Informatics 43

LECTURE 2

"WHAT IS SOFTWARE ENGINEERING? (PART 2)"

Last Lecture

- Software is everywhere
 - Cars, medical field, politics, military, space, disaster response, games, law enforcement, ...
- Software is...
 - exciting, fun, versatile, helpful, harmful
 - large, built by teams, long-lived, multi-version, complex
- Informatics 43 definition of software engineering
 - The process of constructing software
 - Phases of development other than programing
 - Principles and qualities of enduring value

Today's Lecture – What is software engineering?

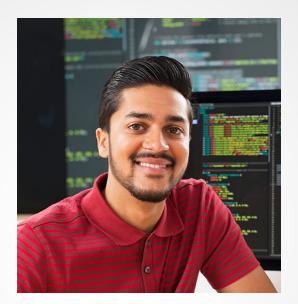
- Perspectives on software engineering
- "Essential ingredients"
- Software Principles
- No Silver Bullet
- Quiz 1 study guide

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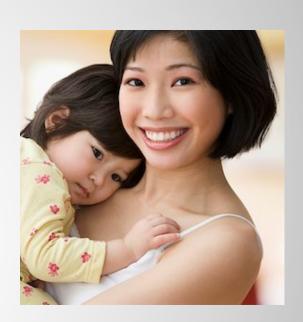
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Shawna, CEO



Andy, Software Engineer

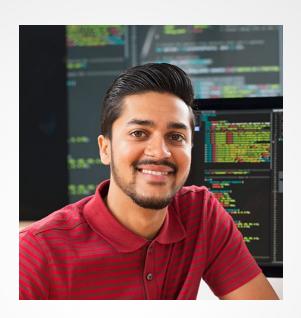


Clara, Working mother

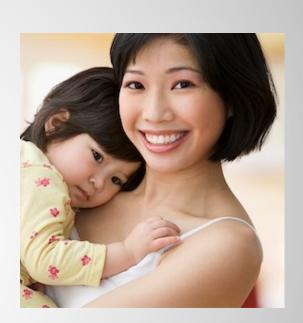
"What is software engineering?"



Shawna, CEO



Andy, Software Engineer



Clara, Working mother

Shawna's Perspective



- <u>Cars</u>: "...of all the <u>staff hours</u> in the entire program to build the Two-Mode Hybrid transmission...some 70 percent...were devoted to developing the control software"
- Medical systems: "...they won't cover anywhere near the staggering cost of an Epic EHR. Duke University Health System will shell out \$700 million; University of California will pay \$150 million..."
- Video games: "The video game industry is richer than it has ever been. Its revenue in 2018 was \$43.8 billion, a recent report estimated, thanks in large part to hugely popular games like Fortnite and Call of Duty."

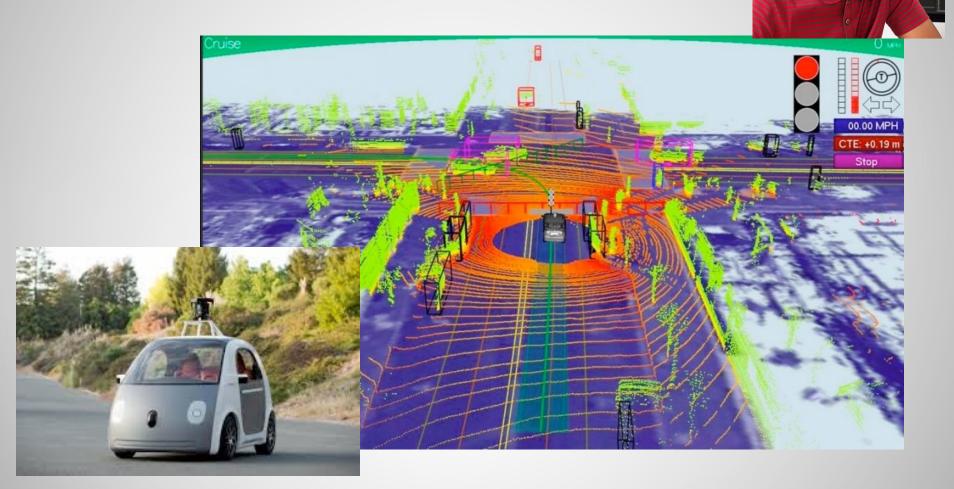
Shawna = **Business** perspective



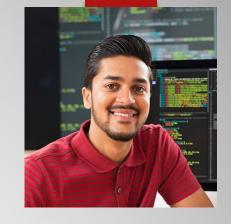
What matters most?

