# Constructing triangles

October 19, 2013

#### $1 \quad x0a2c8d4a7e3a85b9$

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn where the side length is known between two known angles?\*\*

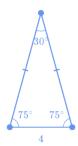
Ans None
Only one
More than one

Hint 1 A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. Can we satisfy the definition given the conditions? Let's try to draw draw an example of a triangle where the side length is known between 2 angles.

Hint 2 The 3 angles in a triangle always sum to 180°. Because we know the measure of 2 angles, we can find the measure of the third angle.

Hint 3 Let's draw any triangle where we know the side length between 2 known angles. For example, let's look at when a side of length 5 is between 2 equal angles a pair of 75° and 75°. The other 2 sides must be equal and angles.

Hint 2 The other two sides can be drawn at 75° angles and are equal in length. The sides meet at a 30° angle to complete the triangle.



This triangle is unique, meaning no other triangle exists with exact same shape or size.

**Hint 43** If the side length is known between two known angles, only one triangle can be drawn.

**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** d920ceb5549fc212... 2013-10-18

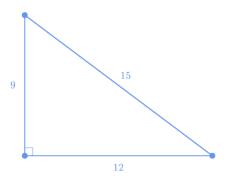
#### 2 x18341f6f8d24d96e

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn with side lengths 9, 12 and 15?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. Can we satisfy the definition given the conditions? Let's try to draw a triangle given the conditions.

**Hint 2** In general, the longest side of a triangle must be shorter than the sum of the two other sides. Because 9 + 12 = 21, the two sides 9 and 12 meet to form 2 angles with the side of length 15. We can create 3 angles with the 3 sides to satisfy the definition of a triangle.



**Hint 3** Given the conditions, only one triangle can be drawn.

**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** 4c858421.. 2013-10-18

## 3 x1afa3df30210708e

\*\*Draw a triangle with side lengths 5a, 12a and 13a where a > 0.\*\*

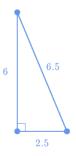
\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

**Hint 1** Lets start by choosing a value for a where a > 0, then we can draw a triangle with side lengths 5a, 12a and 13a.

**Hint 2** If a = 1, then we can draw a triangle with side lengths 5, 12 and 13. This is a right triangle.



**Hint 3** If a = 0.5, then we can draw a right triangle with side lengths 2.5, 6 and 6.5.



We can let a be any nonzero positive number and draw many triangles of same shape but different sizes.

**Hint 4** The triangle is not unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 5e8d2d2a.. 2013-10-18

## 4 x1c875467bbf94500

\*\*Draw a triangle with side length 4 between two 70° angles.\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

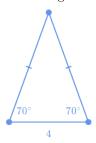
**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing the length of 1 side, which we know is 4.

**Hint 2** From the side 4, lets draw  $2 70^{\circ}$  angles. Since we have 2 equal angles, we have an isosceles triangle. An isosceles triangle has at least 2 sides equal in length.

Since we have  $2.70^{\circ}$  angles, the third angle must be  $40^{\circ}$ . The sum of 3 angles in a triangle will always be  $180^{\circ}$ .

**Hint 3** We know the measure of 2 angles and the length of the side between the angles, so we can draw only 1 triangle.

**Hint 4** The triangle is unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 7ec6851f.. 2013-10-17

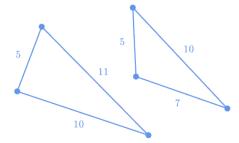
#### 5 x1da87b180aca0e3d

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn side lengths of 5 and 10?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

Hint 1 Without knowing We do not know the measure of at least 1 angle measure, we or length of the third side. We cannot create a unique triangle with only one shape and size.

**Hint 2** We can draw many triangles with side lengths 5 and 10.



Hint 3 If we only know 1 angle and 1 side length2 side lengths, more than one triangle can be drawn.

**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** 37208764...f333944c... 2013-10-18

# $6 \quad x25470998d7b41ee4$

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn where side length 2 is not between two  $45^{\circ}$  angles?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. The 3 angles always add up to  $180^{\circ}$ .

