CSCI 145 PA _____ Submission

Due Date: __Mar 15__ Late (date and time): _____

| Name(s):Ivan Leung & |
|---|
| Exercise 1 need to submit source code and I/O check if completely donex; otherwise, discuss issues below |
| Pseudocode below if applicable: |
| Source code below: |
| package pa3; |
| /* Java Class: CSCI 145 Modified by: <u>Ivan</u> <u>Leung</u> Class: Mon/Wed Date: Mar 1 2023 Description: |
| I certify that the code below is my own work. |
| Exception(s): N/A |
| */ |
| //************************************ |
| //Test several methods for manipulating String objects //*********************************** |
| <pre>public class StringManips { public static void main(String[] args) { String phrase = new String("This is a String test."); int phraseLength; // number of characters in the phrase String int middleIndex; // index of the middle character in</pre> |
| the String |

```
String firstHalf; // first half of the phrase String
           String secondHalf; // second half of the phrase String
           String switchedPhrase; // a new phrase with original
halves switched
           String middle3; // contains the middle three
characters of phrase
           String city;
           String state;
           Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
           // compute the length and middle index of the phrase
           phraseLength = phrase.length();
           middleIndex = phraseLength / 2;
           // get the substring for each half of the phrase
           firstHalf = phrase.substring(0, middleIndex);
           secondHalf = phrase.substring(middleIndex,
phraseLength);
           // concatenate the firstHalf at the end of the
secondHalf
           switchedPhrase = secondHalf.concat(firstHalf);
            middle3 = phrase.substring(middleIndex - 1,
middleIndex + 2);
           // print information about the phrase
           System.out.println();
           System.out.println("Original phrase: " + phrase);
           System.out.println("Length of the phrase: " +
phraseLength + " characters");
           System.out.println("Index of the middle: " +
middleIndex);
           System.out.println("Character at the middle index: " +
phrase.charAt(middleIndex));
           System.out.println("Characters at the middle 3 index:
" + middle3);
           for (int i = 0; i < switchedPhrase.length(); ++i) {</pre>
                if (switchedPhrase.charAt(i) == ' ')
                      switchedPhrase =
switchedPhrase.substring(0, i) + '*' + switchedPhrase.substring(i
+ 1);
           }
           System.out.println("Switched phrase: " +
switchedPhrase);
           System.out.println();
           System.out.print("Enter your city: ");
           city = scan.next();
           System.out.print("Enter your state: ");
           state = scan.next();
```

```
System.out.printf("%s%s%s%n", state.toUpperCase(),
city.toLowerCase(), state.toUpperCase());
}
Input/output below:
Length of the phrase: 22 characters
Index of the middle: 11
Character at the middle index: t
Characters at the middle 3 index: Str
Switched phrase: tring*test.This*is*a*S
Enter your city: chino
Enter your state: california
CALIFORNIAchinoCALIFORNIA
Exercise 2 -- need to submit source code and I/O
-- check if completely done __x__; otherwise, discuss issues below
Pseudocode below if applicable:
Source code below:
package pa3;
/* Java Class: CSCI 145
Modified by: <a>Ivan</a> <a>Leung</a>
Class: Mon/Wed
Date: Mar 1 2023
Description:
I certify that the code below is my own work.
Exception(s): N/A
*/
//**********************
//Distance.java
//
```

```
//Computes the distance between two points
//*********************
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Distance {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
          double x1, y1, x2, y2, x3 , y3; // coordinates of two
points
          double distance; // distance between the points
          Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
          // Read in the two points
          System.out.print("Enter the coordinates of the first
point " + "(put a space between them): ");
          x1 = scan.nextDouble();
          y1 = scan.nextDouble();
          System.out.print("Enter the coordinates of the second
point: ");
          x2 = scan.nextDouble();
          y2 = scan.nextDouble();
          scan.close();
          // Compute the distance
          distance = Math.sqrt((x2 - x1) * (x2 - x1) + (y2 - y1)
* (y2 - y1));
          // Print out the answer
          System.out.printf("The distance between (%.0f, %.0f)
and (%.0f, %.0f) is %.2f%n%n", x1, y1, x2, y2, distance);
          // Added features
          x3 = Math.random() * 100 + 1;
          y3 = Math.random() * 100 + 1;
          distance = Math.sqrt((x3 - 0) * (x3 - 0) + (y3 - 0) *
(y3 - 0));
          System.out.printf("The distance between (0, 0) and
(%.0f, %.0f) is %.2f%n", x3, y3, distance);
     }
}
Input/output below:
Enter the coordinates of the first point (put a space between
them): -3349
Enter the coordinates of the second point: -9 -15
```

```
The distance between (-33, 49) and (-9, -15) is 68.35
The distance between (0, 0) and (75, 35) is 82.79
Exercise 3 -- need to submit source code and I/O
-- check if completely done __x__; otherwise, discuss issues below
Pseudocode below if applicable:
Source code below:
package pa3;
/* Java Class: CSCI 145
Modified by: <a>Ivan</a> <a>Leung</a>
Class: Mon/Wed
Date: Mar 1 2023
Description:
I certify that the code below is my own work.
Exception(s): N/A
*/
//**********************************
//DeliFormat.java
//Computes the price of a deli item given the weight
//(in ounces) and price per pound -- prints a label,
//nicely formatted, for the item.
//************************************
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.text.DecimalFormat;
import java.text.NumberFormat;
public class DeliFormat {
     // main reads in the price per pound of a deli item
     // and number of ounces of a <a href="deli">deli</a> item then computes
     // the total price and prints a "label" for the item
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
           final double OUNCES PER POUND = 16.0;
           double pricePerPound;
           // price per pound
           double weightOunces;
           // weight in ounces
           double weight;
           // weight in pounds
           double totalPrice;
           // total price for the item
           Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
           // Declare money as a NumberFormat object and use the
           // getCurrencyInstance method to assign it a value
           NumberFormat money =
NumberFormat.getCurrencyInstance();
           // Declare fmt as a DecimalFormat object and
instantiate
           // it to format numbers with at least one digit to the
left of the
           // decimal and the fractional part rounded to two
digits.
           DecimalFormat fmt = new DecimalFormat("#.##");
           // prompt the user and read in each input
           System.out.println("Welcome to the CS Deli! ! \n ");
           System.out.print("Enter the price per pound of your
item: ");
           pricePerPound = scan.nextDouble();
           System.out.print("Enter the weight (ounces): ");
           weightOunces = scan.nextDouble();
           scan.close();
           // Convert ounces to pounds and compute the total
price
           weight = weightOunces / OUNCES PER POUND;
           totalPrice = pricePerPound * weight;
           // Print the label using the formatting objects
           // fmt for the weight in pounds and money for the
prices
           System.out.printf("%n\t*****CSDeli*****%n%n");
          System.out.println("\tUnit Price: " +
money.format(pricePerPound) + " per pound");
          System.out.println("\tWeight: " + fmt.format(weight) +
" pounds");
           System.out.println();
           System.out.println("\tTOTAL: " +
money.format(totalPrice));
```

```
}
}
Input/output below:
Enter the price per pound of your item: 4.25
Enter the weight (ounces): 41
      *****CSDeli****
      Unit Price: $4.25 per pound
      Weight: 2.56 pounds
      TOTAL: $10.89
Add more exercises as needed
Exercise 4 -- need to submit source code and I/O
 -- check if completely done __x__; otherwise, discuss issues below
Pseudocode below if applicable:
Source code below:
package pa3;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class IntWrapper {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            Integer num;
            String str1, str2;
            Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.print("Enter an integer: ");
            num = scan.nextInt();
            System.out.printf("The binary representation of %d is
%s%n", num, Integer.toBinaryString(num));
            System.out.printf("The octal representation of %d is
%s%n", num, Integer.toOctalString(num));
```

```
System.out.printf("The hexadecimal representation of
%d is %s%n%n", num, Integer.toHexString(num));
           System.out.printf("The maximum possible Java integer
value is: %d%n", Integer.MAX_VALUE);
           System.out.printf("The minimum possible Java integer
value is: %d%n%n", Integer.MIN VALUE);
           System.out.print("Enter the first integer: ");
           str1 = scan.next();
           System.out.print("Enter the second integer: ");
           str2 = scan.next();
           scan.close();
           System.out.print("The sum of the two integers is: " +
(Integer.parseInt(str1) + Integer.parseInt(str2)));
     }
}
Input/output below:
Enter an integer: 47
The binary representation of 47 is 101111
The octal representation of 47 is 57
The hexadecimal representation of 47 is 2f
The maximum possible Java integer value is: 2147483647
The minimum possible Java integer value is: -2147483648
Enter the first integer: 47
Enter the second integer: -10
The sum of the two integers is: 37
```

