## **Cover Sheet for Submission of Maths Examinations Summer 2020**

We would advise preparing your coversheets with your CID, Module Name and Code and Date, before the exams are due to take place.

CID: 01738166

**Module Name: An Introduction to Applied Maths** 

Module Code: MATH40007

Date: 18/05/2020

## **Questions Answered (in the file):**

Please tick next to the question or questions you have answered in this file.

| Q1 | <b>√</b> |
|----|----------|
| Q2 |          |
| Q3 |          |
| Q4 |          |
| Q5 |          |
| Q6 |          |

(Note: this is a coversheet for all students - not all students will have exams with 6 questions. Please tick the boxes which are appropriate for your exam and/or the file you are submitting).

## (Optional) Page Numbers for each question;

| Page<br>Number | Question<br>Answered |
|----------------|----------------------|
|                |                      |
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If handwritten, please complete in CAPITAL Letters, in Blue or Black Ink, ensuring the cover sheet is legible.

$$x_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$
,  $x_3 = \frac{3}{5}$ ,  $x_5 = \frac{2}{5}$ 

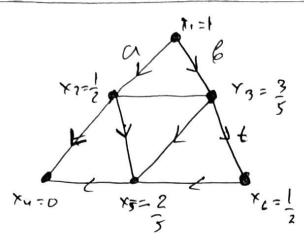
(c) (From (b), we send have that it unit current enters note)

We have Ohm's Law:  $w_i = -c_i(x_a - x_b) - current$  Howing

Through edge i connecting nodes a and b. Forther. 17150, we conow

That the current Hows from high voltage to low toothage.

We now draw the following diagram:



The arrows snow the direction of the How according to Chas Law.

f = -1.  $(x_6 - x_3) = -1.$   $(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{5}) = \frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{10}$ 

current Hows from node 3 to node 6.

Current through node a: \(\frac{1}{2}\), node \(6:\frac{2}{5}=2\) \(\frac{1}{2}:\frac{2}{5}=\frac{9}{10}\). Scale

(b)

luing (8): Scale our answer as well:

=> \( \frac{10}{9} = \frac{1}{3} - \text{currend hrom node 3 to node 6.} \)

Y6 = \( \frac{x\_3 \cdot x\_5}{2} = \)

\( \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{x\_5}{2} = \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{x\_5}{2} = \frac{7}{2} \)

=  $1 \times 5. \frac{7}{2} = \times 24 \frac{3 \times 9}{2} = 1 \times 5 = \frac{2 \times 2}{4} + \frac{3 \times 9}{4}$ 

 $4 \times 3 = \times 2 + \frac{2 \times 2}{7} + \frac{3 \times 3}{7} + \frac{3 \times 3}{7} + \frac{2 \times 2}{19} + \frac{2 \times 2}{19} + \frac{1}{19} = \frac{10}{7} \times 2 + \frac{7}{7} = \frac{46}{19} \times 3$ 

=) x3 = 70 x7 + 49

447 = 476 ×1 + 49 + 2×2 + 3. (70 ×2 + 49) +1

=> X2 = 1 , => x3 = 3 , x5 = 2 , x6 = 1