

## WAS 2015: TP 3

1. (File: `guestbook.php`, `guestbookleavemessage.php`. You must create file `message.txt`.) Use the application: to which kind of vulnerability suffers the application? Demonstrate with an attack that disables the input element of the guestbook. Mention 2 ways in which this attack could be prevented and implement them in 2 versions of guestbook: `guestbookA.php` and `guestbookB.php`.
2. (File: `guestbook2.php`, `guestbookleavemessage2.php`). This application uses a standard php function for sanitization, however the following attacker code can be executed: `this is a nice message");alert("this is attacker code");console.log("` Try the attack and explain why it works in spite of sanitization. How do you correct this vulnerability?
3. (File: `xsrp.php`, `simple.php`) Explain which code should `attackerGadget.js` have to produce a CSRF attack and answer:
  - which is the CSRF attack?
  - can the attack take place if the gadget is in an `iframe`? Justify your answer.
  - can the attack take place if the cookie is `httponly`? Justify your answer.

Using tokens, prevent CSRF attacks in this application.

4. (File: `xsrp.php`, `simple.php`, it depends on previous exercise.) Having implemented a defense against CSRF attacks, explain how `attackerGadget.js` could mount an XSS attack to circumvent the CSRF defense and produce an CSRF attack. After implemented the attack, explain how do you prevent this.
5. (No file, you need a browser that supports CSP) Audit your browser <https://browseraudit.com/> to verify that it supports CSP. Write an application that uses CSP to mitigate XSS attacks. Read the following article <http://www.cse.chalmers.se/~andrei/dimva15.pdf> and find a browser extension that works with your application and another that does not work. Explain the reasons.