Docker tutorial

Ivan Murashko

Contents

1		se commands	1	
		Simple program run		
	1.2	Interactive session	2	
		Docker as a daemon		
		Network daemon		
	1.5	Stop all	:	
	1.6	Cleanup		
2	Creating docker images			
	2.1	Build	9	
		Cleanup		
3	App	ps in docker		

Introduction

There are several examples of docker usage. They are collected in one place mainly for future references.

The source code for examples can be found in the article git repository [2] in the folder **dockertutorial/src**.

1 Base commands

1.1 Simple program run

You can run a command (uname -a) with

\$ docker run ubuntu uname -a

The container **ubuntu:latest** will be used in the case.

The command execution status can be viewed with

```
$ docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED ...
b5e8d82cce29 ubuntu "uname -a" 5 seconds ago ...
```

If you run the docker with $-\mathbf{rm}$ flag then the status info will not be stored.

1.2 Interactive session

You can run an interactive shell with

\$ docker run -it ubuntu /bin/bash

where -it means -interactive -tty, ubuntu the latest ubuntu image and /bin/bash - the command to be start

1.3 Docker as a daemon

First of all run the docker in interactive mode and as daemon

\$ docker run -itd ubuntu

possible output

649dae02de59ea3eb065a40b1248b2d322986e563ab12af3126fa4bb4710008a

Check the docker run in daemon mode with

\$ docker ps

output:

\$ docker ps

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND ... 649dae02de59 ubuntu "/bin/bash" ...

Execute ls /var command in the run docker

\$ docker exec -it 649dae02de59 ls /var

backups cache lib local lock log mail opt run spool tmp

Stop it with

\$ docker stop 649dae02de59

649dae02de59

Check the result

\$ docker ps

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND ...

1.4 Network daemon

You can run a nginx web server with the following command

\$ docker run -p 8080:80 -d nginx

This will map docker container port 80 to the host port 8080 or in other words make the nginx server available on the host machine via port 8080:

```
$ telnet localhost 8080
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
HEAD / HTTP/1.0
```

HTTP/1.1 200 OK Server: nginx/1.17.4

Date: Sat, 28 Sep 2019 18:44:45 GMT

Content-Type: text/html Content-Length: 612

Last-Modified: Tue, 24 Sep 2019 14:49:10 GMT

Connection: close ETag: "5d8a2ce6-264" Accept-Ranges: bytes

Connection closed by foreign host.

1.5 Stop all

You can stop all containers with

\$ docker container stop \$(docker container ls -aq)

1.6 Cleanup

The following command will remove everything

```
$ docker system prune -a
WARNING! This will remove:
```

- all stopped containers
 - all networks not used by at least one container
 - all images without at least one container associated to them
 - all build cache

Are you sure you want to continue? [y/N] y

Deleted Containers:

 $\verb|b5e8d82cce2942a24c709b630ff4e0dd705b89d78f2777065446ce97cf152cab| \\$

. . .

Total reclaimed space: 6.113GB

2 Creating docker images

2.1 Build

In the example we will create a docker image that will help us to compile and run code that uses thrift protocol [1]. The necessary libs for us are C++ and PHP.

The Dockerfile can be found in the article git repository [2] in the folder dockertutorial/src/thrift.

```
FROM ubuntu:18.04
ENV THRIFT_VERSION v0.12.0
ENV THRIFT_SRC https://github.com/apache/thrift/archive/${THRIFT_VERSION}.tar.gz
RUN buildDeps=" \
                automake \
                bison \
                curl \
                flex \
                g++ \
                libboost-dev \
                libboost-filesystem-dev \
                libboost-program-options-dev \
                libboost-system-dev \
                libboost-test-dev \
                libevent-dev \
                libssl-dev \
                libtool \
                make \
                pkg-config \
        "; \
        apt-get update && \
    apt-get install -y --no-install-recommends $buildDeps && \
    rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/* \
        && curl -k -sSL "${THRIFT_SRC}" -o thrift.tar.gz \
        && mkdir -p /usr/src/thrift \
        && tar zxf thrift.tar.gz -C /usr/src/thrift --strip-components=1 \
       && rm thrift.tar.gz \
        && cd /usr/src/thrift \
        && ./bootstrap.sh \
        && ./configure --disable-libs \
        && make \
        && make install \
        && cd / \
        && rm -rf /usr/src/thrift \
        && apt-get purge -y --auto-remove $buildDeps \
        && rm -rf /var/cache/apt/* \
        && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/* \
        && rm -rf /tmp/* \
        && rm -rf /var/tmp/*
CMD [ "thrift" ]
  You can compile it with
$ cd src/thrift/
$ docker build -t thriftbuilder .
Successfully tagged thriftbuilder:latest
```

\$

You can look at the image with

\$ docker images

REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED thriftbuilder latest be1ccc48fb53 About a

SIZE

minute ago

You can test the result with

```
$ docker run --rm thriftbuilder thrift --version Thrift version 0.12.0
```

The **-rm** option is used to be sure that the stopped container was removed.

2.2 Cleanup

To remove the image you can use

\$ docker image rm thriftbuilder

If you got an error during the removal:

Error response from daemon: conflict: unable to remove repository reference "thriftbuilder" (must force) - container 9c0a1c600473 is using its referenced image be1ccc48fb53

then try to remove the stoped container before

\$ docker container prune

TBD

3 Apps in docker

I am going to create a small application that consists of 2 parts. The first one is front-end written in php that communicates with a back-end server written in C++. The communication is done via thrift protocol [1]. The front-end server as well as back-end server are run in different container and all communication is done via the network.

TBD

References

- [1] Facebook. Apache thrift.—https://thrift.apache.org/.
- [2] Murashko, I. Articles git repository. 2019. https://github.com/ivanmurashko/articles.