

Using MongoDB with Jupyter

- You will need to install the necessary Python library, pymongo

```
!conda install --yes --quiet pymongo
```

- This should be run from a Jupyter server that is not on the same AWS instance as your Mongo server.

pymongo

- pymongo is a Python module containing the MongoDB tools recommended for working with the database.
- You begin by instantiating a connection to MongoDB using `pymongo.MongoClient`.
- Here, you use the IP address of your AWS instance on which MongoDB is running.

```
from pymongo import MongoClient  
client = MongoClient('255.255.255.255', 27016)
```

pymongo

- Mongo has a very useful “get or create” mechanism for both databases and collections.

```
client.database_names()
```

pymongo

- Databases and collections are accessed using either attribute-style (`client.database_name`) or dictionary-style (`client['test-database']`).
- If the database or collection exists, this method will return a reference to the existing database or collection (“get”). If the database does not exist, this method will create the database or collection and then return a reference to it (“create”).

pymongo

- The creation happens at the time of insertion of a document.

```
db_ref = client.my_database  
client.database_names()
```

```
coll_ref = db_ref.my_collection  
client.database_names(), db_ref.collection_names()
```

```
sample_doc = {"name": "Joshua", "message": "Hi!",  
'my_array' : [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,9]}  
coll_ref.insert_one(sample_doc)
```

```
client.database_names(), db_ref.collection_names()
```