y \rightsquigarrow \text{true} \hookrightarrow \text{false}$$