

## Section 3.2

1. Determine whether each of these functions is  $O(x)$ .

b)  $f(x) = 3x + 7$

$$|3x + 7| \leq |4x + 1| = 4|x|, \forall x > 7$$

$$C = 4, K = 7$$

c)  $f(x) = x^2 + x + 1$

$$|x^2 + x + 1| \leq C|x|, \forall x$$

Constant  $C$  does not exist.

## Section 3.3

3. Give a big-O estimate for the number of operations, where an operation is a comparison or a multiplication, used in this segment of an algorithm (ignoring comparisons used to test the conditions in the for loops, where  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  are positive real numbers).

$m := 0$

for  $i := 1$  to  $n$

for  $j := i + 1$  to  $n$

$m := \max(a_i a_j, m)$

$$n(n-1) / 2 * 2 = n^2 - n$$

$$f(n) = n^2 - n$$

$$n^2 - n = n^2, \forall n > 1$$

$$C = 1, K = 1$$

$$O(n^2)$$

19. How much time does an algorithm using  $2^{50}$  operations need if each operation takes these amounts of time?

a)  $10^{-6}$  s

$$2^{50} * 10^{-6} = 1125899906.84 * \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}} * \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} * \frac{1 \text{ day}}{24 \text{ hr}} * \frac{1 \text{ mon}}{30 \text{ day}} * \frac{1 \text{ yr}}{12 \text{ mon}} = 36.20 \text{ years}$$