1. (8 pts)

Use the Principle of Mathematical Induction to prove that $1+2+4+8+\cdots+2^n=(2^{n+1}-1)$ for all $n\geqslant 0$.

- 2. (10 pts) Give a recursive definition with initial condition(s).
- a) The function f(n) = n!, n = 0, 1, 2, ... (5 pts)

b) The Fibonacci numbers 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, (5 pts)

3. (8 pts)
a) Find $f(2)$ and $f(3)$ if $f(n) = 2f(n - 1) + 5$, $f(0) = 3$. (4 pts)
b) Find f(8) if f(n) = 2f(n/2) + 1, f(1) = 2. (4 pts)
4 (10 pts)
a) Consider a bit string of length 14. How many begin with 10 and end with 11? (5 pts)
b) How many ways are there to seat 5 people around a circular table where two seatings are considered the same when everyone has the same immediate left and immediate right neighbor? (5 pts)

Explain how the Pigeonhole Principle can be used to show that among any 31 integers, at least four must have the same last digit.

5. (8 pts)

b) Find the coefficient of x^4y^6 in the expansion of $(3x + 2y)^{10}$. (5 pts)
8. (8 pts)
(a) What is the probability that a card chosen from an ordinary deck of 52 cards is an ace or a king or a queen? (4 pts)
(b) What is the probability that two cards chosen from an ordinary deck of 52 cards are both kings? (4 pts)
9. (8 pts) Suppose you have a class with 40 students — 14 freshmen, 16 sophomores, and 10 juniors. a) You pick two students at random, one at a time. What is the probability that both are juniors? (4 pts)
a) fou pick two students at random, one at a time. What is the probability that both are jumors. (4 pts)

b) You pick two students at random, one at a time. What is the probability that the second student is a freshman, given that the first is a sophomore? (4 pts)
10. (10 pts)
a) In a certain lottery game you choose a set of six numbers out of 45 numbers. Find the probability that none of your numbers match the six winning numbers. (4 pts)
b) An experiment consists of picking at random a bit string of length four. Consider the following events:
E_1 : the bit string chosen begins with 01;
E_2 : the bit string chosen ends with 10.
Determine whether E_1 and E_2 are independent. Show your work. (6 pts)

11. (8 pts) Four coins are tossed. a) List the elements in the sample space. (4 pts)
b) Find the probability that exactly three heads show. (4 pts)