Answer for Question 1

- 1) First declare a character variable and a Random object
- 2) Second generates a random number between 0 to 25 + 'A'
- 3) Then the random number is stored in the character variable
- 4) Last Print out uppercase character and followed by the lowercase letter with the toLowerCase method.

The probability to generate a single random number between 2 and 12 is 0.09 for each of the numbers. However, the probabilities of each number by rolling two dice are different. For example, the probability of rolling a two is 0.02778 while the probability of rolling a seven is 0.16667. In order to simulate a roll of two dice, you must generate two random numbers individually.

Extra Credit – provide if applicable

Pseudocode below if applicable:

Source code below:

```
package pa3;
public class PlayCards {
     public enum Rank {
           ace, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine,
ten, jack, queen, king
     }
     public static void main(String[] args) {
           Rank highCard = Rank.ace;
           Rank faceCard = Rank.jack;
           Rank card1 = Rank.five;
           Rank card2 = Rank.nine;
           int card1Val = card1.ordinal() + 1;
           int card2Val = card2.ordinal() + 1;
           System.out.println("A blackjack hand: " +
highCard.name() + " and " + faceCard.name());
           System.out.println("A two card hand: " + card1.name()
+ " and " + card2.name());
           System.out.println("Hand value: " + (card1Val +
card2Val));
     }
}
```

Input/output below:

A blackjack hand: ace and jack A two card hand: five and nine

Hand value: 14