We have 2 45° angles. Since  $180^{\circ} - 2 \cdot 45^{\circ} = 90^{\circ}$ , the missing angle. The third angle x is  $90^{\circ}$ . We have:

$$180^{\circ} = 2 \cdot 45^{\circ} + x$$

$$180^{\circ} = 90^{\circ} + x$$

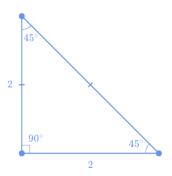
$$x = 180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ}$$

$$x = 90^{\circ}$$

Let's draw a right triangle.

**Hint 2** We know a length and 2 angles. We can draw a triangle given the side length 2 is not between the  $2.45^{\circ}$  angles. The side length 2 is between the  $45^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$  angles.

<u>۰</u>



This triangle is unique, meaning no other triangle exists with exact same shape or size.

**Hint 3** Given the conditions, only one triangle can be drawn.

Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 4890bf29dc27e435.. 2013-10-18

#### 7 x2bce84b97313fd2b

\*\*Draw a triangle where the side length 3 is not between two angles  $31^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$ .\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]



**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing a right angle which is 90°. Then, let's draw the side of length 3 next to the right angle, so our base is length 3.

**Hint 2** The length of 3 is **not** between 2 angles  $31^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$ .

Since we drew the side of length 3 next to the right angle, the  $31^{\circ}$  angle must be \*opposite\* the side of length 3.

**Hint 3** We know the measure of 2 angles and the length of 1 side not between the angles, so we can draw only 1 triangle.

**Hint 4** The triangle is unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 1215aaf1.. 2013-10-17

# 8 x31c216ff88dad8e7

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn with side lengths 4, 4 and 7?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

Hint 1 A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. Can we satisfy the definition given the conditions? Let's try to draw a triangle given the conditions.

**Hint 2** In general, the longest side of a triangle must be shorter than the sum of the two other sides. Because 4+4=8, the two sides 4 and 4 meet to form 2 angles with the side of length 7. We can create 3 angles with the 3 sides to satisfy the definition of a triangle.



**Hint 3** Given the conditions, only one triangle can be drawn.

**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** 13a63a31.. 2013-10-18

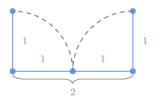
## 9 x38cc51ab93842600

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn with side lengths 1, 1 and 2?\*\*

Ans None Only one More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. Can we satisfy the definition given the conditions? Let's try to draw a triangle given the conditions.

**Hint 2** In general, the longest side of a triangle must be shorter than the sum of the two other sides. Because 1+1=2, the two side lengths 1 and 1 cannot meet to form a third angle. We cannot create 3 angles to satisfy the definition of a triangle.



**Hint 3** Given the conditions, no triangles can be drawn.

Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: aeb719e4.. 2013-10-18

# $10 \quad x4c335bfbee0cba92$

\*\*Draw a right triangle with at least 2 side lengths equal.\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

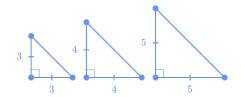
Ans Yes
No

**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing. A right triangle has one 90° angle.

A triangle with at least 2 side lengths equal is isosceles. We do not know the side lengths.

**Hint 2** Since we are given the measures of 3 angles and do not know any side lengths, we can draw many triangles with at least 2 side lengths equal.

**Hint 3** The triangle is not unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 0abcb8e1.. 2013-10-18

## 11 x531e157ba7c498eb

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn where the measures of all 3 angles are known?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

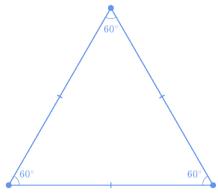
**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. Can we satisfy the definition given the conditions? Let's try to draw a triangle where we known the lengths measures of all 3 angles.

**Hint 2** For example, let's look at when all 3 angles are  $60^{\circ}$ :

**<u>Hint 2</u>** Is this triangle unique, meaning do no other triangles exist with exact same shape or size?



**Hint 3** We can draw many equilateral triangles with same shape but different sizes:—.



**Hint 4** If the measures of all 3 angles are known, more than one triangle can be drawn.

**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** <u>a46c4b72</u>30ec1d68.. 2013-10-18

### 12 x572fecbc70b353aa

\*\*Draw an isosceles right triangle with two side lengths 3.\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

Ans Yes

**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing. A right triangle has one 90° angle.

An isosceles triangle has at least 2 side lengths equal. We are given 2 side lengths both equal to 3.

**Hint 2** Let's draw 1 side length 3 as the height vertically (up and down) from the 90° angle. Let's draw the other side length 3 as the base horizontally (left and right) from the 90° angle.

