1.) Since the server asked "Does everybody want whee?"

And the third professor said "No", we can imply

that he does'nt want coffee therefore not everybody want coffee. On the other hand, the first and second professor said they don't know, we can imply that they want coffee for themselves but they don't know if everybody want coffee. (LX): X Want coffee. f = first s = second, t = third $C(f) \wedge C(s) \wedge \neg C(t)$ Apply negotion $\neg (C(f) \land C(s) \land \neg C(t))$ $= \neg c(f) \lor \neg c(s) \lor \neg \tau(t)$ $\equiv \gamma C(f) \vee \gamma C(S) \vee C(t)$

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2) 1) All seals can swim
       S(x): X is a seal
        W(x) = x can swim
     \forall x (S(x) \rightarrow W(x))
    z) No fish can fly
    Fish LX): X is a fish
Fly (x): X can fly
      Yx (fisher) -> - fly(x>)
    3) Exactly one fish can fly
        fish(x); x is u fish
         Ply(x): x can fly
  FUY b (fishla > flya) r ((b + a) rfsh(b)) > yfly(b))
   4) Exactly two fish can fly
        Fish(x): x is u fish
        Ply(x): x can fly
\exists x \exists y \forall z ((fish(x) \rightarrow fly(x)) \land (fish(y) \rightarrow fly(y) \land (x \neq y) \land
          (fish(Z) \wedge (Z \neq x) \wedge (Z \neq y)) \rightarrow \neg fly(Z))
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3) P(x): x is prime D(x): x is odd

Domain: X is the set of all positive integers.

 $\forall x \mid ((x < 0) \land D(x)) \rightarrow P(x)$

Fake In the logic expression, it has (X < 0) but the domain is the set of all positive integers.

4) B(g,w): group g of 30 people, there were lit least w people who were born on same day,

YX JY B LX, Y)

Apply negation $y \times x = y \cdot (B \cdot (x, y) \cdot (y \times 5)$ $y \times y = y \cdot (B \cdot (x, y) \cdot (y \times 5)$ $y \times y \cdot (y \times (y \times 5) \cdot (y \times 5)$

At least one group of 30 people, there are 1ess than five people who were all born on the same day of the week.