

Practice Material #2 Solutions

Problem 1

- a) (Car.carMake, Car.carModel, Car.carModelNum) is the foreign key reference to (CarType.carMake, CarType.carModel, Car.carModelNum)
Rental.cID is the foreign key reference to Customer.cID
Rental.carID is the foreign key reference to Car.carID
Rental.pickBid is the foreign key reference to Branch.bid
Rental.returnBid is the foreign key reference to Branch.bid
- b) (1) **Select distinct** Customer.cID, cName
From Customer **Natural Join** Rental **Natural Join** Car **Natural Join** CarType
Where CarType.carModel = 'Toyota' **and** carColor = 'blue' **and** carSeats = 6 **and** year(pickupTD) = 2017
- (2) (**Select distinct** cID **From** Rental **Natural Join** Car **Where** carModel = 'Toyota')
Except
(**Select distinct** cID **From** Rental **Natural Join** Car **Where** carModel = 'Audi')
- (3) **Select** carID, count(rID) **as** Times
From Rental
Group by carID
- (4) **Create temporary table** t1
Select count(distinct bState) **as** totalNumofStates
From Branch
Create temporary table t2
Select cID, count(distinct bState) **as** numofStates
From Rental **Natural Join** Branch
Group by cID
Select cID,
From t1, t2
Where numofStates = totalNumofStates
Drop t1, t2

- (5) **Create temporary table** t1
Select cID, sum(cost) **as** totalCost,
From Rental
Where year(pickupTD) = 2017
Group by cID
Create temporary table t2
Select max(totalCost) **as** maxCost
From t1
Select Customer.cID, cName
From t1, t2, Customer
Where Customer.cID = t1.cID **and** totalCost = maxCost
Drop table t1, t2
- (6) **Create temporary table** t1
Select max(cost) **as** maxCost
From Rental
Where year(pickupTD) = 2017
Select Customer.cID, cName
From t1, Rental, Customer
Where Customer.cID = Rental.cID **and** cost = maxCost
Drop t1

(c)

I.

$\{ \text{res} \mid \exists u \in \text{Customer} (\text{res}[\text{cID}] = u[\text{cID}] \wedge \text{res}[\text{cName}] = u[\text{cName}] \wedge r \in \text{Rental}(r[\text{cID}] = u[\text{cID}] \wedge r[\text{pickupTD}].\text{year} = 2017 \wedge \exists c \in \text{Car} (c[\text{carID}] = r[\text{carID}] \wedge c[\text{carMake}] = \text{Toyota} \wedge \exists t \in \text{CarType}(c[\text{carMake}] = t[\text{carMake}] \wedge c[\text{carModel}] = t[\text{carModel}] \wedge c[\text{carModelNum}] = t[\text{carModelNum}] \wedge t[\text{carSeats}] = 7)))) \}$

II.

$\{ \text{res} \mid \exists tr \in \text{Rental} (\text{res}[\text{cID}] = tr[\text{cID}] \wedge \exists t \in \text{Car}(t[\text{carMake}] = \text{Toyota} \wedge tr[\text{carID}] = t[\text{carID}]) \wedge \neg \exists ar \in \text{Rental} (\text{res}[\text{cID}] = ar[\text{cID}] \wedge \exists a \in \text{Car}(a[\text{carMake}] = \text{Audi} \wedge ar[\text{carID}] = a[\text{carID}])) \}$

III.

As TRC/DRC cannot express aggregation function, it cannot be expressed.

IV.

$\{ c \mid \forall b' \in \text{Branch} \Rightarrow \exists r \in \text{Rental} (c[\text{cID}] = r[\text{cID}] \wedge \exists b \in \text{Branch} (b'[\text{bState}] = b[\text{bState}] \wedge r[\text{pickupBid}] = b[\text{bid}])) \}$

V.

As TRC/DRC cannot express aggregation function, it cannot be expressed.

VI.

$\{ res \mid \forall r' \in \text{Rental} (r'[\text{pickupTD}].\text{year} = 2017 \Rightarrow \exists r \in \text{Rental} (res[\text{cID}] = r[\text{cID}] \wedge r[\text{pickupTD}].\text{year} = 2017 \wedge r[\text{cost}] \geq r'[\text{cost}] \wedge \exists c \in \text{Customer} (r[\text{cID}] = c[\text{cID}] \wedge res[\text{cName}] = c[\text{cName}]))) \}$

Problem 2

(a)

- Customer (**cID**, cName, cPhone, cCard, ccID)
- Location (**IID**, name, street, city, zip, state, phone)
- Shipment (**sID**, sDateTime, weight, sourceID, destinationID, cost, senderID, payerID)
- Track (**tID**, sID, tDateTime, tLongitude, tLatitude, tCity, tZip, tDescription)
- ZipCategory (**zip**, category)
- Price (minWeight, **maxWeight, sourceCategory, destinationCategory, isInSameState**, pPrice)
- CustomerClass (**ccID**, className, discount)

Foreign Key:

- Customer (ccID) -> CustomerClass (ccID)
- Location (zip) -> ZipCategory (zip)
- Shipment (sourceID) -> Location (IID)
- Shipment (destinationID) -> Location (IID)
- Shipment (senderID) -> Customer (cID)
- Shipment (payerID) -> Customer (cID)
- Track (sID) -> Shipment (sID)

(b)

I.

```
select cID, cName, sum(cost)
from Customer join Shipment on cID = payerID
where getYear(sDateTime) = 2017
group by cID, cName
```

II.

```
with TrackLastTime as
(select sID, tDateTime as tDateTimeLast
from Track
where tDescription = "Arrival scan, Miami airport" and now() – tDateTime > 5 * 24 *
3600);
```

```
select sID
from TrackLastTime
where sID not in (
select sID
from TrackLastTime natural join Track
where tDateTime > tDateTimeLast
)
```

Problem 3

a.