**Hint 3** Since we are given the measures of 2 sides and the angle between them, we can draw only 1 triangle.

**Hint 4** The triangle is unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 2e87ab50.. 2013-10-17

# 13 x651844ecfaac48e9

\*\*Draw a right triangle with two 45° angles.\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

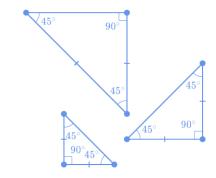
Ans Yes

**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing. A right triangle has one 90° angle.

We have an isosceles right triangle. An isosceles right triangle has at least 2 side lengths equal and  $2 45^{\circ}$  angles.

**Hint 2** We know the measure of all 3 angles but not the length of any side. We can draw many triangles of various sizes all with a pair of  $45^{\circ}$  angles.

**Hint 3** The triangle is not unique.



**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** 85d97ee1.. 2013-10-17

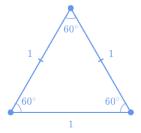
## 14 x6763ceb1ec0ceb41

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn where the lengths of all 3 sides are known?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. Can we satisfy the definition given the conditions? Let's try to draw a triangle where we known the lengths of all 3 sides.

**Hint 2** For example, let's look at when all side lengths are 1. We have an equilateral triangle with equal sides and equal angles:



This triangle is unique, meaning no other triangle exists with exact same shape or size.

**Hint 3** If the lengths of all 3 sides are known, only one triangle can be drawn.

Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: def3450f.. 2013-10-18

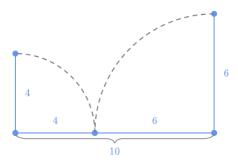
#### 15 x67ee6010588311f2

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn with side lengths 4, 6 and 10?\*\*

Ans None Only one More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. Can we satisfy the definition given the conditions? Let's try to draw a triangle given the conditions.

**Hint 2** In general, the longest side of a triangle must be shorter than the sum of the two other sides. Because 4+6=10, the two sides 4 and 6 cannot meet to form a third angle. We cannot create 3 angles to satisfy the definition of a triangle.



**Hint 3** Given the conditions, no triangles can be drawn.

Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 9421cd19.. 2013-10-18

## 16 x67fd10caf4f54df2

\*\*Draw a triangle with side lengths 3a, 4a and 5a where a > 0.\*\*

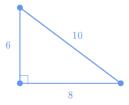
\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

**Hint 1** Lets start by choosing a value for a where a > 0, then we can draw a triangle with side lengths 3a, 4a and 5a.

**Hint 2** If a = 1, then we can draw a triangle with side lengths 3, 4 and 5. This is a right triangle.

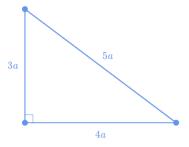


**Hint 3** If a = 2, then we can draw a right triangle with side lengths 6, 8 and 10.



We can let a be any nonzero positive number and draw many triangles of same shape but different sizes.

**Hint 4** The triangle is not unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 196bcc1a.. 2013-10-18

#### 17 x6d7be6276bcb5815

\*\*Draw a right triangle with a height of 4 and base of 5.\*\*

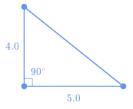
\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing. A right triangle has a 90° angle.

The height of length 4 is drawn vertically (up and down) from the 90° angle. The base of length 5 is drawn horizontally (left and right) from the 90° angle.

**Hint 2** Since we are given the measures of 2 sides and the angle between them, we can draw only 1 triangle.

**Hint 3** The triangle is unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: cf653e34.. 2013-10-17

# $18 ext{ } ext{x}72d893d1e3229dfd$

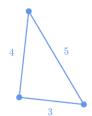
\*\*How many triangles can be drawn side lengths of 3 and 4?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

**Hint 1** Without knowing at least 1 angle measure, we cannot create a unique triangle with only one shape and size.

**Hint 2** We can draw many triangles with side lengths 3 and 4.





**Hint 3** If we only know 1 angle and 1 side length, more than one triangle can be drawn.

Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 58c104bc.. 2013-10-18

# 19 x892857b71e427c39

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn with angles  $60^\circ,\,60^\circ$  and  $70^\circ?^{**}$ 

Ans None Only one More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. The 3 angles always add up to  $180^{\circ}$ .