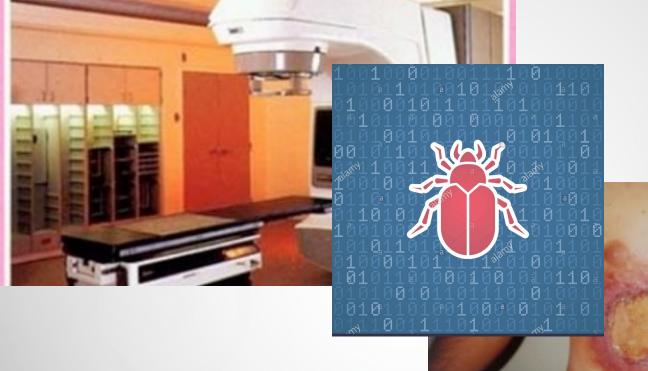
How does software engineering help?

Andy's Perspective: Cars



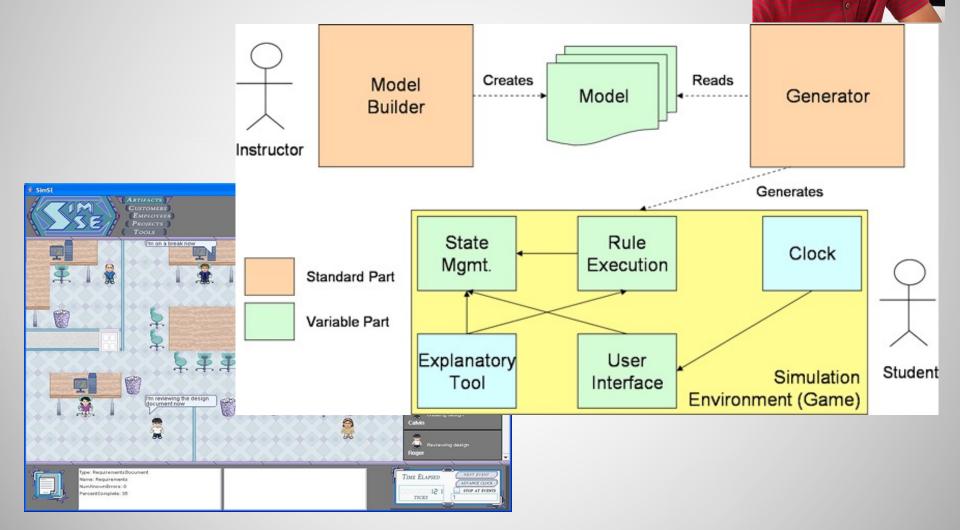
Andy's Perspective: Medical Systems







Andy's Perspective: Video Games



Andy = **Engineering** perspective



What matters most?

How does software engineering help?

Clara's Perspective: Cars





Clara's Perspective: Medical Systems





"Unfortunately, Ava is extremely not awesome looking....

They should take a hint from Apple and make her look awesome."

Clara's Perspective: Video Games



"...the things that make a boss battle boring are, "stupid amounts of repetition, ridiculously high/replenishing energy [i.e. boss health] combined with unimaginative gameplay (yawn), and powered up versions of previous bosses."



Sources: http://www.designersnotebook.com/Design_Resources/No_Twinkie_Database/no_twinkie_database.htm

Clara = User perspective



What matters most?

How does software engineering help?

What parts of software do we "see?"

- User: the user interface buttons, icons, menus, etc.
- Programmer: source code, internal design
- Electrical engineer: semiconductors, transistors, power supply
- Society: impact, output, trends, dangers
- Business people: profits, costs, required training
- Designers: product, structure
- Software project manager: teams, budgets, timetables
- Professor of software engineering: principles, theories, models
- Students of software engineering: work, work, work opportunity, challenge, fun

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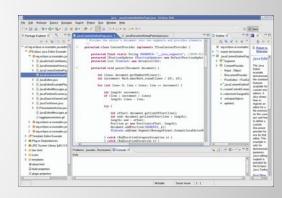
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Three "Essential Ingredients" of Software Engineering

People + Processes + Tools







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Principles of software engineering – Davis, 1994