1.

```
select eid
from Club
    natural join HoldsEvent
    natural join Event
where
    cname = "French Literature Club"
    and maxpeople > 10;
```

2.

```
select sname, cid
from
    Student
    natural join Register
    natural join HoldsEvent
    natural join Event
where
    edate.year = 2023
    and price < 10;
```

3.

Up to Assignment 2, you are allowed to write answers like:

```

select sname, eid
from Student
    natural join Register
    natural join Event
where
    price = nonmemprice;

```

– But after hw3, following answers are preferred :

```

select sname, eid
from Student
    natural join Register
    natural join Event
where
    sid NOT IN (SELECT sid FROM Members NATURAL JOIN Holds WHERE eid = e.eid)

```

4.

```

select sname, cid
from Student
natural join Membership
where
    year = 2022
    and semester = "Fall"
    and memberfee < 20;

```

b.

```

create table Student (
sid integer auto_increment primary key,
sname varchar(50),
semail varchar(50),
sphone varchar(50)
);

```

```

create table Club(
cid integer auto_increment primary key,
cname varchar(50),
cdescription varchar(50)
);

```

```

create table Event(
eid int auto_increment primary key,
ename varchar(50),
edescription varchar(50),

```

```

edate datetime,
memprice int,
nonmemprice int,
maxpeople int
);

```

```

create table Membership(
sid int,
cid int,
semester varchar(50),
year int,
memberfee int,
primary key(sid,cid,semester,year),
FOREIGN KEY (sid) REFERENCES Student(sid) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY (cid) REFERENCES Club(cid) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

create table HoldsEvent(
eid int,
cid int,
primary key(eid ,cid),
FOREIGN KEY (eid) REFERENCES Event(eid) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY (cid) REFERENCES Club(cid) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

create table Register(
eid int,
sid int,
price int,
rating float,
primary key(eid ,sid),
FOREIGN KEY (eid) REFERENCES Event(eid) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY (sid) REFERENCES Student(sid) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

```

c.

1.

$$\Pi_{eid}(\sigma_{cname='FrenchLiteratureClub' \wedge maxpeople > 10}(Club \bowtie HoldsEvent \bowtie Event))$$

2.

$$\Pi_{sname,cid}(\sigma_{edate.year=2023 \wedge price < 10}(Student \bowtie Register \bowtie HoldsEvent \bowtie Event))$$

3.

$$\Pi_{sname, eid}(\sigma_{price=nonmemberprice}(Student \bowtie Register \bowtie Event))$$

4.

$$\Pi_{sname, cid}(\sigma_{year=2022 \wedge semester='Fall' \wedge memberfee < 20}(Student \bowtie Membership))$$

d.

1.

$$\begin{aligned} \{ \langle ei \rangle \mid & \exists en, ed, eda, em, en, ema (\langle ei, en, ed, eda, em, en, ema \rangle \in Event \\ & \wedge \exists ci (\langle ei, ci \rangle \in HoldsEvent \\ & \wedge \exists cn, cd (\langle ci, cn, cd \rangle \in Club \\ & \wedge cn = 'French Literature Club' \wedge ema > 10)) \} \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned} \{ \langle sn, ci \rangle \mid & \exists si, se, sp (\langle si, sn, se, sp \rangle \in Student \\ & \wedge \exists ei, p, r (\langle ei, si, p, r \rangle \in Register \\ & \wedge (\langle ei, ci \rangle \in HoldsEvent \\ & \wedge \exists en, ed, eda, em, en, ema (\langle ei, en, ed, eda, em, en, ema \rangle \in Event \\ & \wedge ed.year = 2023 \wedge p < 10))) \} \end{aligned}$$

3.

$$\begin{aligned} \{ \langle sn, ei \rangle \mid & \exists si, se, sp (\langle si, sn, se, sp \rangle \in Student \\ & \wedge \exists p, r (\langle ei, si, p, r \rangle \in Register \\ & \wedge \exists en, ed, eda, em, en, ema (\langle ei, en, ed, eda, em, en, ema \rangle \in Event \\ & \wedge p = en))) \} \end{aligned}$$

4.

$$\begin{aligned} \{ \langle sn, ci \rangle \mid & \exists si, se, sp (\langle si, sn, se, sp \rangle \in Student \\ & \wedge \exists s, y, m (\langle si, ci, s, y, m \rangle \in Membership \\ & \wedge y = 2022 \wedge s = 'Fall' \wedge m < 20)) \} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 4

1.

select RideTitle **from** Locate **where** ParkTitle = 'MagicKingdomPark' **and** Addr = 'Bay Lake';

2.

select tid, first_name, last_name **from** Tourist **where** year(DOB) = 2001;

3.

select first_name, last_name, Email **from** Visit **natural join** Tourist **where** ParkTitle = 'Disney"sHollywoodStudios' **and** Addr = 'Bay Lake';

4.

select first_name, last_name, Avg_wt **from** Tourist **natural join** favorite **natural join** ride **where** Avg_wt > "00:30:00";

5.

select first_name, last_name **from** Tourist **natural join** Favorite **natural join** locate **natural join** visit **where** stars <> 5;