# Keithley 2602 Demo Program: Bipolar Junction Transistor Component Test Example

This example program demonstrates the Model 2602 using Keithley's embedded Test Script Processor<sup>™</sup> technology to perform a high speed functional test on a bipolar junction transistor.

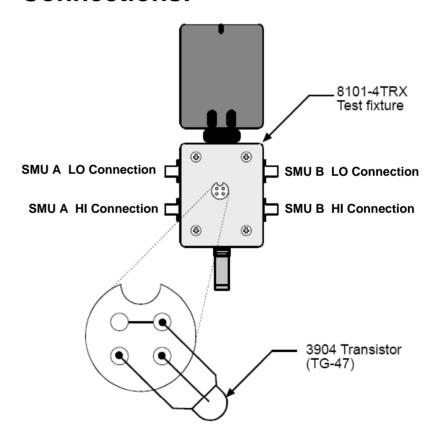


## **Physical Connections**

#### Parts needed:

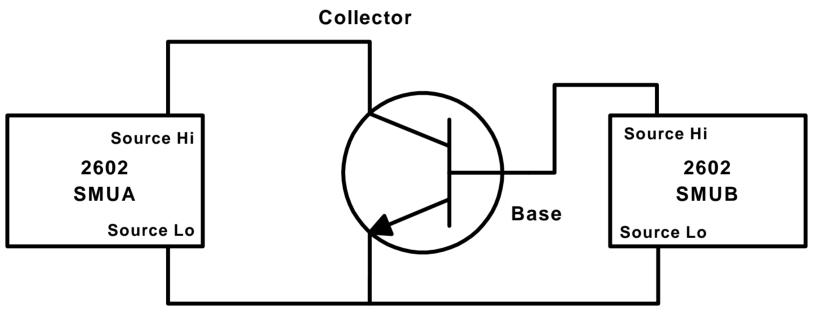
- 1 Model 8101- 4TRX Test Fixture
- 2 Model 2600-Demo-TRX Cables
- 1 2N3904 Transistor

#### **Connections:**





### **Test Schematic**



**Emitter** 



#### **BJT Test Overview**

#### VCEO:

- Breakdown voltage with open base
- Procedure
  - Open the base-emitter junction by sourcing 0A on a low current range
  - Source 1mA into the collector, measure voltage, evaluate pass / fail

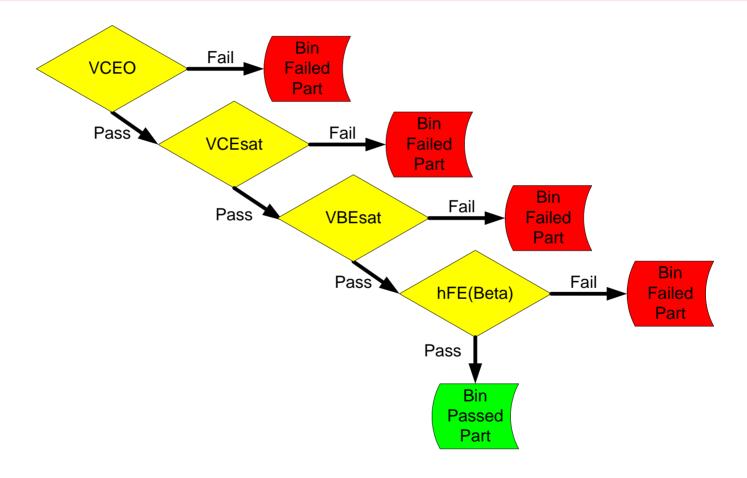
#### VCEsat / VBEsat:

- Transistor saturation voltages
- Procedure
  - Base Source 1mA, measure voltage, evaluate pass / fail.
  - Collector Source 10mA, measure voltage, evaluate pass / fail.

## hFE (beta):

- Transistor current gain
- Procedure
  - Source 1V on collector
  - Perform binary search algorithm to set collector current to 10mA
  - Measure base and collector currents, calculate hFE (hFE = lc/lb), evaluate pass / fail

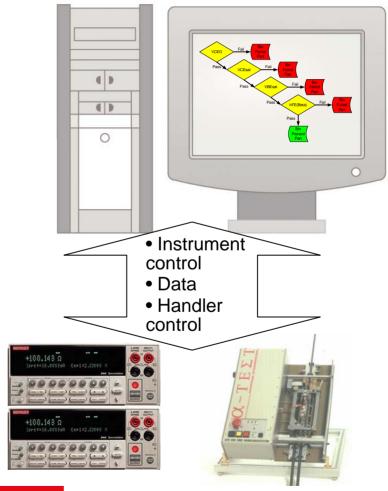
## **BJT Test Sequence**





## **The Traditional Test System**

- Full test sequence is controlled in the PC
- PC sends many low level source and measure commands to control SMU instruments
- Data must be sent to the PC to perform pass / fail decisions
- Excessive communications between the PC and instruments result in poor test speed
- The 2600 Series SourceMeters are compatible with traditional test systems using basic instrument control commands
- BUT...For dramatically faster test times, use Keithley's Test Script Processor (TSP)





## **Faster Test Times With Embedded Test Script Processor!**

 With Keithley's Test Script Processor:

()

- The full diode test sequence runs inside Model 2602 System SourceMeter instead of on the PC
- PC initiates all testing with a single instrument command
- Pass / fail decisions are performed by the instrument and data is stored
- Component handler or prober can also be controlled by the 2602
- Data is retrieved during dead times while the handler/prober is incrementing or at the end of testing

 Elimination of excessive communication and PC delays results in up to 10X faster test times