- Make quality number 1
- Give products to customers early
- Understand the problem first
- Choose an appropriate process
- Good management is more important than good technology
- People are the key to success

Principles of software engineering – Royce, 1998

- Follow an architecture-first process
- Use component-based development (buy vs. build) to reduce the coding effort
- Show the customer preliminary versions of the software frequently
- Have incremental releases

Principles of software engineering – Wasserman, 1996

- Modularity
- Abstraction
- User interface (UI) prototyping
- Reuse
- Metrics

Inf 43 Recurring, fundamental principles

- Rigor and formality
- Separation of concerns
 - modularity
 - divide and conquer
 - abstraction
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p7nGcY73epw
- Anticipation of change
- Generality
- Incrementality

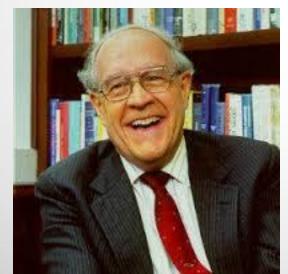


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No Silver Bullet – Essence and Accidents of Software Engineering, by Frederick Brooks







Essential properties of software

- Complexity
- Conformity
- Changeability
- Invisibility

Complexity

- "...a construct of interlocking concepts: data structures and classes, algorithms, function calls."
- "No two parts are alike."
- Consequences of this?

Conformity

Software must conform to human institutions and systems

Changeability

- "All successful software gets changed."
- Mhh5

Invisibility

- "The reality of software is not inherently embedded in space."
- What are the consequences of this?

"False" Silver Bullets

- High-level languages
- Time-sharing
- Unified programming environments
- Object-oriented programming
- Artificial intelligence
- Expert systems
- Automatic/graphical programming
- Program verification
- Environments/tools
- Workstations

Potential Silver Bullets

(Not really "silver bullets," but these were thought that they might greatly help)

- Buy vs. build
- Requirements refinement and rapid prototyping
- Incremental development
- Great designers

Attendance Quiz

Summary (I)

- Software engineering can be looked at from different perspectives
 - Business
 - Engineering
 - User
 - Others
- Essential ingredients of software engineering
 - People + Processes + Tools
- Inf 43 principles of software engineering
 - Rigor/formality, separation of concerns (modularity, divide and conquer, abstraction), anticipation of change, generality, incrementality

Summary (II)

- No Silver Bullet
 - Software engineering is hard because of the essential difficulties of software
 - Complexity, conformity, changeability, invisibility
 - Potential ideas (at the time) that could help, but not completely solve
 - Buy vs. build
 - Requirements refinement/rapid prototyping
 - Incremental development
 - Great designers

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Quiz 1 - Basics

- Tuesday, Oct. 10, 4:20–4:50pm
 - You must take it during this time
- Online Canvas quiz (named "Quiz 1")
 - Open-notes, open-book
 - Part multiple-choice, part free-form
 - I will tell you how many of each in the quiz instructions so you can budget your time accordingly
 - A TA will be in a chat room to answer any questions via text. Everyone will be muted and no video. I will share the link on Canvas in the schedule.
 - No collaborating—take it individually

Quiz 1 – How to Study

- Different from other CS courses
 - Software engineering as much about people as it is about software
 - Shifts away from technical thinking of a CS student
 - Many ways to analyze topics, especially definitions, links between different concepts
- Attend lecture, take notes, spend time going over them carefully, analyzing, discussing
- Do readings carefully, take notes, analyze, and discuss

Quiz 1 – Topics (I)

- Be able to explain each quoted definition of software engineering, especially the key terms
- 3 essential ingredients of software engineering
- Know and understand the 3 perspectives on software engineering we talked about (and which is considered to be the most important)
- Know and understand the "Inf43 Recurring, Fundamental Principles" of software engineering

Quiz 1 – Topics (II)

- No Silver Bullet
 - Know and understand (be able to explain) the essential difficulties of software engineering
- Make sure you have watched the videos shown in class
- The quiz will focus on these topics, but I reserve the right to ask about any other lecture/reading information as well

To do + Next Time

· To Do:

- Take the attendance quiz by tomorrow at 11:59pm
- Complete assigned readings before attending Tuesday's lecture
 - Catastrophic failures caused by faulty software
- Study for Quiz 1
- Quiz 1 Tuesday 4:20–4:50pm
- Next lecture:
 - Software failures
 - Requirements engineering