

[SS64](#)[CMD](#)[Syntax](#)[Links](#)

NET.exe

The NET Command is used to manage network resources as follows:

Manage Services

[NET START](#), [STOP](#), [PAUSE](#), [CONTINUE](#)

Connect to a file/print Share (Drive Map)

[NET USE](#)

Manage file and printer shares

[NET SHARE](#), [VIEW](#)

Manage open files and user sessions

[NET FILE](#), [SESSIONS](#)

Manage Network Time

[NET TIME](#)

Manage Network Print jobs

[NET PRINT](#)

Security

[NET ACCOUNTS](#), [USER](#), [GROUP](#), [LOCALGROUP](#)

Network Messaging

[NET NAME](#), [SEND](#)

Help

[NET HELP](#), [HELPMMSG](#)

[Network configuration](#)

[NET COMPUTER](#), [CONFIG_WORKSTATION](#), [CONFIG_SERVER](#), [STATISTICS_WORKSTATION](#), [STATISTICS_SERVER](#)

When you use NET commands in a batch file, you can use the Y or N switch to unconditionally answer Yes or No to questions returned by the Net command

"The white man knows how to make everything but he does not know how to distribute it" ~ [Sitting Bull](#)

Related:

[CON2PRT](#) - Connect or disconnect a Printer

[GLOBAL](#) - Display membership of global groups

[LOCAL](#) - Display membership of local groups

[MODE](#) - Configure a system device

[NETDOM](#) - Domain Manager

[OPENFILES](#) - Query or display open files

[SC](#) - Service Control

[Q149427](#) - Change Password from the CMD prompt

Equivalent bash commands (Linux): [groups](#) - group names a user is in, [users](#) - login names of users currently logged in

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