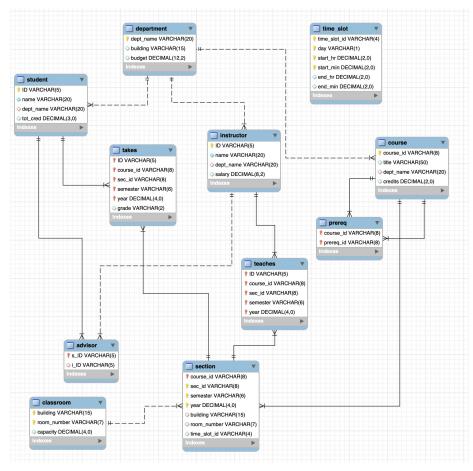
Homework 2 PDS — Answers

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ER Diagram



Problem 1

- 1. Write a tuple relational calculus (TRC) query to find the ID and name of each student in the Comp. Sci. department
- 2. Write a relational algebra (RA) query to find the ID and name of each student in the Comp. Sci. department
- 3. SQL

```
select ID, name from student
where dept_name = "Comp. Sci.";
Copy
```

Problem 2

Question: since teaches has course id, can we just join it directly with courses?

- 4. Write a TRC query to find the ID of each instructor who has taught CS-101 along with the year in which they taught it.
- 5. Write an RA query to find the ID of each instructor who has taught CS-101 along with the year in which they taught it.

No Direct Joining

```
Direct\ Joining
```

```
6. SQL:
select
   ID,
   cs101courses.title as Title,
   year
from teaches
```

inner join (select * from course where course.course_id = "CS-101") as cs101courses
on teaches.course_id = cs101courses.course_id;
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Problem 3

- 7. Write a TRC query to find the ID and name of each instructor who has taught CS-101 along with the year in which they taught it.
- 8. Write a RA query to find the ID and name of each instructor who has taught CS-101 along with the year in which they taught it.
- 9. SQL

```
select
```

```
teaches.ID,
instructor.name as name,
```

```
course.title as Title,
   teaches.year as year

from teaches
inner join section on teaches.course_id = section.course_id
   and teaches.sec_id = section.sec_id
inner join course on section.course_id = course.course_id
inner join instructor on teaches.ID = instructor.ID
where course.course_id = 'CS-101';
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```

Lecture 4 Material

10. Write an SQL query to find the total number of credits the student with ID 12345 has taken in Fall 2009. (Do not worry about whether they have a passing grade for the course.)

```
select
    sum(credits) as total_credits
from
    course
inner join takes on course.course_id = takes.course_id
where takes.ID = 12345 and
takes.semester = "Fall" and
takes.year = "2009";
Copy
```

11. Write an SQL query to find the ID and total number of credits taken by each student in Fall 2009. (Do not worry about whether they have a passing grade for the course.)

```
select
    takes.ID,
    sum(course.credits) as total_credits
from
    course
inner join takes on course.course_id = takes.course_id
where
    takes.semester = 'Fall' and
    takes.year = 2009
group by
    takes.ID;
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```

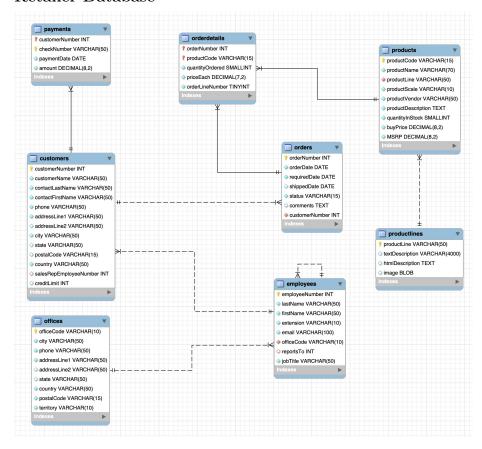
12. Make up another question about the university data, write it in English, and write an SQL query to answer it. It should involve a join of at least two tables.

Write a SQL query to find the courses that student 12345 is authorized to take

```
(no repeats, consider prerequisites). Try for 70557 as well.
create temporary table temp_courseWP as
select
    course.course_id,
    course.title,
   prereq.id
from
    course
left join prereq on course.course_id = prereq.course_id;
select * from temp_courseWP;
select distinct
   temp_courseWP.course_id,
   temp_courseWP.title
from
   temp_courseWP
where
   temp_courseWP.course_id not in (
   select takes.course_id
   from takes
   where takes.ID = '12345'
)
and
    (temp_courseWP.prereq_id is null or temp_courseWP.prereq_id in (
   select takes.course_id
   from takes
   where takes.ID = '12345'
   ))
select distinct
    temp_courseWP.course_id,
    temp_courseWP.title
from
   temp_courseWP
where
    temp_courseWP.course_id not in (
    select takes.course_id
    from takes
   where takes.ID = '70557'
)
and
    (temp_courseWP.prereq_id is null or temp_courseWP.prereq_id in (
    select takes.course_id
```

```
from takes
where takes.ID = '70557'
))
;
Copy
```

Retailer Database



13. Find the productCode, productName and productLine of each product ordered by any customer who lives in the USA that has status "shipped"

```
#customers.customerName,
#customers.country,
products.productCode,
products.productName,
products.productLine
```

from orders

select

inner join customers on orders.customerNumber = customers.customerNumber

```
inner join orderdetails on orders.orderNumber = orderdetails.orderNumber
inner join products on orderdetails.productCode = products.productCode
    customers.country = "USA"
and
    orders.status = "shipped"
Copy
 14. Find the total payments made by each customer who lives in the USA.
    The result should include the customer's customerNumber, customerName,
     and their total payments
select
    customers.customerNumber,
    customers.customerName,
    sum(payments.amount) as totalPayments
from
inner join customers on payments.customerNumber = customers.customerNumber
    customers.country = "USA"
group by
    customers.customerNumber,
    customers.customerName
Сору
 15. For each productCode, list the productCode, productName, and the max-
     imum profit on that product, i.e. the maximum difference between the
     buyPrice and the priceEach paid for ordered items of that product. You
     don't need to list products for which there were no orders.
select
    products.productCode as id,
    products.productName as product,
    max(orderdetails.priceEach - products.buyPrice) as maxProfit
from
    orderdetails
inner join
    products on orderdetails.productCode = products.productCode
group by
    products.productCode,
    products.productName
;
#previous iteration:
create temporary table productsales as
```

```
select
    orderdetails.productCode as id,
    products.productName as product,
    orderdetails.priceEach as pricePaid,
    products.buyPrice as basePrice
from
    orderdetails
inner join
   products on orderdetails.productCode = products.productCode
select * from productsales;
select
    id,
   product,
   max(pricePaid - basePrice) as maxProfit
    productsales
group by
    id,
   product
Сору
```