

Tarea 2.

1. Encuentre matriz de transferencia de:

$$L_a \cdot \frac{di_a}{dt} + R_a \cdot i_a + B \cdot \frac{dq}{dt} = V \quad (1)$$

$$J_m \cdot \frac{d^2 q}{dt^2} + f_m \cdot \frac{dq}{dt} = k_a \cdot i_a \quad (2)$$

Considerando como salida $y = \begin{bmatrix} q \\ \dot{q} \end{bmatrix}$

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} i_a \\ q \\ \dot{q} \end{bmatrix} \quad \dot{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{i}_a \\ \dot{q} \\ \ddot{q} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} \dot{i}_a \text{ de } (1) \\ \dot{q} \text{ de } (2) \end{array}$$

$$\dot{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (V - R_a i_a - B \frac{dq}{dt}) / L_a \\ z_3 \\ (k_a i_a - f_m \frac{dq}{dt}) / J_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (V - R_a z_1 - B z_3) / L_a \\ z_3 \\ (k_a z_1 - f_m z_3) / J_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{Z} = A X + B u$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix}}_{\dot{Z}} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{R_a}{L_a} & 0 & -\frac{B}{L_a} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{k_a}{J_m} & 0 & -\frac{f_m}{J_m} \end{bmatrix}}_{A \quad 3 \times 3} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix}}_{X \quad 3 \times 1} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1/L_a \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{B \quad 3 \times 1} \underbrace{V}_{u}$$

Salidas:

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} q \\ \dot{q} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = Cx + Du$$

$$y = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{2 \times 3} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix}}_{3 \times 1} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{2 \times 1} \underbrace{v}_{1 \times 1}$$

$C \quad x \quad D \quad u$

Una vez conocidas las matrices C, S, A, B y D

Calculemos con el modelo la matriz de transferencia. $G(s) = [C[sI - A]^{-1}B + D]$

$$G(s) = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{2 \times 3} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & s \end{bmatrix}}_{3 \times 3} - \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{R_a}{L_a} & 0 & -\frac{B_z}{L_a} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{K_a}{J_m} & 0 & -\frac{f_m}{J_m} \end{bmatrix}}_{3 \times 3}^{-1} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{L_a} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_B + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}}_D$$

$C \quad sI \quad A \quad B \quad D$

Usemos matlab para resolver las operaciones.

$$G(s) = \left[\frac{B \cdot K_a \cdot s + R_a \cdot s - f_m + J_m \cdot L_a \cdot s^3 + J_m \cdot R_a \cdot s^2 + L_a \cdot s^2 \cdot f_m}{R_a \cdot f_m + B \cdot K_a + J_m \cdot R_a \cdot s + L_a \cdot s \cdot f_m + J_m \cdot L_a \cdot s^2} \right]$$

2. Encuentre matriz de transferencia de:

$$\ddot{x} + 2(x+w) = 3u_1 \quad (1)$$

considerando como salida

$$\ddot{w} - 6(x-w) = 0.5u_2 \quad (2)$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} w \\ u_2 \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ w \end{bmatrix} \quad \dot{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x} \\ \dot{w} \\ \ddot{w} \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \ddot{x} \text{ de } (1) \\ \ddot{w} \text{ de } (2) \end{matrix}$$

$$\dot{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z_2 \\ 3u_1 - 2(x+w) \\ 0.5u_2 + 6(x-w) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z_2 \\ 3u_1 - 2(z_1 + z_3) \\ 0.5u_2 + 6(z_1 - z_3) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{Z} = AX + Bu$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \dot{z}_1 \\ \dot{z}_2 \\ \dot{z}_3 \end{bmatrix}}_{\dot{Z}} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & -2 \\ 6 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}}_{A \quad 3 \times 3} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix}}_{X \quad 3 \times 1} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}}_{B \quad 3 \times 2} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}}_{u \quad 2 \times 1}$$

Salidas:

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} w \\ u_2 \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} z_3 \\ u_2 \\ z_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad y = Cx + Du$$

$$y = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{3 \times 3} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ z_3 \end{bmatrix}}_{3 \times 1} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{3 \times 2} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}}_{2 \times 1}$$

$C \quad x \quad D \quad u$

Hallamos la matriz de transferencia usando el modelo:

$$G(s) = [C[sI - A]^{-1}B + D]$$

Usamos matlab:

$$G(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{18}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 2s + 24} & \frac{s^2 + 2}{2(s^3 + 6s^2 + 2s + 24)} \\ 0 & 1 \\ \frac{3s(s+6)}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 2s + 24} & \frac{-s}{s^3 + 6s^2 + 2s + 24} \end{bmatrix}$$