

## Assignment-7

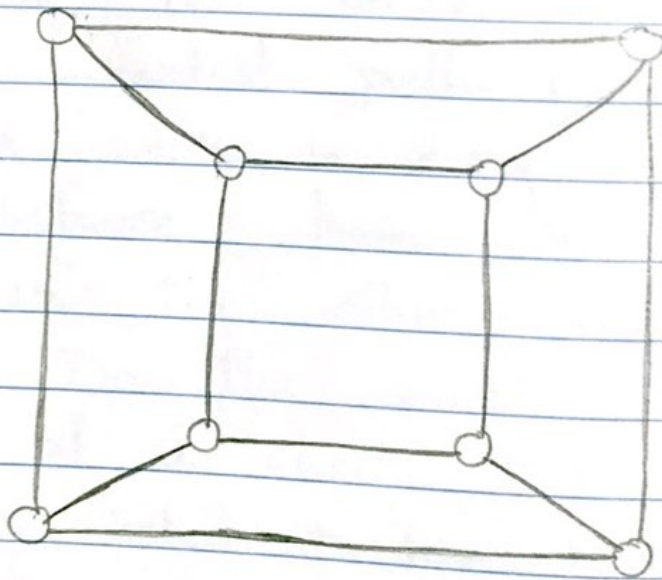
Q-1 A)  $Q_3$

$Q_3$  have 8 vertices, 12 edges and 6 regions.

According to Euler's formula for Spherical graphs,

$$n - m + r = 8 - 12 + 6 = 2.$$

Thus, we can draw  $Q_3$  on the plane.



B)  $Q_4$ .

Suppose  $Q_4$  is planar and let  $H$  be a spherical drawing of  $Q_4$ . The graph  $H$  has  $n=16$  vertices and  $m=32$  edges. From Euler,

$$n - m + r = 2$$

$$16 - 32 + r = 2$$

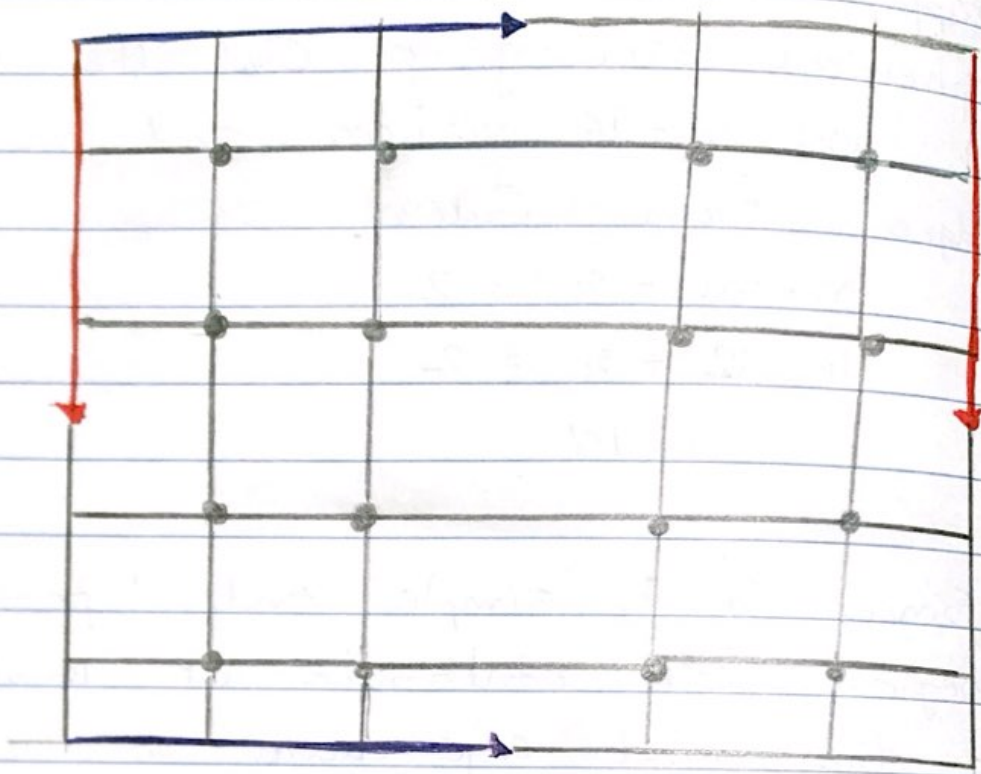
$$\therefore r = 18$$

Since  $G$  is simple and bipartite, each region will contribute at least 4 to the total edge count. So the total edge count must be at least  $4 \times 18 = 72$ .

But the total edge count is  $2m = 64$  which is not 72.

So,  $Q_4$  is not planar.

c) The graph  $Q_4$  is isomorphic to  $K_4 \times C_4$



D)  $Q_5$

For  $Q_5$  we have  $n = 32$  vertices and  $m = 40$  edges.  $Q_5$  is bipartite.

The total edge count is  $2m = 160$ .