**Hint 2** Let's add together the angles angles  $60^{\circ}$ ,  $60^{\circ}$  and  $70^{\circ}$ :

$$= 2 \cdot 60^{\circ} + 70^{\circ}$$

$$= 120^{\circ} + 70^{\circ}$$

$$= 190^{\circ}$$

$$> 180^{\circ}$$

The 3 angles sum up to a value greater than 180°.

**Hint 3** Given the conditions, no triangles can be drawn.

Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: bc3efef4.. 2013-10-18

#### 20 xb9aa47b3de982d55

\*\*Draw an isosceles triangle with two 70° angles.\*\*

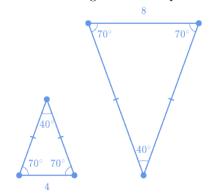
\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

Ans Yes No

**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing an isosceles triangle with 2 70° angles. An isosceles triangle has at least 2 side lengths equal and 2 angles equal.

**Hint 2** We do not know the side lengths, so we can draw many triangles.

**Hint 3** The triangle is not unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2

Version: 5f43d2fc.. 2013-10-17-3bc9edc0.. 2013-10-18

#### 21 xbd061a8700fced6c

\*\*How many right triangles can be drawn with angles  $40^{\circ}$  and  $60^{\circ}$ ?\*\*

Ans None Only one More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. The 3 angles always add up to  $180^{\circ}$ .

A right triangle has a 90° angle.

**Hint 2** Let's add together the angles angles  $40^{\circ}$ ,  $60^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$ :

$$= 40^{\circ} + 60^{\circ} + 90^{\circ}$$
  
= 190°  
> 180°

The 3 angles sum up to a value greater than 180°.

**Hint 3** Given the conditions, no triangles can be drawn.

Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: aabc8e4a.. 2013-10-18

### $22 ext{ } ext{xc}001c788d01d9e5f$

\*\*Draw a triangle where side length 4 is not between two angles  $58^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$ .\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

Ans Yes

**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing a right angle which is 90°. Then, let's draw the side of length 4 next to the right angle, so our base has a length of 4.

**Hint 2** The side of length 4 is **not** between 2 angles  $58^{\circ}$  and  $90^{\circ}$ .

Since we drew the side of length 4 next to the right angle, the  $58^{\circ}$  angle must be \*opposite\* the side of length 4.

**Hint 3** We know the measure of 2 angles and the length of 1 side not between the angles, so we can draw only 1 triangle.

**Hint 4** The triangle is unique.



**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** 9534c031.. 2013-10-17

#### $23 ext{ } ext{xc} ext{256611ab7d92e83}$

\*\*Draw a triangle with side length 5 between two 58° angles.\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

Ans Yes
No

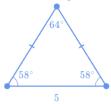
**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing the length of 1 side, which we know is 5.

**Hint 2** From the side 5, lets draw 2 58° angles. Since we have 2 equal angles, we have an isosceles triangle. An isosceles triangle has at least 2 sides equal in length.

Since we have  $2.58^{\circ}$  angles, the third angle must be  $64^{\circ}$ . The sum of 3 angles in a triangle will always be  $180^{\circ}$ .

**Hint 3** We know the measure of 2 angles and the length of the side between the angles, so we can draw only 1 triangle.

**Hint 4** The triangle is unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 5ba2ed08.. 2013-10-17

# 24 xc40b1278855716df

\*\*Draw a triangle with side lengths 3, 4 and 5.\*\*

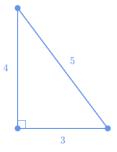
\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

Ans Yes

**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing. We know the lengths of all 3 sides. How many triangles can we draw?

**Hint 2** The triangle with side lengths 3, 4 and 5 is a right triangle. Since we are given the measures of 3 sides, we can draw only 1 triangle.

**Hint 3** The triangle is unique.



**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** b5262e6e.. 2013-10-17

#### 25 xcfae18d2af4efa34

\*\*Draw a scalene an obtuse triangle with angles 45°,  $60^{\circ}$  and  $75^{\circ}35^{\circ}$  and  $100^{\circ}$ .\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

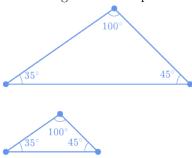
Ans Yes No

**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing. While keeping 1 angle, we can change the side lengths to create 1 of the other 2 angles.

