## ASSIGNMENT 5: Multi-Frequency GPR Imaging

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Due: Tuesday February 23

This assignment is to apply the multi-frequency backward propagation technique developed in Assignment 4 to FMCW GPR imaging.

The data set was taken over the walkway pavement in front of the Broida Hall. The ground-penetrating radar imaging unit scanned along a linear path and took data at 200 spatial positions. The spatial spacing between the data-collection positions is 0.0213 m (2.13 cm).

At each data-collection position, the system illuminates the walkway pavement with microwaves in the step-frequency mode, stepping through 128 frequencies with a constant increment, from 0.976 GHz to 2.00 GHz. The relative permittivity  $\varepsilon_r$  is approximately 6.0.

The data set is organized in the form of a  $(200 \times 128)$  array, corresponding to 128 complex-amplitude values (for the 128 frequencies) at 200 receiving positions.

Your task is to perform the image reconstruction of the subsurface profile by using multifrequency backward propagation. Your results are in the form of two-dimensional image plots. Please note:

- 1. The propagation speed needs to be adjusted by the relative permittivity.
- 2. The depth profile needs to be scaled by a factor of two for the round-trip propagation.
- 3. For simplicity, use the phase-only version of the Green's function for coherent backward propagation.

There are 128 coherent sub-images, corresponding to the 128 frequencies (128 wavelengths). Your goal is to produce a 128-frame video to illustrate the effect due to the increase of frequency bandwidth and the convergence to the final image.

## Attachments:

- 1. (200 x 128) data array
- 2. Image of the test area
- 3. Final image

## Report:

- 1. Cover sheet
- 2. Description of your algorithm (please include a diagram)
- Code
- 4. Composite image from all 128 frequencies (final image)
- 5. Summary
- 6. Video of the 128-frame images (for checkout only)