~~40~~

As  $Q_5$  is bipartite & simple graph the total edge count must be at least  $4n$ .



$$\therefore 160 \geq 4g$$

$$g \leq 40$$

Using this information for Euler's Formula,

$$n - m + g = 2 - 2h$$

$$\therefore 32 - 80 + g = 2 - 2h$$

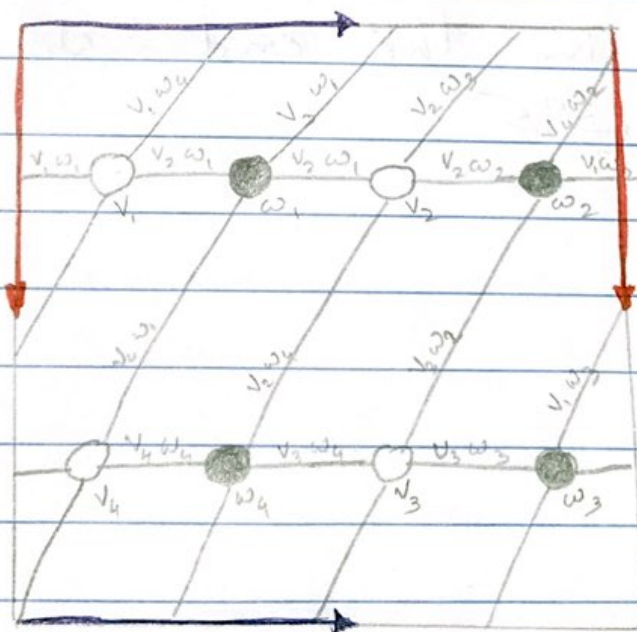
$$\therefore 2h = 50 - g$$

$$\therefore h = \frac{50 - g}{2}$$

$$\text{Since } g \leq 40$$

$$\underline{h \geq 5}$$

Q.2  $K_{4,4}$



Q-3

A)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

B)

1	1	1	1	1
0	3	2	3	2
0	5	3	4	2
0	6	5	5	3
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

1	1	1	1	1
0	3	2	3	2
0	5	3	4	2
0	6	5	5	3
0	8	6	8	5
0	13	8	11	6
0	17	13	14	8
0	22	17	21	13
0	34	22	30	17
0	47	34	39	22
0	61	47	56	34
0	90	61	81	47
0	128	90	108	61
0	169	128	151	90
0	241	169	218	128
0	346	241	297	169
0	466	346	410	241
0	651	466	587	346

0	933	651	812	466
0	1278	933	1117	651
0	1768	1278	1584	933
0	2517	1768	2211	1278
0	3489	2517	3046	1768
0	4814	3489	4285	2517
0	6802	4814	6006	3489
0	9495	6802	8303	4814
0	13117	9495	11616	6802
0	18418	13117	16297	9495
0	25792	18418	22616	13117
0	35729	25792	31535	18418
0	49953	35729	44210	25792
0	70002	49953	61521	35729
0	97250	70002	85682	49953
0	135635	97250	119955	70002
0	189957	135635	167252	97250
0	264588	189957	232885	135635

0	264502	189957	232885	135635	
0	368520	264502	325592	189957	
0	515549	368520	454459	264502	
0	718961	515549	633022	368520	
0	1001542	718961	884069	515549	
0	1399618	1001542	123510	718961	
0	1953471	1399618	1720503	1001542	
0	2722045	1953471	2401160	1399618	
0	3800778	2722045	3353089	1953471	
0	5306560	3800778	4675516	2722045	
0	7397561	5306560	6522823	3800778	
0	10323601	7397561	9107338	5306560	
0	14413898	10323601	12704121	7397561	
0	20101682	14413898	17721162	10323601	
0	28044763	20101682	24737499	14413898	
0	39151397	28044763	34515580	20101682	
0	54617262	39151397	48146445	28044763	
0	76191208	54617262	67196160	39151397	



	0	106347557	76191208	93768659	54617262	
	0	148385921	106347557	130808470	76191208	
	0	206999678	148385921	182538765	106347557	
	0	288886322	206999678	254733478	148385921	
	0	403119399	288886322	355385599	206999678	
	0	562385277	403119399	495886000	288886322	
	0	784772322	562385277	692005721	403119399	
	0	1.3954354	1.3950836	1.39549356	1.3954257	

c

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\equiv$$

Eigenvectors for the matrix  $A$ :

$$\circ \mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ eigenvalue } \lambda_1 = 0$$

$$\equiv$$

$$\circ \mathbf{v} \approx \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0.225 \\ -0.475 \\ -1.107 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ eigenvalue } \lambda_2 \approx -0.475$$

$$\equiv$$

$$\circ \mathbf{v} \approx \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1.947 \\ 1.395 \\ 1.717 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ eigenvalue } \lambda_3 \approx 1.395$$

$$\circ \mathbf{v} \approx \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1.086 - i \cdot (1.049) \\ -0.460 + i \cdot (1.139) \\ \frac{1.390 - i \cdot (1.509)}{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ eigenvalue } \lambda_4 \approx -0.460 + i \cdot (1.139)$$

$$\circ \mathbf{v} \approx \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1.086 + i \cdot (1.049) \\ -0.460 - i \cdot (1.139) \\ \frac{1.390 + i \cdot (1.509)}{2} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ eigenvalue } \lambda_5 \approx -0.460 - i \cdot (1.139)$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\equiv$$

Eigenvectors for the matrix  $A$ :

$$\circ \mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ eigenvalue } \lambda_1 = 0$$

Q-4 A)

M =

1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	-1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	-1	-1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	-1	0	-1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	-1	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	0	-1	0



(B)

$$D =$$

[illegible]

A=

0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0

$$L = D - A$$

$L =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 & 4 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 3 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 4 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$