For example, while keeping a  $60^{\circ}$  45° angle, we can change the side lengths to create the 45° 35° angle. The final angle will be  $75^{\circ}100^{\circ}$ .

**Hint 2** We know the measure of 3 angles but not the length of any side. We can draw many triangles of the same shape but different sizes.

**Hint 3** The triangle is not unique.



**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** 5ef1e69a040283a2.. 2013-10-18

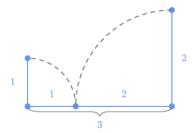
### 26 xdba9a2b900c8bbcd

\*\*How many triangles can be drawn with side lengths 1, 2 and 3?\*\*

Ans None Only one More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. Can we satisfy the definition given the conditions? Let's try to draw a triangle given the conditions.

**Hint 2** In general, the longest side of a triangle must be shorter than the sum of the two other sides. Because 1+2=3, the two sides 1 and 2 cannot meet to form a third angle. We cannot create 3 angles to satisfy the definition of a triangle.



**Hint 3** Given the conditions, no triangles can be drawn.

Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: 2feadc91.. 2013-10-18

# 27 xe06107bc78ca0b3c

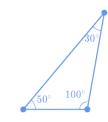
\*\*How many triangles can be drawn with angles  $30^{\circ}$ ,  $50^{\circ}$  and  $100^{\circ}$ ?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

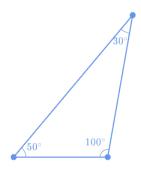
Hint 1 A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles. The 3 angles always add up to  $180^{\circ}$ . Let's add together the angles  $30^{\circ}$ ,  $50^{\circ}$  and  $100^{\circ}$ :

So, at least 1 triangle exists. Let's start by drawing.

Hint 2 We know the measure of 3 angles but not the length of any side. We can draw many triangles with the same shape but different sizesizes.



Hint 2



**Hint 3** If <u>only</u> the measures of all 3 angles are known, more than one triangle can be drawn.

**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** <u>a599ba5999af1276</u>.. 2013-10-18

## $28 \times 937d430ba8d75d8$

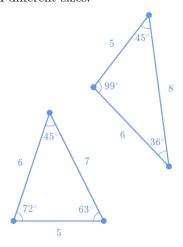
\*\*How many triangles can be drawn with one  $45^{\circ}$  and a side length of 5?\*\*

Ans None
Only one
More than one

**Hint 1** A triangle is a plane figure with 3 straight sides and 3 angles.

The 3 angles always add up to  $180^{\circ}$ . We only know 1 angle is  $45^{\circ}$ . We can't find the measures of the other 2 angles.

**Hint 2** We know the length of only 1 side is 5. Depending if we place the side of length 5 next to or across from the  $45^{\circ}$  angle, we can draw many triangles with different shapes and different sizes.



**Hint 3** If we only know 1 angle and 1 side length, more than one triangle can be drawn.

**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** 82a35698... 2013-10-18

### 29 xf51994a651ca1d7f

\*\*Draw a triangle with angles 30°, 50° and 100°.\*\*

\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]

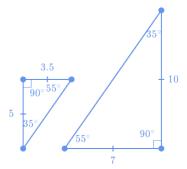


**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing. While keeping 1 angle, we can change the side lengths to create 1 of the other 2 angles.

While keeping a  $100^\circ$  angle, we can change the side lengths to create the  $50^\circ$  angle. The final angle will be  $30^\circ$ .

**Hint 2** We know the measure of 3 angles but not the length of any side. We can draw many triangles of same shape but different sizes.

**Hint 3** The triangle is not unique.



Tags: Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 Version: ac2e7f53.. 2013-10-18

### 30 xf9872931929ac56c

\*\*Draw a triangle with side lengths 5, 12 and 13.\*\*

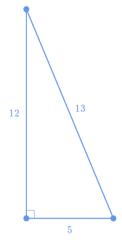
\*\*Given these criteria is the triangle unique?\*\* [[? interactive-graph 1]]



**Hint 1** Lets start by drawing. We know the lengths of all 3 sides. How many triangles can we draw?

**Hint 2** Since we are given the measures of 3 sides, we can draw only 1 triangle. The triangle with side lengths 5, 12 and 13 is a right triangle.

**Hint 3** The triangle is unique.



**Tags:** Constructing triangles, CC.7.G.A.2 **Version:** 18374b72.. 2013-10-17